

THE UNIVERSITY OF THE WEST INDIES										
Semester I ☐ Semester II ■ Supplemental/Summer School ☐										
Examinations of December  April/May July  2021										
Originating Campus: Cave Hill										
Mode:	On Campus			By Dista	nce					
Course Code and Title: INFO2100 – Mathematics & Statistics for IT										
Date:	May 6, 2021				Time	e:	2	pm		
Duration:	2 Hours				Pape	er No:	1			
Materials required: Answer booklet:	Normal		Special			Not	required			
Calculator: (where applicable)	Programmable		Non-Prog	rammable		Not	required			
Multiple Choice answer sheets:	numerical		alphabetic	cal		1-20		-100		
Auxiliary/Other	material(s):	Non	e							

## Instructions to Candidates: This paper has 9 page(s) and 8 questions

Candidates are reminded that the examiners shall take into account the proper use of the English Language in determining the mark for each response.

#### Answer three (3) questions in Section 1 and three (3) questions in Section 2.

The maximum number of marks you may earn for the entire paper is **60**. The number in [] by each question indicates the number of marks allotted to the question. Justify all your answers; full credit will be given only for properly supported answers, partial credit will be given where applicable.

Statistical tables are provided for you on pages 6–9 of this exam. Use them where appropriate.

Since this paper is a take-home exam, you may reference your notes, and your textbook, but you may not seek nor receive help on any questions from any unauthorised person. You are also not allowed to use search engines to look-up information. You should note that the exam has been written so that you are not expected to have to look up anything. Therefore, please be mindful of the time you have for the exam, and avoid losing too much time chasing references.

Please write legibly and keep your answers concise. Good skill!

#### Section 1

### Question 1 Basic probability [10]

- a. Based on a recent clinical trial for a COVID-19 vaccine, carried out before a surge in cases, the probability that a study participant contracted COVID-19 was 0.005. Study participants were randomly assigned to groups to receive either a placebo or the actual vaccine. The probability that a study participant received a placebo was 0.5, while the probability that a placebo recipient contracted COVID-19 was 0.009.
  - (i) What is the probability of being a placebo recipient given that the participant has contracted COVID-19? [3]
  - (ii) What is the probability that a vaccine recipient contracted COVID-19? [2]
  - (iii) What is the probability that a vaccine recipient does *not* contract COVID-19?
  - [1] (iv) What is the probability that a placebo recipient does *not* contract COVID-19?
    [1]

Anosmia (a temporary loss of the sense of smell) is listed as a possible symptom of COVID-19. Suppose that: the probability of having anosmia given that the study participant has COVID-19 is 0.7, while the probability of having anosmia is 0.03 among study participants concerned about having COVID-19.

(v) What is the probability of having anosmia and COVID-19, given that you have received the vaccine? [3]

## Question 2 Discrete random variables [10]

The number of 4 GiB memory banks, B, required in a personal computer depends on how many application programs, A, the owner wants to run simultaneously. The number of memory banks B and number of application programs A are described by:

$$B = \begin{cases} 2 & \text{banks for 1 program} \\ 2 & \text{banks for 2 programs} \\ 3 & \text{banks for 3 programs} \\ 4 & \text{banks for 4 programs} \end{cases} \qquad \Pr(A = a) = \begin{cases} 0.1 & a = 1 \\ 0.2 & a = 2 \\ 0.3 & a = 3 \\ 0.4 & a = 4 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- a. What is the probability of running 3 or more programs? [1]
- b. What is the expected number of programs  $\mu_A = \mathbb{E}[A]$ ? [2]
- c. What is the variance of the number of programs Var(A)? [3]
- d. Express B as a function B = g(A) of the number of application programs A [2]
- e. What is the expected number of memory banks  $\mathbb{E}[B] = \mathbb{E}[g(A)]$ ? [2]

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## Question 3 Continuous random variables [10]

A bank of satellite modems has been configured to send telemetry data from a research site in Antarctica to a university's main campus. Observations show that "calls" with this system are dropped at random intervals. Analysis shows that the PDF that more than t minutes elapse between call drops is given by:

$$f_T(t) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{50}e^{-t/50} & t \ge 0\\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

a. What is the probability that between 2 and 4 minutes elapse before a call is dropped?

