# TP 3 MAPLE - Derivacion

#### MASTER T.E.C.I.

### 1 Comandos MAPLE

## 1.1 Derivacion explicita

```
f := (x) - \cos(x^2);
g := \mathbf{diff}(f(x), x);
diff(f(x), x$2);
g(2);
h := diff(g, x);
diff(f(x), x$3);
plot(f(x), x = -Pi .. Pi);
plot(g(x), x = -Pi .. Pi);
plot(h(x), x = -Pi .. Pi);
f2 := (x, y) -> x^2 * (x^2 + y^3)
plot3d(f2(x, y), x = -1..1, y = -1..1);
diff(f2(x, y, z), x);
diff(f2(x, y, z), x, y);
diff(f2(x, y, z), y);
diff(f2(x, y, z), y, x);
diff(f2(x, y, z), y$2);
diff(f2(x, y, z), x\$1, y\$2);
diff(f2(x, y, z), x, y, x);
with(VectorCalculus);
grad := Gradient(f2(x, y), [x, y]);
grad[1];
\operatorname{grad}[2];
with(plots);
gradplot(f2(x, y), x = -1..1, y = -1..1);
hess := \mathbf{Hessian}(f2(x, y), [x, y]);
hess[1, 1];
hess[1, 2];
hess[2, 1];
hess[2, 2];
```

#### 1.2 Derivacion implicita

```
F := (x, y) -> x^2 + y^2 - 1;
with(plots, implicitplot);
implicitplot(F(x, y) = 0, x = -1..1, y = -1..1);
implicitdiff(F(x, y) = 0, y, x);
implicitdiff(F(x, y) = 0, y, \$(x, 2));
implicitdiff(F(x, y) = 0, y, x, x);
F2 := (x, y, z) -> cos(x^2) + y^4 + sin(z^2) - 1;
implicitplot3d(F2(x, y, z) = 0, x = -5..5, y = -5..5, z = -5..5);
implicitdiff(F2(x, y, z) = 0, y, x);
implicitdiff(F2(x, y, z) = 0, y, x\$2, z\$2);
```

#### **Ejercicios** 2

- a) Calcular:
  - $\bullet \frac{d}{dx}(\cos(x^5 + \exp(x)) * (x^2 \sin(x)))$   $\bullet \frac{d^4}{dx^4}(\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+x^2}})$

  - $\frac{\partial}{\partial y}(x*\sqrt{y+5} + \cos(x*y))$   $\frac{\partial}{\partial y}\frac{\partial}{\partial z}(x*y*z + \ln(x^2 + y^3 + z^2))$   $\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2}\frac{\partial^3}{\partial z^3}(\cos(x*y*z)*(x^2 + exp(z)))$
- b) Calcular el vector gradiente y la Matriz Hessiana de  $f(x, y, z) = exp(cos(x^2 * y)) * z^2$ .