

# **MIKROKONTROLER**

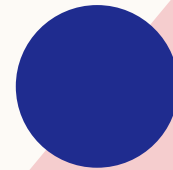
Pertemuan-2

# AGENDA

Arduino LED Built-In (Practice)

Arduino External LED with Resistor (Practice)

Summary





getready.io

# ARDUINO LED BUILT-IN

1. Open Arduino IDE then click **File > Examples > 01. Basics > Blink**
2. Define the code inside
3. Plug the USB to Arduino and Computer to upload the program

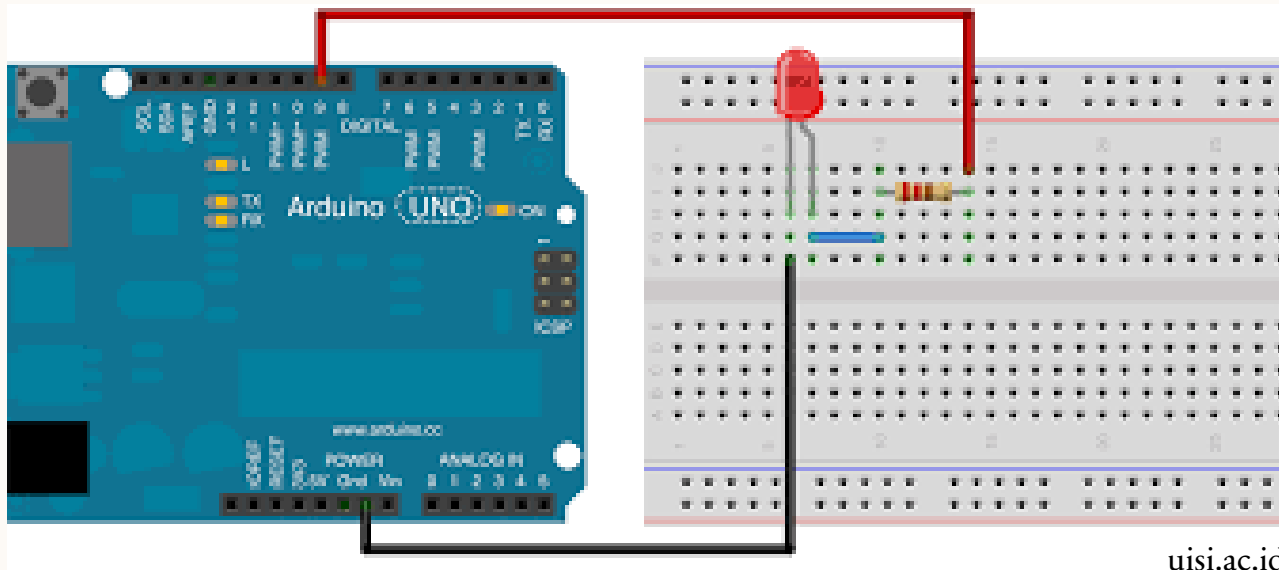


# **ARDUINO EXTERNAL LED WITH RESISTOR**

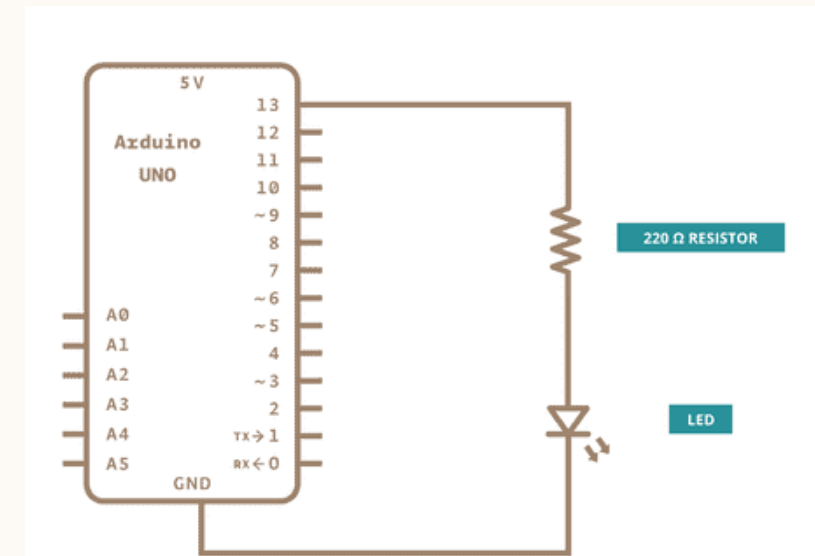
Practice

# TOOLS AND MATERIALS

- Arduino + Uploader Cable
- LED
- Resistor 220 Ohm
- Breadboard
- Jumper

