Event Mention Detection Scoring

September 28, 2014 Language Technologies Institute Carnegie Mellon University

1 Overall workflow

We show an overall workflow of evaluation for event mention detection in Figure 1.

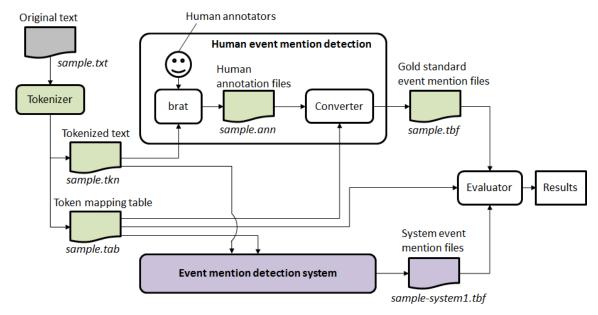


Figure 1: An overall workflow of evaluation for event mention detection.

For each text file, we first tokenize text. The tokenized text is the same input for human annotators and event mention detection systems. Given the tokenized text, human annotators use the **brat** rapid annotation tool¹ to create a gold standard annotation file. We convert the brat annotation file to our evaluation file format. An event mention detection system is given two files as input: (1) the tokenized text and (2) a token mapping table. The latter specifies token ID for every token. The ID information is used in the output of the system. Let us refer to the output of the system as a system event mention file. We require a system event mention file to be given in the same file format as the gold standard file. The evaluator (scorer) takes the gold standard file and a system event mention file as input, and compares them to give a score for the system.

As shown in Figure 1, we carry out tokenization in our evaluation mechanism. We call it **pre-tokenization** since it is done before evaluation. The reasons for pre-

¹ http://brat.nlplab.org/

tokenization are two-fold. First, modern language technologies on English are normally based on tokens. Mostly, a token is the smallest unit to be used by a complex natural language processing system. Specifically in the case of event mention detection, if we do not incorporate tokens in evaluation at all, then a system's gaining or missing one correct token ends up with different scores according to the length of the token (i.e., the number of characters in the token). This is unfair from the perspective of evaluation. Therefore, it is necessary to evaluate the performance of event mention detection in terms of tokens.

Second, a modern English tokenizer is basically reliable enough to help human annotators correct (or rethink at least) their event mention annotation, particularly in the relatively unstable process of their creating the gold standard together. This is not only about trivial annotation errors (e.g., misselection of a span with extra whitespace in their web browser) but also about linguistically questionable event mentions.

2 Evaluation

Input of Scorer:

- 1. Gold standard annotation for documents, in format (one line per mention), all annotations are contained in one file only.
- 2. System output annotation for documents submitted by participants, in format (one line per mention), all annotations are contained in one file only.
- 3. Tokenization files associated with each document, "tab" extension is appended to the file extension of its corresponding source filename.

Output of Scorer:

- 1. System output annotation as item 2 in Input, with addition of a mention detection score, realis status detection and mention type detection score for each mention appended to each line.
 - 2. Overall performance report for system, as described in "Scoring" section.

Evaluation Script Options:

Please follow the README and help information in the script distribution

2.1 Formats

2.1.1 Tokenization file format

LDC will provide tokenized mapping files along with the tokenization files (tkn). We will use tab-delimited mapping files for evaluation purpose. These files map the tokens to their offsets* in the tokenized files. "tab" is appended to the file extension of its corresponding source filename. A mapping table contains 4 columns for each row, and the rows contain an ordered listing of the document's tokens. The columns are:

- token_id: A string of "t" followed by a token-number beginning at 0
- token str: The literal string of a given-token
- tkn_begin: Index of the token's first character in the tkn file

- tkn end: Index of the token's last character in the tkn file
- * Offsets are character offsets where the first character is 0

2.1.2 System and gold standard annotation file format:

- 1. All event mention annotations for all documents in the corpus are written into one single file
- 2. A header will indicate the start of a new document
 - a. Header := #BeginOfDocument<s><doc ID>
- 3. A footer will indicate the end of a document
 - a. Footer := #EndOfDocument
- 4. Different event mentions should not include the same token

The event mentions file is a tab-separated file. To be specific, for each mention line, we follow the following format.

