## Models

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```
library(readr)
## Warning: package 'readr' was built under R version 4.3.3
library(dplyr)
## Warning: package 'dplyr' was built under R version 4.3.3
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
library(ggplot2)
## Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 4.3.3
library(caret)
## Warning: package 'caret' was built under R version 4.3.3
## Loading required package: lattice
library(pROC)
## Warning: package 'pROC' was built under R version 4.3.3
## Type 'citation("pROC")' for a citation.
##
## Attaching package: 'pROC'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
       cov, smooth, var
data <- read_csv("../data/raw-data/aids_clinical_trials_combined.csv")</pre>
## Rows: 2139 Columns: 24
## -- Column specification ---
## Delimiter: ","
## dbl (24): time, trt, age, wtkg, hemo, homo, drugs, karnof, oprior, z30, zpri...
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
```

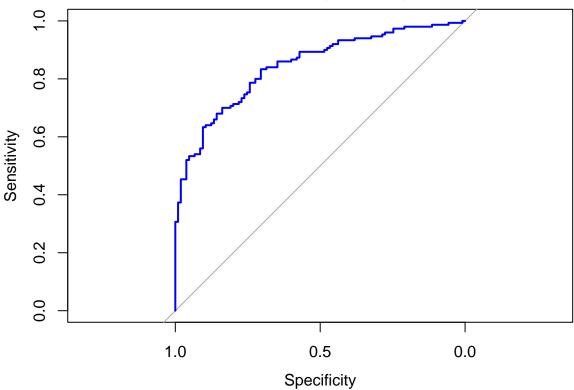
## i Specify the column types or set `show\_col\_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.

## Logistic Regression

```
binary_cols <- c("hemo", "homo", "drugs", "karnof", "oprior", "z30", "zprior",
                 "preanti", "race", "gender", "str2", "strat", "symptom",
                 "treat", "offtrt")
# Survival variables (don't scale these)
survival_cols <- c("time", "cid")</pre>
# Get all column names
all_cols <- names(data)</pre>
# Identify continuous columns to scale
# (those not in binary_cols and not in survival_cols)
continuous_cols <- setdiff(all_cols, c(binary_cols, survival_cols))</pre>
# Create new dataframe
data_scaled <- data
# Scale only continuous variables
data_scaled[continuous_cols] <- scale(data[continuous_cols])</pre>
# Binary and survival variables remain unchanged
data_scaled[binary_cols] <- data[binary_cols]</pre>
data_scaled[survival_cols] <- data[survival_cols]</pre>
data_scaled_950<- data_scaled%>%
 filter(time<=950)</pre>
write.csv(data scaled 950,"../data/derived-data/data scaled 950.csv",row.names = FALSE)
library(caret)
set.seed(123)
trainIndex <- createDataPartition(data_scaled_950$cid, p = 0.7, list = FALSE)
train_data <- data_scaled_950[trainIndex, ]</pre>
test_data <- data_scaled_950[-trainIndex, ]</pre>
train_data$cid <- as.factor(train_data$cid)</pre>
test_data$cid <- as.factor(test_data$cid)</pre>
logistic_model <- glm(cid ~ age + trt + wtkg + hemo + homo + drugs + karnof+oprior+z30+zprior+preanti+r</pre>
                    data = train_data, family = binomial)
model_summary<- summary(logistic_model)</pre>
test_predictions <- predict(logistic_model, newdata = test_data, type = "response")</pre>
## Warning in predict.lm(object, newdata, se.fit, scale = 1, type = if (type == :
## prediction from rank-deficient fit; attr(*, "non-estim") has doubtful cases
test_pred_class <- ifelse(test_predictions > 0.5, 1, 0)
```

```
confusionMatrix(factor(test_pred_class), factor(test_data$cid))
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
             Reference
##
## Prediction 0 1
##
            0 78 36
            1 27 114
##
##
                  Accuracy : 0.7529
##
##
                    95% CI: (0.6953, 0.8046)
##
       No Information Rate: 0.5882
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 2.634e-08
##
##
                     Kappa: 0.4965
##
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value : 0.3135
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.7429
##
               Specificity: 0.7600
            Pos Pred Value: 0.6842
##
##
            Neg Pred Value: 0.8085
##
                Prevalence: 0.4118
##
            Detection Rate: 0.3059
##
      Detection Prevalence : 0.4471
##
        Balanced Accuracy: 0.7514
##
##
          'Positive' Class : 0
##
# Roc Curve
roc_curve <- roc(test_data$cid, test_predictions)</pre>
## Setting levels: control = 0, case = 1
## Setting direction: controls < cases
plot(roc_curve, col = "blue", main = "ROC Curve for Logistic Regression")
```

# **ROC Curve for Logistic Regression**



