Homework 1

The due date for this homework is Tue 7 May 2013 12:00 AM EDT.

Question 1

Which of the following intervals are contained in the domain of the function

$$\sqrt{2x-x^3}$$
 ?

- $[-\sqrt{2},0]$
- $[\sqrt{2},+\infty)$
- $[-\infty,-\sqrt{2}]$
- $[0,\sqrt{2}]$

Question 2

Which of the following intervals are contained in the domain of the function

$$\frac{x-3}{x^2-4}\ln x?$$

- (0,2)
- $(-\infty, -2)$
- $(2,+\infty)$
- (-2,0)

Question 3

What is the domain of the function $\ln \sin x$?

_ The union of all intervals of the form $\left(n\pi,(n+1)\pi\right)$ for n an even integer.

- $_{igoplus}$ The union of all intervals of the form $igl[n\pi,(n+1)\piigr]$ for n an even integer.
- $_{igoplus}$ The union of all intervals of the form $ig(n\pi,(n+1)\piig)$ for n an odd integer.
- $_{ extstyle \odot}$ The union of all intervals of the form $\left[n\pi,(n+1)\pi
 ight]$ for n an odd integer.

Question 4

What is the domain of the function $\arcsin \frac{x-2}{3}$?

- [-2,2]
- $\mathbb{R}=(-\infty,+\infty)$
- [-2,3]
- [-1,5]
- $[2-3\pi,2+3\pi]$

Question 5

What is the range of the function $-x^2+1$?

- $(-\infty,1]$.
- [0,1].
- $[1,+\infty)$.
- $(-\infty,0]$
- $\mathbb{R}=(-\infty,+\infty)$
- $[0,+\infty)$

Question 6

What is the range of the function $\ln(1+x^2)$?

- $(-\infty,0]$
- $(-\infty,1]$
- $\mathbb{R}=(-\infty,+\infty)$
- $[-1,+\infty)$
- $[1,+\infty)$
- $[0,+\infty)$

Question 7

What is the range of the function $\arctan \cos x$?

- $[0,+\infty)$
- $(-\infty,0]$
- $\mathbb{R}=(-\infty,+\infty)$
- $[-\pi,\pi]$
- $\left[-\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{4}\right]$

Question 8

If $f(x)=4x^3+1$ and $g(x)=\sqrt{x+3}$, compute $(f\circ g)(x)$ and $(g\circ f)(x)$.

- $(f \circ g)(x) = (g \circ f)(x) = (4x^3 + 1)\sqrt{x+3}$
- $(f\circ g)(x)=4{(x+3)}^{3/2}+1$ and $(g\circ f)(x)=2\sqrt{x^3+1}$
- $(f\circ g)(x)=(g\circ f)(x)=4x^3+1+\sqrt{x+3}$
- \bigcirc $(f\circ g)(x)=2\sqrt{x^3+1}$ and $(g\circ f)(x)=4(x+3)^{3/2}+1$

Question 9

Let $f(x) = \left(x+2\right)^{-1}$. Determine $f\circ f$.

$$(f \circ f)(x) = \frac{2x+5}{x+2}$$

$$(f \circ f)(x) = 1$$

$$(f\circ f)(x)=x+2$$

$$(f\circ f)(x)=\frac{1}{\left(x+2\right)^2}$$

$$(f \circ f)(x) = \frac{x+2}{2x+5}$$

$$(f \circ f)(x) = \frac{2}{x+2}$$

Question 10

What is the inverse of the function $f(x)=e^{2x}$?

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} f^{-1}(x) = \ln \sqrt{x}$$

$$_{\bigcirc}$$
 The exponential functions is its own inverse, so $f^{-1}(x)=e^{2x}$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \ln x^2$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{1}{e^{2x}}$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{1}{2} \ln x.$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \log_2 x.$$

Question 11

What is the inverse of the function $f(x) = \sin x^2$?

$$f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt{\csc x}$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{1}{2}\arcsin x$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \arcsin\frac{x}{2}$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt{\arcsin x}$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \arcsin\sqrt{x}$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{1}{\sin x^2}$$

Question 12

What is the inverse of the function $f(x) = \arctan(\ln 3x)$?

$$\int f^{-1}(x)= an e^{x/3}$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = e^{(\tan x)/3}$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{1}{3} \tan e^x$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{1}{3} e^{\tan x}$$

$$\int_{0}^{-1} f^{-1}(x) = \frac{1}{\arctan(\ln 3x)}$$

In accordance with the Honor Code, I certify that my answers here are my own work.

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