

# Homework 33

The **due date** for this homework is **Tue 7 May 2013 12:00 AM EDT**.

## Question 1

Let  $D$  be the region bounded by the curve  $y = x^3$ , the  $x$ -axis, the line  $x = 0$  and the line  $x = 2$ . Find the volume of the region obtained by revolving  $D$  about the  $x$ -axis.

- ☐  $2\pi$
- ☐  $4\pi$
- ☐ None of these
- ☐  $\frac{64}{3}\pi$
- ☐  $\frac{64}{7}\pi$
- ☐  $\frac{128}{7}\pi$

## Question 2

Let  $D$  be the region from Question 1. What is the volume of the region formed by rotating  $D$  about the line  $x = 3$ ?

- ☐  $48\pi$
- ☐  $24\pi$
- ☐  $\frac{56}{5}\pi$
- ☐  $\frac{264}{5}\pi$

- ☐  $\frac{184}{3} \pi$
- ☐  $\frac{216}{5} \pi$

### Question 3

Let  $R$  be the region between the curve  $y = -(x - 2)^2 + 1$  and the  $x$ -axis. Find the volume of the region obtained by revolving  $R$  about the  $y$ -axis.

- ☐  $\frac{52}{3} \pi$
- ☐  $\frac{16}{3} \pi$
- ☐  $\frac{4}{5} \pi$
- ☐  $8\pi^2$
- ☐  $\frac{32}{5} \pi$
- ☐  $\frac{16}{3} \pi^2$

### Question 4

Find the volume obtained by revolving the region between the curves  $y = x^3$  and  $y = \sqrt[3]{x}$  in the first quadrant about the  $x$ -axis.

- ☐  $\frac{26}{35} \pi$
- ☐  $\frac{9}{35} \pi$
- ☐  $\frac{1}{11} \pi$
- ☐  $\frac{32}{35} \pi$

- ☐  $\frac{8}{35} \pi$
- ☐  $\frac{16}{35} \pi$

## Question 5

Let  $D$  be the region under the curve  $y = \ln \sqrt{x}$  and above the  $x$ -axis from  $x = 1$  to  $x = e$ . Find the volume of the region obtained by revolving  $D$  about the  $x$ -axis.

- ☐  $\frac{\pi(e-1)}{2}$
- ☐  $\pi(e-2)$
- ☐  $\frac{\pi(e-1)}{4}$
- ☐  $\pi(e-1)$
- ☐  $\frac{\pi(e-2)}{2}$
- ☐  $\frac{\pi(e-2)}{4}$

## Question 6

Let  $D$  be the region bounded by the graph of  $y = 1 - x^4$ , the  $x$ -axis and the  $y$ -axis. Which of the following integrals can be used to compute the volume of the region obtained by revolving  $D$  around the line  $x = 5$ ?

- ☐  $\int_{x=0}^1 \pi(1-x^4)^2 dx$
- ☐  $\int_{y=1}^1 5\pi y \sqrt[3]{y-1} dy$

- ☐  $\int_{x=0}^1 2\pi(5-x)(5-x^4) dx$
- ☐  $\int_{x=0}^1 2\pi x(x^4-5) dx$
- ☐  $\int_{x=0}^1 2\pi(5-x)(1-x^4) dx$
- ☐  $\int_{x=0}^1 \pi x^2(1-x^4) dx$

☐ In accordance with the Honor Code, I certify that my answers here are my own work.

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