## PEMROGRAMAN WEB LANJUT JOBSHEET 5 - BLADE VIEW, WEB TEMPLATING (ADMINLTE), DATATABLES



### Disusun oleh:

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## Praktikum 1 - Integrasi Laravel dengan AdminLte3

1. Dalam root folder project lakukan command berikut, untuk mendefinisikan requirement project.

composer require jeroennoten/laravel-adminite

2. Melakukan instalasi requirement project di atas dengan command berikut:

#### php artisan adminite:install

```
PS D:\Abi\kuliah\semester 4\Pemrograman Web Lanjut\code\PWL_POS> php artisan adminite:install Basic assets installed successfully. Configuration file installed successfully. Translation files installed successfully. The installation is complete.
```

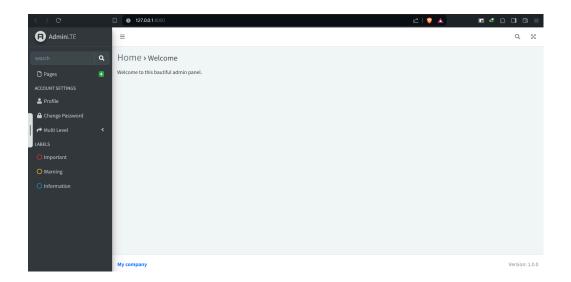
Perintah di atas akan meng-install:

- AdminLTE distribution files dan dependensi nya (Bootstrap, jQuery, etc.) dalam folder public/vendor .
- · Konfigurasi package di file config/adminite.php
- Paket translasi di folder lang/vendor/adminite/
- Dalam composer.json akan otomatis ditambahkan require untuk laravel-adminite
- 3. Buat file resources/views/layout/app.blade.php. Isi dengan kode berikut

```
extends('adminlte::page')
@section('title')
   {{ config('adminlte.title') }}
       | @yield('subtitle')
@section('content_header')
    @hasSection('content_header_title')
       <h1 class="text-muted">
           @yield('content_header_title')
           @hasSection('content_header_subtitle')
               <small class="text-dark">
                   <i class="fas fa-xs fa-angle-right text-muted"></i></i>
                  @yield('content_header_subtitle')
@section('content')
   @yield('content_body')
@section('footer')
    <div class="float-right">
         Version: {{ config('app.version', '1.0.0') }}
    </div>
    <strong>
         <a href="{{ config('app.company_url', '#') }}">
              {{ config('app.company_name', 'My company') }}
    </strong>
@stop
{{-- Add common Javascript/Jquery code --}}
@push('js')
    <script>
         $(document).ready(function() {
         });
@endpush
```

4. Edit resources/views/welcome.blade.php, kemudian replace seluruh kodenya dengan kode berikut

5. Kembali ke browser, menuju ke halaman awal.



# Praktikum 2 - Integrasi dengan DataTables

1. Install Laravel DataTables

composer require laravel/ui --dev composer require yajra/laravel-datatables:^10.0

```
PS D:\Abi\kuliah\semester 4\Pemrograman Web Lanjut\code\PWL_POS> composer require laravel/ui --dev ./composer.json has been updated Running composer update laravel/ui Loading composer update laravel/ui Loading composer repositories with package information Updating dependencies

Lock file operations: 1 install, 0 updates, 0 removals - Locking laravel/ui (v4.5.0) Whiting lock file

Installing dependencies from lock file (including require-dev)

Package operations: 1 install, 0 updates, 0 removals - Downloading laravel/ui (v4.5.0)

PS D:\Abi\kuliah\semester 4\Pemrograman Web Lanjut\code\PWL_POS> composer require yajra/laravel-datatables' appears too strict and will likely not match what you want. ./composer.json has been updated Running composer update yajra/laravel-datatables Loading composer repositories with package information Updating dependencies

Locking dependencies

Locking league/fractal (0.20.1) Locking yajra/laravel-datatables fv10.0.0) Locking yajra/laravel-datatables fv10.0.0] Locking yajra/laravel-datatables-buttons (v10.0.9) Locking yajra/laravel-datatables-fractal (v10.0.0) Locking yajra/laravel-datatables-fractal (v10.11.4) Whiting lock file

Installing dependencies from lock file (including require-dev)
```

