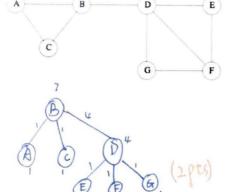
(3pts) For node B, use the Girvan-Newman algorithm to calculate the betweeness of each edge (do this for node B ONLY). You need to show the steps of your steps (1pt) calculation.



- 1. Run BFS on B as root.
- 2. Assign 1 to every leaf node; AGEFG
- 3. Compute the credit of D. I + credit of DAG edges entering from below.
- 4. Same computation for the credit of B: 1+1+4+1 2) (3pt) To compute "modularity" taught in class, we need to construct a rewired network first. In the rewired graph, the expected number of edges between nodes iand **j** of degrees k_i and k_j equals to: $k_i \cdot \frac{k_j}{2m} = \frac{k_i k_j}{2m}$ What is the total expected number of edges in the rewired graph? You need to show your calculation using $\frac{k_i k_j}{2m}$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i \in N} \sum_{j \in N} \frac{k_i k_j}{2m}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2m} \sum_{i \in N} k_i (\sum_{j \in N} k_j) (2pts)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4m} \cdot 2m \cdot 2m$$

$$= \sum_{(i,j) \in E} (x_i^{-1} - x_j^{-1})^2$$
from $x^T L x$

$$\chi^{T} L \chi = \sum_{i,j=1}^{n} L_{ij} \chi_{i} \chi_{j} = \sum_{i,j=1}^{n} (D_{ij} - A_{ij}) \chi_{i} \chi_{j}$$

$$= \sum_{i} d_{i} \chi_{i}^{2} - \sum_{(i,j) \in E} 2 \chi_{i} \chi_{j}$$

$$= \sum_{(i,j) \in E} (\chi_{i}^{2} + \chi_{j}^{2} - 2 \chi_{i} \chi_{j})$$

$$= \sum_{(i,j) \in E} (\chi_{i}^{2} - \chi_{j}^{2})^{2}$$