## Nonlinear Model Order Reduction using POD/DEIM for Optimal Control of Burgers' Equation

Manuel M. Baumann

July 15, 2013

In my Master thesis I consider the following optimal control problem,

$$\min_{u} \frac{1}{2} \int_{0}^{T} \int_{0}^{L} [y(t,x) - z(t,x)]^{2} + \omega u^{2}(t,x) \, dx \, dt, \quad \omega \in \mathbb{R}_{+}, \tag{1}$$

where y is the solution of the nonlinear, unsteady Burgers' equation with homogeneous Dirichlet boundary conditions and given initial condition  $y_0(x)$ ,

$$y_t + \left(\frac{1}{2}y^2 - \nu y_x\right)_x = f + u, \quad (x, t) \in (0, L) \times (0, T),$$
$$y(t, 0) = y(t, L) = 0, \quad t \in (0, T),$$
$$y(0, x) = y_0(x), \quad x \in (0, L),$$
$$(2)$$

and u being a control such that (1) is small and, hence, the solution of Burgers' equation is close to the desired state z. This problem has been considered in [2] and the authors of [3] proposed the well-known method of Proper Orthogonal Decomposition (POD) in order to reduce the computational cost of the optimization algorithm which solves (1)-(2).

In my thesis work, the Discrete Empirical Interpolation Method (DEIM), introduced by [1] in 2010, has been used for the first time in the context of optimal control for Burgers' equation in order to further improve the computational benefit of POD and solving (1)-(2) on a POD-DEIM reduced model.

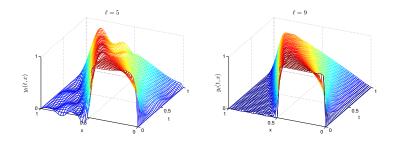


Figure 1: POD-DEIM approximations of the uncontrolled  $(u \equiv 0)$  Burgers' equation for two different reduced dimensions  $\ell$ .

## References

- [1] S. Chaturantabut and D. Sorensen. Nonlinear Model Reduction via Discrete Empirical Interpolation. SIAM J. Sci. Comput., 32:2737–2764, 2010.
- [2] M. Heinkenschloss. Numerical solution of implicitly constrained optimization problems. Technical report, Department of Computational and Applied Mathematics, Rice University, 2008.
- [3] K. Kunisch and S. Volkwein. Control of the Burgers Equation by a Reduced-Order Approach Using Proper Orthogonal Decomposition. *Journal of Optimization Theory and Applications*, 102:345–371, 1999.