- 2. Pastikan nodejs sudah terinstall, dengan perintah npm -v. Jika belum install nodejs package manager dari https://nodejs.org/dist/v20.11.1/nodev20.11.1-x64.msi Npm digunakan untuk manajemen package javascript.
- Install Laravel DataTables Vite dan sass npm i laravel-datatables-vite --save-dev npm install -D sass

4. Edit file resources/js/app.js

```
resources > js > Js app.js

1  import './bootstrap';
2  import '../sass/app.scss';
3  import 'laravel-datatables-vite';
4
```

Buatlah file resources/saas/app.scss

6. Jalankan dengan npm run dev

```
PS D:\Abi\kuliah\semester 4\Pemrograman Web Lanjut\code\PWL_POS> npm run dev

> dev

> vite

VITE v5.1.6 ready in 420 ms

→ Local: http://localhost:5173/

→ Network: use --host to expose

→ press h + enter to show help

LARAVEL v10.47.0 plugin v1.0.2

→ APP_URL: http://localhost
```

7. Selanjutnya kita akan buat datatables untuk kategori php artisan datatables:make Kategori

```
PS D:\Abi\kuliah\semester 4\Pemrograman Web Lanjut\code\PWL_POS> php artisan datatables:make Kategori

INFO DataTable [D:\Abi\kuliah\semester 4\Pemrograman Web Lanjut\code\PWL_POS\app\DataTables\KategoriDataTable.php] created successfully.
```

8. Kita edit KategoriDatable untuk mengatur kolom apasaja yang ingin ditampilkan Sesuaikan dengan kodeprogram berikut

```
use App\Models\Kategori;
use App\Models\KategoriModel;
use Illuminate\Database\Eloquent\Builder as QueryBuilder;
use Yajra\DataTables\EloquentDataTable;
use Yajra\DataTables\Html\Builder as HtmlBuilder;
use Yajra\DataTables\Html\Button;
use Yajra\DataTables\Html\Column;
use Yajra\DataTables\Html\Editor\Editor;
use Yajra\DataTables\Html\Editor\Fields;
use Yajra\DataTables\Services\DataTable;
      * @param QueryBuilder $query Results from query() method.
    public function dataTable(QueryBuilder $query): EloquentDataTable
         return (new EloquentDataTable($query))
             ->addColumn('action', 'kategori.action')
->setRowId('id');
    public function query(KategoriModel $model): QueryBuilder
         return $model->newQuery();
     public function html(): HtmlBuilder
          return $this->builder()
              ->setTableId('kategori-table')
               ->columns($this->getColumns())
              ->minifiedAjax()
              ->orderBy(1)
              ->selectStyleSingle()
              ->buttons([
                   Button::make('excel'),
                   Button::make('csv'),
                   Button::make('pdf'),
Button::make('print'),
                   Button::make('reset'),
                   Button::make('reload')
     public function getColumns(): array
              Column::computed('action')
                   ->exportable(false)
                   ->printable(false)
                    ->width(60)
                   ->addClass('text-center'),
              Column::make('id'),
Column::make('add your columns'),
Column::make('created_at'),
              Column::make('updated_at'),
```

KategoriDataTable.php

9. Ubah kategori model, sesuaikan seperti berikut

10. Ubah Kategori Controller sesuaikan dengan skrip berikut:

```
app > Http > Controllers > ** KategoriController.php > * KategoriController > * Controllers > ** KategoriController.php > * KategoriController > * Controller > * Cont
```

11. Buat folder kategori di dalam resources/view, kemudian buat view blade index untuk kategori resources/views/kategori/index.blade.php

12. Pastikan route untung kategori sudah tersedia

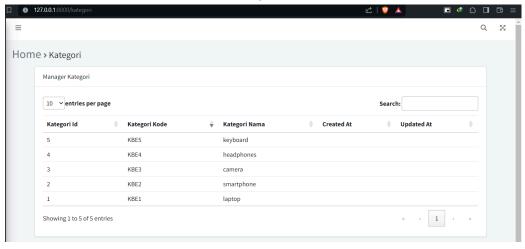
```
Route::get('/kategori', [KategoriController::class, 'index']);
```

