

2.3 절 기본행렬과 역행렬

#1 다음의 행렬이 기본행렬인지 판단하여라. 만약 기본행렬이라면 역행렬을 구하여라.

$$(1) \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{12}(2)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = I_2 \therefore \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \underline{E_{12}(2)} \quad E_{12}(2)^{-1} = E_{12}(-2) \therefore \underline{E_{12}(2)^{-1}} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(2) \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{C_{13}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = I_3 \therefore \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \underline{C_{13}} \quad C_{13}^{-1} = C_{13} \therefore \underline{C_{13}^{-1}} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(3) \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{C_{23}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{D_2(-1)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = I_3 \quad \text{I}_3 \text{에 행연산을 2번 시행해야 얻을수있는 행렬이므로 기본행렬이 아니다.}$$

$$(4) \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{13}(-\frac{1}{2})} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = I_3 \therefore \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \underline{E_{13}(\frac{1}{2})} \quad E_{13}(\frac{1}{2})^{-1} = E_{13}(-\frac{1}{2}) \therefore \underline{E_{13}(\frac{1}{2})^{-1}} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -\frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(5) \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{D_2(-1)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{12}(-3)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = I_3 \quad \text{I}_3 \text{에 행연산을 2번 시행해야 얻을수있는 행렬이므로 기본행렬이 아니다.}$$

$$(6) \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{D_1(-\frac{1}{2})} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = I_3 \therefore \underline{D_1(-\frac{1}{2})} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad D_1(-\frac{1}{2})^{-1} = D_1(-\frac{1}{2}) \therefore \underline{D_1(-\frac{1}{2})^{-1}} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(7) \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{C_{13}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{14}(-1)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = I_4 \quad \text{I}_4 \text{에 행연산을 2번 시행해야 얻을수있는 행렬이므로 기본행렬이 아니다.}$$

$$(8) \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{24}(4)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = I_4 \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \underline{E_{24}(-4)} \quad E_{24}(-4)^{-1} = E_{24}(4) \therefore \underline{E_{24}(-4)^{-1}} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

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#2 다음의 $m \times n$ 행렬 A 의 기약 행 사다리꼴 행렬 R 을 구하여라 그리고 $R=EA$ 를 만족하는 $m \times m$ 정사각행렬 E 를 구하여라.

$$(1) A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 6 & 6 \\ 2 & 7 & 6 \\ 2 & 7 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{D_1(\frac{1}{2})} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 3 \\ 2 & 7 & 6 \\ 2 & 7 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{21}(-2)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{12}(-3)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{13}(-3)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{32}(-1)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = R$$

R 이 I 이므로 $R=EA$ 를 만족하는 E 는 A^{-1} 이다.

$$[A \ I_3] = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 6 & 6 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 7 & 6 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 7 & 7 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{D_1(\frac{1}{2})} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 3 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 7 & 6 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 7 & 7 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{21}(-2)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 3 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{32}(-1)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 3 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{12}(-3)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 & \frac{5}{2} & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{13}(-3)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & \frac{5}{2} & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \therefore A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{5}{2} & 0 & 3 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = E$$

$$(2) A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 6 & 4 \\ 2 & 4 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{21}(-2)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 6 & 4 \\ 0 & -8 & -9 \\ 0 & 8 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{31}(1)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 6 & 4 \\ 0 & -8 & -9 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{D_2(-\frac{1}{8})} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 6 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{9}{8} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{12}(-6)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -\frac{11}{4} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{9}{8} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = R$$

$$R=EA \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -\frac{11}{4} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{9}{8} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 & y_1 & z_1 \\ x_2 & y_2 & z_2 \\ x_3 & y_3 & z_3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 6 & 4 \\ 2 & 4 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x_1 + 2y_1 - z_1 &= 1 & x_2 + 2y_2 - z_2 &= 0 & x_3 + 2y_3 - z_3 &= 0 \\ 6x_1 + 4y_1 + 2z_1 &= 0 & 6x_2 + 4y_2 + 2z_2 &= 1 & 6x_3 + 4y_3 + 2z_3 &= 0 \\ 4x_1 - y_1 + 5z_1 &= -\frac{11}{4} & 4x_2 - y_2 + 5z_2 &= \frac{9}{8} & 4x_3 - y_3 + 5z_3 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 6 & 4 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 4 & -1 & 5 & -\frac{11}{4} & \frac{9}{8} & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{21}(-6)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -8 & 8 & -6 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -9 & 9 & -\frac{29}{4} & \frac{9}{8} & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{31}(-4)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -8 & 8 & -6 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -9 & 9 & -\frac{29}{4} & \frac{9}{8} & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{E_{32}(-\frac{9}{8})} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -8 & 8 & -6 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{63}{8} & \frac{9}{8} & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$\therefore E$ 의 해가 존재하지 않는다.

