

JobSheet 12: Optical Character Recognition (OCR)

▾ Praktikum 1

Instalasi dan Import Library

```
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')

Drive already mounted at /content/drive; to attempt to forcibly remount, call drive.mount("/content/drive", force_remount=True).

!sudo apt install tesseract-ocr
!pip install pytesseract
!pip install opencv-python

Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
The following additional packages will be installed:
  tesseract-ocr-eng tesseract-ocr-osd
The following NEW packages will be installed:
  tesseract-ocr tesseract-ocr-eng tesseract-ocr-osd
0 upgraded, 3 newly installed, 0 to remove and 10 not upgraded.
Need to get 4,816 kB of archives.
After this operation, 15.6 MB of additional disk space will be used.
Get:1 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/universe amd64 tesseract-ocr-eng all 1:4.00~git30-7274cfa-1.1 [1,591 kB]
Get:2 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/universe amd64 tesseract-ocr-osd all 1:4.00~git30-7274cfa-1.1 [2,990 kB]
Get:3 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/universe amd64 tesseract-ocr amd64 4.1.1-2.1build1 [236 kB]
Fetched 4,816 kB in 2s (2,867 kB/s)
debconf: unable to initialize frontend: Dialog
debconf: (No usable dialog-like program is installed, so the dialog based frontend cannot be used. at /usr/share/perl5/Debconf/FrontEnd
debconf: falling back to frontend: Readline
debconf: unable to initialize frontend: Readline
debconf: (This frontend requires a controlling tty.)
debconf: falling back to frontend: Teletype
dpkg-preconfigure: unable to re-open stdin:
Selecting previously unselected package tesseract-ocr-eng.
(Reading database ... 120880 files and directories currently installed.)
Preparing to unpack .../tesseract-ocr-eng_1%3a4.00~git30-7274cfa-1.1_all.deb ...
Unpacking tesseract-ocr-eng (1:4.00~git30-7274cfa-1.1) ...
Selecting previously unselected package tesseract-ocr-osd.
Preparing to unpack .../tesseract-ocr-osd_1%3a4.00~git30-7274cfa-1.1_all.deb ...
Unpacking tesseract-ocr-osd (1:4.00~git30-7274cfa-1.1) ...
Selecting previously unselected package tesseract-ocr.
Preparing to unpack .../tesseract-ocr_4.1.1-2.1build1_amd64.deb ...
Unpacking tesseract-ocr (4.1.1-2.1build1) ...
Setting up tesseract-ocr-eng (1:4.00~git30-7274cfa-1.1) ...
Setting up tesseract-ocr-osd (1:4.00~git30-7274cfa-1.1) ...
Setting up tesseract-ocr (4.1.1-2.1build1) ...
Processing triggers for man-db (2.10.2-1) ...
Collecting pytesseract
  Downloading pytesseract-0.3.10-py3-none-any.whl (14 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=21.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pytesseract) (23.2)
Requirement already satisfied: Pillow>=8.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pytesseract) (9.4.0)
Installing collected packages: pytesseract
Successfully installed pytesseract-0.3.10
Requirement already satisfied: opencv-python in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (4.8.0.76)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.21.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from opencv-python) (1.23.5)

from zipfile import ZipFile
with ZipFile('/content/drive/MyDrive/pcvk/images-ocr.zip', 'r') as zipobj:
    zipobj.extractall('/content/drive/MyDrive/PCVK/images')

import re
import cv2
import numpy as np
import pytesseract
from pytesseract import Output
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
```

```
IMG_DIR = 'images/'
```

