## Introduction to Probability, Statistics and Data Handling Tutorial 4 Joint distribution

1. Let X be random variable with distribution in the table. Random variable  $Y = X^2$ . Are X and Y dependent? Calculate covariance between X and Y.

X	-1	0	1
р	1/3	1/3	1/3

- 2. Lets throw two symmetric dice. Let *X* be the number of 6s we get, and *Y* the number of 1s. Find:
  - a) Joint distribution of random variables (X, Y) and random variables X and Y. Are they independent?
  - b) correlation between *X* and *Y*,
  - c) Distribution of X + 2Y.
- 3. In the table below, the number of the people (per 100 000 population, per year) that smoked cigarettes and had lungs cancer is presented. The random variable **X** is one (not smoking) or zero (smoking) and variable **Y** is 1 (healthy) and 0 (ill).

What are the joint distribution and marginal functions? Calculate:

	smoking	not smok- ing
ill	80	8
not ill	44920	54992

- a) the probability that if a person is ill it was caused by cigarettes,
- b) is he/she smokes that has lungs cancer,
- c) correlation between X and Y,
- d) probability that the smoking person will have cancer in: i) five, i) fifty years.
- 4. A RV *X* has a mean value E(X) and variance V(X). Determine the expected value and variance of a new random variable  $Z = \frac{X E(X)}{\sigma}$
- 5. Let *X* and *Y* be jointly continuous random variable with joint pdf:

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = \begin{cases} 6e^{-(2x+3y)}, & x,y > 0\\ 0, & otherwise \end{cases}$$

- a) Are *X* and *Y* idependent?
- b) Calculate the correlation between *X* and *Y*.
- c) Find marginal distribution of X and Y.
- d) Find P(X > 2) and P(Y < 1).