# JAST

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#### 1 About JAST

JAST stands for Java Assembly and Scaffolding Tool. This program performs assembling and scaffolding from paired-end Illumina library and use a reference genome.

#### 1.1 Dependencies

JAST uses the following softwares: (see 1)

- Flexbar for filtering reads.
- A5 for assembling reads.
- Bowtie to map the filtered reads against the reference genome (a SAM file is requiered for Colombus).
- Colombus thanks to VelvetOptimizer for scaffolding using a reference genome.
- And SSPACE to improve obtained scaffolds.

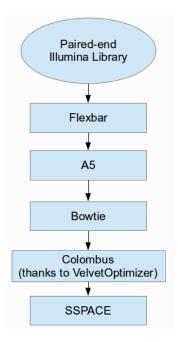


Figure 1: Simple pipeline of JAST.

These programs have to be well installed on your computer before you can use JAST. As for every Java programs, you also need a JRE to be able to use it. Please note the one used to test JAST was 1.7.

#### 2 How it works

Here we describe how to use JAST. Please note this software doesn't have GUI<sup>1</sup> so we assume you are able to deal with command lines. All options will be not discussed here, for know all of theme use -h or - -help.

#### 2.1 Input file(s)

#### Illumina library

JAST was designed to work with paired-end Illumina library. Your files name *MUST* follow this format:  $myReads\_1.fastq$  and  $myReads\_2.fastq$ . The first one must be use with the -r or - -reads option and the second one with -p or - -paired.

#### Config files

If you want to specify some options to sofwares used by JAST you can do this with a config file. Each config files must contain each options separated by a break line. VelvetOptimizer is the only sofware requires a config file. Examples of config files can be found at: https://github.com/AgResearch/JAST/tree/master/ExampleConfigFiles

#### SSPACE library

JAST requires a SSPACE library file; equivalent to file you specify with '-l' option when you use SSPACE. Please note that the first line must contains only the 3 last columns: the other information (name and fastq files) will be writen in a file nammed with \_JAST extension and the library will be nammed JASTlib. This file must be specified with -l or --sspacelib option.

#### 2.2 Stdout and stderr

Messages displayed to stdout by JAST during its process, start with [JAST]. When an error appears, messages displayed to stderr start with [JAST\_Error]. Messages do not start with these symbol belonging to softwares used.

#### 2.3 About the pipeline

The pipeline is more detailed at the figure 2. On this figure we assume that "?" could be "1" or "2", "genome" is the reference genome (- - ref option) and "output" is the output name specified by -o or - - output option.

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$ Graphical User Interface

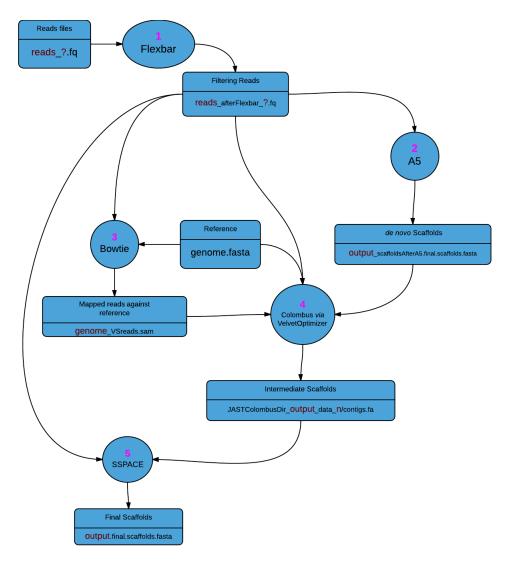


Figure 2: Complete pipeline of JAST.

### 3 For programmers

#### **Dependencies**

JAST use the JSAP library v2.1 downloaded in June 2014, under LGPL licence: http://www.martiansoftware.com/jsap/. You need to download it if you want to generate you own JAR file from source code or modify source code.

#### Software architecture

In JAST, all commands inherit from the Command abstract class (see 3), has the following attributs & methods:

#### • Attributs:

- command (String): The executable command i.e. for flexbar it's "flexbar"

- forbiddenOptions (String[]): Options already used by JAST the users not allowed to use.
- totalCommand (List<String>): All the command with executable and options.
- config (Path): The config file, can be null.
- outputFile (Path) : The outputFile.

#### • Methods:

- exec: Execute the command.
- getOutPutFile : get the output file.
- getCommand: get the executable command.

The source code can be found here: https://github.com/AgResearch/JAST/tree/master/src and the Javadoc can be found here: https://github.com/AgResearch/JAST/tree/master/Javadoc.

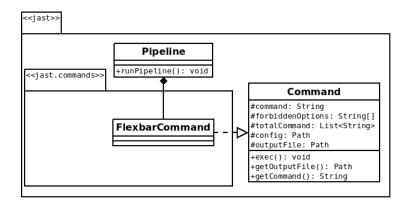


Figure 3: Class diagram example for one command (Flebar).

Considering that bioinformatics software evolve rapidly in the field of sequencing, it could be usefull to add a new software to the pipeline. Here is how do so:

```
package jast.commands;
import java.nio.file.Path;
import java.nio.file.Paths;
import jast.Command;
public class newCommand extends Command {
    public newCommand(Path config,String [] arrayOfForbbidenOptions) {
        super(config,arrayOfForbbidenOptions);
        command="foo";
        // no need to add command to totalCommand
        totalCommand.add("-bar");
        totalCommand.add("myArgumentForBarOption");
    }
}
```