13. Sesuaikan app layout seperti kode berikut

```
@extends('adminite::page')
  @section('title')
      {{ config('adminlte.title') }}
     @vite('resource/js/app.js')
     @hasSection('content_header_title')
         <h1 class="text-muted">
             @yield('content_header_title')
             @hasSection('content_header_subtitle')
                <small class="text-dark">
                    <i class="fas fa-xs fa-angle-right text-muted"></i></i>
  @section('content')
     @yield('content_body')
     <div class="float-right">
         Version: {{ config('app.version', '1.0.0') }}
         @stack('scripts')
  <style type="text/css">
   {{-- You can add AdminLTE customizations here --}}
```

14. Menset ViteJs / script type defaults

- 15. Isikan beberapa data ke table kategori
- 16. Datatables sudah dapat di load di /kategori



# Praktikum 3 - Membuat form lalu menyimpan data dalam database

1. Menyesuaikan routing, tambahkan dua routing berikut

```
Route::get('/kategori/create', [KategoriController::class], 'create');
Route::get('/kategori', [KategoriController::class, 'store']);
```

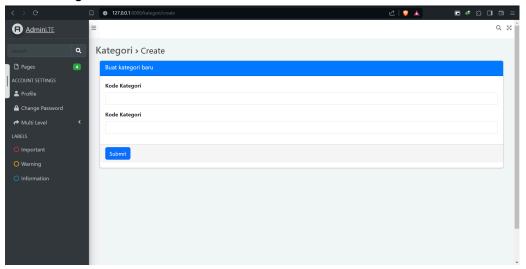
2. Tambahkan dua function berikut dalam KategoriController

```
app > Http > Controllers > 🐄 KategoriController.php > ધ KategoriController > 😭 store
      namespace App\Http\Controllers;
      use App\DataTables\KategoriDataTable;
      use App\Models\KategoriModel;
      use Illuminate\Http\Request;
      use Illuminate\Support\Facades\DB;
      class KategoriController extends Controller
          public function index(KategoriDataTable $dataTable)
              return $dataTable->render('kategori.index');
          public function create()
               return view('kategori.create');
          public function store(Request $request)
              KategoriModel::create([
                   'kategori_kode' => $request->kodeKategori,
                   'kategori_nama' => $request->namaKategori,
 28
              return redirect('/kategori');
```

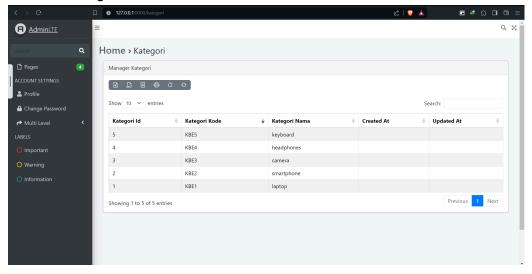
3. Dalam folder views/kategori, buatlah file dengan nama create.blade.php

