- It state green's theorem and evaluate  $\int_{0}^{1} (x^{2} + xy) dx + (x^{2} + y^{2}) dy$  where c is the square formed by The lines  $g = \pm 1$ ,  $x = \pm 1$
- 2. Fend a unit normal vector to the Surface  $z^2 = x^2 + y^2$  at the point (1, 0, -1)
- 3. Prove that

  (y2-z2+3xyz-2x) 2+(3xz+2xy) 5

  + Bxy-2xz+2z) 2

  bolk Solenoudal
- 4. Suppose F(x, y, z) = x302+ y J+zk vi the force field. Find the work done by F along the line from (1, 2,3 to C3,5,7) by F along the line from (1, 2,3 to C3,5,7)
- Shale Gauss's He crem of Daivergence.

  Using it evaluable where  $\vec{F} = 4\pi z \cdot \vec{i} y' \cdot \vec{j} + yz \cdot \vec{i}$ and S is the surface of the cube bounded by  $\alpha = 0$ ,  $\alpha = 1$ , y = 0, y = 1, z = 0, z = 1

- 1. State Gaus Theorem of divergence. lusing at Find SIF. has where
- $(y^2-z^2+3xyz-2x)^2+(3xz+2xy)^3+$   $(3xy-2xz+2xy)^3+$   $(3xy-2xz+2x)^2$ in  $x^2$ Prove Ital
- 4. If  $\vec{A} = (3x^2 + 6y) \vec{a} 14y \vec{z} + 200(z^2) \vec{d}$ evaluate  $\vec{b} \vec{A} \cdot \vec{d} \vec{s} + 1000 (0,0,0) to (1,1)$ along the curve  $\vec{c} = x = t$ ,  $y = t^2$ ,  $z = t^3$

MIN LIL SAULLLA 22BTCSEOOC Sel-B Test-2 NaudNikhiLShukla > 22BTCSE086 Find the nit derivative of sing If  $u = 81m^{-1} Cx + y$  find the value of  $x \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial y}{\partial y}$  $y = x^8 + 7x^4 - 4x + 18$   $y = x^8 + 7x^4 - 4x + 18$   $y = x^8 + 7x^4 - 4x + 18$ 5: 3) y = Cos(mlog31) show that or or on+2 + (2n+1) or yn+1 + (m2+n2) yn=0

Sef-17 Test-2 Nane Rabit Pal I. Fund  $\frac{1}{d}$   $\frac{1}{3}$   $\frac{1}{3$ 2. If  $u = f(\alpha u^{-1}) \left(\frac{\alpha^3 + y^3}{\sqrt{\alpha} + \sqrt{y}}\right)$  fund The value of x dy + y dy 3. V) u = 81 m 1 24 find dy 4. If  $y = a \cos(\log x) + b \sin(\log x)$ Show that  $2^2 y_{n+2} + (2n+1) 2 y_{n+1} + (n^2+1) y_{n} = 0$ 5) Frond the 10th derivative of cost Test 1 MAS 416

SET A

NAME Tyotsama

Mark-10

ID: 188+6.6026

1.By using elementary row operations, find the solutions if they exist for the following.

$$2x + y + z = 8$$
,  $-x + 2y + z = 4$ ,  $3x + y - 4z = 0$ 

2. Find the rank of the following matrix by reducing to normal form



3.Examine the following system of vectors for linear dependence. IF dependent find the relation between them

$$X_1 = (1, -1, 1)$$
 ,  $X_2 = (2, 1, 1)$  ,  $X_3 = (3, 0, 2)$ 

Test 1 MAS 416 SET B

NAME ABHINASH KUMAR

Mark-10

1D: BTCGE 036

1.By using elementary row operations, find the solutions if they exist for the following.

$$x+2 y+3z=14$$
,  $3x+y+2z=11$ ,  $2x+3y+z=11$ 

2. Find the rank of the following matrix by reducing to normal form



3.Examine the following system of vectors for linear dependence. IF dependent find the relation between them

$$X_1 = (3, 1, -4)$$
 ,  $X_2 = (2, 2, -3)$  ,  $X_3 = (0, -4, 1)$