2.1.3 Definition of event mention format (one per line):

event-mention := <system ID><TAB><doc ID><TAB><mention ID><TAB><token ID list><TAB><mention><TAB><event-type><TAB><realis status><TAB><score1><TAB> <score2><TAB><score3>

Explanation:

<system ID> := the name of the system

<doc ID> := the ID of the input document

<mention ID> := the ID of the mention, which should uniquely identify the mention
within the current document

<token ID list> := list of IDs for the token(s) of the current mention, in ascending order, separated by commas (,) . Each ID is a string of "t" followed by a token-number beginning at 0, the same as how they appear in the tokenization files

<mention> := the actual character string of the mention

<event-type> := the ACE hierarchy type

<realis status> := the REALIS label

<score1> := any score (confidence, etc.) the system wants to assign (ignored)

<score2> := score assigned in the evaluation

<score3> := additional possible score assigned by human

<TAB> := tab character

Example:

system1 0f03cc5a508d630c6c8c8c61396e31a9 E6 t96 talking Contact Meet Other 1

3 Scoring

3.1 Scoring for one document

We denote a gold standard mention with G, and a system mention with G. Overlap(G,S) is a token-based G-score function of G and G-standard returns a score

between 0 and 1 (see the OVERLAP subroutine in the Pseudo-code (Appendix 1) for details). All invisible words are already removed from G and S (see **Note 1**).

3.1.1 Create a mapping

To perform scoring for a document, system mentions are mapped to gold standard mentions based on the Overlap score. A system mention is always mapped to one and only one gold standard mention with which the system mention will have the highest overlap score. However, one gold standard mention can be mapped to multiple system mentions.

3.1.2 Scoring mention detection

To score mention detection, a mention-based F1 score is computed in the following way:

- 1. For each gold standard mention G_i , recall that G_i can be mapped to multiple system mentions, we only choose one system mention S_j that maximize $Overlap(G_i, S_j)$, and denote $TP_i = \max Overlap(G_i, S_j)$. Let J be a set that contains all such system mentions S_i across the whole document.
- 2. True Positive = $\sum_i TP_i$
- 3. False Positive = #System Mention | *J* |
- 4. Precision = True Positive / (True Positive + False Positive)
- 5. Recall = True Positive / #Gold Mention
- 6. F1 = H (Precision, Recall), where H is the harmonic average function

3.1.3 Scoring realis status and mention type detection

To score realis status and mention type detection, we use the same mapping:

- 1. For each gold standard mention G_i , we count the number of system mentions S_i that are mapped to it as N_i ,
- 2. We use X_i _realis and X_i _mention to define the realis status and mention type of mention X_i respectively.
- 3. Initialize with realis_score = 0; mention_score = 0
- 4. If G_i _realis = S_j _realis , realis_score = realis_score + $1/N_i$;
- 5. Similarly, if G_i _mention = S_j _mention , mention_score = mention_score + $1/N_i$;
- 6. realis detection accuracy = realis score / #GoldStandardMentions
- 7. type_detection_accuracy = mention_score / #GoldStandardMentions

Note 1: Invisible words are ignored in scoring. They include: determiners {the, a, an}, pronouns {I, you, he, she, we, my, your, her, our}, relative pronouns {who, what, where, when}.

Note that "it" and "that" and pronouns including {his, ours, mine, yours, ours, they} are not included in the invisibles list because they can occasionally be resolved as nominal event mentions.

Examples:

Rule 1: do not accept prepositions but include particles

- [look] up a chimney vs. [look up] a dictionary
- [climb] up the ladder
- [take responsibility for]
- sing [all the way] to school
- [go] to school

Rule 2: consider the maximum extent of an event mention, but don't worry about determiners (they are invisible)

- [takes a shower] ==> it is okay for annotators to include "a" in their annotation; we ignore "a" for evaluation
- [make a quick decision] ==> it is okay for annotators to annotate the whole phrase; we ignore "a" and include "quick" in the evaluation

3.2 Summarization score

After all documents are scored, we also report scores that give a summary of performance over the whole corpus by taking the average across documents. We use the standard Micro and Macro average definition, as listed below:

Macro Average Scores (numerical average over the document scores):

Precision_macro = sum of all Precision / #document

Recall macro = sum of all Recall / #document

F1_macro = 2* Precision_macro * Recall_macro / (Precision_macro + Recall_macro)
Type_detection_accuracy_macro = sum of all type_detection_accuracy / #document
Realis_detection_accuracy_macro = sum of all realis_detection_accuracy / #document

Micro Average Scores (sum of the individual true positives, false positives, and false negatives of each mention to calculate the overall F-Score)

Precision_micro = (sum of TP on all docs)/ (sum of TP on all docs + sum of FP on all docs)

Recall_micro = (sum of TP on all docs) / (total number of gold standard mention in all docs)

F1_micro = 2* Precision_micro * Recall_micro / (Precision_micro + Recall_micro)
Type_detection_accuracy_micro = sum of num_type_correct / (total number of gold standard mention in all docs)

Realis_detection_accuracy_micro = sum of realis_detection_score / (total number of gold standard mention in all docs)

Appendix 1: Pseudo-code for scoring one document:

Initialize mappingScores as an empty list.

```
#STEP 1: Compute overlap scores for each pair of Gold/System Mention
```

```
FOR each system mention S := \{S \text{ mid}, S \text{ tokens}, S \text{ realis}, S \text{ type} \} (one per line)
 Let S mid := mention id of S
 Let S tokens := token IDs associated with S
 Let S_tokens := S_tokens - {token IDs of invisible words} #See NOTE 1
 Let S realis := realis status of S
 Let S_type := mention type of S
 FOR each gold mention G:= {G_mid, G_tokens, G_realis, G_type}
  Let G mid := mention id of G
  Let G tokens := token IDs associated with G
  Let G_tokens := G_tokens - {token IDs of invisible words}
  Let G realis := realis status of G
  Let G type := mention type of G
  Let overlap := OVERLAP(S tokens, G tokens)
  IF overlap > 0
     mappingScores := mappingScores + (G, S, overlap)
  END IF
 END FOR
END FOR
#STEP2: After calculating all pairs, we find the best mapping between System
#Mentions and Gold Standard Mentions
Sort mappingScores based on overlap
Initialize Mapping as an empty list to hold mapping records
WHILE mappingScores != {}:
 (G, S, overlap) = mappingScores.pop() #get the item with the highest overlap
 #if G and S have not been mapped, it means there are no better overlaps
 IF G has not been mapped and S has not been mapped
       THEN Mapping := Mapping + {G,S, overlap}
 ELSE IF G has been mapped but S has not been mapped
       THEN Find the record in Mapping that contains G, append S to record
 END IF
END WHILE
```

```
#Append system score to the gold standard file
FOR each gold mention G:
      Score := Mapping[G].overlap
      append Score to the end of the line of G_mid in Gold Standard, in
      position <score2>
END FOR
#STEP3.1: Compute document level errors and corrects on mention detection
TP := 0
FOR EACH System Mention S
IF S is contained in Mapping
  TP := TP + Mapping[S].overlap
ELSE
  FP := FP + 1
END IF
END FOR
#STEP3.2: Compute document level precision, recall for mention detection:
Precision := TP / (TP+FP)
Recall := TP / #GoldStandardMentions
F1 Score := 2*Precision*Recall/(Precision+Recall)
#STEP3.3: Compute mention and realis type detection score:
type_correct_score := 0
realis_correct_score := 0
FOR EACH LINE (G,{S}, overlap) in Mapping
    Mapping_num:= |{S}|
   Single_score := 1/ Mapping_num
   FOR EACH LINE S in {S}
     IF G type == S type
        type_correct_score := type_correct_score + Single_score
      END IF
     IF G realis == S realis
        realis correct score := realis correct score + Single score
     END IF
   END FOR
END FOR
Type_detection_accuracy := type_correct_score / #GoldStandardMentions
Realis_detection_accuracy:= realis_correct_score / #GoldStandardMentions
# Return and report the following measures for this document:
Measures for this doc = {TP, FP, type correct score, realis correct score, Precision,
Recall, F1 Score, Type detection accuracy, Realis detection accuracy }
```

Subroutine OVERLAP(G,S):

```
IF G == S, THEN score := 1.0

IF G \land S == \{\}, THEN score := 0.0

ELSE precision\_m := (|S \land G|)/|S|
recall\_m := (|S \land G|)/|G|
score := 2*precision\_m*recall\_m / (precision\_m + recall\_m)
RETURN score
End Subroutine
```

Appendix 2: Example of scoring computation:

Sample System output:

System	Doc Id	Event	Token	Mention	Event Type	Realis	System
Id		Mention	Id List	Text		Status	Confidence
		Id					
sue	sample	E1	t17	advice	Communicate	Other	1
sue	sample	E2	t19	reassurance	Communicate	Other	1
sue	sample	E3	t33	came	Transport-	Actual	1
					Person		
sue	sample	E4	t52	going	Transport-	Actual	1
	_				Person		

Gold annotations:

System	Doc Id	Event	Token Id	Mention	Event Type	Realis	System
Id		Mention	List	Text		Status	Confidence
		Id					
gold	sample	E1	t52	going	Transport-	Actual	1
					Person		
gold	sample	E2	t33	came	Transport-	Actual	1
					Person		
gold	sample	E3	t87	got	Transport-	Actual	1
					Person		
gold	sample	E4	t14,t17,t18,	offer advice	Communicate	Other	1
			t19	or			
				reassurance			

In the following tables, the "Event Type" and "Realis Status" are omitted for clarity

STEP 1: Compute overlap scores for each pair of Gold/System Mention

There are no invisible words, so no removal is done

Compute the "mappingScore" table as followed:

Gold Mention	System Mention	Overlap		
(E1, [52])	(E4, [52])	1		
(E2, [33])	(E3, [33])	1		
(E4, [14,17,18,19])	(E1, [17])	2/5 (See #)		
(E4, [14,17,18,19])	(E2, [19])	2/5 (Same as above)		

