

## WasteClassification.c

```
#include <Servo.h>

// Pin definitions  const int trigPin = 2; // Trigger pin for
ultrasonic sensor  const int echoPin = 3;    // Echo pin for
ultrasonic sensor  const int irSensorPin = 4; // Input pin for
IR sensor  const int ledPin = 9;    // Pin for LED  const int
buzzerPin = 10; // Pin for buzzer  const int servoPin = 6;

// Pin for servo motor

Servo myServo;

void setup() {

Serial.begin(9600);    // Start serial communication

myServo.attach(servoPin); // Attach the servo to the pin

pinMode(ledPin, OUTPUT); // Set LED pin as output

pinMode(buzzerPin, OUTPUT); // Set Buzzer pin as output

pinMode(trigPin, OUTPUT); // Set trigger pin as output

pinMode(echoPin, INPUT); // Set echo pin as input

pinMode(irSensorPin, INPUT); // Set IR sensor pin as input

}
```

```

void loop() {    if (Serial.available() > 0) {        int classification =

Serial.read() - '0'; // Read the classification from PC


        // Take action based on the classification result

if (classification == 1) {    myServo.write(90); // Move
to a specific position    digitalWrite(ledPin, HIGH); //
Turn on LED    tone(buzzerPin, 1000); // Activate
buzzer        } else if (classification == 2) {
myServo.write(0); // Move to another position
digitalWrite(ledPin, LOW); // Turn off LED
noTone(buzzerPin); // Deactivate buzzer

        } else {

myServo.write(0); // Default position    digitalWrite(ledPin,
LOW); // Turn off LED    noTone(buzzerPin); // Deactivate
buzzer

        }
    }

    // Ultrasonic sensor measurement

    long duration, distance;


    digitalWrite(trigPin, LOW); // Set trigger pin low

    delayMicroseconds(2);    digitalWrite(trigPin, HIGH); // Set

```

```

trigger pin high  delayMicroseconds(10);    // Keep high for 10
microseconds  digitalWrite(trigPin, LOW); // Set trigger pin low

    duration = pulseIn(echoPin, HIGH); // Read the echo pin    distance
= (duration * 0.034) / 2; // Convert to distance in cm

    // Check IR sensor    if (digitalRead(irSensorPin) ==
HIGH) {        // If an object is detected by the IR sensor
myServo.write(180); // Move servo to another position
digitalWrite(ledPin, HIGH); // Turn on LED
tone(buzzerPin, 750); // Activate buzzer  delay(1000); //
Delay for 1 second

    } else {
        // No object detected by IR  myServo.write(0); //
Move servo to default position  digitalWrite(ledPin,
LOW); // Turn off LED  noTone(buzzerPin); //
Deactivate buzzer

    }

    delay(100); // Delay for stability

}

```

### **WasteClassification.py**

```

import cv2  import

```

```
numpy as np import
```

```
tensorflow as tf
```

```
# Load pre-trained model model =
```

```
tf.keras.models.load_model('path_to_your_model.h5')
```

```
def process_image(image_path): # Load and preprocess image img
```

```
= cv2.imread(image_path) img = cv2.resize(img, (224, 224)) # Resize
```

```
to fit the model input size img = img.astype('float32') / 255 # Normalize
```

```
img = np.expand_dims(img, axis=0) # Add batch dimension return
```

```
img
```

```
def classify_image(image_path): img = process_image(image_path) prediction
```

```
= model.predict(img) class_index = np.argmax(prediction) # Get the index of the
```

```
highest probability return class_index
```

```
# Assuming you have a way to get the image from the camera
```

```
image_path = 'path_to_your_captured_image.jpg' class_index =
```

```
classify_image(image_path)
```

```
# Send classification result to Arduino via USB import serial
```

```
arduino = serial.Serial('COM3', 9600) # Adjust 'COM3' as needed
```

```
arduino.write(str(class  
_index).encode())
```