Q74 (1.) Conceptual 2. Ahead of time (learnability, ...) 3. Détails / specific points (4) Practical aspects

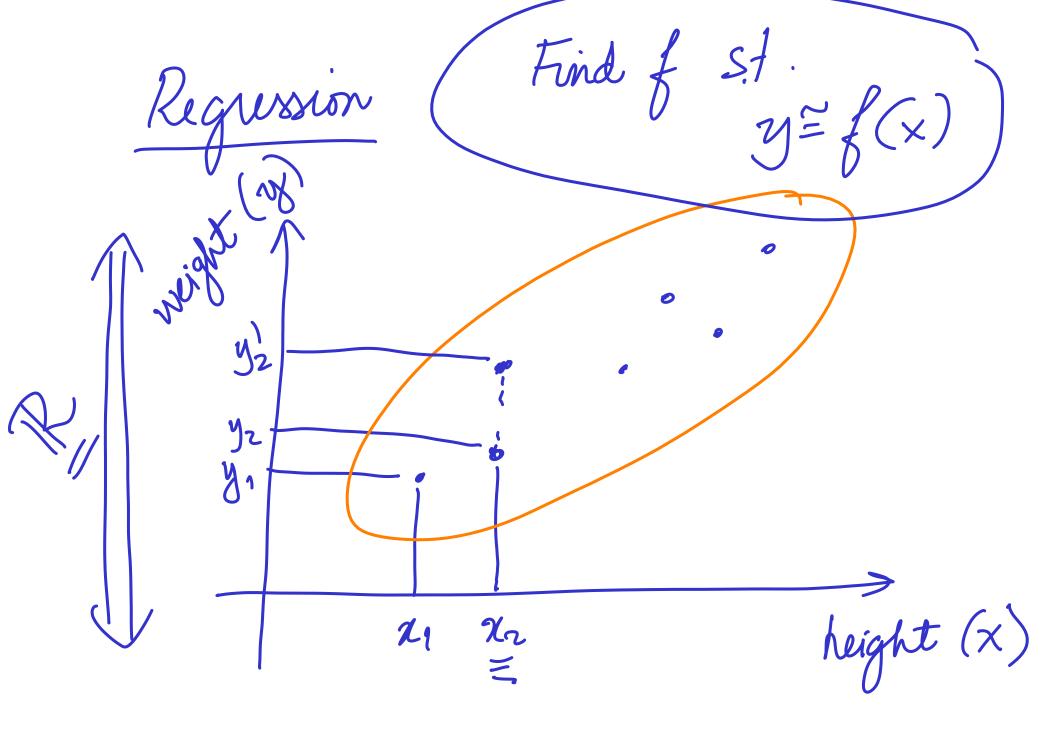
Conceptual issues

1) Perceptron, linear regression, Logistic regression

Regression Problem

X

Classification Problem.



Classification

y is class label

Cost Function

$$J(w) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^{N} \left(y^{(n)} - \hat{y}^{(n)}\right)^{2} \left(Reg\right)$$

$$J(W) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^{N} y^{(n)} \ln(\hat{y}^{(n)}) + \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^{N} y^{(n)} \ln(1-\hat{y}^{(n)})$$

2) Function optimization weight.

Gradient descent -> a tool

* for optimizing functions.

Learning Model distribution P(X, y).

(un Known). Taropt (?) cost function Observations (examples) algorithm (hypothosis)

