

# EMAILX API Design & Concepts Guide

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## What Is an API?

An **API (Application Programming Interface)** is a contract that defines how software components communicate. In EMAILX, the **API is the core interface** between external consumers (apps, services, dashboards) and your internal logic (auth, notifications, scheduling, etc.).

Think of it as:

- A structured **doorway into your system**.
  - A **standardized way** to expose functionalities like "send SMS", "authenticate user", etc.
  - **Platform-agnostic** – APIs can be consumed by any device, client, or service.
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## How APIs Are Structured in EMAILX

### High-Level Flow

```
graph TD; A[Client Request] --> B[Router (OpenAPI Hono Route)]; B --> C["[Controller or Handler] → (Validates / Forwards)"]; C --> D["[Service Layer] → (Business Logic / DB)"]; D --> E[Response Returned];
```

### Folder Mapping

Layer	Path	Purpose
Router	<code>src/modules/*/routes.ts</code>	Defines the method, path, and OpenAPI metadata
Controller	<code>src/modules/*/controller.ts</code> or <code>handlers.ts</code>	Performs data handling and invokes services
Services	<code>src/modules/*/service.ts</code>	Executes logic like DB queries, 3rd-party calls
Schema	<code>src/modules/*/schema.ts</code> or <code>shared/schemas</code>	Zod schemas for request/response validation
Router Setup	<code>lib/create-app.ts</code> , <code>routes/index.route.ts</code>	Sets up the Hono app, loads all module routers

## Building an API in EMAILX

**Example:** `GET /notifications`

### 1. Define Schema ( `notifications/schema.ts` )

```
export const NotificationResponse = z.object({
  id: z.string(),
  message: z.string(),
  sent: z.boolean(),
});
```

### 2. Define Route ( `routes.ts` )

```
export const getNotifications = createRoute({
  method: "get",
  path: "/notifications",
  tags: ["Notifications"],
  responses: {
    200: jsonContent(
      z.array(NotificationResponse),
      "List of notifications"
    ),
  },
});
```

```
},  
});
```

### 3. Controller ( `controller.ts` )

```
import { listNotifications } from "../service";  
  
export const getAll = async (c) => {  
  const data = await listNotifications();  
  return c.json(data);  
};
```

### 4. Hook It Up

```
const router = createRouter();  
router.openapi(routes.getNotifications, controller.getAll);  
export default router;
```



## Concepts Developers Must Master

### 1. HTTP Basics

- **Methods:** `GET`, `POST`, `PATCH`, `DELETE` —correspond to CRUD operations.
- **Status Codes:** `200`, `201`, `400`, `401`, `404`, `500` —communicate result intent.
- **Headers:** Used for auth ( `Authorization` ), content negotiation, etc.

### 2. RESTful Design Principles

- **Resources:** Model data as nouns ( `/notifications`, `/users` )
- **Statelessness:** No session memory between requests.
- **Idempotency:** Ensure `GET`, `DELETE`, and `PUT` produce predictable outcomes.

### 3. Schema Validation (Zod)

Used to define both request and response structures—ensures:

- Clients send the correct format.
- You return consistent data.

## 4. OpenAPI Integration

- `@hono/zod-openapi` converts routes and schemas into machine-readable docs.
- Makes it easier to:
  - Auto-generate client SDKs.
  - Provide live API documentation.
  - Validate requests/responses.

## 5. Middlewares

Used to:

- Enforce auth ( `auth.middleware.ts` )
- Log requests ( `pino-logger.ts` )
- Handle errors ( `BaseError.ts` , `NotificationError.ts` )

## 6. Error Handling

Structured error types ensure consistent client communication.

```
return c.json({ error: "Unauthorized" }, 401);
```

Use classes in `shared/errors` to model specific exception types.

## 7. Testing (Vitest)

Ensure APIs behave correctly with integration/unit tests:

- Test endpoint responses ( `/tests/notifications.test.ts` )
- Validate edge cases (bad input, unauthorized access, etc.)



## Future-Proof Practices in EMAILX APIs

- 💡 **Schema-first** design: Start with Zod + OpenAPI.

- 📖 **Docs as Code:** Self-documenting APIs through metadata.
  - 🛡️ **Security built-in:** JWT, middleware validation, safe defaults.
  - 🔄 **Modularization:** Each feature is in its own folder, making scaling smooth.
  - ♻️ **Reusable utilities** in `lib/` and `shared/` ensure DRY code.
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## 📖 Recommended Reading

Topic	Resource
HTTP & REST	<a href="#">MDN Web Docs - HTTP</a>
OpenAPI	<a href="#">OpenAPI Spec Overview</a>
Zod	<a href="#">Zod Docs</a>
Hono	<a href="#">Hono Documentation</a>
Drizzle ORM	<a href="#">Drizzle ORM Docs</a>
JWT	<a href="#">JWT Introduction</a>

Would you like me to extract this into a Markdown format for the repo, or include a section on “API Versioning & Deprecation Strategy” next?