

## Virtual Disk Design Document

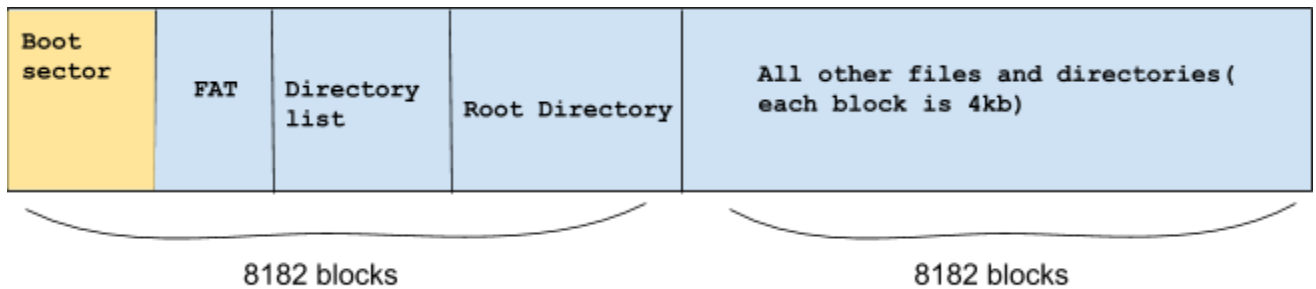
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### DESIGN OVERVIEW

This is my design for a virtual disk. This disk will reside on top of the existing linux file system within a single file.

I will use a FAT as the basis for my virtual file system.

1. The maximum file size will be 32 mb which will be all of the blocks. Each block is 4KB or 4096 bytes. There will be 16,384 blocks but only half of them need to be used for storing data files. This Means that we should have **64 MB total** for our virtual disk, half of that being allocated for storing files.



2. The FAT will act as one large central table to store information about the location of each new file we would like to add. It should be Essentially a list of linked lists. Where each linked list within is referencing the location of the blocks needed to store a particular file.
3. If we create a new file, first we will need to check if the size of that file is small enough to fit into one block. If so then we can assign just one block add add that block to a list on the FAT. Otherwise if the file requires more than one block we will need to break the file up into multiple blocks. The FAT will record these files as a linked list with the starting positions of each required block as an entry in that files linked list. In this way we can store a file in a non contiguous way taking advantage of gaps in the memory.

4. Every time a new file is created we will subtract one from the available disk count. We will also check for the current offset ( that is the starting position in the disk memory to start writing to) we will then begin writing to the disk one block at a time assigning each block the starting position of the current offset making sure to check if the next block is used or not. If it is used then we assign the block and mark as used and update the current offset, otherwise we skip to the next block.

## STRUCTS FOR PARTITIONS OF VIRTUAL DISK

The FAT Struct will look as follows it will be our main struct, which will keep track of files open and the blocks being used.

### Struct FAT{

```
    Int TotalBlocks = 16384

    Int UnusedBlocks; // start at total blocks and subtract from as we go

    Vector <File > FAT // a linked list containing linked lists of blocks.
```

} // struct FAT

The file struct will be a linked list of blocks

### Struct File{

```
    Vector <struct Block> blockList ; // this will contain the block holding the data

    Int FileSize = blocklist.length * blockSize;

    Int filePointer; // pointer to current data byte

    Int startingAddr; // address of first block used by this file

    bool operator<(const startingAddr& rhs) const
    { // i think we can use this to compare file locations prioritizing lower address
        return startingAddr > rhs.startingAddr;
    }
```

} // end Struct File

The Block struct will be an element in the

**Struct Block {**

```
Char DATA [4096] // these file will only hold text for now. 4096 bytes = 4KB
```

```
Int addrNextBlock; // point to next block used -1 if not used
```

```
} // end Struct Block
```

```
// used to initialize super block
```

**Struct BootSector{**

```
Int totalBlocks // 16383
```

```
Int bytesPerBlock // 4096
```

```
String DiskName
```

```
StartingBlocks // blocks saved for initialization
```

```
} // end struct BootSector
```

```
// struct to keep track of directory hierarchies
```

**Struct DirectoryList(){**

```
Int directCount; // keep track of directories
```

```
Struct File* directList // actual list referencing files that are directories
```

```
}// end directoryList
```

**PSEUDO CODE AND FUNCTIONS**

// the main function will contain a central while loop that has a simple shell, i will probably reuse some code from lab 2.

#declare constants and macros IE size of disk ect

```
Main() {
```

```
    intitlize ();
```

```
    While ( running == true) {
```

*Char \* buff // hold user input*

*Getline ();*

*Big switch case*

*Switch ()*

*Case open()*

*....*

*Rest of the functions listed below will each be there own case*

*Default*

*Case unrecognized command try again*

*}*

*} // end while*

***} // end main***

***int make\_fs(char \*disk\_name); {***

*MakeDisk(disk\_name)*

*//create new FAT instance*

*Struct FAT = new FAT();*

*FAT.totalBlocks = TOTALBLOCKS*

*Struct FILE rootDir; // create root directory on lowest memory blocks*

***} // end make\_fs***

***int mount\_fs(char \*disk\_name); {***

*// check if disk exists*

*If it exists*

*Open disk (disk\_name)*

*Else*

*Error message*

*// we need to make the selected virtual disk available to edit and read and write from*

```

} // end mount

int umount_fs(char *disk_name); {
    Closedisk (disk_name)
} // end unmount

int fs_open(char *name);{
    For (each item in FAT)
    {
        If FAT(i).name = name{
            // open file
            Return 1;
        }
    }
    Return -1 // only here if no file found
}

int fs_close(int fildes);
    exist or is not open, the function returns -1.

int fs_create(char *name){
    File tmpFile = File;
    File.name = name;
    //first check if we have space
    If (FAT unusedBlocks > 0) {
        FAT.insert(name)

    } // else we have no space
    printf("not enough space on disk \n")
    };

int fs_delete(char *name);{
    //check if file exists

```

*For (each item in FAT)*

```

{
  If FAT(i).name = name{
    FAT(i).
    Return 1;
  }
}
Return -1 // only here if no file found

```

```

}
```

```

int fs_mkdir(char *name);{
```

```

} // end fs_mkdir
```

```

int fs_read(int fildes, void *buf, size_t nbyte);{
```

```

// wrapper function for one provided by professor
```

```

}
```

```

int fs_write(int fildes, void *buf, size_t nbyte);{
```

```

// wrapper function for one provided by professor
```

```

}
```

```

int fs_get_filesize(int fildes); {
```

```

  For (each element int FAT) {
```

```

    // check if file exists
```

```

    If (FAT(i) = fildes ){
```

```

        Return FAT(i).fileSize;
```

```

    } // end if
```

```

  } // end for
```

```

} // end fs_get_filesize
```

```

int fs_lseek(int fildes, off_t offset);{
```

```

} //end fs_lseek
```

```

int fs_truncate(int fildes, off_t length){
    //check if file exists
    // if file exists then check how big it its
    // if it is bigger than the length we must free the extra blocks
    // if file does not exist then return error message and -1
} //end fs_truncate

```

---

## UNIT TESTS

We should be concerned generally with creating and editing files. Additionally another important feature is persistence, that is this virtual disk should be able to be run, save files, then exit. And when i return they should still be there.

Below are some ideas for testing various aspects of the program as I progress in development.

1. Run shell and accept command to create filesystem
2. Accept command Mount file system
3. Create file
4. Accept command to Open file
5. Edit file
6. Delete file
7. Exit
8. Repeat steps 2 and 4 and attempt to access data persistently