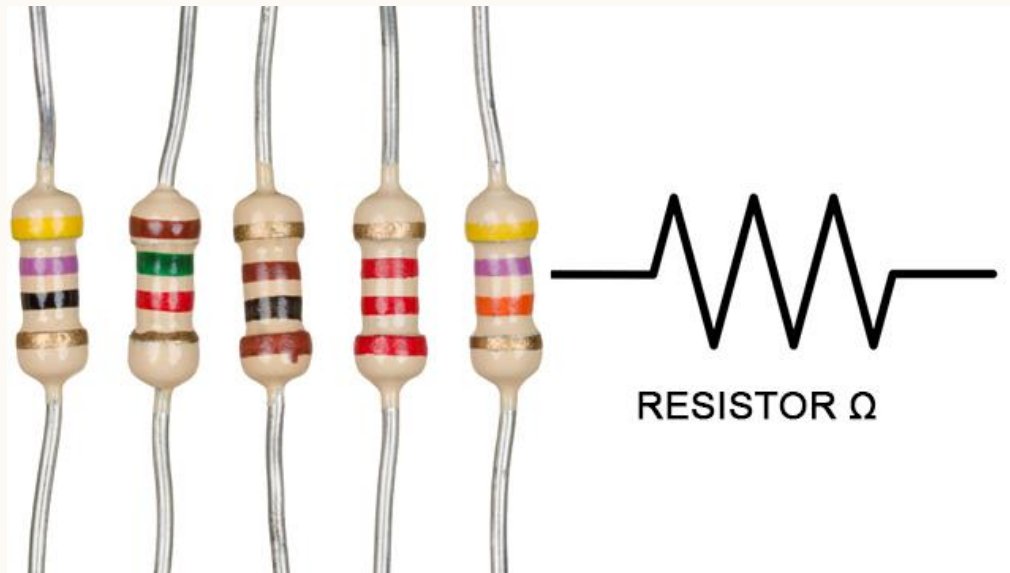


uisi.ac.id



arduino.cc

# RESISTOR

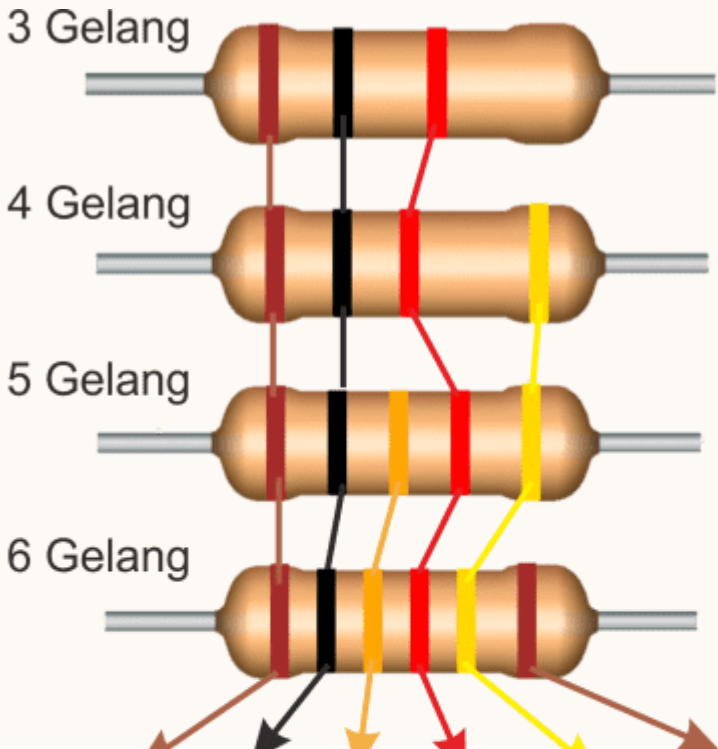


gesaintech.com

Resistor adalah komponen Elektronika Pasif yang memiliki nilai resistansi atau hambatan tertentu yang berfungsi untuk membatasi dan mengatur arus listrik dalam suatu rangkaian Elektronika.

# HOW TO READ RESISTANCE ?

Semakin kecil toleransi resistor tersebut,  
semakin bagus, karena semakin presisi.



WARNA	Gelang 1	Gelang 2	Gelang 3	Pengali ( $\Omega$ )	Toleransi	Koefisien Temperatur (ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C)
HITAM	0	0	0	1		
COKLAT	1	1	1	$10^1$	$\pm 1\%$ (F)	100
