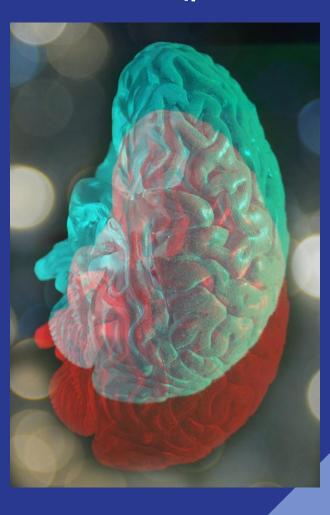


### Problem Broben

According to the American Stroke Association, **80% of strokes are preventable**.



# Zeeds

### Kaiser Permenente's -Stroke Prevention Public Health Campaign

#### Goal

Provide an unofficial stroke-risk assessment to individuals through and app or online based interface.

### Target Audience

People who are 50 + years.

#### Needs

Easy to answer, multiple choice, questions that that can be read and answered quickly.

primary physician by giving they an interactive way to take their health into their own hands \*This in not an official diagnosis and is instead meant to direct people to conversations with their

## Looking at the data

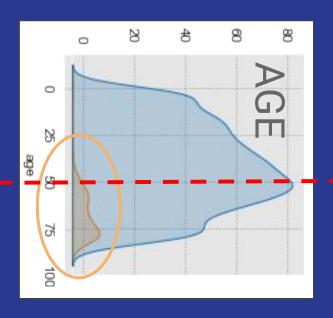
# 5110 Patients

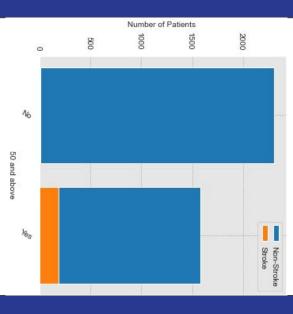
95.13% Did Not have a Stroke

4.87% Had a Stroke

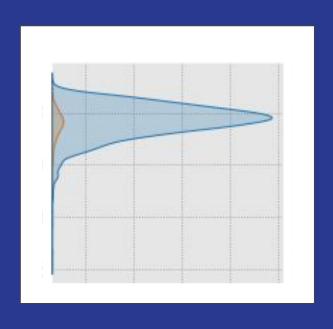
### Features Used to Model

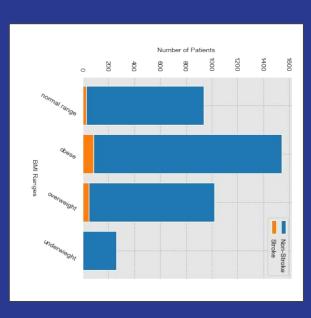
- \chi Age Gender
- ★ BMI ★ Average Glucose Level
- Hypertension
  Heart Disease
  Smoking Status





