

Tugas Praktikum Algoritma dan Struktur Data



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Prak. Algoritma dan Struktur Data - I

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pasd6-4

```
1 #include <iostream>
2 #include <iomanip>
3 using namespace std;
4
5 struct Data {
6     int value;
7 };
8
9 void Q_Sort(Data[], int, int);
10
11 int main() {
12     Data dataList[9] = {65, 2, 44, 26, 19, 22, 5, 3, 12};
13
14     cout << "Baca Sebelum Diurutkan" << endl;
15     cout << "~~~~~" << endl;
16     for (int d = 0; d < 9; d++) {
17         cout << setw(3) << dataList[d].value;
18     }
19     cout << endl << endl;
20
21     Q_Sort(dataList, 0, 8);
22
23     cout << "Data Setelah Diurutkan" << endl;
24     cout << "~~~~~" << endl;
25     for (int iii = 0; iii < 9; iii++) {
26         cout << setw(3) << dataList[iii].value;
27     }
28
29     cin.get();
30     return 0;
31 }
```

```
32
33 void Q_Sort(Data data[], int left, int right) {
34     int pivot, left_hold, right_hold;
35     left_hold = left;
36     right_hold = right;
37     pivot = data[left].value;
38     while (left < right) {
39         while (data[right].value >= pivot && left < right)
40             right--;
41         if (left != right) {
42             data[left].value = data[right].value;
43             left++;
44         }
45         while (data[left].value <= pivot && left < right)
46             left++;
47         if (left != right) {
48             data[right].value = data[left].value;
49             right--;
50         }
51     }
52     data[left].value = pivot;
53     pivot = left;
54     left = left_hold;
55     right = right_hold;
56     if (left < pivot)
57         Q_Sort(data, left, pivot - 1);
58     if (right > pivot)
59         Q_Sort(data, pivot + 1, right);
60 }
61 }
```

```
Command Prompt - 1
F:\>g++ pasd6-4.cpp -o 1
F:\>1
Baca Sebelum Diurutkan
~~~~~
 65  2 44 26 19 22  5  3 12

Data Setelah Diurutkan
~~~~~
  2  3  5 12 19 22 26 44 65
```

Pseudocode

Kamus/Deklarasi Variabel fungsi Q_sort

-

Algoritma/Deskripsi fungsi Q_sort(Data[],int,int)

Kamus/Deklarasi Variabel

d, iii = int

Algoritma/Deskripsi

```
Data dataList[9] = {65, 2, 44, 26, 19, 22, 5, 3, 12}
for (d = 0; d < 9; d++)
    print ( dataList[d].value)
endfor
for (iii = 0; iii < 9; iii++)
    print (dataList[iii].value)
endfor
return 0
```

Kamus/Deklarasi Variabel fungsi Q_sort

data[] = data

left, right = int

pivot, left_hold, right_hold = int

Algoritma/Deskripsi fungsi Q_sort(data[], left,right)

```
left_hold = left
right_hold = right
pivot = data[left].value
while (left < right)
    while (data[right].value >= pivot && left < right)
        right--
    if (left != right)
        data[left].value = data[right].value
        left++
    endif
    while (data[left].value <= pivot && left < right)
        left++
    if (left != right)
        data[right].value = data[left].value
        right--
    endif
endwhile
data[left].value = pivot;
pivot = left;
left = left_hold;
right = right_hold;
if (left < pivot)
    Q_Sort(data, left, pivot - 1);
if (right > pivot)
    Q_Sort(data, pivot + 1, right)
```