MERAH	2	2	2	$10^2$	$\pm 2\%$ (G)	50
JINGGA	3	3	3	$10^3$	$\pm 3\%$	15
KUNING	4	4	4	$10^4$	$\pm 4\%$	25
HIJAU	5	5	5	$10^5$	$\pm 0,5\%$ (D)	
BIRU	6	6	6	$10^6$	$\pm 0,25\%$ (C)	10
UNGU	7	7	7	$10^7$	$\pm 0,1\%$ (B)	5
ABU-ABU	8	8	8	$10^8$	$\pm 0,05\%$ (A)	
PUTIH	9	9	9	$10^9$		
EMAS				0,1	$\pm 5\%$ (J)	
PERAK				0,01	$\pm 10\%$ (K)	

# EXAMPLE



Nilai resistansi = ... Ohm ... Toleransi

Gelang ke-1 berwarna merah =

Gelang ke-2 berwarna jingga/orange =

Gelang ke-3 berwarna kuning =

Gelang ke-4 berwarna hitam =

Gelang ke-5 berwarna perak =



# EXAMPLE



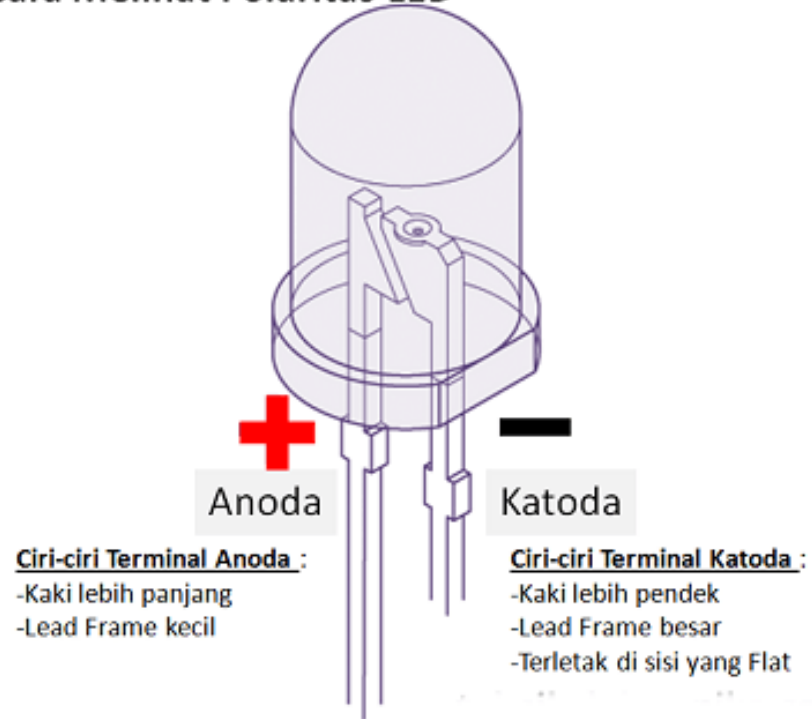
Nilai resistansi = ... Ohm ... Toleransi

