

# DSP Exercises: Spectra

The **due date** for this homework is **Sun 14 Apr 2013 8:00 PM EDT**.

## Question 1

What is the DTFT (discrete-time Fourier transform) of the signal

$$\delta(n - 1) + \delta(n - 7)?$$

Type your answer as an expression involving complex exponentials.

Preview

## Question 2

What is the **length-8** DFT of the signal  $\delta(n - 1) + \delta(n - 7)$ ?

Type your answer as an expression involving complex exponentials and  $k$ .

Preview

## Question 3

A colleague wants to check the answer provided for the length-8 DFT of the signal  $\delta(n - 1) + \delta(n - 7)$ . She computes the inverse DFT of the answer and obtains  $\delta(n - 1) + \delta(n + 1)$ . She checks her calculations and finds nothing wrong. Did she find the inverse DFT correctly?

- ☐  $\delta(n - 1) + \delta(n - 7)$  and  $\delta(n - 1) + \delta(n + 1)$  are the same signals once they are made periodic. She is correct.
- ☐  $\delta(n - 1) + \delta(n - 7)$  and  $\delta(n - 1) + \delta(n + 1)$  are different signals. She made a mistake.
- ☐ She must have used the wrong formula for the DFT.

## Question 4

You have been asked to grade answers for the DTFT of a variety of signals for a *large* number of students. *Without knowing what the signal was in each case*, which of the following answers **cannot** be correct?

Check **all** that cannot possibly be right.

- ☐  $\frac{1}{a + j\pi f}$
- ☐  $\cos(2\pi fT)$
- ☐  $e^{-j2\pi^2 f}$
- ☐  $\frac{\sin 2\pi f}{\pi f}$
- ☐  $\frac{\sin 2\pi f}{\sin \pi f}$
- ☐  $e^{-j\pi f} \frac{\sin 2\pi f}{\sin \pi f}$

## Question 5

In computing the spectrogram, we need to “window” the signal. A typical window is the Hanning window, which corresponds to one cycle of a sinusoid over the window's duration. Taking  $N$  to be the duration and the signal is defined for  $n = 0, \dots, N - 1$ , what is the formula for the Hanning window?

- ☐  $\frac{1}{2} \left( 1 - \cos \frac{2\pi n}{N} \right)$

- ☐  $\sin \frac{2\pi n}{N}$
- ☐  $\frac{1}{2} \left( 1 + \sin \frac{2\pi n}{N} \right)$
- ☐  $\frac{1}{2} \left( 1 + \cos \frac{2\pi n}{N} \right)$

## Question 6

My boss wants me to calculate the spectrum of a length 1024 signal. When I finally receive the data, I discover it is 8 times longer than he says (the length is actually 8192).

If I use the DFT, how much longer will it take to calculate spectrum than to calculate the spectrum of the length 1024 signal?

- ☐ About 8 milliseconds longer.
- ☐ The additional time depends on the speed of my compute.
- ☐ 64 times the original time.
- ☐ 8 times the original time.

## Question 7

My boss wants me to calculate the spectrum of a length 1024 signal. When I finally receive the data, I discover it is 8 times longer than he says (the length is actually 8192).

If I use the FFT, how much longer will the calculation take?

- ☐ It will take the same amount of time since the FFT is so efficient.
- ☐ A little more than 8 times longer.
- ☐ A factor of 64 times longer.
- ☐ Depends on how fast my computer is.

☐ In accordance with the Honor Code, I certify that my answers here are my own work.

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