Algoritma

1. Membuat fungsi utama
2. dataList[9] = {65, 2, 44, 26, 19, 22, 5, 3, 12}
3. Selama (d=0) maka kerjakan baris 4 s.d 5
4. Mencetak/Menampilkan dataList[d].value
5. d++
6. Memanggil fungsi Q_sort(dataList,0,8)
7. Selama (iii=0) maka kerjakan baris 8 s.d 9
8. Mencetak/Menampilkan dataList[iii].value
9. iii++
10. Membuat fungsi Q_Sort(data[], left, right)
11. left_hold = left
12. right_hold = right
13. pivot = data[left].value
14. Selama (left<right) maka kerjakan baris 15 s.d 24
15. Selama (data[right].value >= pivot && left<right)
16. right--
17. Jika(left<= right) maka kerjakan baris 18 s.d 19
18. data[left].value = data[right].value
19. left++
20. Selama (data[left].value <= pivot && left < right)
21. left++
22. Jika (left<=right) maka kerjakan baris
23. data[right].value = data[left].value
24. right--
25. data[left].value = pivot
26. pivot = left
27. left = left_hold
28. right = right_hold
29. Jika (left<pivot)
30. Memanggil fungsi Q_sort(data,left,pivot-1)
31. Jika (right>pivot)
32. Memanggil fungsi Q_sort(data,pivot+1,right)

pasd6-25

cnthprak06-1.cpp x cnthprak06-2.cpp x cnthprak07-1.cpp x pasd6-4.cpp x pasd6-25.cpp x

```
1 #include <iostream>
2 using namespace std;
3
4 class MergeSort {
5 private:
6     void merge(int arr[], int kiri, int mid, int kanan) {
7         int n1 = mid - kiri + 1;
8         int n2 = kanan - mid;
9
10        int L[n1], R[n2];
11
12        for (int i = 0; i < n1; i++) {
13            L[i] = arr[kiri + i];
14        }
15        for (int j = 0; j < n2; j++) {
16            R[j] = arr[mid + 1 + j];
17        }
18
19        int i = 0;
20        int j = 0;
21        int k = kiri;
22
23        while (i < n1 && j < n2) {
24            if (L[i] >= R[j]) {
25                arr[k] = L[i];
26                i++;
27            } else {
28                arr[k] = R[j];
29                j++;
30            }
31            k++;
32        }
33        while (i < n1) {
34            arr[k] = L[i];
35            i++;
36            k++;
37        }
38        while (j < n2) {
39            arr[k] = R[j];
40            j++;
41            k++;
42        }
43    }
44 }
```

cnthprak06-1.cpp x cnthprak06-2.cpp x cnthprak07-1.cpp x pasd6-4.cpp x pasd6-25.cpp x

```
43 }
44
45 void mergesort(int arr[], int kiri, int kanan) {
46     if (kiri < kanan) {
47         int mid = kiri + (kanan - kiri) / 2;
48         mergesort(arr, kiri, mid);
49         mergesort(arr, mid + 1, kanan);
50         merge(arr, kiri, mid, kanan);
51     }
52 }
53
54 public:
55 void sort(int arr[], int arrsize) {
56     mergesort(arr, 0, arrsize - 1);
57 }
58 };
59
60 void cetakdata(int arr[], int size) {
61     for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
62         cout << arr[i] << " ";
63     }
64     cout << endl;
65 }
66
67 int main() {
68     int arr[] = {65, 2, 44, 26, 19, 22, 5, 3, 12};
69     int arrsize = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
70
71     cout << "Data Sebelum diurutkan:" << endl;
72     cout << "~~~~~" << endl;
73     cetakdata(arr, arrsize);
74
75     MergeSort sorter;
76     sorter.sort(arr, arrsize);
77
78     cout << endl << endl;
79     cout << "Data Setelah diurutkan secara descending:" << endl;
80     cetakdata(arr, arrsize);
81
82     return 0;
83 }
84 }
```

Command Prompt

```
F:\>g++ pasd6-25.cpp -o 1
```

```
F:\>1
Data Sebelum diurutkan:
~~~~~
65 2 44 26 19 22 5 3 12
```

```
Data Setelah diurutkan secara descending:
65 44 26 22 19 12 5 3 2
```

```
F:\>
```

Pseudocode

class MergeSort

private :

Kamus/Deklarasi Variabel fungsi merge
arr[], kiri, mid, kanan, n1, n2, L, R, i, j, k = int

Algoritma/Deskripsi fungsi merge(arr[], kiri, mid, kanan)