Preprocessing images dengan OpenCV

```
# get grayscale image
def get_grayscale(image):
    return cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)

# noise removal
def remove_noise(image):
    return cv2.medianBlur(image,5)

#thresholding
def thresholding(image):
    return cv2.threshold(image, 0, 255, cv2.THRESH_BINARY + cv2.THRESH_OTSU)[1]

#dilation
def dilate(image):
    kernel = np.ones((5,5),np.uint8)
    return cv2.dilate(image, kernel, iterations = 1)

#erosion
def erode(image):
    kernel = np.ones((5,5),np.uint8)
    return cv2.erode(image, kernel, iterations = 1)

#opening - erosion followed by dilation
def opening(image):
    kernel = np.ones((5,5),np.uint8)
    return cv2.morphologyEx(image, cv2.MORPH_OPEN, kernel)

#canny edge detection
def canny(image):
    return cv2.Canny(image, 100, 200)

#skew correction
def deskew(image):
    coords = np.column_stack(np.where(image > 0))
    angle = cv2.minAreaRect(coords)[-1]
    if angle < -45:
        angle = -(90 + angle)
    else:
        angle = -angle
    (h, w) = image.shape[:2]
    center = (w // 2, h // 2)
    M = cv2.getRotationMatrix2D(center, angle, 1.0)
    rotated = cv2.warpAffine(image, M, (w, h), flags=cv2.INTER_CUBIC, borderMode=cv2.BORDER_REPLICATE)
    return rotated

#template matching
def match_template(image, template):
    return cv2.matchTemplate(image, template, cv2.TM_CCOEFF_NORMED)

# Plot original image

IMG_DIR = '/content/drive/MyDrive/images' # Definisikan path direktori gambar di sini
img = cv2.imread(IMG_DIR + '/aurebesh.jpg')
b,g,r = cv2.split(img)
rgb_img = cv2.merge([r,g,b])
plt.imshow(rgb_img)
plt.title('AUREBESH ORIGINAL IMAGE')
plt.show()
```



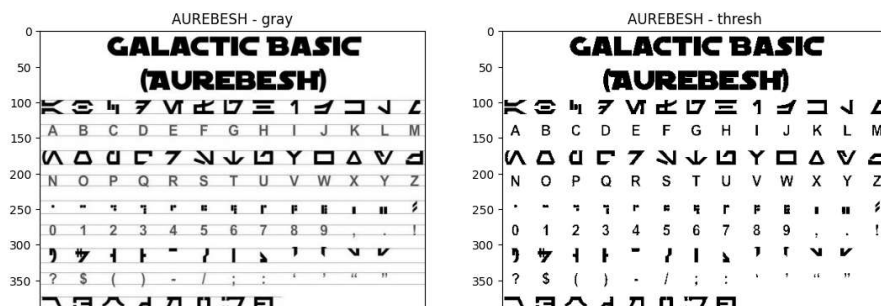
```
# Preprocess image
```

```
gray = get_grayscale(img)
thresh = thresholding(gray)
opening = opening(gray)
canny = canny(gray)
images = {'gray': gray,
          'thresh': thresh,
          'opening': opening,
          'canny': canny}
```

```
# Plot images after preprocessing
```

```
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(13,13))
ax = []

rows = 2
columns = 2
keys = list(images.keys())
for i in range(rows*columns):
    ax.append( fig.add_subplot(rows, columns, i+1) )
    ax[-1].set_title('AUREBESH - ' + keys[i])
    plt.imshow(images[keys[i]], cmap='gray')
```



```
# Get OCR output using Pytesseract
```

```
custom_config = r'--oem 3 --psm 6'
print('-----')
print('TESSERACT OUTPUT --> ORIGINAL IMAGE')
print('-----')
print(pytesseract.image_to_string(img, config=custom_config))
print('\n-----')
print('TESSERACT OUTPUT --> THRESHOLDED IMAGE')
print('-----')
print(pytesseract.image_to_string(img, config=custom_config))
print('\n-----')
print('TESSERACT OUTPUT --> OPENED IMAGE')
print('-----')
print(pytesseract.image_to_string(img, config=custom_config))
print('\n-----')
print('TESSERACT OUTPUT --> CANNY EDGE IMAGE')
print('-----')
print(pytesseract.image_to_string(img, config=custom_config))
```

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```
-----
TESSERACT OUTPUT --> THRESHOLDED IMAGE
-----
```

```
GALACTIC BASIC
(AUREBESH)
```

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RE TFVMVEVEStZIoNe
AB CD EF Ga KL
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N_ Oo. 2 _ HG: Re SS Ty wee Ve
Ss eg ei
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i a a Sy ee ee ee
st
ASaAnNADIE
CH AE EO KH NG OO SH TH
```

```
-----
TESSERACT OUTPUT --> OPENED IMAGE
-----
```

```
GALACTIC BASIC
(AUREBESH)
```

```
RE TFVMVEVEStZIoNe
AB CD EF Ga KL
AOrderT7NVYoYoOoOAVA
N_ Oo. 2 _ HG: Re SS Ty wee Ve
Ss eg ei
ed
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```
AB CD EF GA KL
A0derT7NVYoYo0o0AVA
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```

▼ PRAKTIKUM 2