- Nilai toleransi resistor =  $234 \text{ ohm} \times 10\% = 23,4 \text{ ohm}$
- Nilai batas maksimum resistor =  $234 + 23,4 = 257,4 \text{ ohm}$
- Nilai batas minimum resistor =  $234 - 23,4 = 210,6 \text{ ohm}$

Resistor dapat dikatakan masih baik apabila memiliki nilai hambatan lebih besar sama dengan 210,6 ohm dan lebih kecil sama dengan 257,4 ohm ( $210,6 \text{ ohm} < \text{nilai } R < 257,4 \text{ ohm}$ )

# LED (LIGHT EMITTING DIODE)

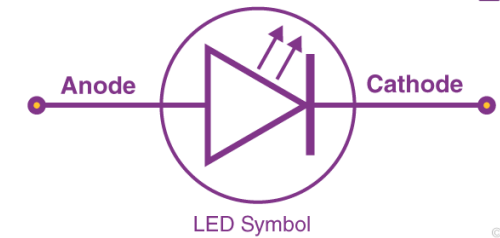
## Cara Melihat Polaritas LED



[blog.unnes.ac.id](http://blog.unnes.ac.id)

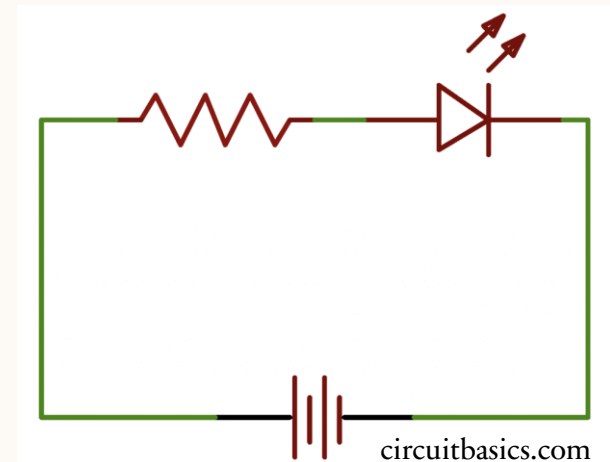


[anakteknik.co.id](http://anakteknik.co.id)