4. Kita lakukan pengecualian proteksi CsrfToken. Karena kita belum melakukan otentikasi . Kita edit dalam file berikut:

5. Akses kategori/create

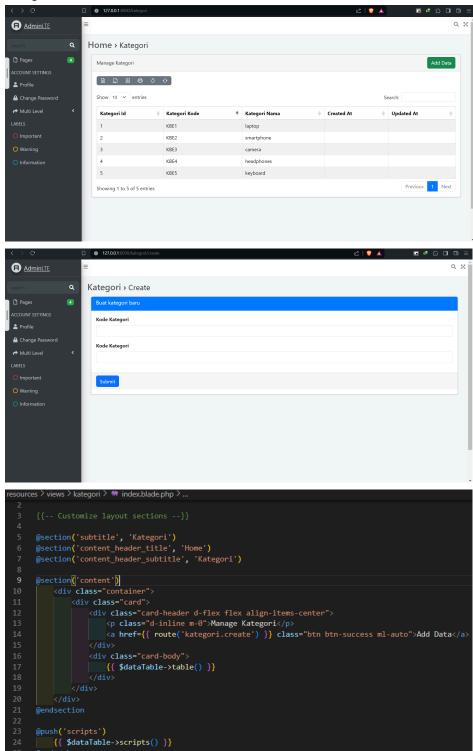


## 6. Halaman kategori

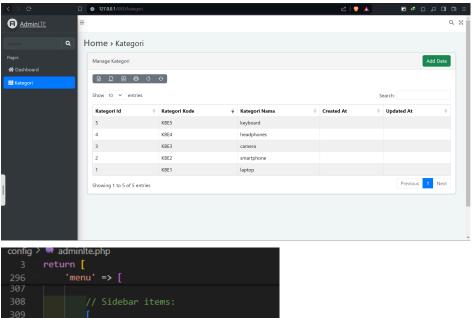


#### **Tugas Praktikum**

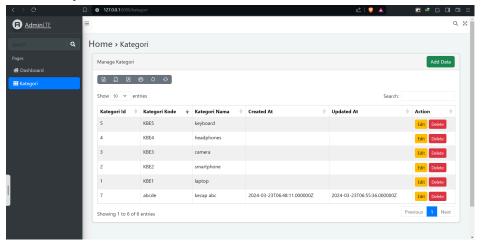
1. Tambahkan button Add di halam manage kategori, yang mengarah ke create kategori baru



2. Tambahkan menu untuk halaman manage kategori, di daftar menu navbar



3. Tambahkan action edit di datatables dan buat halaman edit serta controllernya



```
app > DataTables > ** KategoriDataTable.php > ** KategoriDataTable > ** Odosure

class KategoriDataTable extends DataTable

public function dataTable(QueryBuilder $query); EloquentDataTable

return (new EloquentDataTable(QueryBuilder $query));

->addColumn('action', function ($data) {

return (new EloquentDataTable(QueryBuilder $query))

->addColumn('action', function ($data) {

seditUrl = route('kategori.edit', $data->kategori_id);

sedeteUrl = route('kategori.edite', $data->kategori_id);

return "<a href" ($editUrl)' class="btn btn-sm btn-wanning'>Edit</a>

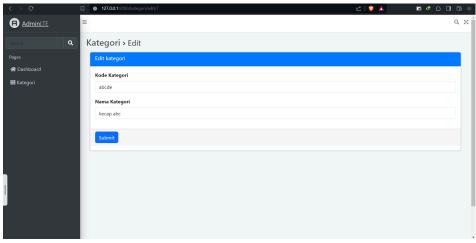
->add ('form > 'form action=' ($deleteUrl)' method='POST' styl="display:inline">"

->authod_field('DELFE') . csrf_field() . "

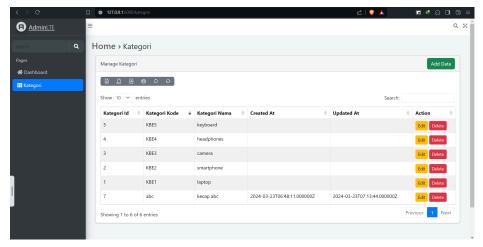
->authod_field('DELFE') . csrf_field() . "

->setRowId('id');

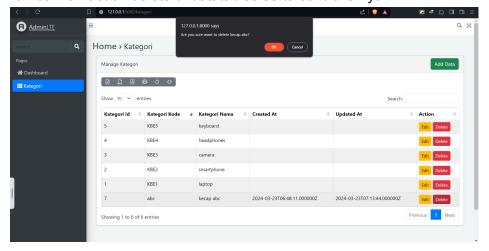
->setRowId('id');
```

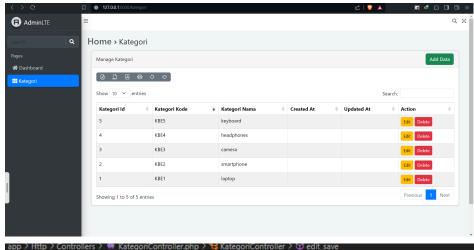


Route::get('/kategori/edit/{id}', [KategoriController::class, 'edit'])->name('kategori.edit');
Route::put('/kategori/edit\_save/{id}', [KategoriController::class, 'edit\_save'])->name('kategori.save')



4. Tambahkan action delete di datatables serta controllernya





Route::delete('/kategori/delete/{id}', [KategoriController::class, 'delete'])->name('kategori.delete');