```
from google.colab import files
upload = files.upload()
```

No file chosen Upload widget is only available when the cell has been executed in the current browser session. Please rerun this cell to enable.
Saving invoice-sample.png to invoice-sample.png

```
# Plot gambar original

# Membaca gambar dari direktori
image = cv2.imread('invoice-sample.jpg')

# Memisahkan saluran warna (blue, green, red) karena matplotlib menggunakan skema warna RGB
b, g, r = cv2.split(image)
rgb_img = cv2.merge([r, g, b])

# Menampilkan gambar dalam ukuran tertentu
plt.figure(figsize=(16, 12))
plt.imshow(rgb_img)
plt.title('CONTOH GAMBAR INVOICE')
plt.show()
```



```
# Membaca gambar dari direktori
image = cv2.imread('invoice-sample.jpg')

# Mendapatkan dimensi tinggi (h), lebar (w), dan channel warna (c) dari gambar
h, w, c = image.shape

# Menggunakan pytesseract.image_to_boxes() untuk mendapatkan informasi kotak karakter
boxes = pytesseract.image_to_boxes(image)

# Iterasi melalui setiap baris hasil dan membuat kotak pada gambar menggunakan OpenCV
for b in boxes.splitlines():
    b = b.split(' ')
    image = cv2.rectangle(image, (int(b[1]), h - int(b[2])), (int(b[3]), h - int(b[4])), (0, 255, 0), 2)

# Memisahkan channel warna untuk mengonversi dari BGR ke RGB
b, g, r = cv2.split(image)
rgb_img = cv2.merge([r, g, b])

# Menampilkan gambar dengan kotak karakter
plt.figure(figsize=(16, 12))
plt.imshow(rgb_img)
plt.title('CONTOH INVOICE DENGAN CHARACTER LEVEL BOXES')
plt.show()
```



```
# Membaca gambar contoh invoice
image = cv2.imread('invoice-sample.jpg')

# Menggunakan pytesseract.image_to_data() untuk mendapatkan data teks dari gambar
d = pytesseract.image_to_data(image, output_type=Output.DICT)

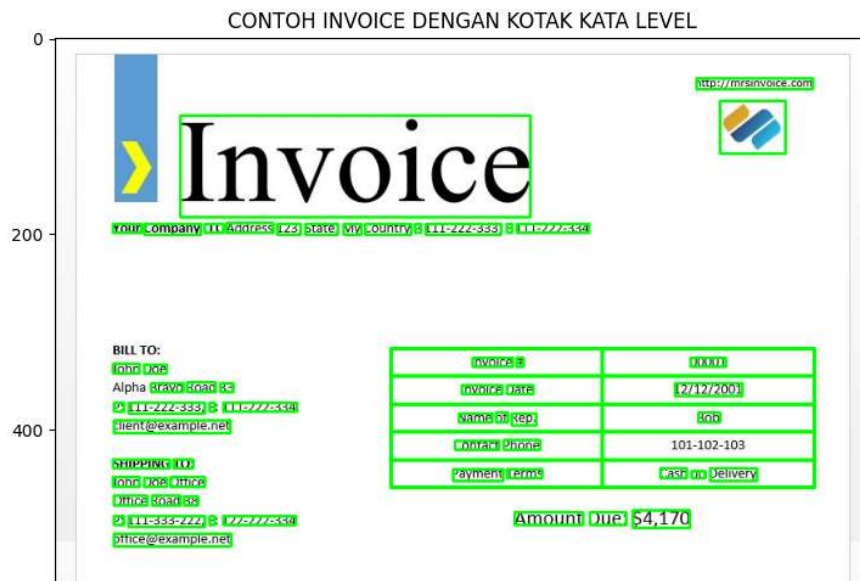
# Menampilkan kunci-kunci data yang diperoleh dari hasil OCR
print('DATA KEYS: \n', d.keys())

DATA KEYS:
dict_keys(['level', 'page_num', 'block_num', 'par_num', 'line_num', 'word_num', 'left', 'top', 'width', 'height', 'conf', 'text'])

n_boxes = len(d['text'])
for i in range(n_boxes):
    # Kondisi untuk hanya memilih kotak dengan kepercayaan > 60%
    if int(d['conf'][i]) > 60:
        # Mendapatkan koordinat dan ukuran kotak kata
        (x, y, w, h) = (d['left'][i], d['top'][i], d['width'][i], d['height'][i])
        # Membuat kotak pada gambar untuk kata dengan kepercayaan > 60%
        image = cv2.rectangle(image, (x, y), (x + w, y + h), (0, 255, 0), 2)