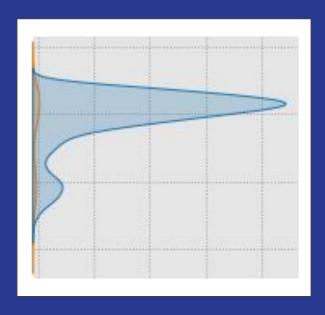
Age transformed to 50 and above

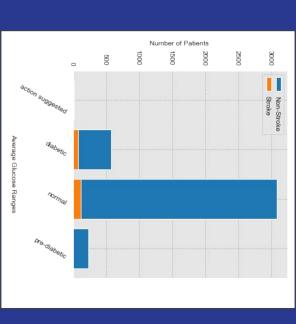




#### BM

### transformedNormal rangeObeseOverweightUnderweight



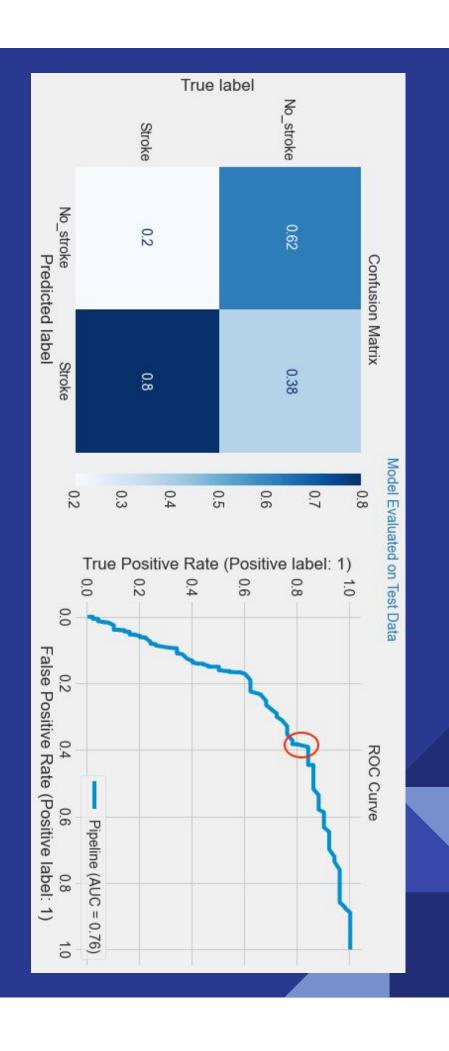


## 

# Tinal Mode

# On unseen data:

- The model was able to capture 80% of the patients who had a stroke.
- Of patients who did not have a stroke, the model captured 62%



# Next Steps

- Change the way AGE is divided
- Change number of features used to model
- Higher false positives
- Change from "middle of the road" metric. What is a bigger problem, False Positives or False Negatives?

# Thank You

## Original Features:

- 1. Age
- 2. Gender
- 3. BMI
- 4. Average Glucose Level
- Hypertension
- 6. Heart Disease
- 7. Smoking Status
   3. Residence Type
- 9. Work Type
- 0. Ever Married

## BMI Ranges:

- 'Underweight': bmi <18.49</li>
- 'Normal range' : bmi 18.5 24.9
- 'Overweight' : bmi 25.0 29.9
- 'Obese': bmi 30 or greater

weight status' table (National Library of Medicine) Values for bmi ranges determined by 'WHO classification of

# Average Glucose Ranges:

as I did not find much information and I was uncomfortable labeling them 'diabetic' or 'pre-diabetic' Glucose Ranges' table (Nationwide Children's Hospital). Note: I used 'action suggested' for this age range Values for young children, determined by 'Nationwide Children's Hospital Diabetes Center Target Blood

- 0-5 years old:
- normal' : patients with average glucose level < 180
- action suggested': if greater "
- 6 and 10
- normal' : patients with average glucose level < 140
- 'action suggested': if greater

Values for adult ranges determined by 'A1C and Estimated Average Glucose Levels' table (Medical News <u>Today</u>).

- Patients older than 10
- normal' : patients with average glucose level < 116.99
- prediabetic' : patients with average glucose level between 117 and 136.99
- 'diabetic': if greater that 137

# How models were selected

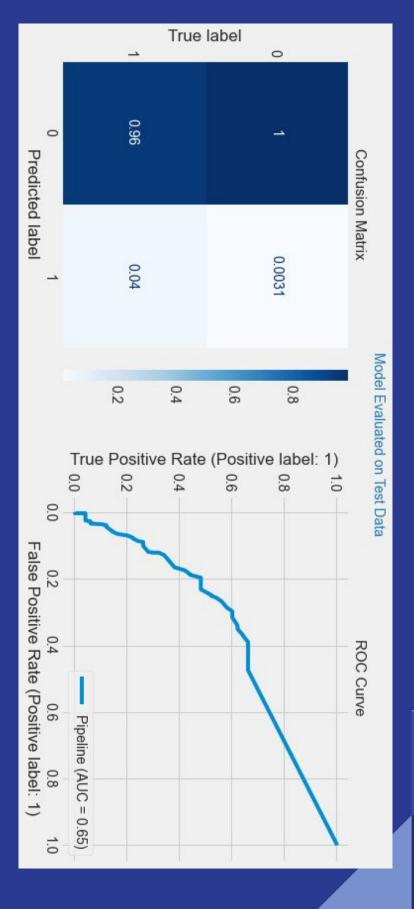
True Negatives



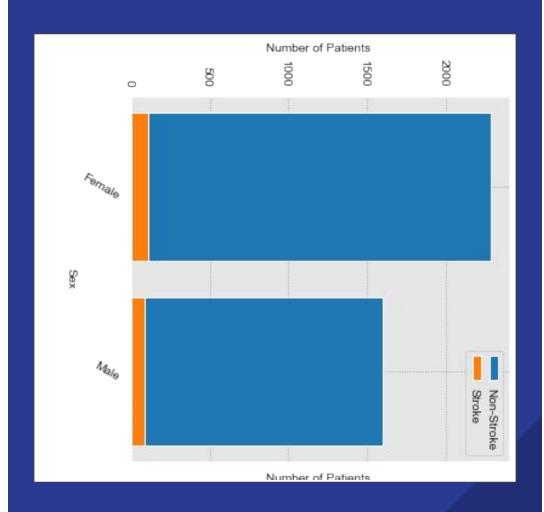
True Positives

What is more important?

