# Six Sigma Yellow Belt/ Six Sigma Green Belt Exam questions and answers with explanation

Presented by

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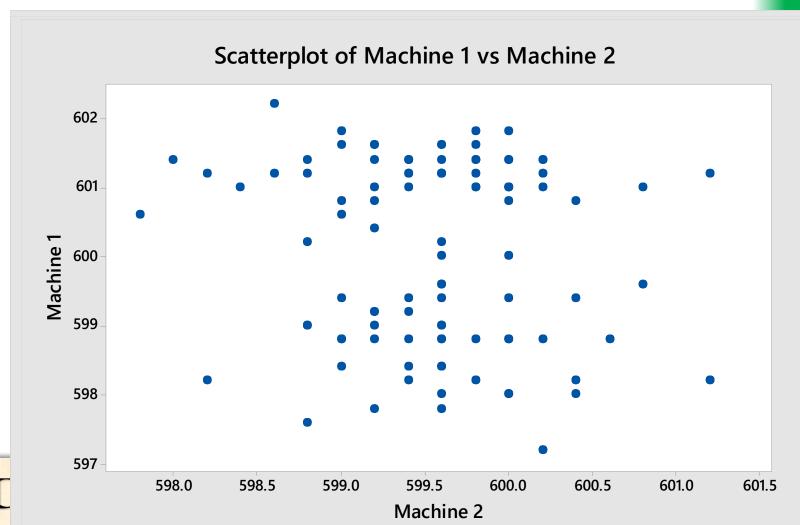
Quality and the Critical-to-Quality (CTQ's) are both subjective terms that are defined by the \_\_\_\_\_.

Management team Line Supervisor Customer Design team

Which of the following tools indicates a relationship between X and Y variables, and provides a visual correlation coefficient.

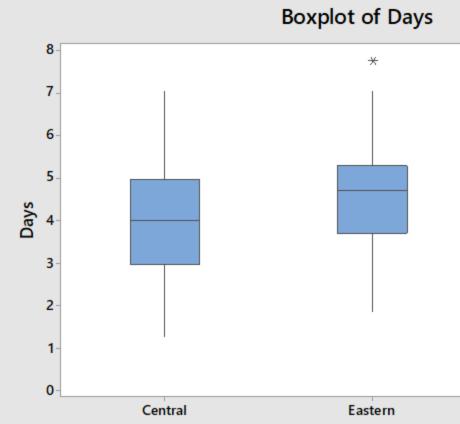
Cause (X) and Effect (Y) Diagram

Pareto Chart Scatter Diagram Control Chart



Box Plot Graph is used to \_\_\_\_\_\_. [multiple choice]

- 1. Identify outliers
- 2. Differentiate before and after Improvements.
- 3. It is suited for time ordered data and parametric distribution.
- 4. B and C only



Center

Data Visualization

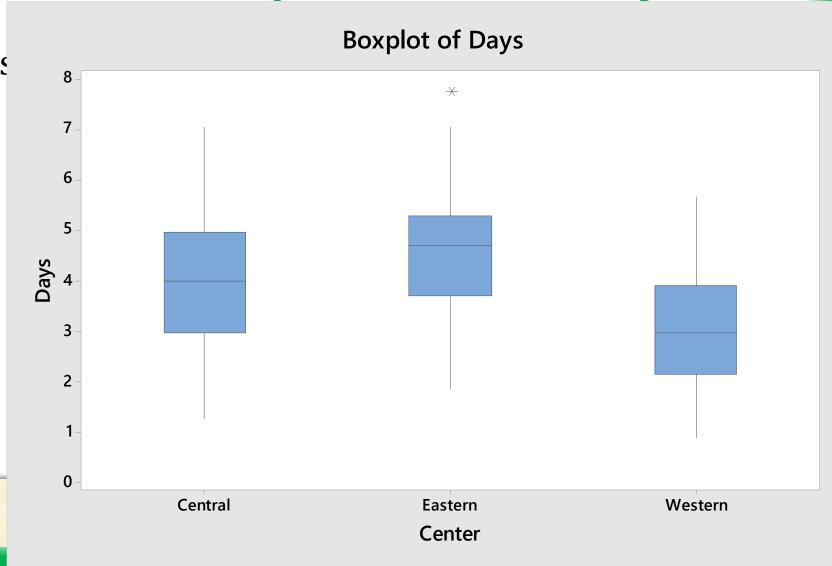
You are a Project Manager wanting to compare on time delivery (%) of Team Leads across 3 teams, your choice of technique

would be?

Hypothesis Tes Histograms Pareto chart Box Plots

# <u>Answer:</u>

**Explanation:** 



What kind of Graph would help us to analyze stability of non parametric (NO assumption) distribution of data points

P Chart

I-mR Chart

C Chart

Box Plot

The distance between Quartile1 (Q1) and Quartile3 (Q3) is called as \_\_\_\_\_ and it helps to understand \_\_\_\_\_ of process variation.