# Memisahkan channel warna untuk mengonversi dari BGR ke RGB
b, g, r = cv2.split(image)
rgb_img = cv2.merge([r, g, b])

# Menampilkan gambar dengan kotak kata berdasarkan kepercayaan > 60%
plt.figure(figsize=(16, 12))
plt.imshow(rgb_img)
plt.title('CONTOH INVOICE DENGAN KOTAK KATA LEVEL')
plt.show()
```



```
image = cv2.imread('invoice-sample.jpg')
```

```
# Pola tanggal dalam format dd/mm/yyyy
```

```
date_pattern = '^([0-9]{1,2}|[012]{3})/([0-9]{1,2}|[012]{3})/([0-9]{1,2}|[012]{3})\d\d$'
```

```
n_boxes = len(d['text'])
```

```
for i in range(n_boxes):
```

```
    # Memeriksa apakah kotak memiliki tingkat kepercayaan lebih dari 60%
```

```
    if int(d['conf'][i]) > 60:
```

```
        # Memeriksa apakah teks di dalam kotak sesuai dengan pola tanggal
```

```
        if re.match(date_pattern, d['text'][i]):
```

```
            # Mendapatkan koordinat dan ukuran kotak kata
```

```
            (x, y, w, h) = (d['left'][i], d['top'][i], d['width'][i], d['height'][i])
```

```
            # Membuat kotak pada gambar untuk tanggal yang sesuai dengan pola
```

```
            image = cv2.rectangle(image, (x, y), (x + w, y + h), (0, 255, 0), 2)
```

```
# Memisahkan channel warna untuk mengonversi dari BGR ke RGB
```

```
b, g, r = cv2.split(image)
```

```
rgb_img = cv2.merge([r, g, b])
```

```
# Menampilkan gambar dengan kotak-kotak yang menandai lokasi tanggal
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(16, 12))
```

```
plt.imshow(rgb_img)
```

```
plt.title('CONTOH INVOICE DENGAN KOTAK UNTUK TANGGAL')
```

```
plt.show()
```





```
from google.colab import files
upload = files.upload()
```

Choose Files No file chosen

Upload widget is only available when the cell has been executed in the current browser session. Please rerun this cell to

enable.

Saving greek-thai.png to greek-thai.png

```
# Membaca gambar asli
image = cv2.imread('greek-thai.png')

# Memisahkan channel warna untuk mengonversi dari BGR ke RGB
b, g, r = cv2.split(image)
rgb_img = cv2.merge([r, g, b])

# Menampilkan gambar asli
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 16))
plt.imshow(rgb_img, cmap='gray')
plt.title('MULTIPLE LANGUAGE IMAGE')
plt.show()
```



```
# Output dengan hanya bahasa Inggris yang ditentukan

# Konfigurasi khusus dengan hanya bahasa Inggris yang diatur
custom_config = r'-l eng --oem 3 --psm 6'

# Menggunakan pytesseract.image_to_string() untuk mendapatkan teks dari gambar dengan konfigurasi khusus
print(pytesseract.image_to_string(image, config=custom_config))
```

5 Greek

Here's some Greek:

OSto Stota tuMedit Huy et, aS ea aByoppeave edAwkvevOuay, e\$ ece efepot yu-
Bepypev nas. AT Wel GoAET apiTtopen. Tug aAta AaBwpe Ve. LO KUWT VUoKLal
(paovvéia av, WUVLUU eAtyevil tv mpl TMaptep bepSepey GvaTLAaVTUp e€€ LUG, Va
TWAAALT LUdaped ASdepoapluy Ea, TOW TpwTplae Gaedoda 16. AT mpt SoAop vv-
oxvau.

6 Thai

Here's some Thai: .

aosUsugulushawos amiaddw usntioa sinfudou winszduagss Haaonsn 3 vos
Aonduusaladrawunud AavTausssulwavianlAdudn wandoamnsiwinsedataa
\$ Guduvi woud rvaseasiadu Windinsadosor0sa uausouanrwus aswouduer
didadinsa