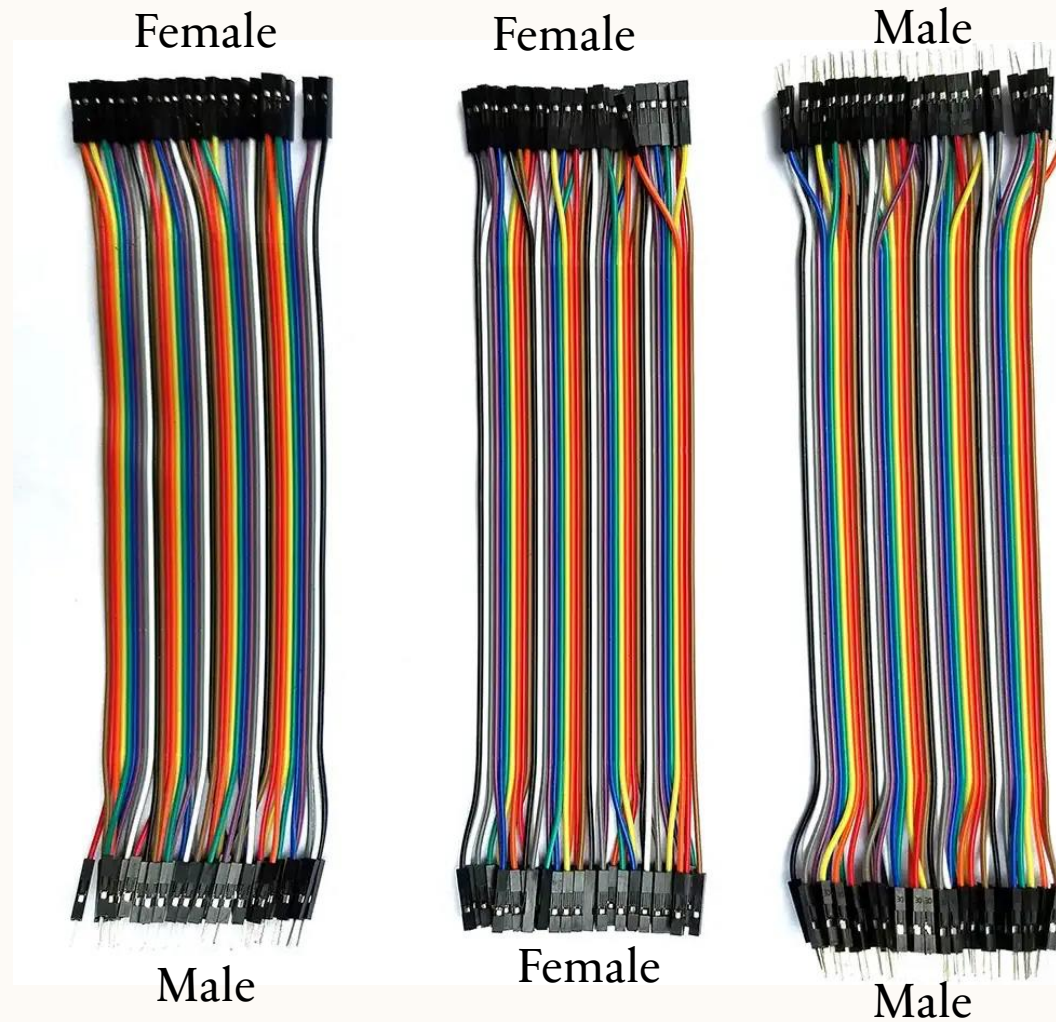
BYJU'S  
The Learning App

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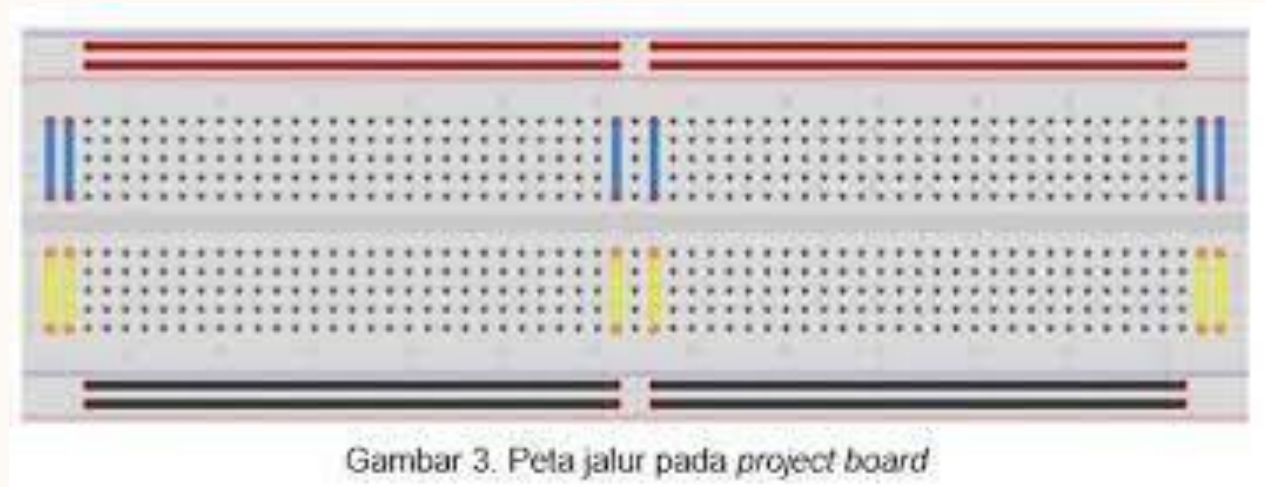
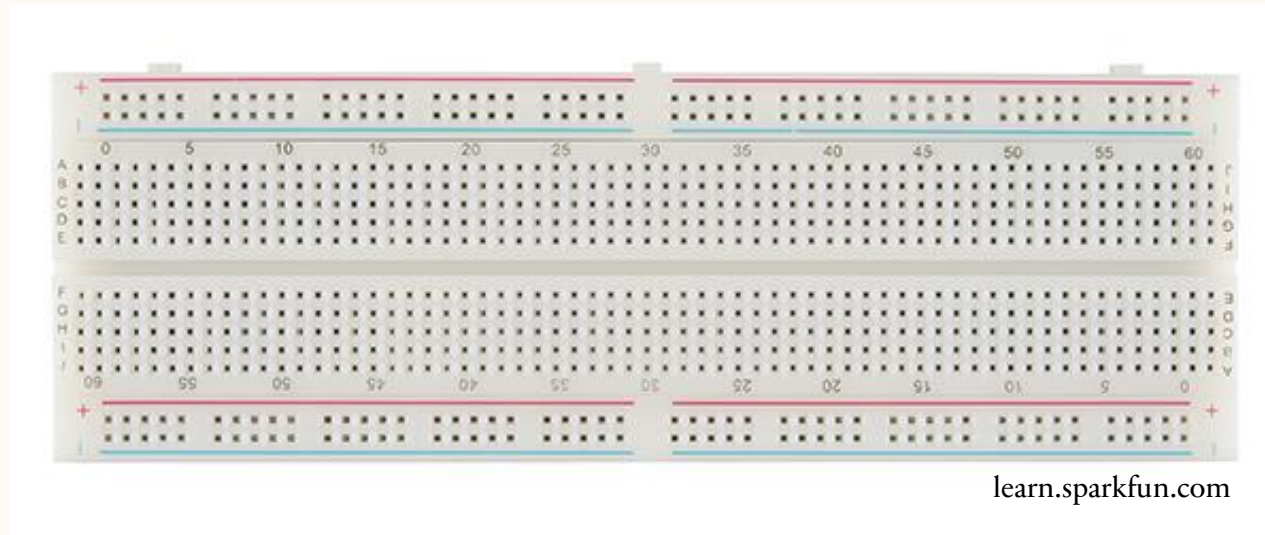
[circuitbasics.com](http://circuitbasics.com)

# JUMPER



Picture : Amazon.com

# BREADBOARD



# ARDUINO PROGRAM LED

```
//int led = 10;
//#define led 10