$$(3) \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 1 \\ 2 & 5 & 3 & 5 & 6 \\ 1 & 0 & 8 & 9 & -6 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{21}(-1)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & -3 & 4 \\ 0 & -2 & 5 & 5 & -7 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{12}(-2)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 9 & 10 & -7 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & -3 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{E_{13}(+9)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{D_3(-1)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} = R$$

$$R = EA \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 & y_1 & z_1 \\ x_2 & y_2 & z_2 \\ x_3 & y_3 & z_3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 1 \\ 2 & 5 & 3 & 5 & 6 \\ 1 & 0 & 8 & 9 & -6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 5 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 3 & 8 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 4 & 5 & 9 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 6 & -6 & 2 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{21}(-2)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 & 5 & -3 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -3 & 5 & -3 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 4 & -7 & 1 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{E_{43}(-1)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 & 5 & -3 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & -7 & 1 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{C_4} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 & 5 & -3 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 4 & -7 & 1 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{12}(-2)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 5 & 5 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 & 5 & -3 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 4 & -7 & 1 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{E_{43}(1)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 5 & 5 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 9 & -3 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{13}(-5)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -40 & 13 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 16 & -5 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 9 & -3 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow E = \begin{bmatrix} -40 & 13 & 5 \\ 16 & -5 & -2 \\ 9 & -3 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(4) \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 & 0 \\ -2 & 3 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 2 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{14}(-1)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & -5 \\ -2 & 3 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 2 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{21}(2)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & -5 \\ 0 & 1 & 9 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 5 & 15 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{43}(-5)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 13 \\ 0 & 1 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & -11 \\ 0 & 0 & 25 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{D_3(\frac{1}{-11})} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 13 \\ 0 & 1 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 25 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{13}(-13)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 25 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{43}(-25)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = R$$

$$R = EA \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \times 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 & 0 \\ -2 & 3 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 2 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -2 & 3 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 5 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{C_{12}} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 3 & 11 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & -2 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 5 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{D_1(-1)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & -11 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 5 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & -2 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{E_{31}(-3)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & -11 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 5 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 7 & 3 & 5 & 1 & 3 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{12}(3)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -7 & 14 & 0 & -1 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 5 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 17 & -30 & 1 & 3 & -7 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{D_3(\frac{1}{17})} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -7 & 14 & 0 & -1 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 5 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{30}{17} & \frac{1}{17} & \frac{3}{17} & -\frac{7}{17} & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{13}(7)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & \frac{28}{17} & \frac{7}{17} & \frac{4}{17} & -\frac{18}{17} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{25}{17} & \frac{2}{17} & \frac{6}{17} & \frac{3}{17} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{30}{17} & \frac{1}{17} & \frac{3}{17} & -\frac{7}{17} & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{23}(2)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & \frac{28}{17} & \frac{7}{17} & \frac{4}{17} & -\frac{18}{17} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{25}{17} & \frac{2}{17} & \frac{6}{17} & \frac{3}{17} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{30}{17} & \frac{1}{17} & \frac{3}{17} & -\frac{7}{17} & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

∴ 무수히 많은 E가 존재한다.

#3 다음의 행렬이 가역행렬인지 조사하여라. 만약 가역행렬이라면 기본행렬의 곱으로 나타내어라.
 또한 역행렬도 구하여라.

(1) $A = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 6 \\ 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{D_1(-\frac{1}{3})} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_2(-4)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 13 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{D_2(\frac{1}{13})} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{12}(2)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = I \therefore \text{가역행렬이다.}$

$$E_{12}(2) D_2(\frac{1}{13}) E_2(-4) D_1(-\frac{1}{3}) A = I$$

$$A = D_1(-\frac{1}{3})^{-1} E_2(-4)^{-1} D_2(\frac{1}{13})^{-1} E_{12}(2)^{-1} \\ = D_1(-3) E_{21}(4) D_2(13) E_{12}(-2)$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 13 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 6 \\ 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -3 & 6 & 1 & 0 \\ 4 & 5 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{D_1(-\frac{1}{3})} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & -\frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ 4 & 5 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_2(-4)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & -\frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ 0 & 13 & \frac{4}{3} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{D_2(\frac{1}{13})} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & -\frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{4}{39} & \frac{1}{13} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{E_{12}(2)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -\frac{5}{39} & \frac{2}{13} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{4}{39} & \frac{1}{13} \end{bmatrix} \therefore A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{5}{39} & \frac{2}{13} \\ \frac{4}{39} & \frac{1}{13} \end{bmatrix}$$

