

TD 2: ARU.

Exo 1:

$$\begin{cases} \text{max} & 5x_2 + 4x_1 \\ & x_2 \leq 3 \\ & x_1 \leq 4 \\ & x_2 + 2x_1 \leq 9 \\ & x_1, x_2 \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

~~scribbles~~

(D₁)

$$\begin{array}{l|l} x_3 = 3 - x_2 & 3 - x_2 \geq 0 \Rightarrow x_2 \leq 3 \\ x_4 = 4 - x_1 & 4 + 0x_2 \geq 0 \Rightarrow 0 \leq 4 \\ x_5 = 9 - 2x_1 - x_2 & 9 - x_2 \geq 0 \Rightarrow x_2 \leq 9 \end{array}$$

$$Z = 4x_1 + 5x_2$$

② - méthode du plus large coeff.

Variable entrant: x_2 .

Variable sortant: x_3 .

(D₂)

$$\begin{array}{l} x_2 = 3 - x_3 \\ x_4 = 4 - x_1 \\ x_5 = 9 - 2x_1 - (3 - x_3) = 6 - 2x_1 + x_3 \\ Z = 4x_1 + 5(3 - x_3) = 15 + 4x_1 - 5x_3 \end{array}$$

(D₂)

$$x_2 = 3 - x_3$$

$$x_4 = 4 - x_1$$

$$x_5 = 6 - 2x_1 + x_3$$

$$Z = 15 + 4x_2 - 5x_3$$

Solution

$$x_1 = 0 = x_3$$

$$x_2 = 3$$

$$x_4 = 4$$

$$x_5 = 6$$

$$Z = 15$$

- La Variable entrant: x_1
- La Variable sortant: x_5 .

$$x_1 = 3 + \frac{x_3}{2} - \frac{x_5}{2}$$

$$x_2 = 3 - x_3$$

$$x_4 = 4 - \left(3 + \frac{1}{2}x_3 - \frac{x_5}{2}\right) = 1 - \frac{x_3}{2} + \frac{x_5}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} z &= 15 + 4\left(3 + \frac{x_3}{2} - \frac{x_5}{2}\right) - 5x_3 = \\ &= 27 - 3x_3 - 2x_5 \end{aligned}$$

(D3)

$$x_1 = 3 + \frac{1}{2}x_3 - \frac{1}{2}x_5$$

$$x_2 = 3 - x_3$$

$$x_4 = 1 - \frac{1}{2}x_3 + \frac{1}{2}x_5$$

$$z = 27 - 3x_3 - 2x_5$$

Solution de Base: $x_3 = 0 = x_5$
 $x_1 = 3 \quad x_2 = 3 \quad x_4 = 1$

optimale: $z = 27$.

② / méthode de la plus grande Croissance

$x_2 \rightarrow$ Croissance de 15.

$x_1 \rightarrow ?$

maintenant pour x_1 .

(D1) $x_3 = 3 - x_2$

$$x_4 = 4 - x_1$$

$$x_5 = 3 - 2x_1 - x_2$$

$$z = 4x_1 + 5x_2$$

$$3 = 0 \cdot x_1 \geq 0$$

$$4 = x_1 \geq 0$$

$$3 - 2x_1 \geq 0$$

$$x_1 \leq 4$$

$$x_1 \leq 4,5$$

x_4 variable sortante.

(D₂)

$$x_1 = 4 - x_4.$$

$$x_3 = 3 - x_2.$$

$$x_5 = 1 - x_2 + 2x_4.$$

$$z = 16 + 5x_2 - 4x_4.$$

$$z = 16.$$

Variable entrante: x_2 .

Variable sortant: x_5 .

$$x_2 = 1 + 2x_5 - x_5.$$

(D₃)

$$x_2 = 1 + 2x_4 - x_5.$$

$$x_1 = 4 - x_4.$$

$$x_3 = 2 - 2x_4 + x_5.$$

$$z = 21 + 6x_4 - 5x_5.$$

Var entrante: x_4 .

Var sortant: x_3 .

$$x_4 = 1 - \frac{1}{2}x_3 + \frac{1}{2}x_5.$$

(D₄)

$$x_1 = 3 + \frac{1}{2}x_3 - \frac{1}{2}x_5.$$

$$x_2 = 3 - x_3.$$

$$x_4 = 1 - \frac{1}{2}x_3 + \frac{1}{2}x_5.$$

$$z = 27 - 3x_3 - 2x_5.$$

$$x_1 = 3, \quad x_2 = 3.$$

$$x_4 \geq 1, \quad x_3 = 0 = x_5.$$

$$z = 27 \quad \text{Optimal.}$$

3 - Règle de Blond revient à faire la méthode 2 (car à partir (D₁) on a une seule variable entrante).

(PLA)

Exo 2 ex 1:

$$\max x_2 + 3x_3$$

$$\begin{cases} x_2 + 2x_3 \leq 4 \\ -x_2 - x_3 \leq -3 \\ -x_2 + x_3 \leq -1 \\ x_1, x_2 \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\max w = -x_0.$$

$$x_2 + 2x_3 - x_0 \leq 4 \quad (x_1).$$

$$-x_2 - x_3 - x_0 \leq -3 \quad (x_4)$$

$$-x_2 + x_3 - x_0 \leq -1 \quad (x_5)$$

$$x_0, x_1, x_2 \geq 0.$$

(DA₁) :

$$x_3 = 4 - x_2 - 2x_1 + x_0.$$

$$x_4 = -3 + x_2 + x_1 + x_0.$$

$$x_5 = -1 + x_2 - x_1 + x_0.$$

$$w = -x_0.$$

Var entrant : x_0 .