```
n1 = mid - kiri + 1
n2 = kanan - mid
for (i = 0; i < n1; i++)
    L[i] = arr[kiri + i]
endfor
for (int j = 0; j < n2; j++) {
    R[j] = arr[mid + 1 + j]
}
endfor
i = 0
j = 0
k = kiri
while (i < n1 && j < n2)
    if (L[i] >= R[j])
        arr[k] = L[i]
        i++
    else
        arr[k] = R[j]
        j++
    endif
    k++
endwhile
while (i < n1)
    arr[k] = L[i]
    i++
    k++
endwhile
while (j < n2)
    arr[k] = R[j]
    j++
    k++
endwhile
```

Kamus/Deklarasi Variabel fungsi mergesort
arr[], kiri, kanan, mid = int

Algoritma/Deskripsi fungsi mergesort
(arr[], kiri, kanan)

```
if(kiri < kanan)
    mid = kiri + (kanan - kiri) / 2
    mergesort(arr, kiri, mid)
    mergesort(arr, mid + 1, kanan)
    merge(arr, kiri, mid, kanan)
endif
```

public :

Kamus/Deklarasi Variabel fungsi sort
arr[], arrsize = int

Algoritma/Deskripsi fungsi sort(arr[], arrsize)
mergesort(arr, 0, arrsize-1)

Kamus/Deklarasi Variabel fungsi cetakdata
arr[], size, i = int

Algoritma/Deskripsi fungsi cetakdata(arr[], size)
for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
 print (arr[i])
endfor

Kamus/Deklarasi Variabel
arr[], arrsize = int

Algoritma/Deskripsi
arr[] = {65, 2, 44, 26, 19, 22, 5, 3, 12}
arrsize = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0])
cetakdata(arr, arrsize)
MergeSort sorter
sorter.sort(arr, arrsize)
cetakdata(arr, arrsize)
return

Algoritma :

1. Membuat class MergeSort
2. Mendeklarasikan class MergeSort dengan kata kunci private
3. Membuat fungsi merge(arr[],kiri,mid,kanan)
4. $n1 = mid - kiri + 1$
5. $n2 = kanan - mid$
6. Selama ($i=0$) maka kerjakan baris 7 s.d 8
7. $L[i] = arr[kiri + i]$
8. $i++$
9. Selama ($j=0$) maka kerjakan baris 10 s.d 11
10. $R[j] = arr[mid + 1 + j]$
11. $j++$
12. $i=0$
13. $j=0$
14. $k=kiri$
15. Selama ($i < n1 \& \& j < n2$) maka kerjakan baris 16 s.d 21
16. Jika ($L[i] \geq R[j]$) maka kerjakan baris 17 s.d 18 kalau tidak 19 s.d 20
17. $arr[k] = L[i]$
18. $i++$
19. $arr[k] = R[j]$
20. $j++$
21. $k++$
22. Selama ($i < n1$) maka kerjakan baris 23 s.d 25
23. $arr[k] = L[i]$
24. $i++$
25. $k++$
26. Selama ($j < n2$) maka kerjakan baris 27 s.d 29
27. $arr[k] = R[j]$
28. $j++$
29. $k++$
30. Membuat fungsi mergesort(arr[],kiri,kanan)
31. Jika ($kiri < kanan$) maka kerjakan baris 32 s.d 35
32. $mid = kiri + (kanan - kiri) / 2$
33. mergesort(arr, kiri, mid)
34. mergesort(arr, mid + 1, kanan)
35. merge(arr, kiri, mid, kanan)

36. Mendeklarasikan class MergeSort dengan kata kunci Public
37. Membuat fungsi sort(arr[],arrsize)
38. Memanggil fungsi mergesort(arr,0,arrsize-1)
39. Membuat fungsi cetakdata(arr[],size)
40. Selama ($i=0$) maka kerjakan baris 41
41. Mencetak/Menampilkan Nilai arr[i]
42. Membuat fungsi utama
43. $arr[] = \{65, 2, 44, 26, 19, 22, 5, 3, 12\}$
44. $arrsize = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0])$
45. Membuat fungsi cetakdata (arr,arrsize)
46. Membuat fungsi Mergesort sorter
47. Membuat fungsi sorter.sort (arr,arrsize)
48. Membuat fungsi cetakdata (arr,arrsize)
49. Selesai