[3]

- b. What is the expected number of minutes between call drops? [3]
- c. What is the variance of the number of minutes between call drops? [4]

## Question 4 Central Limit Theorem [10]

The waiting time W for accessing one record from a database is a random variable uniformly distributed between 0 and 5 milliseconds. The read time, R, for moving a block of information from the disk to main memory is 1 millisecond. The random variable X milliseconds is the total access time (waiting time + read time) to get one block of information from the disk. Before performing a certain task, the computer must read 8 different blocks of information from the disk. (Access times for different blocks are independent of one another). The total access time for all the information is a random variable A milliseconds.

- a. What is  $\mathbb{E}[X]$ , the expected value of the access time?
- b. What is the variance, Var(X), the variance of the access time? [2]
- c. What is  $\mathbb{E}[A]$ , the expected value of the total access time? [1]
- d. What is  $\sigma_A$ , the standard deviation of the total access time? [2]
- e. Use the Central Limit Theorem to estimate Pr(A > 32), the probability that the total access time exceeds 32 ms. [4]

#### Section 2

## Question 5 One-sample hypothesis tests [10]

- a. The authors of an examination scheduling system wish to compare the (clock) running time of a new scheduling algorithm to the one currently implemented. They apply the new algorithm to 50 randomly generated course schedules; it averages 10.5 seconds with a standard deviation of 0.50 second. The current algorithm averages 10.7 seconds on such schedules. Test, at the 1% level of significance the alternative hypothesis that the new algorithm has a lower average time than the current algorithm.
  - (i) What is the critical value at a 1% level of significance? [1]
  - (ii) What is the test statistic? [2]
  - (iii) What is the *p*-value for this test? [2]
- b. A calculator has a built-in algorithm for generating a random number according to the standard normal distribution. Twenty-five numbers thus generated have mean 0.1 and sample standard deviation 0.95. Test the null hypothesis that the mean of all numbers so generated is 0 versus the alternative that that it is different from 0, at the 5% level of significance. Assume that the numbers do follow a normal distribution.
  - (i) Is this test one-sided or two-sided? [1]
  - (ii) What is the critical value at a 5% level of significance? [1]
  - (iii) What is the test statistic? [2]
  - (iv) What is your conclusion regarding the null hypothesis? Why? [1]

#### Question 6 Non-parametric tests [10]

Given that most courses at UWI are primarily offered online this academic year, lecturers now have easy ways to to study relationships between engagement and performance. In one course with 60 students, the following relationship was identified between tutorial attendance and performance:

	Exam F/P			
Tutorials attended	Fail	Pass		
Less than 60%	21	11		
60% or more	6	22		

Test the null hypothesis that tutorial attendance is independent of course performance versus the alternative that course performance is dependent on tutorial attendance at a 1% level of significance.

- a. What is the critical value at a 1% level of significance? [2]
- b. What is the  $\chi^2$  test statistic? Show all steps. [5]
- c. What is your conclusion regarding the null hypothesis? Why do you make this conclusion? [3]

### Question 7 Confidence Intervals [10]

- a. Data is collected on the round trip time to a distant host on the Internet. We collect a data set of size 20 with sample mean  $\bar{x} = 102$  ms and sample standard deviation s = 77 ms. Assume the data follows a normal random distribution.
  - (i) Compute the 95% confidence interval on the mean. [2]
  - (ii) Compute the 95% confidence interval on the variance. [4]
- b. You have been monitoring the runtime of a daily query as part of your job. You would like to estimate the mean (clock) runtime of the query,  $\mu = t$  sec. Suppose that the variance of the runtime is  $4 \sec^2$ . How many samples do you need to collect such that you can bound the sample mean runtime with a buffer of  $\pm 2$  sec with 95% confidence.

