Working of Merge sort Algorithm

Now, let's see the working of merge sort Algorithm.

To understand the working of the merge sort algorithm, let's take an unsorted array. It will be easier to understand the merge sort via an example.

Let the elements of array are -

```
12 31 25 8 32 17 40 42
```

According to the merge sort, first divide the given array into two equal halves. Merge sort keeps dividing the list into equal parts until it cannot be further divided.

As there are eight elements in the given array, so it is divided into two arrays of size 4.

```
divide 12 31 25 8 32 17 40 42
```

Now, again divide these two arrays into halves. As they are of size 4, so divide them into new arrays of size 2.

```
divide 12 31 25 8 32 17 40 42
```

Now, again divide these arrays to get the atomic value that cannot be further divided.

```
divide 12 31 25 8 32 17 40 42
```

Now, combine them in the same manner they were broken.

In combining, first compare the element of each array and then combine them into another array in sorted order.

So, first compare 12 and 31, both are in sorted positions. Then compare 25 and 8, and in the list of two values, put 8 first followed by 25. Then compare 32 and 17, sort them and put 17 first followed by 32. After that, compare 40 and 42, and place them sequentially.

```
merge 12 31 8 25 17 32 40 42
```

In the next iteration of combining, now compare the arrays with two data values and merge them into an array of found values in sorted order.

```
merge 8 12 25 31 17 32 40 42
```

Now, there is a final merging of the arrays. After the final merging of above arrays, the array will look like -

```
8 12 17 25 31 32 40 42
```

Now, the array is completely sorted.