Introduction to Probability, Statistics and Data Handling	Conditional Probability, Bayes' Theorem
Tutorial 2	

Subjects for discussion:

- 1. What is *conditional probability*? How would you calculate the probability of the event knowing all the outcomes it consists of?
- 2. How can you test if events are *independent*?
- 3. What is the difference between the *prior* and *posterior probability*?

Problem Set 2:

- 1. In a factory four machines produce the same product. Machine A produces 10% of the output, but 0.1% of them may be defective, machine B 20% of the output with 0.05% of defects, machine C 30% with 0.5% with problems, machine D 40% with 0.2% defective. An item selected at random is found to be defective. What is the probability that it was produced by factory A? B? C? D?
- 2. Are students more likely to smoke when theirs parents smoke? The smoking habits among students and parents is shown in the Table. The "smoke" in case of a student means that she/he smokes, even occasionally, whereas in case of parents means, that at least one parent smokes.
 - a) If at least one parent smoked, what is the chance their child (student) smokes?

Students	Parents	
Students	smoked	not
smoke	125	94
not	85	141

- b) A student is randomly selected from the study and she/he does not smoke. What is the probability that at least one of her parents smoked?
- 3. One of the Covid-19 tests correctly identifies 70% of those with COVID-19 (sensitivity) and 95% of those without COVID-19 (specificity). What is the meaning of: **false negative, false positive, true negative, true positive?** Calculate the absolute number of such results if you test 100 people, and among them: a) 10 really have C-19, b) 80 has C19. If we tested a random person using this test and the test came back positive, that is, the test suggested the patient has C-19, what is the probability that a person has C-19? How would the probability change if this patient repeats the test? (adapted from: https://www.weforum.org/agenda/2020/04/coronavirus-covid19-tests-pandemic-virus-antibodies-swab-blood)