[4]

## Question 8 Linear regression and correlation [10]

A university has recorded mathematics (y) and verbal (English) (x) aptitude test scores for 162 incoming students. It is assumed that these scores are normally distributed. You are to build a model that shows how these scores are related. You may assume the following values:

n = 162	$\sum x = 96,600$	$\sum y = 99,160$
$\sum xy = 60, 205, 200$	$\sum x^2 = 59, 196, 800$	$\sum y^2 = 62,246,200$
$\bar{x} = 596$	$\bar{y} = 612$	
$s_{xy} = 6,686.08$	$s_{xx} = 9,904.21$	$s_{yy} = 9,630.35$

- a. Calculate the regression model, y = ax + b [4]
- b. Interpret the values of a, b, and r.
- c. Give a forecast of the math score for a student whose verbal score is 650 [2]

# Statistical Tables

# NORMAL CUMULATIVE DISTRIBUTION FUNCTION

x	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.09
0.0	0.5000	0.5040	0.5080	0.5120	0.5160	0.5199	0.5239	0.5279	0.5319	0.5359
0.1	0.5398	0.5438	0.5478	0.5517	0.5557	0.5596	0.5636	0.5675	0.5714	0.5753
0.2	0.5793	0.5832	0.5871	0.5910	0.5948	0.5987	0.6026	0.6064	0.6103	0.6141
0.3	0.6179	0.6217	0.6255	0.6293	0.6331	0.6368	0.6406	0.6443	0.6480	0.6517
0.4	0.6554	0.6591	0.6628	0.6664	0.6700	0.6736	0.6772	0.6808	0.6844	0.6879
0.5	0.6915	0.6950	0.6985	0.7019	0.7054	0.7088	0.7123	0.7157	0.7190	0.7224
0.6	0.7257	0.7291	0.7324	0.7357	0.7389	0.7422	0.7454	0.7486	0.7517	0.7549
0.7	0.7580	0.7611	0.7642	0.7673	0.7703	0.7734	0.7764	0.7794	0.7823	0.7852
0.8	0.7881	0.7910	0.7939	0.7967	0.7995	0.8023	0.8051	0.8078	0.8106	0.8133
0.9	0.8159	0.8186	0.8212	0.8238	0.8264	0.8289	0.8315	0.8340	0.8365	0.8389
1.0	0.8413	0.8438	0.8461	0.8485	0.8508	0.8531	0.8554	0.8577	0.8599	0.8621
1.1	0.8643	0.8665	0.8686	0.8708	0.8729	0.8749	0.8770	0.8790	0.8810	0.8830
1.2	0.8849	0.8869	0.8888	0.8907	0.8925	0.8944	0.8962	0.8980	0.8997	0.9015
1.3	0.9032	0.9049	0.9066	0.9082	0.9099	0.9115	0.9131	0.9147	0.9162	0.9177
1.4	0.9192	0.9207	0.9222	0.9236	0.9251	0.9265	0.9279	0.9292	0.9306	0.9319
1.5	0.9332	0.9345	0.9357	0.9370	0.9382	0.9394	0.9406	0.9418	0.9429	0.9441
1.6	0.9452	0.9463	0.9474	0.9484	0.9495	0.9505	0.9515	0.9525	0.9535	0.9545
1.7	0.9554	0.9564	0.9573	0.9582	0.9591	0.9599	0.9608	0.9616	0.9625	0.9633
1.8	0.9641	0.9649	0.9656	0.9664	0.9671	0.9678	0.9686	0.9693	0.9699	0.9706
1.9	0.9713	0.9719	0.9726	0.9732	0.9738	0.9744	0.9750	0.9756	0.9761	0.9767
2.0	0.9772	0.9778	0.9783	0.9788	0.9793	0.9798	0.9803	0.9808	0.9812	0.9817
2.1	0.9821	0.9826	0.9830	0.9834	0.9838	0.9842	0.9846	0.9850	0.9854	0.9857
2.2	0.9861	0.9864	0.9868	0.9871	0.9875	0.9878	0.9881	0.9884	0.9887	0.9890
2.3	0.9893	0.9896	0.9898	0.9901	0.9904	0.9906	0.9909	0.9911	0.9913	0.9916
2.4	0.9918	0.9920	0.9922	0.9925	0.9927	0.9929	0.9931	0.9932	0.9934	0.9936
2.5									0.9951	
2.6									0.9963	
2.7	0.9965	0.9966	0.9967	0.9968	0.9969	0.9970	0.9971	0.9972	0.9973	0.9974
2.8									0.9980	
2.9									0.9986	
3.0									0.9990	
3.1									0.9993	
3.2									0.9995	
3.3									0.9996	
3.4									0.9997	
3.5									0.9998	
3.6									0.9999	
3.7									0.9999	
3.8									0.9999	
3.9	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000