(2) $A = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -4 \\ -3 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -4 & 1 & 0 \\ -3 & 2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_2(\frac{1}{2})} \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -4 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix} \therefore \text{가역행렬이 아니다.}$

(3) $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 2 & 5 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 5 & -4 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{L_{12}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 4 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 5 & -4 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{21}(-3)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & -8 & 1 & -3 & 0 \\ 2 & 5 & -4 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{31}(-2)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & -8 & 1 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & -10 & 0 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
 $\xrightarrow{E_{23}(-1)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 5 & -10 & 0 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{32}(5)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 5 & -7 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \therefore \text{가역행렬이 아니다.}$

(4) $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_2(1)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{C_{23}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$

$D_3(\frac{1}{2}) \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$ $\therefore A$ 는 가역행렬이다. $A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$
 $E_{13}(-1) \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$
 $E_{13}(-1) D_3(\frac{1}{2}) E_{32}(1) C_{23} E_2(1) A = I$

$A = E_2(1)^{-1} C_{23}^{-1} E_{32}(-1)^{-1} D_3(\frac{1}{2})^{-1} E_{13}(-1)^{-1}$

$A = E_2(1) C_{23} E_{32}(1) D_3(2) E_{13}(1)$

$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

(5) $A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 8 & -7 & 14 \\ 2 & 5 & -4 & 6 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 & -7 \\ 3 & 6 & -5 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 8 & -7 & 14 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 5 & -4 & 6 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 & -7 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 6 & -5 & 10 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{12}(2)} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -2 & 1 & 2 & 1 & -2 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 5 & -4 & 6 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 & -7 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 6 & -5 & 10 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

$C_{14} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & 4 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & -2 & -2 & 0 & 3 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 & -7 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 & 2 & 1 & -2 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{23}(-1)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & 4 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & 5 & 0 & 3 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 & -7 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & -5 & 1 & -2 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

$E_{12}(-1) \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & -1 & 0 & -4 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & 5 & 0 & 3 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -7 & 0 & 6 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & -5 & 1 & -2 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{14}(-1)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 4 & -1 & -2 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & 5 & 0 & 3 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -7 & 0 & 6 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & -5 & 1 & -2 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

$E_{32}(-2) \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 4 & -1 & -2 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & -4 & 3 & -1 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -2 & -3 & 0 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 & -2 & 1 & -8 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{23}(3)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 4 & -1 & -2 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & -4 & 3 & -1 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -2 & -3 & 0 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 & -2 & 1 & -8 \end{bmatrix}$

$E_{43}(-2) \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 4 & -1 & -2 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & -4 & 3 & -1 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -2 & -3 & 0 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 & -2 & 1 & -8 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{D_4(-1)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 27 & -10 & 4 & -29 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -16 & 5 & -2 & 18 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & -17 & 4 & -2 & 20 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -7 & 2 & -1 & -8 \end{bmatrix}$ $\therefore A$ 는 가역행렬이다.
 $A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 27 & -10 & 4 & -29 \\ -16 & 5 & -2 & 18 \\ -17 & 4 & -2 & 20 \\ -7 & 2 & -1 & -8 \end{bmatrix}$

$E_{34}(2) \cdot E_{24}(1) \cdot E_{14}(-4) D_4(-1) E_{43}(-2) E_{23}(3) E_{34}(3) E_{14}(-1) E_{12}(-2) E_{12}(-1) E_{43}(1) E_{23}(1) \rightarrow$
 $\rightarrow E_{21}(-2) C_{14} E_{42}(-1) E_{12}(-2) A = I$

$A = E_{21}(-2)^{-1} E_{42}(-1)^{-1} C_{14}^{-1} E_{12}(-2)^{-1} E_{12}(-1)^{-1} E_{43}(1)^{-1} E_{23}(1)^{-1} E_{23}(3)^{-1} E_{34}(3)^{-1} E_{14}(-1)^{-1} D_4(-1)^{-1} E_{43}(-2)^{-1} E_{23}(3)^{-1} E_{34}(3)^{-1} E_{14}(-4)^{-1} E_{24}(1)^{-1} E_{34}(2)^{-1}$

$A = E_{12}(2) E_{42}(1) C_{14} E_{21}(2) E_{23}(1) E_{43}(-1) E_{12}(1) E_{32}(2) E_{14}(1) E_{34}(3) E_{23}(3) E_{43}(2) D_4(-1) E_{44}(4) E_{24}(-1) E_{34}(-2)$

∴ 가역함수 관계가 아니다.