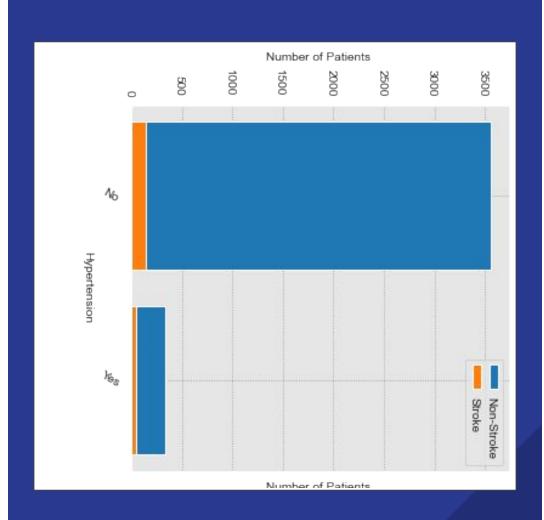
# Baseline Model:



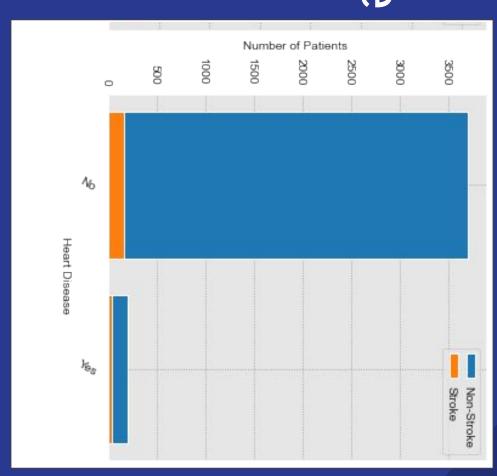




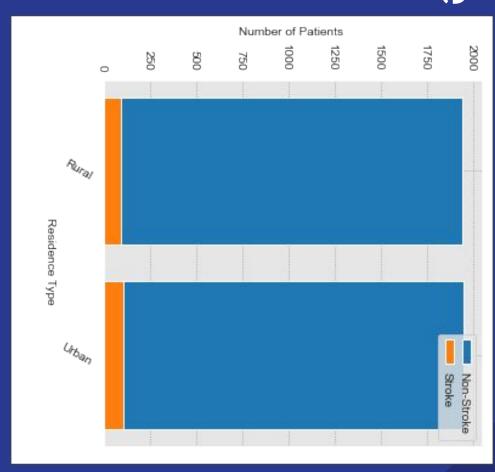
#### Hypertension



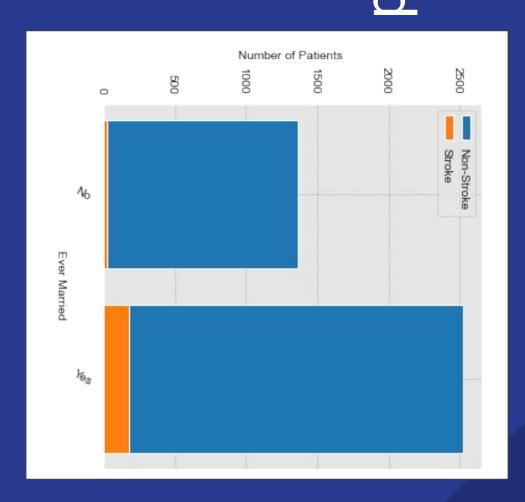
### Heart Disease



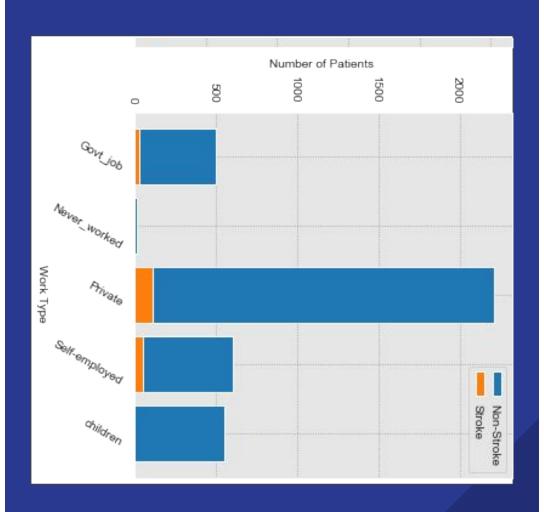
### Residence Type



### Ever Married



#### Work Type



### Smoking Status