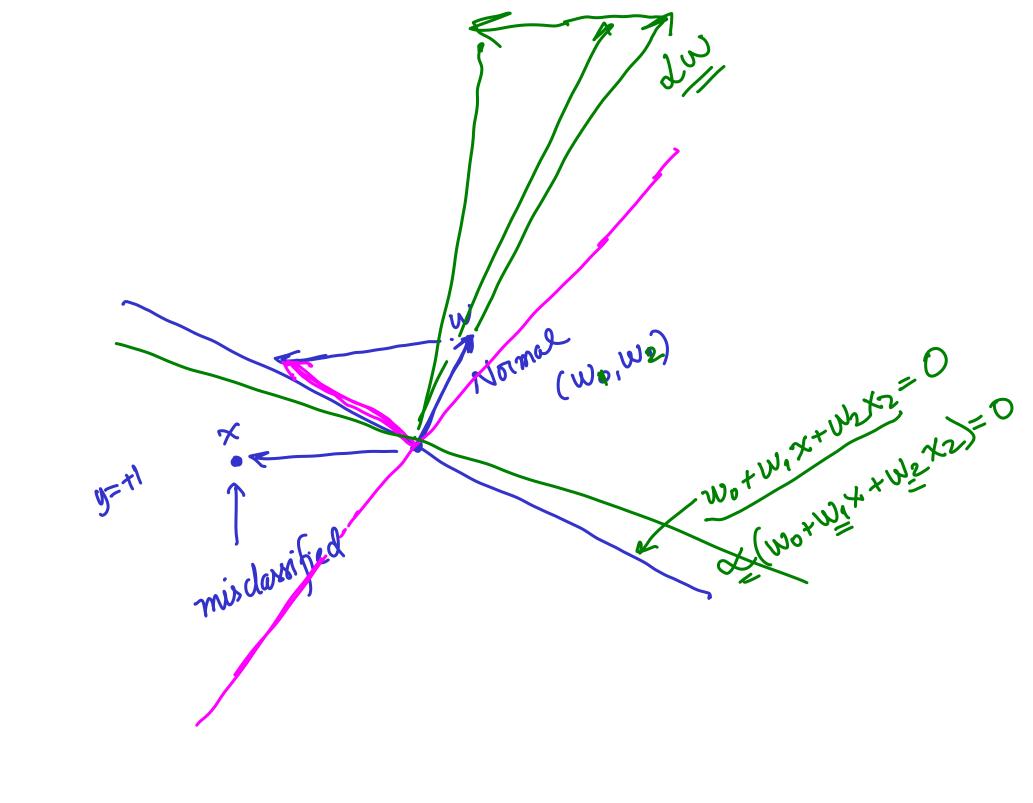
7 regussion 1. Perception 2. Linear regression > classifica-3. Logistic regression (binary)

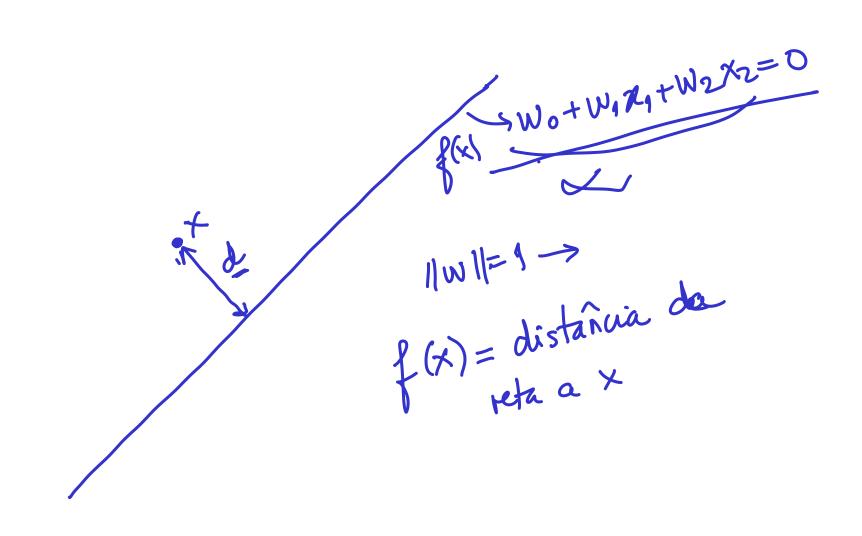
Perception

W < W + y X

Misdassified

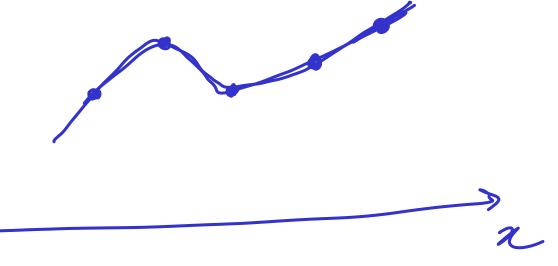
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 $W \leftarrow W + \eta y \times \uparrow$ learning rate. accelerate convergence? Linear regression

