

#### Introduction to Computing CS 151

Department of Physics and Computer Science Medgar Evers College Exam 4

Direction: Submit your typed work(s) as an upload(s) to the Exams directory of your GitHub repository or Dropbox, or in your Exam04 google classroom assignment.

| Section         | Maximum Points | Points Earned |
|-----------------|----------------|---------------|
| Fundamentals    | 5              |               |
| Problem Solving | 5              |               |
| Tracing         | 5              |               |
| Debugging       | 5              |               |
| Total           | 20             |               |

#### **Fundamentals**

- 1. For each of the following questions, write ONLY what is requested.
  - a. Define a void function named CA() that takes an int array parameter and an int parameter. Given that the int parameter represents the size of the array parameter, the function assigns each element of the array its position plus 1 in the array.
  - b. Define a double function named OPS() that takes a double array parameter and an int parameter. Given that the int parameter represents the size of the array parameter, the function returns the sum of all the odd positioned elements of the array whose values are positive.
  - c. Define an int function named MI() that takes a double array parameter and an int parameter. Given that the int parameter represents the size of the array parameter, the function returns the index of the minimum value of the array parameter.
  - d. Define an int function named RV() that takes an int parameter. It should continually prompt the user to enter a number until the distance between the number and the parameter is at least 5; and then, it returns the input of the user.
  - e. Define a bool function named UCW() that takes a string parameter. It returns true if the string parameter represents a uppercase word (i.e it only consists of uppercase letters); otherwise, it returns false.

# **Problem Solving**

2. Define a char function named MaxOccurences() that takes a string parameter. It returns the letter that appears the most in the parameter. However, if there are more than one letter that ties for the max appearances, the letter that appears earlier in the alphabet is returned. The case of the letter should be ignored. For instance, the function call MaxOccurence("111MisSIssIpPi111") will return 'i'. Define any additional function you deem necessary.

### **Tracing**

3. Generate the trace table list for the function call NC("46f81") of the function below. Use a legend if needed.

```
string NC(const string wrd)
{
  string ky = "2963074185";
  string msg = "";

  for(int i = 0; wrd[i] != '\0'; i += 1)
   {
    if(wrd[i] >= '0' && wrd[i] <= '9')
     {
       msg = msg + ky[wrd[i] - '0'];
    }
  }
  return msg;
}</pre>
```

# Debugging

4. Write ONLY the line number and the entire line correction for each line that has an error in the code segment below.

```
struct Stack
                                                      39
                                                            void Palin(string& wrd)
02
                                                      40
                                                             int i = 0;
03
      char data[100];
                                                      41
                                                            Stack* v = new Stack;
04
      int size;
                                                      42
05
                                                             v->size = 0;
06
                                                      44
07
     bool IsFull(stack* s)
                                                      45
                                                             for(word[i] != '\0';i += 1)
80
                                                      46
09
      return (s->size == 100);
                                                      47
                                                              Push(v,word[i]);
                                                      48
10
                                                      49
                                                             i = 0;
11
     bool IsEmpty(Stack* s)
12
                                                      50
13
                                                             while(!IsEmpty(v))
14
      return (s.size == 0);
15
                                                      53
                                                              if(word[i] != Top(v))
16
                                                      54
                                                               word[i] = Top(v);
17
     char Top(Stack* s)
                                                      55
18
                                                              Pop(v);
19
      return data[s->size - 1];
                                                      57
20
                                                      58
                                                             i += 1;
21
22
                                                      59
     void Push(Stack* s,char v)
                                                      60
                                                             Delete v;
23
24
      if(!IsFull(s))
25
26
       s->data[s->size] = V;
27
       s->size += 1;
28
29
30
     void Pop(Stack* s)
32
      if(!IsEmpty())
33
34
35
        s->size -= 1;
36
37
38
```