Inter Quartile Range and Width Quartile Range and Height Quartile 2 and Width Median and Width

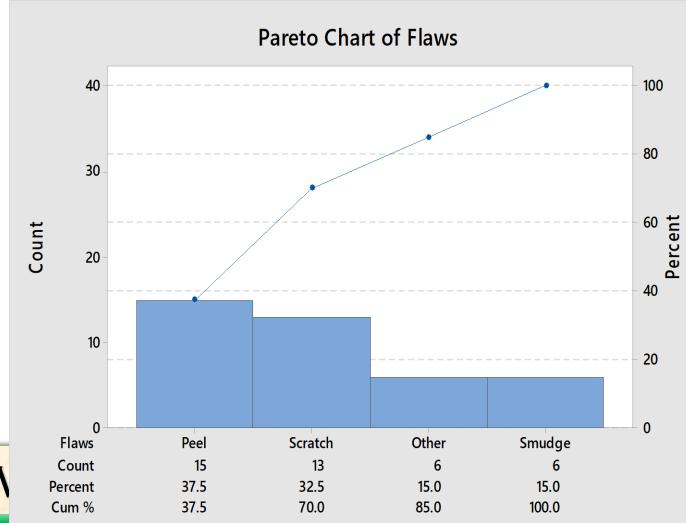
The Pareto Graph is used to represent \_\_\_\_\_ scale of measurement.

Nominal

Ordinal

Ratio

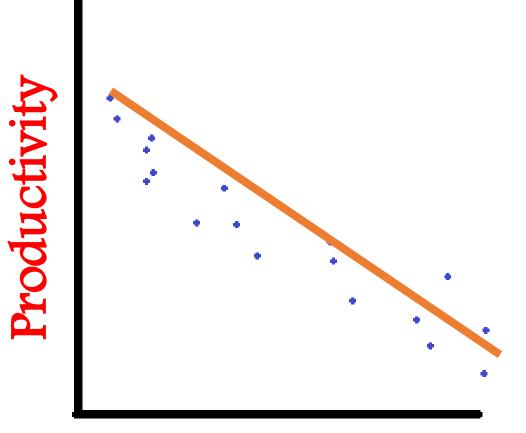
Interval



Data \

In a project, defect density increases and Productivity decreases in subsequent releases. Indicate what kind of relationship that you can interpret in this pair (x, y)?

Weak Positive Correlation Strong Negative Correlation No relation Strong Positive Correlation



Data Visu

**Defect Density** 

Answer:

**Explanation:** 

Which of the following are characteristics of the inputs to a process? [Multiple choice]

These are referred to as the x variables

These are the "causes" that create the effect

A process output is a function of its inputs

None of the above

Six Sigma is a term used to indicate that there are 6 Standard Deviations below and above the process Mean and within upper and lower specification limits.

True False

What is the percentage of perfection in a process operating at +/- 3 Sigma level

99.999660 %

99.999999.%

99.976700 %

3.4 DPMO

# **Question:** Which of the following is NOT an advantage of using a median?

- 1. Extreme values do not affect the median as strongly as they affect Mean
- 2. A median can be calculated for qualitative descriptions
- 3. Median is easy to understand
- 4. Median can be calculated even for open-ended classes

# **Question:** Which of the following is not a Measure of Central Tendency

Geometric Mean Median Mode Arithmetic Mean

Ratio and Interval Scale of measurements are based on \_\_\_\_\_type of data

Discrete & Attribute

Discrete & Continuous

Variable & Continuous

Continuous & Attribute

The Graph which helps to identify and prioritize problems to be solved

Control Chart Histogram Chart Fish Bone Graph Pareto Chart

The design and code review effort is high (process is effective) in a project, and it results in less number of defects injected in UAT phase. Identify the appropriate type of correlation between review effort and number of defects. (Assume that "r" value is good).

Positive Correlation Strong Negative Correlation Non linear Correlation Strong Positive Correlation



Data Visualization

If the effort variance of your project shows a negatively skewed normal distribution curve, what will you infer from the following?

This means that the project is proactively finishing ahead of time Project is in control Project is influenced by lot of special causes

None of the above

------ helps to understand Process behavior for parametric

distribution.

Median

Range

Mean

Variance

"If P value is >=0.5, then the process is said to be Normal" – Indicate what type of statistics is being used?

Descriptive

Inferential

Expression

None of the above

Three Standard Deviations on left and right side of the mean would include what % of the total data points in Normal Distribution?

68 %

97 %

99 %

95 %

# Answer:

**Explanation:** 

In your project, Review effort (hrs, X) and defect rate (no. of defects per hour, Y) show a negative correlation. It means:

As Defect rate increases, Review effort also increases

Negative correlation does not infer any relationship between Review effort and defect Factors

As Defect Rate decreases, Review effort also decreases

As Defect Rate increases, Review Effort Hrs decreases

If you are a Team Lead encountering a positively skewed normal distribution curve for Defect Leakage Rate, then what will you conclude from the following?

Process is stable

Process is within limits

Process needs Corrective action over Defects

Process is influenced by special cause variation

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The measure which helps to understand the spread of variation is called as \_\_\_\_\_

Quartile 1

Cpk

Mode

Variance

One of the most popular measures of variability in a data set or population is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

Dispersion

Variation

Mean

**Standard Deviation** 

Answer:

**Explanation:** 

determines the nature of relationship which would help us to make predictions.

Correlation Analysis Regression Analysis Stability Analysis Capability Analysis

A software development process has UAT Defect density as Y, percent review effectiveness as X1 and percent design phase effort as X2. Indicate the type of regression model Y=-0.1320~X1+0.16~X2+23.200

Single Linear Regression Dummy Variable Regression Multi Linear Regression Logistic Regression

Which of the below statistical tests helps in decision making based on data inferences?

Mode Hypothesis Test Skewness Stability Test

What is the outcome of Hypothesis Testing, where P Value > = 0.05?

Accept Alternate Hypothesis

Reject Null

Accept Null Hypothesis

Data is normal

# Answer:

**Explanation:** 

Answer:

**Explanation:**