```
auc(roc_curve)

## Area under the curve: 0.845

p_values <- model_summary$coefficients[, 4]

significant_vars <- names(p_values[p_values < 0.05])

print(significant_vars)

## [1] "age" "hemo" "drugs" "preanti" "race" "offtrt" "cd420"

## [8] "cd820"</pre>
```

#### fit with selected features with P<0.05

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
            Reference
##
              0 1
## Prediction
##
            0 68 28
            1 37 122
##
##
                  Accuracy: 0.7451
##
##
                    95% CI : (0.687, 0.7974)
      No Information Rate : 0.5882
##
##
      P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 1.179e-07
##
##
                     Kappa : 0.467
##
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value : 0.3211
##
##
              Sensitivity: 0.6476
##
              Specificity: 0.8133
##
           Pos Pred Value: 0.7083
##
            Neg Pred Value: 0.7673
##
                Prevalence: 0.4118
##
            Detection Rate: 0.2667
     Detection Prevalence: 0.3765
##
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.7305
##
##
          'Positive' Class: 0
##
```

#### Lasso

## trt

```
## wtkg
## hemo
              -0.5386997533
## homo
## drugs
              -0.4377875085
## karnof
              -0.0064280283
               0.0834176549
## oprior
## z30
               0.0790940635
## zprior
## preanti
              0.0006121674
## race
              -0.7437455386
## gender
              0.3723106804
## str2
## strat
               0.1255874934
               0.5319893666
## symptom
## treat
              -0.1991194205
## offtrt
              -1.9331766778
## cd40
               0.0782609922
## cd420
              -1.1160426646
## cd80
               0.0962111514
               0.2581837543
## cd820
```

#### fit model with selected feature

```
X_train <- model.matrix(cid ~ offtrt + cd420 + race + hemo + symptom + drugs + gender + cd820 + age + s
X_test <- model.matrix(cid ~ offtrt + cd420 + race + hemo + symptom + drugs + gender + cd820 + age + st

y_train <- train_data$cid
y_test <- test_data$cid
cv_lasso <- cv.glmnet(X_train, y_train, family = "binomial", alpha = 1)

best_lambda <- cv_lasso$lambda.min

lasso_model <- glmnet(X_train, y_train, family = "binomial", alpha = 1, lambda = best_lambda)

test_predictions_lasso <- predict(lasso_model, newx = X_test, type = "response")

roc_curve_lasso <- roc(test_data$cid, test_predictions_lasso)

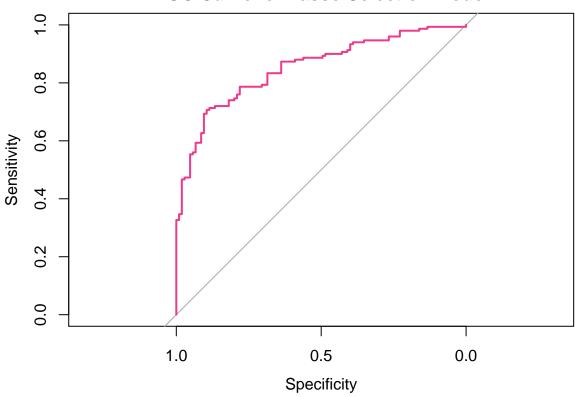
## Setting levels: control = 0, case = 1

## Warning in roc.default(test_data$cid, test_predictions_lasso): Deprecated use a

## matrix as predictor. Unexpected results may be produced, please pass a numeric
## vector.

## Setting direction: controls < cases
plot(roc_curve_lasso, main = "ROC Curve for Lasso Selection Model", col="violetred2")</pre>
```