#### STUDENT'S t PERCENTAGE POINTS

 $\nu = 60.0\% \, 66.7\% \, 75.0\% \, 80.0\% \, 87.5\% \, 90.0\% \, 95.0\% \, 97.5\% \, 99.0\% \, 99.5\% \, 99.9\%$ 

```
0.325\ \ 0.577\ \ 1.000\ \ 1.376\ \ 2.414\ \ 3.078\ \ 6.31412.70631.82163.657318.31
 1
     0.289\ 0.500\ 0.816\ 1.061\ 1.604\ 1.886\ 2.920\ 4.303\ 6.965\ 9.925\ 22.327
     0.277\ \ 0.476\ \ 0.765\ \ 0.978\ \ 1.423\ \ 1.638\ \ 2.353\ \ 3.182\ \ 4.541\ \ 5.841\ 10.215
 3
     0.271 \ 0.464 \ 0.741 \ 0.941 \ 1.344 \ 1.533 \ 2.132 \ 2.776 \ 3.747 \ 4.604 \ 7.173
     0.267 \ 0.457 \ 0.727 \ 0.920 \ 1.301 \ 1.476 \ 2.015 \ 2.571 \ 3.365 \ 4.032 \ 5.893
     0.265 \ 0.453 \ 0.718 \ 0.906 \ 1.273 \ 1.440 \ 1.943 \ 2.447 \ 3.143 \ 3.707 \ 5.208
 6
 7
     0.263\ 0.449\ 0.711\ 0.896\ 1.254\ 1.415\ 1.895\ 2.365\ 2.998\ 3.499\ 4.785
     0.262\ 0.447\ 0.706\ 0.889\ 1.240\ 1.397\ 1.860\ 2.306\ 2.896\ 3.355\ 4.501
     0.261 \ 0.445 \ 0.703 \ 0.883 \ 1.230 \ 1.383 \ 1.833 \ 2.262 \ 2.821 \ 3.250 \ 4.297
     0.260\ 0.444\ 0.700\ 0.879\ 1.221\ 1.372\ 1.812\ 2.228\ 2.764\ 3.169\ 4.144
10
     0.260 \ 0.443 \ 0.697 \ 0.876 \ 1.214 \ 1.363 \ 1.796 \ 2.201 \ 2.718 \ 3.106 \ 4.025
11
     0.259\ 0.442\ 0.695\ 0.873\ 1.209\ 1.356\ 1.782\ 2.179\ 2.681\ 3.055\ 3.930
     0.259\ 0.441\ 0.694\ 0.870\ 1.204\ 1.350\ 1.771\ 2.160\ 2.650\ 3.012\ 3.852
13
14
     0.258 \ 0.440 \ 0.692 \ 0.868 \ 1.200 \ 1.345 \ 1.761 \ 2.145 \ 2.624 \ 2.977 \ 3.787
     0.258\ 0.439\ 0.691\ 0.866\ 1.197\ 1.341\ 1.753\ 2.131\ 2.602\ 2.947\ 3.733
15
     0.258\ 0.439\ 0.690\ 0.865\ 1.194\ 1.337\ 1.746\ 2.120\ 2.583\ 2.921\ 3.686
16
     0.257\ 0.438\ 0.689\ 0.863\ 1.191\ 1.333\ 1.740\ 2.110\ 2.567\ 2.898\ 3.646
17
     0.257\ 0.438\ 0.688\ 0.862\ 1.189\ 1.330\ 1.734\ 2.101\ 2.552\ 2.878\ 3.610
18
     0.257\ 0.438\ 0.688\ 0.861\ 1.187\ 1.328\ 1.729\ 2.093\ 2.539\ 2.861\ 3.579
20
     0.257 \ 0.437 \ 0.687 \ 0.860 \ 1.185 \ 1.325 \ 1.725 \ 2.086 \ 2.528 \ 2.845 \ 3.552
21
     0.257 \ 0.437 \ 0.686 \ 0.859 \ 1.183 \ 1.323 \ 1.721 \ 2.080 \ 2.518 \ 2.831 \ 3.527
     0.256\ 0.437\ 0.686\ 0.858\ 1.182\ 1.321\ 1.717\ 2.074\ 2.508\ 2.819\ 3.505
     0.256\ 0.436\ 0.685\ 0.858\ 1.180\ 1.319\ 1.714\ 2.069\ 2.500\ 2.807\ 3.485
23
     0.256 \ 0.436 \ 0.685 \ 0.857 \ 1.179 \ 1.318 \ 1.711 \ 2.064 \ 2.492 \ 2.797 \ 3.467
24
     0.256\ 0.436\ 0.684\ 0.856\ 1.178\ 1.316\ 1.708\ 2.060\ 2.485\ 2.787\ 3.450
25
     0.256 \ 0.436 \ 0.684 \ 0.856 \ 1.177 \ 1.315 \ 1.706 \ 2.056 \ 2.479 \ 2.779 \ 3.435
26
27
     0.256\ 0.435\ 0.684\ 0.855\ 1.176\ 1.314\ 1.703\ 2.052\ 2.473\ 2.771\ 3.421
     0.256 \ 0.435 \ 0.683 \ 0.855 \ 1.175 \ 1.313 \ 1.701 \ 2.048 \ 2.467 \ 2.763 \ 3.408
29
     0.256\ 0.435\ 0.683\ 0.854\ 1.174\ 1.311\ 1.699\ 2.045\ 2.462\ 2.756\ 3.396
     0.256\ 0.435\ 0.683\ 0.854\ 1.173\ 1.310\ 1.697\ 2.042\ 2.457\ 2.750\ 3.385
30
     0.255\ 0.434\ 0.682\ 0.852\ 1.170\ 1.306\ 1.690\ 2.030\ 2.438\ 2.724\ 3.340
35
40
     0.255\ 0.434\ 0.681\ 0.851\ 1.167\ 1.303\ 1.684\ 2.021\ 2.423\ 2.704\ 3.307
45
     0.255 \ 0.434 \ 0.680 \ 0.850 \ 1.165 \ 1.301 \ 1.679 \ 2.014 \ 2.412 \ 2.690 \ 3.281
     0.255\ 0.433\ 0.679\ 0.849\ 1.164\ 1.299\ 1.676\ 2.009\ 2.403\ 2.678\ 3.261
50
     0.255 \ 0.433 \ 0.679 \ 0.848 \ 1.163 \ 1.297 \ 1.673 \ 2.004 \ 2.396 \ 2.668 \ 3.245
     0.254\ 0.433\ 0.679\ 0.848\ 1.162\ 1.296\ 1.671\ 2.000\ 2.390\ 2.660\ 3.232
60
     0.253 \ 0.431 \ 0.674 \ 0.842 \ 1.150 \ 1.282 \ 1.645 \ 1.960 \ 2.326 \ 2.576 \ 3.090
\infty
```

