W03 Quiz: Database Design and Creation

- Fecha de entrega 25 de ene en 23:59
- Puntos 38
- Preguntas 19
- Disponible hasta el 8 de feb en 23:59
- Límite de tiempo Ninguno
- Intentos permitidos 3

Instrucciones

Purpose: Test your understanding of database creation and population principles.

Task: After you have completed all the activities for the week, take this quiz.

Conditions: This quiz is closed book and closed note. You should not look at any course materials or websites while taking this quiz.

Volver a realizar el examen

Historial de intentos

	Intento	Hora	Puntaje
MANTENER	Intento 2	3 minutos	38 de 38
MÁS RECIENTE	Intento 2	3 minutos	38 de 38
	Intento 1	17 minutos	32 de 38

(!) Las respuestas correctas están ocultas.

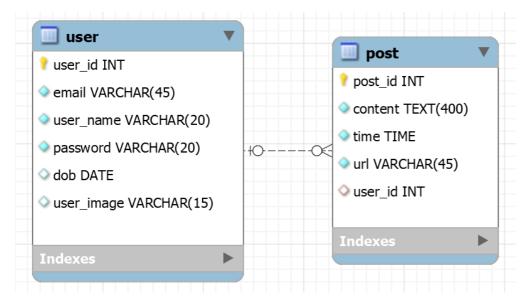
Puntaje para este intento: 38 de 38

Entregado el 5 de feb en 0:40

Este intento tuvo una duración de 3 minutos.

Pregunta 1

2 / 2 pts

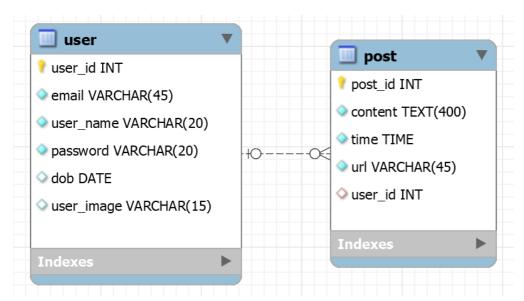


The post_id attribute in the post table is an auto-incrementing number that the database guarantees is unique for each post. This means that within the post table, the post_id is what? (Check all that apply.)

- Primary key
- Natural key
- Surrogate key
- Foreign key

Pregunta 2

2 / 2 pts



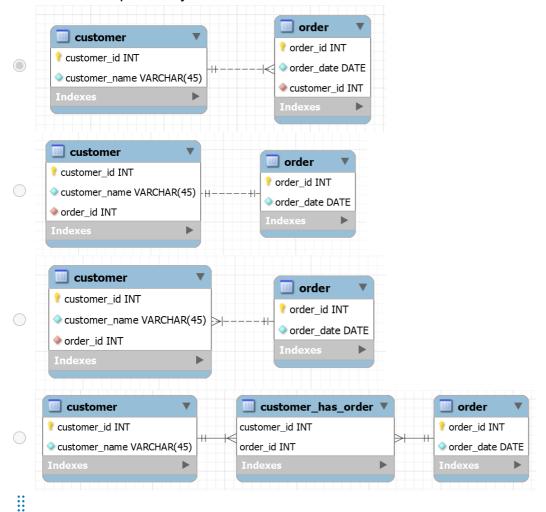
The database may store many posts from a single user. This means that within the post table, the user_id attribute is what? (Check all that apply.)

- Foreign key
- Primary key
- Composite key

Pregunta 3

2 / 2 pts

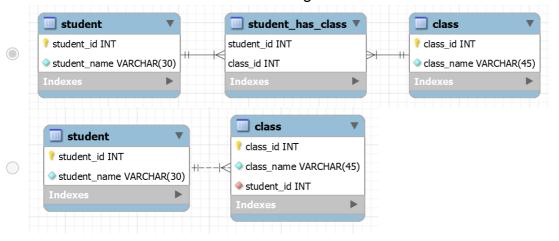
Which of the following diagrams best represents the relationship between a table of customers and a table of orders placed by a customer?

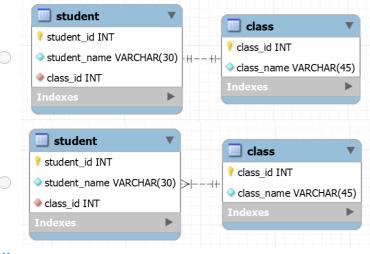


Pregunta 4

2 / 2 pts

Which of the following diagrams best represents the relationship between a table of students and a table of classes for which the student is registered?