행렬식

같은 강이다.

$$\text{2.38: } \det(A) = 3C_1 + 2C_2 + 0C_3 = -3 \begin{vmatrix} 4 & -2 \\ 4 & 3 \end{vmatrix} + 2 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ -1 & 3 \end{vmatrix} \\ = -3(12+8) + 2(3-2) = -58$$

$$(2) \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 & 0 \\ 4 & 6 & 0 \\ -3 & 7 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$1 \text{ 열} : \det(A) = -2C_{11} + 0C_{12} + 0C_{13} = -2 \begin{vmatrix} 6 & 0 \\ 7 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = -2(12) = -24$$

$$3 \text{ 열} : \det(A) = 0C_{31} + 0C_{32} + 2C_{33} = 2 \begin{vmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 4 & 6 \end{vmatrix} = 2(-12) = -24$$

$$(3) \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 7 & 0 \\ 2 & 6 & 11 & 12 \\ 4 & 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 1 & 5 & 2 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$1 \text{ 열} : \det(A) = 3C_{11} + 0C_{12} + 7C_{13} + 0C_{14}$$

$$= 3 \begin{vmatrix} 6 & 11 & 12 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 5 & 2 & 10 \end{vmatrix} + 7 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 6 & 12 \\ 4 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 5 & 10 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= 3(1C_{21} - 1C_{22} + 2C_{23}) + 7(4C_{21} + 1C_{22} + 2C_{23})$$

$$= -3 \begin{vmatrix} 11 & 12 \\ 2 & 10 \end{vmatrix} - 3 \begin{vmatrix} 6 & 12 \\ 5 & 10 \end{vmatrix} - 6 \begin{vmatrix} 6 & 11 \\ 5 & 2 \end{vmatrix} - 28 \begin{vmatrix} 6 & 12 \\ 5 & 10 \end{vmatrix} + 7 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 12 \\ 1 & 10 \end{vmatrix} - 14 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 6 \\ 1 & 5 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= -3(110 - 24) - 3(60 - 60) - 6(12 - 55) - 28(60 - 60) + 7(20 - 12) - 14(10 - 6)$$

$$= 0$$

$$2 \text{ 열} : \det(A) = 0C_{12} + 6C_{22} + 1C_{32} + 5C_{42}$$

$$= 6 \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 7 & 0 \\ 4 & -1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 10 \end{vmatrix} - 1 \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 7 & 0 \\ 2 & 11 & 12 \\ 1 & 2 & 10 \end{vmatrix} + 5 \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 7 & 0 \\ 2 & 11 & 12 \\ 4 & -1 & 2 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= 6(3C_{11} + 7C_{12} + 0C_{13}) - (3C_{11} + 7C_{12} + 0C_{13}) + 5(3C_{11} + 7C_{12} + 0C_{13})$$

$$= 6 \left(3 \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 2 \\ 2 & 10 \end{vmatrix} - 7 \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ 1 & 10 \end{vmatrix} \right) - \left(3 \begin{vmatrix} 11 & 12 \\ 2 & 10 \end{vmatrix} - 7 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 12 \\ 1 & 10 \end{vmatrix} \right) + 5 \left(3 \begin{vmatrix} 11 & 12 \\ -1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} - 7 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 12 \\ 4 & 2 \end{vmatrix} \right)$$

$$= 18(-10 - 4) - 7(40 - 2) - 3(110 - 24) + 7(20 - 12) + 15(22 + 12) - 35(4 - 48)$$

$$= 0$$

$$(4) \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 8 & -4 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 6 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2\text{행} : \det(A) = 0C_{21} + 0C_{22} + 6C_{23} + 0C_{24}$$

$$= 6 \begin{vmatrix} 5 & 8 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= 6 (0C_{21} + 0C_{22} + 2C_{23})$$

$$= 6 (-2) \begin{vmatrix} 5 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= 12(0) = 0$$

$$4\text{행} : \det(A) = 0C_{41} + 0C_{42} + 0C_{43} - 1C_{44}$$

$$= - \begin{vmatrix} 5 & 8 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= - (0C_{21} + 0C_{22} + 6C_{23})$$

$$= 6 \begin{vmatrix} 5 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= 6(0) = 0$$

#3 다음을 만족하는 실수 λ 를 구하여라.