const int led = 10;
void setup() {
    pinMode(led, OUTPUT);
}

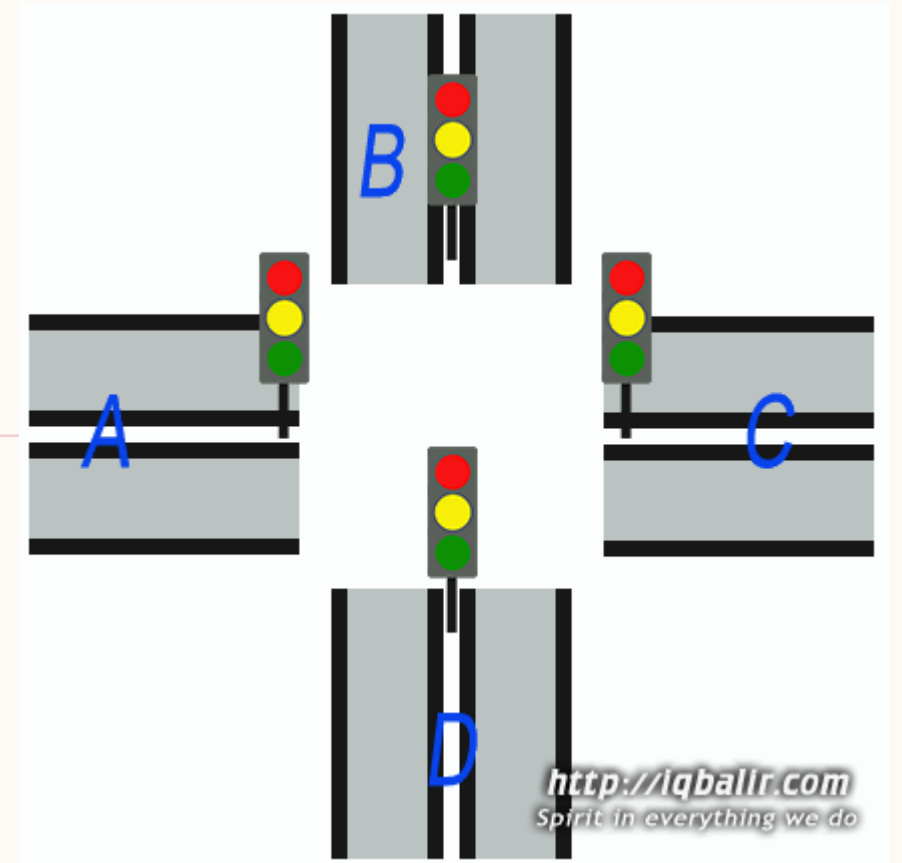
void loop() {
    digitalWrite(led, 1);    // turn the LED on (HIGH is the voltage level)
    delay(1000);            // wait for a second
    digitalWrite(led, 0);    // turn the LED off by making the voltage LOW
    delay(1000);            // wait for a second
}
```