# CHI-SQUARED PERCENTAGE POINTS

ν	0.1%	0.5%	1.0%	2.5%	5.0%	10.0%	12.5%	20.0%	25.0%	33.3%	50.0%
1	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.004	0.016	0.025	0.064	0.102	0.186	0.455
$\overline{2}$	0.002	0.010	0.020	0.051	0.103	0.211	0.267	0.446	0.575	0.811	1.386
3	0.024	0.072	0.115	0.216	0.352	0.584	0.692	1.005	1.213	1.568	2.366
4	0.091	0.207	0.297	0.484	0.711	1.064	1.219	1.649	1.923	2.378	3.357
5	0.210	0.412	0.554	0.831	1.145	1.610	1.808	2.343	2.675	3.216	4.351
6	0.381	0.676	0.872	1.237	1.635	2.204	2.441	3.070	3.455	4.074	5.348
7	0.598	0.989	1.239	1.690	2.167	2.833	3.106	3.822	4.255	4.945	6.346
8	0.857	1.344	1.646	2.180	2.733	3.490	3.797	4.594	5.071	5.826	7.344
9	1.152	1.735	2.088	2.700	3.325	4.168	4.507	5.380	5.899	6.716	8.343
10	1.479	2.156	2.558	3.247	3.940	4.865	5.234	6.179	6.737	7.612	9.342
11	1.834	2.603	3.053	3.816	4.575	5.578	5.975	6.989	7.584	8.514	10.341
12	2.214	3.074	3.571	4.404	5.226	6.304	6.729	7.807	8.438	9.420	11.340
13	2.617	3.565	4.107	5.009	5.892	7.042	7.493	8.634		10.331	
14	3.041	4.075	4.660	5.629	6.571	7.790	8.266			11.245	
15	3.483	4.601	5.229	6.262	7.261	8.547				12.163	
16	3.942	5.142	5.812	6.908	7.962	9.312				13.083	
17	4.416	5.697	6.408	7.564						14.006	
18	4.905	6.265	7.015	8.231						14.931	
19	5.407	6.844	7.633							15.859	
20	5.921	7.434	8.260							16.788	
21	6.447	8.034								17.720	
22	6.983	8.643								18.653	
23	7.529									19.587	
24	8.085									20.523	
25										21.461	
26										22.399	
27										23.339	
										24.280	
										25.222	
										26.165	
										30.894	
										35.643	
										40.407	
										45.184	
										49.972	
υU	31.738	30.334	37.485	40.482	45.188	40.459	47.080	50.041	52.294	54.770	<b></b> 99.335