$$(1) \quad \begin{vmatrix} 1-\lambda & 1 \\ 4 & 3-\lambda \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

$$= (1-\lambda)(3-\lambda) - 4 = 0$$

$$\lambda^2 - 4\lambda + 3 - 4 = 0$$

$$\lambda^2 - 4\lambda - 1 = 0$$

$$\lambda = 2 \pm \sqrt{5}$$

$$(2) \quad \begin{vmatrix} 2-\lambda & 4 & 2 \\ 1 & -\lambda & 1 \\ 1 & -4 & 5-\lambda \end{vmatrix} = 0 = 1C_{21} - \lambda C_{22} + 1C_{23} = - \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ -4 & 5-\lambda \end{vmatrix} - \lambda \begin{vmatrix} 2-\lambda & 2 \\ 1 & 5-\lambda \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} 2-\lambda & 4 \\ 1 & -4 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= - (20 - 4\lambda + 8) - \lambda (\lambda^2 - 7\lambda + 10 - 2) - (4\lambda - 8 - 4)$$

$$= -\lambda^3 + 7\lambda^2 - 8\lambda - 16 = 0$$

$$\lambda^3 - 7\lambda^2 + 8\lambda + 16 = 0$$

$$(\lambda + 1)(\lambda^2 - 8\lambda + 16) = 0 \quad \vee \quad (\lambda + 1)(\lambda - 4)^2 = 0 \quad \therefore \lambda = -1, 4$$

#4 정리 3.1.3이 성립하는 이유를 설명하여라

정리 3.1.3 행렬 $A = [a_{ij}]_{n \times n}$, $B = [b_{ij}]_{n \times m}$, $C = [c_{ij}]_{n \times m}$ 라 행렬 O 에 대하여 다음이 성립한다.

$$\begin{vmatrix} A & B \\ O & I_m \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} I_m & O \\ C & A \end{vmatrix} = |A|$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & \dots & a_{1n} & b_{11} & \dots & b_{1m} \\ \vdots & & \vdots & & & \vdots \\ a_{n1} & \dots & a_{nn} & b_{n1} & \dots & b_{nm} \\ 0_{11} & \dots & 0_{1n} & 1_{11} & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & & \vdots & & & \vdots \\ 0_{m1} & \dots & 0_{mn} & 0 & \dots & 1_{mm} \end{vmatrix} = |C_{n+m, n+m}| = \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & \dots & a_{1n} & b_{11} & \dots & b_{1,m-1} \\ \vdots & & \vdots & & & \vdots \\ a_{n1} & \dots & a_{nn} & b_{n1} & \dots & b_{n,m-1} \\ 0_{11} & \dots & 0_{1n} & 1_{11} & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & & \vdots & & & \vdots \\ 0_{m-1,1} & \dots & 0_{m-1,n} & 0 & \dots & 1_{m-1,m-1} \end{vmatrix} = \dots = \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & \dots & a_{1n} & b_{11} \\ \vdots & & \vdots & \vdots \\ a_{n1} & \dots & a_{nn} & b_{n1} \\ 0_{11} & \dots & 0_{1n} & 1_{11} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & \dots & a_{1n} \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ a_{n1} & \dots & a_{nn} \end{vmatrix} = |A|$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1_{11} & 0 & \dots & 0 & 0_{11} & \dots & 0_{1n} \\ 0 & 1_{22} & \dots & 0 & \vdots & & \vdots \\ \vdots & & \vdots & & & & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & \dots & 1_{mm} & 0_{m1} & \dots & 0_{mn} \\ c_{11} & \dots & c_{1m} & a_{11} & \dots & a_{1n} \\ \vdots & & \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots \\ c_{n1} & \dots & c_{nm} & a_{n1} & \dots & a_{nn} \end{vmatrix} = |C_{11}| = \begin{vmatrix} 1_{22} & 0 & \dots & 0 & 0_{21} & \dots & 0_{2n} \\ 0 & 1_{33} & \dots & 0 & \vdots & & \vdots \\ \vdots & & \vdots & & & & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & \dots & 1_{mm} & 0_{m1} & \dots & 0_{mn} \\ c_{12} & \dots & c_{1m} & a_{11} & \dots & a_{1n} \\ \vdots & & \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots \\ c_{n2} & \dots & c_{nm} & a_{n1} & \dots & a_{nn} \end{vmatrix} = \dots = \begin{vmatrix} 1_{mm} & 0_{m1} & \dots & 0_{mn} \\ c_{1m} & a_{11} & \dots & a_{1n} \\ \vdots & & \vdots & \vdots \\ c_{nm} & a_{n1} & \dots & a_{nn} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & \dots & a_{1n} \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ a_{n1} & \dots & a_{nn} \end{vmatrix} = |A|$$

$$\therefore \begin{vmatrix} A & B \\ O & I_m \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} I_m & O \\ C & A \end{vmatrix} = |A|$$