# SUMMARY

- Learn how to upload program in Arduino
- Learn how to program LED Built-In and External LED
- Learn how to use LED, Resistor, Jumper, Breadboard, etc
- Learn how to identify resistance value

# GROUP PRACTICE

1. Membuat program dan rangkaian lampu lalu lintas seperti gambar berikut pada tinkercad.com
2. Kumpulkan dalam bentuk dokumen (.docx) yang berisi :
  - Screenshot fullscreen rangkaian
  - Program
  - Link tinkercad



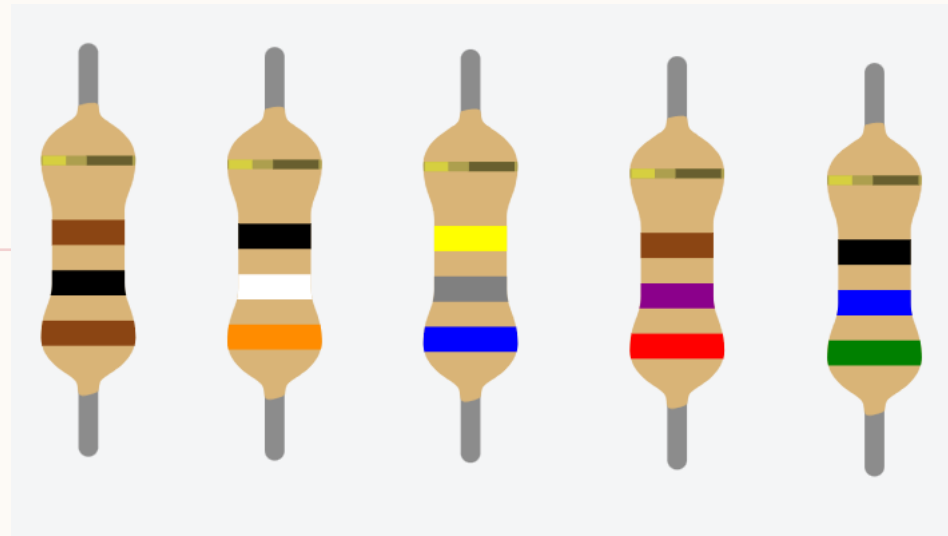
# GROUP PRACTICE

1. Mencari nilai :

- Resistansi
- Toleransi
- Nilai batas maksimum resistor
- Nilai batas minimum resistor
- Kesimpulan

2. Kerjakan soal diatas seperti slide 8-9

3. Gabungkan hasil jawaban ini dengan jawaban sebelumnya di dokumen (.docx)







# **TERIMAKASIH**

Semoga ilmunya bermanfaat!