### CHI-SQUARED PERCENTAGE POINTS

 $\nu$  60.0% 66.7% 75.0% 80.0% 87.5% 90.0% 95.0% 97.5% 99.0% 99.5% 99.9%  $1 \quad 0.708 \quad 0.936 \quad 1.323 \quad 1.642 \quad 2.354 \quad 2.706 \quad 3.841 \quad 5.024 \quad 6.635 \quad 7.879 \quad 10.828$  $2 \quad 1.833 \quad 2.197 \quad 2.773 \quad 3.219 \quad 4.159 \quad 4.605 \quad 5.991 \quad 7.378 \quad 9.210 \quad 10.597 \quad 13.816$  $3 \quad 2.946 \quad 3.405 \quad 4.108 \quad 4.642 \quad 5.739 \quad 6.251 \quad 7.815 \quad 9.348 \ 11.345 \ 12.838 \ 16.266$  $4 \quad 4.045 \quad 4.579 \quad 5.385 \quad 5.989 \quad 7.214 \quad 7.779 \quad 9.488 \ 11.143 \ 13.277 \ 14.860 \ 18.467 \quad 18.467 \quad 19.488 \quad 19.4888 \quad 19.488 \quad 19.$  $5 \quad 5.132 \quad 5.730 \quad 6.626 \quad 7.289 \quad 8.625 \quad 9.236 \quad 11.070 \quad 12.833 \quad 15.086 \quad 16.750 \quad 20.515$  $6.211 \quad 6.867 \quad 7.841 \quad 8.558 \quad 9.992 \ 10.645 \ 12.592 \ 14.449 \ 16.812 \ 18.548 \ 22.458$  $7 \quad 7.283 \quad 7.992 \quad 9.037 \quad 9.803 \quad 11.326 \quad 12.017 \quad 14.067 \quad 16.013 \quad 18.475 \quad 20.278 \quad 24.322$  $8 \quad 8.351 \quad 9.107 \ 10.219 \ 11.030 \ 12.636 \ 13.362 \ 15.507 \ 17.535 \ 20.090 \ 21.955 \ 26.125$  $9 \quad 9.414 \ 10.215 \ 11.389 \ 12.242 \ 13.926 \ 14.684 \ 16.919 \ 19.023 \ 21.666 \ 23.589 \ 27.877$  $10\ 10.473\ 11.317\ 12.549\ 13.442\ 15.198\ 15.987\ 18.307\ 20.483\ 23.209\ 25.188\ 29.588$  $11\ 11.530\ 12.414\ 13.701\ 14.631\ 16.457\ 17.275\ 19.675\ 21.920\ 24.725\ 26.757\ 31.264$  $12\ 12.584\ 13.506\ 14.845\ 15.812\ 17.703\ 18.549\ 21.026\ 23.337\ 26.217\ 28.300\ 32.910$  $13\ 13.636\ 14.595\ 15.984\ 16.985\ 18.939\ 19.812\ 22.362\ 24.736\ 27.688\ 29.819\ 34.528$  $14\ 14.685\ 15.680\ 17.117\ 18.151\ 20.166\ 21.064\ 23.685\ 26.119\ 29.141\ 31.319\ 36.123$  $15\ 15.733\ 16.761\ 18.245\ 19.311\ 21.384\ 22.307\ 24.996\ 27.488\ 30.578\ 32.801\ 37.697$  $16\ 16.780\ 17.840\ 19.369\ 20.465\ 22.595\ 