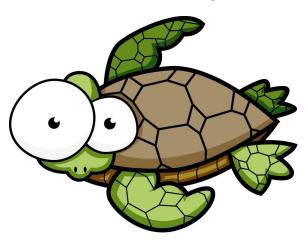
A Guide to the TurboTurtle Package for R

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1 The TurboTurtle Package Introduction

The TurboTurtle package offers to R-users functionality of the famous "turtle graphics" from Logo educational programming language. The main idea standing behind it is to keep kids away from drugs and encourage children to learn programming and show that working with computer can be fun and creative.

The TurboTurtle package allows to create sophisticated graphics on basis of lines. The main idea is that the Turtle, desribed by its location and orientation, moves with commands that are relative to its own position. The line he left behind can also be controlled, by enabling it or setting its color and type.

The TurboTurtle package offers functions to move forward or backward a given distance and to turn the Turtle in a choosen direction. The graphical parameter of the plot, like for example color, type or visibility of the line, can also be easily changed.

2 The TurboTurtle moving

2.1 Let the party started!

```
require("TurboTurtle")

## Loading required package: TurboTurtle

## Loading required package: grid

## Loading required package: png
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'TurboTurtle'
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:methods':
##
## show
```

The program is started with turtle_init() function, which create a plot region and places the Turtle in its central point.

```
turtle_init()
```

Now, we can move the Turtle forward, for example for a distance of 3 units, with the use of the move_forward() function.

```
move_forward(dist = 3)
```

If you would like to change directions – you may use left() or right() functions, which change the Turtle direction of a given angle. For example, we may turn 45 degrees in the right direction. The results are presented in Figure 1

```
right(angle = 45)
move_forward(dist = 5)
```

2.2 Visibility settings

To unable the path from being drawn we can simply use up() function. Let us consider simple example. We will turn the Turtle in right direction about 90 degrees and then up() function. Now when we move forward the path is not visible. If we want to draw the path we should call down() function.

```
right(90)
up()
move_forward(dist = 3)
right(45)
down()
move_forward(dist = 4)
```

Similarly, we may show or hide thr Turtle image, using show() and hide() functions respectively.

```
hide()
right(60)
move_forward(4)
show()
```

The results are depicted in Figure 2.

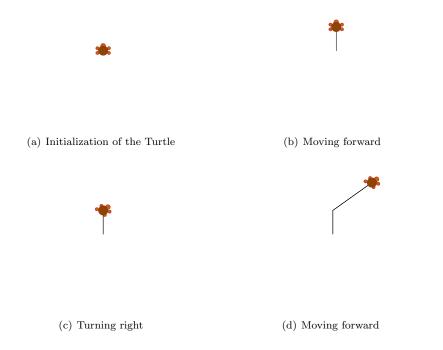


Figure 1: TurboTurtle

2.3 Graphical parameters

To set graphical parameters please use the set_param() function, which allows to change the color of tha path, its types and thickness e.g.

```
set_param(col = "red", lwd = 2, lty = 3)
move_forward(5)
```

Results are presented in Figure 3



(a) Unable to draw path

(b) Enable to draw path





- (c) Hide the Turtle image
- (d) Display the Turtle image

Figure 2: TurboTurtle

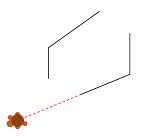


Figure 3: Changing graphical parameters