interpolation × regression



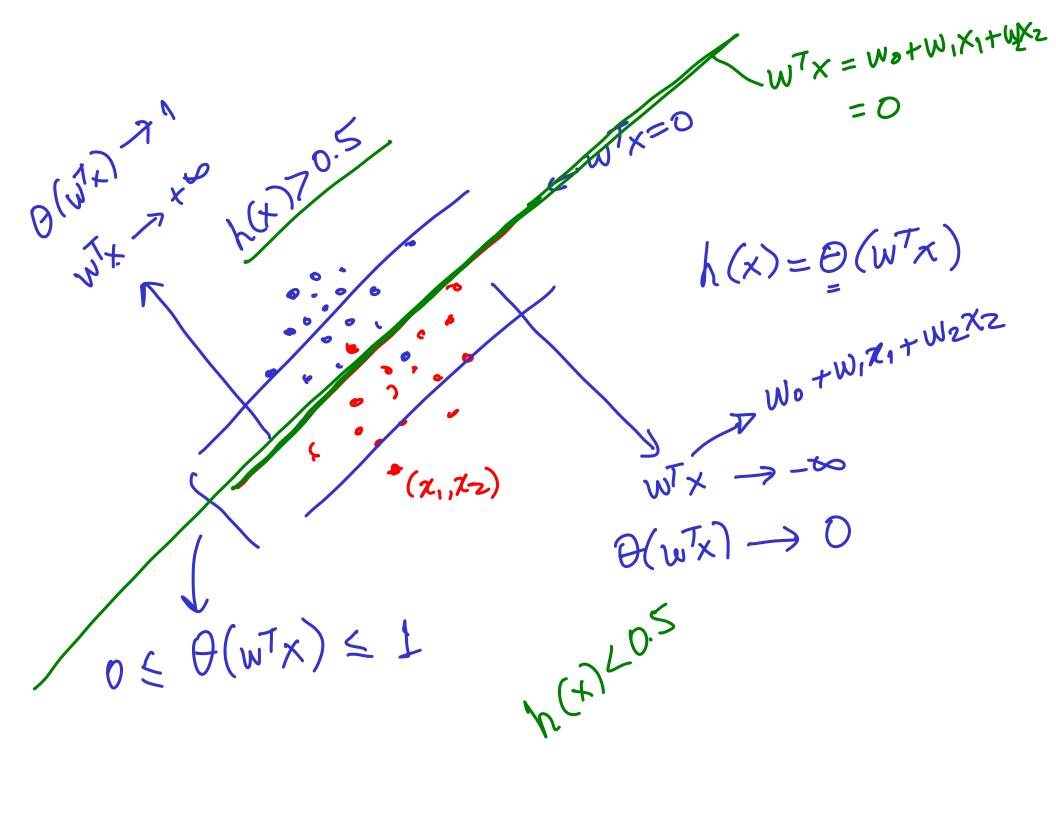
$$h(x) = W^{T} \times$$

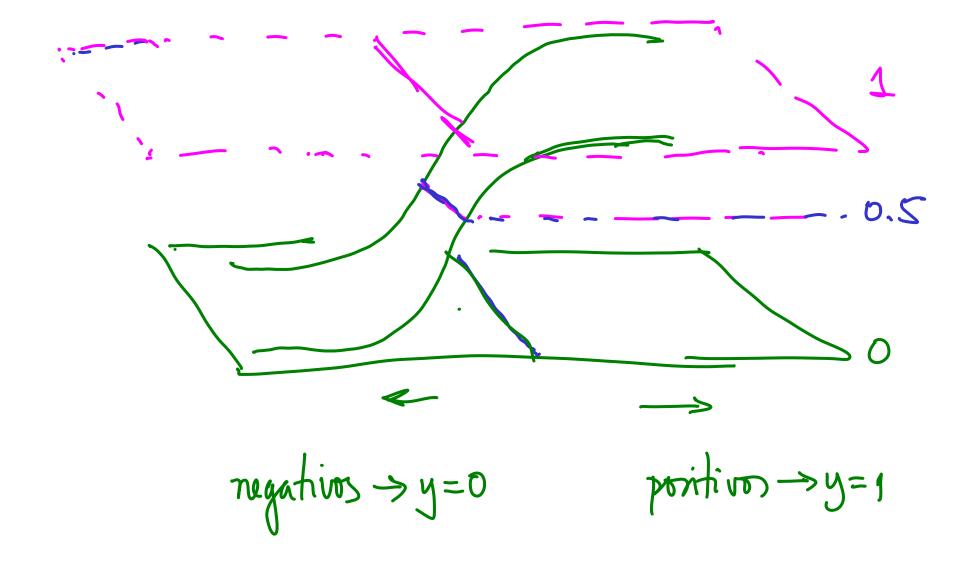
$$= W_{0} + W_{1} \times$$

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} h(x) = W_0 + W_1 \times + W_2 \times^2$$

$$\int J(w) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n} \left(y^{(n)} - h(x^{(n)}) \right)^{2}$$

Logistic Regression Target (x, y)P (y=+1/x yf ln(y)+ (1-y) ln(1-y)





$$\theta(z) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}} = 0.5$$

$$0 < \theta(z) \le 1$$

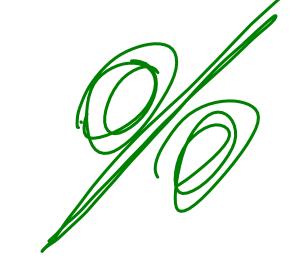
$$1 + e^{-z}$$

$$0.5$$

$$y = \begin{cases} 1, & k = 0 \\ 0, & c.c \end{cases}$$

$$0 < 0.5$$

$$\frac{1}{\Theta(\overline{w^T}x)}$$



$$\frac{h(x) = \theta(w^T x) \sim P(y=+1/x)}{\uparrow}$$