## **ROC Curve for Lasso Selection Model**

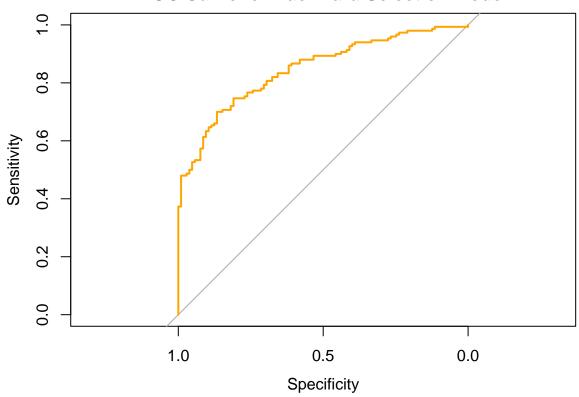


```
auc(roc_curve_lasso)
## Area under the curve: 0.8523
test_pred_class_lasso <- ifelse(test_predictions_lasso > 0.5, 1, 0)
# Confusion Matrix
confusionMatrix(factor(test_pred_class_lasso), factor(y_test))
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
             Reference
## Prediction
            0 82 35
##
##
            1 23 115
##
                  Accuracy : 0.7725
##
                    95% CI : (0.7161, 0.8225)
##
       No Information Rate: 0.5882
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 4.321e-10
##
##
##
                     Kappa: 0.5384
##
    Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.1486
##
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.7810
##
               Specificity: 0.7667
            Pos Pred Value: 0.7009
##
```

```
##
            Neg Pred Value: 0.8333
##
                Prevalence: 0.4118
##
            Detection Rate: 0.3216
##
      Detection Prevalence: 0.4588
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.7738
##
##
          'Positive' Class: 0
##
print(coef(lasso_model))
## 11 x 1 sparse Matrix of class "dgCMatrix"
## (Intercept) 0.4814170
## offtrt
               -2.1018493
## cd420
              -1.1764704
## race
               -0.7538408
## hemo
               -0.7099865
## symptom
               0.4233906
              -0.5224033
## drugs
               0.3986055
## gender
               0.3687365
## cd820
## age
                0.3094244
## strat
                0.3432900
Backward Selection
# Perform backward selection
backward_model <- step(logistic_model, direction = "backward", trace = FALSE)</pre>
backward_model_summary <- summary(backward_model)</pre>
test_predictions_backward <- predict(backward_model, newdata = test_data, type = "response")
test_pred_class_backward <- ifelse(test_predictions_backward > 0.5, 1, 0)
conf_matrix <- confusionMatrix(factor(test_pred_class_backward), factor(test_data$cid))</pre>
print("Confusion Matrix and Performance Metrics for Backward Selection Model:")
## [1] "Confusion Matrix and Performance Metrics for Backward Selection Model:"
print(conf_matrix)
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
             Reference
## Prediction
              0 1
##
            0 79 35
##
            1 26 115
##
##
                  Accuracy : 0.7608
##
                    95% CI: (0.7036, 0.8118)
##
       No Information Rate: 0.5882
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 5.421e-09
##
##
                     Kappa: 0.5125
##
```

```
Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.3057
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.7524
##
               Specificity: 0.7667
##
            Pos Pred Value : 0.6930
##
            Neg Pred Value: 0.8156
##
                Prevalence: 0.4118
            Detection Rate: 0.3098
##
##
      Detection Prevalence: 0.4471
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.7595
##
##
          'Positive' Class : 0
##
# Get the selected features
selected_features <- names(coef(backward_model))</pre>
print("Features Selected by Backward Selection:")
## [1] "Features Selected by Backward Selection:"
print(selected_features)
## [1] "(Intercept)" "age"
                                     "hemo"
                                                   "drugs"
                                                                 "preanti"
  [6] "race"
                                                                 "cd420"
                      "gender"
                                     "symptom"
                                                   "offtrt"
## [11] "cd820"
# Plot ROC curve for backward selection model
roc_curve_backward <- roc(test_data$cid, test_predictions_backward)</pre>
## Setting levels: control = 0, case = 1
## Setting direction: controls < cases
plot(roc_curve_backward, main = "ROC Curve for Backward Selection Model", col="orange")
```

### **ROC Curve for Backward Selection Model**



```
auc(roc curve backward)
## Area under the curve: 0.8465
# Print coefficients of the final model
print("Coefficients of the Final Model:")
## [1] "Coefficients of the Final Model:"
print(coef(backward_model))
                                                                  preanti
     (Intercept)
                                        hemo
                                                      drugs
                           age
##
   0.8632302848
                  0.3129571806 -0.8787791179 -0.5721991108 0.0009780816
##
                        gender
            race
                                      symptom
                                                     offtrt
                  0.4265073018 \quad 0.4871033437 \ -2.2108410758 \ -1.2404869416
## -0.7719568158
           cd820
  0.4021572669
plot(roc_curve_backward, col = "orange", main = "Comparison of ROC Curves",
     xlab = "False Positive Rate (1 - Specificity)",
     ylab = "True Positive Rate (Sensitivity)")
lines(roc_curve_lasso,col="violetred2")
# Add the second ROC curve
lines(roc_curve, col = "lightblue")
# Add diagonal reference line
abline(a = 0, b = 1, lty = 2, col = "gray")
```

# **Comparison of ROC Curves**

