Table	Entries	Number of Entries per Block	Number of Blocks	Index Fields	Index Type	Keys per Node	Depth of B+ Tree
Customer	10,000	10	1,000	accountId	B+ tree and ordered se- quential file	100	3
				lastName	B+ tree	50	3
				zipcode	hash	100	
Rental	1,000,000	100	10,000	accountId	B+ tree	100	3
				movieId	B+ tree	100	3
				date	B+ tree	100	2
Movie	10,000	20	500	movieId	B+ tree and ordered se- quential file	100	3
				title	B tree	20	4
				genre	Hash	100	

Task 1: Single Table Queries Using Indexes

Database Instance and Indexes:

from: Principles of Database Systems by Greg Riccardi Addison Wesley 2001

Discuss execution strategies for the following queries:

SELECT genre FROM Movie WHERE title LIKE "Iron Man"

SELECT * FROM Rental WHERE date = '2008-10-31'

SELECT * FROM Rental WHERE accountId = 834 AND date = '2008-10-31'

SELECT * FROM Rental WHERE accountId = 834 AND date > '2008-10-31'

SELECT * FROM Rental WHERE accountId = 834

AND date > '2008-07-01' AND date < '2008-

10-31'

SELECT Title FROM Movie WHERE genre LIKE 'documentary'

SELECT Title FROM Movie WHERE genre LIKE 'comedy'

OR genre LIKE 'action' OR genre LIKE 'drama'

SELECT MAX(date) FROM Rental WHERE accountID = 398

SELECT MAX(date) FROM Rental WHERE movieID = 7834

SELECT date FROM Rental WHERE accountId = 398 AND movieID = 7834

Task 2: Query Optimization

primary index (2) on accountId

Estimated storage data on Big Hit Video relations:

<u>Movie</u> <u>Employee</u>

10000 records 1000 records 100 500 blocks blocks

B+tree (3) on movieId primary index (2) on ssn

B+tree (3) on title

B+tree (2) on lastName

<u>Videotape</u> <u>HourlyEmployee</u>

100,000 records 800 records 800 blocks 20 blocks

B+tree (3) on movieId B+tree (2) on ssn

primary index (3) on videoId

SalariedEmployee

Store 200 records 100 records 20 8 blocks

blocks B+tree (2) on ssn primary index (2) on storeId

CustomerWorksIn10000 records20 blocks

1000 blocks B+tree (2) on storeId B+tree (3) on accountId

B+tree (3) on lastName PurchaseOrder 5000 records

OtherUsers 150 blocks 3000 records 120 B+tree (3) on purchaseOrderId

blocks

70,000 records
Reservation 2200 blocks

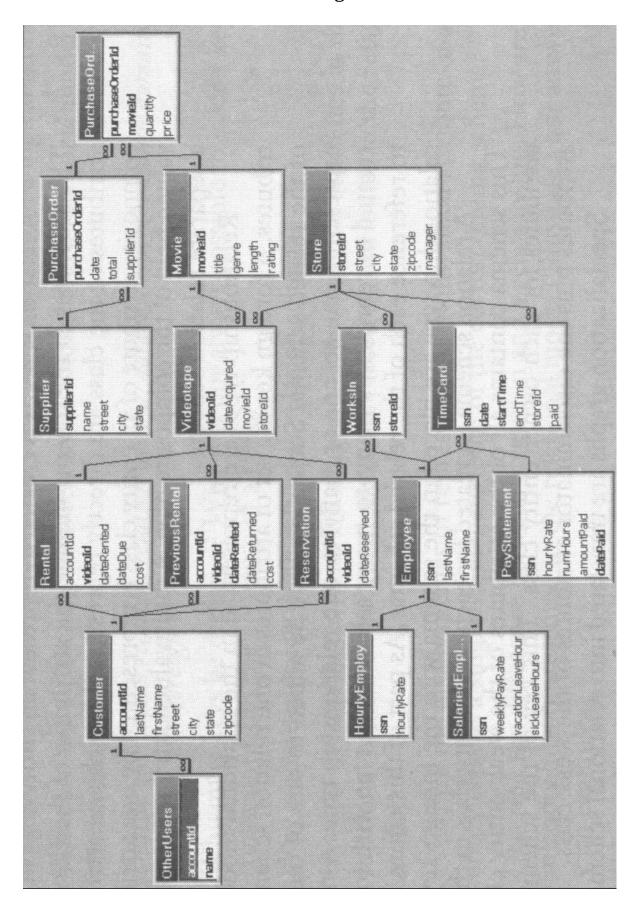
2000 records 75 B+tree (3) on purchaseOrderId

blocks B+tree (3) on movieId no indexes

<u>Supplier</u> 50 records 15 blocks

PurchaseOrderDetail

no indexes



Analyze each query and	l determine the	following:
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- 1) an SQL command to implement the query,
- 2) a literal interpretation of SQL command as an algebra expression tree
- 3) an efficient query plan (expression tree)
- 4) a rough estimate of the cost (disk accesses) of the efficient plan

Group 1: Supplier's address and purchase price for all purchases of the movie "Kung Fu Panda".

Group 2: Employee name and pay rate for all employees of the store managed by "Jeremy Pierce".

Group 3: Store address and reservation date for all reservations of the movie "Speed Racer".

Group 4: Account ID and movie title for all movies that have been rented more than once by the same account.