Var sortant : x_4 (le plus négative)

$$x_0 = 3 - x_2 - x_1 + x_4.$$

(DA₂)

$$x_0 = 3 - x_2 - x_1 + x_4.$$

$$x_3 = 7 - 2x_2 - 3x_1 + x_4.$$

$$x_5 = 2 - 2x_1 + x_4.$$

$$w = -3 + x_2 + x_1 - x_4$$

$$3 - x_1 \geq 0.$$

$$7 - 3x_1 \geq 0$$

$$2 - 2x_1 \geq 0.$$

Var entrant : x_1 .

Var sortant : x_5 .

$$x_1 = 1 + \frac{1}{2}x_4 - \frac{1}{2}x_5$$

(DA₃)

$$x_0 = 2 - x_2 + \frac{1}{2}x_4 + \frac{1}{2}x_5. \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2 - x_2 \geq 0. \\ 1 + 0x_2 \geq 0. \\ 4 - 2x_2 \geq 0. \end{array} \right.$$

$$x_1 = 1 + \frac{1}{2}x_4 - \frac{1}{2}x_5.$$

$$x_3 = 4 - 2x_2 - \frac{1}{2}x_4 + \frac{3}{2}x_5.$$

$$w = 2 + x_2 - \frac{1}{2}x_4 - \frac{1}{2}x_5$$

Var entrant : x_2 .

Var sortant : x_0 .

(DA4)

$$x_1 = 1 + \frac{1}{2} x_4 - \frac{2}{2} x_5.$$

$$x_2 = 2 - x_0 + \frac{1}{2} x_4 + \frac{1}{2} x_5.$$

$$x_3 = 2x_0 - \frac{3}{2} x_4 + \frac{1}{2} x_5.$$

$$w = -x_0$$

$$OPT = 0$$

list (liste: type d'abst)

si list est vide alors

~~return~~
courant type element = list

T.D 2: ARO / Suite.

(DA4)

$$\begin{array}{lcl} x_1 = 1 & & + \frac{1}{2} x_4 - \frac{1}{2} x_5 \\ x_2 = 2 & - x_0 & + \frac{1}{2} x_4 + \frac{1}{2} x_5 \\ x_3 = & 2 \cdot x_0 & - \frac{3}{2} x_4 + \frac{1}{2} x_5 \\ w = & -x_0 & \end{array}$$

$$B = \{x_1, x_2, x_3\}, N = \{x_0, x_4, x_5\}$$

$$w_0 = 0 \cdot x_0 = x_1 = x_0 \quad x_1 = 1, x_2 = 2, x_3 = 0.$$

(Pr) ① premier dictionnaire.

$$\begin{array}{lcl} x_1 = 1 & + \frac{1}{2} x_4 - \frac{1}{2} x_5 & \\ x_2 = 2 & + \frac{1}{2} x_4 + \frac{1}{2} x_5 & \\ x_3 = & - \frac{1}{2} x_4 + \frac{1}{2} x_5 & \\ z = 5 & + 2 x_4 - x_5 & \end{array} \left| \begin{array}{l} 1 + \frac{1}{2} x_4, x_4 \geq 0 \\ 2 + \frac{1}{2} x_4 \geq 0, x_4 \geq 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2} x_4 \geq 0 \Rightarrow x_3 \leq 0 \Rightarrow x_3 = 0 \end{array} \right.$$

$$z = x_0 + 3x_2 + \left(2 + \frac{1}{2} x_4 + \frac{1}{2} x_5\right) + 3\left(1 + \frac{1}{2} x_4 - \frac{1}{2} x_5\right) =$$

$$= 5 + 2x_4 - x_5$$

② Deuxième dictionnaire:

$$\begin{array}{lcl} x_4 = \frac{1}{3} x_5 - \frac{2}{3} x_3 & & \\ x_1 = 1 - \frac{1}{3} x_5 - \frac{1}{3} x_3 & & \\ x_2 = 2 + \frac{3}{2} x_5 - \frac{1}{3} x_3 & & \end{array} \left| \begin{array}{l} x_1 = 1 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} x_5 - \frac{2}{3} x_3 \right) - \frac{1}{2} x_5 \\ = 1 + \left(\frac{1}{6} - \frac{2}{6} \right) x_5 - \frac{1}{3} x_3 \\ = 1 - \frac{1}{6} x_5 - \frac{1}{3} x_3 \end{array} \right.$$

"Stop"

$$z_0 = 5$$

$$x_1 = 1, x_2 = 2$$

$$x_3 = 0, x_4 = 0$$

$$x_5 = 0$$

La valeur optimale.

max

$$x_2 + 3x_1$$

$$x_2 + 2x_1 \leq 4. \quad 4 \leq 4$$

$$-x_2 - x_1 \leq -3. \quad -3 \leq -3$$

$$-x_2 - x_1 \leq -1. \quad -2 + 4 \leq -1.$$

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0$$