Pregunta 5

2 / 2 pts

With database design, the goal is to organize the data in such a way that ______ is minimized.

- the scope
- redundancy
- normalization
- the statement of work

Pregunta 6

2 / 2 pts

In relational database design, a many-to-many relationship must be resolved into two _____ relationships.

- one-to-many
- many-to-many
- one-to-one
- none-to-many

::

Pregunta 7

2 / 2 pts

Each table in a database should represent ______.

- every entity in the database
- two related entities
- one real world entity

Pregunta 8

2 / 2 pts

What is true of an ISBN number for books? (Check all that apply)

- It is a surrogate key.
- It is a natural key.

It would not make a good primary key for a table contain	ning books.
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It would make a good primary key for a table containing books.

Pregunta 9

2 / 2 pts

Consider this relational database entity:

Title	Year Released	Genre
Toy Story	1995	Family, Animated
Toy Story 2	1999	Family, Animated
Mr. Bean's Holiday	2007	Comedy
The Empire Strikes Back	1977	Sci Fi

Which normal form does the entity violate?

Boyce	Codd
	CCGG

- Second
- Third
- First

Pregunta 10

2 / 2 pts

Typically, most database designers consider a database structure normalized if it's in the ______ normal form.

- Boyce Codd
- third
- second
- first

Pregunta 11

2 / 2 pts

What is the SQL keyword that adds rows to a table?

- INSERT
- DELETE
- ADD
- UPDATE

Pregunta 12

2 / 2 pts

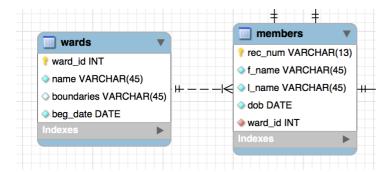
What does the following code create if run:
CREATE TABLE employee (
emp_no INT NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
last_name VARCHAR(25) NOT NULL,
first_name VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,
PRIMARY KEY(emp_no));
An employee database with four total columns.
An employee table with three columns that will require a value.
An employee schema with three tables.
An employee table with three columns plus a fourth column for the primary key.
Pregunta 13
2 / 2 pts
Assuming that all of the table and column names are spelled correctly, what's wrong with the INSERT
statement that follows?
INSERT INTO invoices
(vendor_id, invoice_number, invoice_total, payment_total, credit_total,
terms_id, invoice_date, invoice_due_date)
VALUES
VALUES (97, '456789', 8344.50, 0, 0, 1, '2012-08-31')
VALUES (97, '456789', 8344.50, 0, 0, 1, '2012-08-31') The number of items in the column list doesn't match the number of values in the VALUES list.
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If you code a column list in an INSERT statement that includes a column that's define value, you can insert the default value for that column by coding the the VALUES clause of the INSERT statement.	
O NULL	
O AUTO	
○ AI	
DEFAULT	
Pregunta 16	
2 / 2 pts	
When you code a DELETE statement for one or more rows, the which row or rows are to be deleted.	clause specifies
HAVING	
ALTER	
ON	
WHERE	
Pregunta 17	
2 / 2 pts	
With the code:	
UPDATE movie	
SET title = "Finding Nemo";	
What's will happen to each row of the table?	
Every movie title will be changed to 'Finding Nemo'.	
The first row of the table will have the movie title changed to 'Finding Nemo'.	
Nothing, you will get an error because you forgot a WHERE clause.	
The database movie will get a new table called title with the value of 'Finding Nemo'.	
Pregunta 18	
2 / 2 pts	
What does the DROP command do in this code?	
DROP TABLE movie;	
Drong the last row of the gurrent table	
Drops the last row of the current table.	
Deletes not only the data in the movie table, but the table definition as well—the entire table.	
Deletes the data in the movie table leaving it an empty table.	
Drops the rows in the movie table according to certain criteria.	

Pregunta 19

2 / 2 pts

If I want to delete a ward row in the ward table, but the related table Members have members from that ward; (in other words, the primary key of that ward is used as a foreign key of the members table) what has to happen first before I can delete that ward?



- The foreign key column must be removed from the members table.
- All the members of that ward must be deleted first.
- New members must be added to that ward.
- The members table must be deleted.

Puntaje del examen: 38 de 38

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