Example calculation of overlap:

 $Prec(G_E4,S_E1) = (|E1 ^ E4|) / |E1| = 1/1 = 1;$

Recall(G_E4,S_E1) =
$$(|E1 ^ E4|) / |E4| = \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$$
;

Overlap(G_E4,S_E1) = 2 * Prec(G_E4,S_E1) * Recall(G_E4,S_E1) / (Prec(G_E4,S_E1) + Recall(G_E4,S_E1)) = 2 * 1 *
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 / (1 + $\frac{1}{4}$) = 2/5

STEP2: After the calculation of all pairs, we can find the best mapping between System Mention and Gold Standard Mentions

Sort the "mappingScore" table based on overlap (ties are currently broken on their appearance in the data):

Gold Mention	System Mention	Overlap
(E1, [52])	(E4, [52])	1
(E2, [33])	(E3, [33])	1
(E4, [14,17,18,19])	(E1, [17])	2/5
(E4, [14,17,18,19])	(E2, [19])	2/5

We select mappings from the table above from top to bottom:

- 1. In row1, Select Gold, E1 to map to System, E4, we also record the overlap score = 1
- 2. In row2, Select Gold, E2 to map to System, E3, we also record the overlap score = 1
- 3. In row3, Select Gold, E4 to map to System, E1, we record the overlap score = 2/5
- 4. In row4, Select Gold, E4 to map to System, E2, since Gold E4 has already been mapped to a mention System E1, we do not record an overlap score, but we record the system mention here so we know that E4 is mapped to 2 system mention

We have the following mapping table (mappingScore table):

Gold Mention	System Mention	Overlap
(E1, [52])	(E4, [52])	1
(E2, [33])	(E3, [33])	1
(E4, [14,17,18,19])	(E1, [17]), (E2,[19])	2/5

STEP3.1: Compute document level errors and corrects

TP is the sum of the overlap in the mappingScore table:

$$TP = 1 + 1 + 2/5 = 2.4$$

S{E2} is not contained in the mappingScore table, so

$$FP = 1$$

STEP3.2: Compute document level precision, recall:

Precision := TP / (TP+FP) = 2.4 / (2.4+1) = 0.7059Recall := TP / #GoldStandardMentions = 2.25/4 = 0.6F1 := 2*Precision*Recall/ (Precision+Recall) = 2*0.7059*0.6/ (0.7059+0.6) = 0.6487

STEP3.3: Compute mention type and realis status detection score:

For each row in the mapping table, we check whether the system mention(s) has/have the same realis status and mention type as the gold mention.

 $G_E1 - S_E4$ and $G_E2 - S_E3$ are both one-to-one mappings, so N = 1. Both mention types and realis status are correct, giving type_score = 2, realis_score = 2.

G_E4 is mapped to 2 mentions {S_E1, S_E2}, so N = 2. Both mention types and realis status are correct, giving type_score = $\frac{1}{2}$ + $\frac{1}{2}$ = 1, realis_score = $\frac{1}{2}$ + $\frac{1}{2}$ = 1.

The sum of type score is 2 + 1 = 3, and the total realis score 2+1 = 3. This gives the accuracy as:

Type_detection_accuracy := 3 / #GoldStandardMentions = 0.75 Realis_detection_accuracy:= 3 / #GoldStandardMentions = 0.75

Final Output:

Output1: The score appended gold standard file will be like the following

System	Doc Id	Event	Token Id	Mention	Event	Realis	System	Sue
Id		Mention	List	Text	Туре	Status	Confid	Mention
		Id					ence	score
gold	sample	E1	t52	going	Transport-	Actual	1	1
					Person			
gold	sample	E2	t33	came	Transport-	Actual	1	1
					Person			
gold	sample	E3	t87	got	Transport-	Actual	1	-
					Person			
gold	sample	E4	t14,t17,t1	offer	Communic	Other	1	0.4
			8,t19	advice or	ate			
				reassuran				
				ce				

Output2: Individual document performance and averaged performance

We only take one document as example, which make the micro and macro measures to be the same.

TP FP #Gold Prec Recall F1 Type Realis Doc Id
2.40 1.00 4 0.7059 0.6000 0.6486 0.7500 0.7500 1b268b27094ba9c5feb11192dad940ab

=======Final Results=======

Precision (Micro Average): 0.7059

Recall (Micro Average): 0.6000

F1 (Micro Average): 0.6486

Mention type detection accuracy (Micro Average): 0.7500

Mention realis status accuracy (Micro Average): 0.7500

Precision (Macro Average): 0.7059

Recall (Macro Average): 0.6000

F1 (Macro Average): 0.6486

Mention type detection accuracy (Macro Average): 0.7500

Mention realis status accuracy (Macro Average): 0.7500

Mention realis status accuracy (Macro Average): 0.7500