23.542\ 26.296\ 28.845\ 32.000\ 34.267\ 39.252$  $17\ 17.824\ 18.917\ 20.489\ 21.615\ 23.799\ 24.769\ 27.587\ 30.191\ 33.409\ 35.718\ 40.790$  $18\ 18.868\ 19.991\ 21.605\ 22.760\ 24.997\ 25.989\ 28.869\ 31.526\ 34.805\ 37.156\ 42.312$  $19\ 19.910\ 21.063\ 22.718\ 23.900\ 26.189\ 27.204\ 30.144\ 32.852\ 36.191\ 38.582\ 43.820$  $20\ 20.951\ 22.133\ 23.828\ 25.038\ 27.376\ 28.412\ 31.410\ 34.170\ 37.566\ 39.997\ 45.315$  $21\ 21.991\ 23.201\ 24.935\ 26.171\ 28.559\ 29.615\ 32.671\ 35.479\ 38.932\ 41.401\ 46.797$  $22\ 23.031\ 24.268\ 26.039\ 27.301\ 29.737\ 30.813\ 33.924\ 36.781\ 40.289\ 42.796\ 48.268$  $23\ 24.069\ 25.333\ 27.141\ 28.429\ 30.911\ 32.007\ 35.172\ 38.076\ 41.638\ 44.181\ 49.728$  $24\ 25.106\ 26.397\ 28.241\ 29.553\ 32.081\ 33.196\ 36.415\ 39.364\ 42.980\ 45.559\ 51.179$  $25\ 26.143\ 27.459\ 29.339\ 30.675\ 33.247\ 34.382\ 37.652\ 40.646\ 44.314\ 46.928\ 52.620$  $26\ 27.179\ 28.520\ 30.435\ 31.795\ 34.410\ 35.563\ 38.885\ 41.923\ 45.642\ 48.290\ 54.052$  $27\ 28.214\ 29.580\ 31.528\ 32.912\ 35.570\ 36.741\ 40.113\ 43.195\ 46.963\ 49.645\ 55.476$  $28\ 29.249\ 30.639\ 32.620\ 34.027\ 36.727\ 37.916\ 41.337\ 44.461\ 48.278\ 50.993\ 56.892$  $29\ 30.283\ 31.697\ 33.711\ 35.139\ 37.881\ 39.087\ 42.557\ 45.722\ 49.588\ 52.336\ 58.301$  $30\ 31.316\ 32.754\ 34.800\ 36.250\ 39.033\ 40.256\ 43.773\ 46.979\ 50.892\ 53.672\ 59.703$  $35\ 36.475\ 38.024\ 40.223\ 41.778\ 44.753\ 46.059\ 49.802\ 53.203\ 57.342\ 60.275\ 66.619$  $40\ 41.622\ 43.275\ 45.616\ 47.269\ 50.424\ 51.805\ 55.758\ 59.342\ 63.691\ 66.766\ 73.402$  $45\ 46.761\ 48.510\ 50.985\ 52.729\ 56.052\ 57.505\ 61.656\ 65.410\ 69.957\ 73.166\ 80.077$  $50\ 51.892\ 53.733\ 56.334\ 58.164\ 61.647\ 63.167\ 67.505\ 71.420\ 76.154\ 79.490\ 86.661$  $55\ 57.016\ 58.945\ 61.665\ 63.577\ 67.211\ 68.796\ 73.311\ 77.380\ 82.292\ 85.749\ 93.168$ 

 $60\ 62.135\ 64.147\ 66.981\ 68.972\ 72.751\ 74.397\ 79.082\ 83.298\ 88.379\ 91.952\ 99.607$