Chapter_01_Descriptive_Statistics

June 4, 2022

1 Descriptive statistics

This chapter will explain the most important statistics to describe a dataset in the financial world. Indeed, these methods are helpful in portfolio management, financial analysis, and trading.

1.0.1 After this Chapter you will be able to:

- Compute and understand how to interprate the mean
- Compute and understand how to interprate the median
- Compute and understand how to interprate mode
- Compute and understand how to interprate the variance
- Compute and understand how to interprate the standard deviation
- Compute and understand how to interprate the covariance
- Compute and understand how to interprate the variance-covariance matrix
- Compute and understand how to interprate the skweness?
- Compute and understand how to interprate the kurtosis?

1.0.2 Exercises (Trading / Portfolio management):

- Compute the risk/return of a financial asset
- Compute the correlation between asset properly

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Read our book: https://www.amazon.com/gp/product/B09HG18CYL

Quantreo's YouTube channel: https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCp7jckfiEglNf_Gj62VR0pw

[]: !pip install yfinance

```
Collecting yfinance
Downloading yfinance-0.1.67-py2.py3-none-any.whl (25 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: pandas>=0.24 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from yfinance) (1.1.5)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.15 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from yfinance) (1.19.5)
Collecting lxml>=4.5.1
Downloading lxml-4.6.4-cp37-cp37m-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.manylinux_2_24_x86_64.whl (6.3 MB)
```

Requirement already satisfied: multitasking>=0.0.7 in

| 6.3 MB 35.8 MB/s

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from yfinance) (0.0.10)
    Requirement already satisfied: requests>=2.20 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-
    packages (from yfinance) (2.23.0)
    Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.7.3 in
    /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from pandas>=0.24->yfinance) (2.8.2)
    Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2017.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-
    packages (from pandas>=0.24->yfinance) (2018.9)
    Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-
    packages (from python-dateutil>=2.7.3->pandas>=0.24->yfinance) (1.15.0)
    Requirement already satisfied: chardet<4,>=3.0.2 in
    /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from requests>=2.20->yfinance) (3.0.4)
    Requirement already satisfied: urllib3!=1.25.0,!=1.25.1,<1.26,>=1.21.1 in
    /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from requests>=2.20-yfinance) (1.24.3)
    Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in
    /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from requests>=2.20->yfinance)
    (2021.10.8)
    Requirement already satisfied: idna<3,>=2.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-
    packages (from requests>=2.20->yfinance) (2.10)
    Installing collected packages: lxml, yfinance
      Attempting uninstall: lxml
        Found existing installation: lxml 4.2.6
        Uninstalling lxml-4.2.6:
          Successfully uninstalled lxml-4.2.6
    Successfully installed lxml-4.6.4 yfinance-0.1.67
[]: import numpy as np
    import pandas as pd
    import yfinance as yf
    from scipy.stats import skew, kurtosis
[]: # Import some data
    df = yf.download("GOOG")["Adj Close"].pct_change(1).dropna()
    df
    [********* 100%********** 1 of 1 completed
[]: Date
    2014-03-28
                 0.002740
    2014-03-31
                -0.005393
    2014-04-01
                 0.018295
    2014-04-02
                 -0.000282
    2014-04-03
                 0.004833
    2021-12-06
                  0.008953
    2021-12-07
                 0.029486
    2021-12-08
                  0.004620
    2021-12-09
                 -0.004132
    2021-12-10
                  0.003842
```

Name: Adj Close, Length: 1942, dtype: float64

2 Central tendency measure

2.0.1 Mean

```
[]: # ----- Mean with numpy -----
mean = np.mean(df, axis=0)*100
print(f"Daily Mean: {'%.2f' % mean} %")

# Annualization of the mean return
annual_mean = mean * 252
print(f"Mean Annual: {'%.2f' % annual_mean} % ")

# day mean return --> monthly mean return
monthly_mean = mean * 21
print(f"Monthly Mean: {'%.2f' % monthly_mean} %")
```

Daily Mean: 0.10 % Mean Annual: 25.10 % Monthly Mean: 2.09 %

2.0.2 Median

```
[]: # ----- Median with numpy -----
median = np.median(df, axis=0)*100
print(f"Daily Median: {'%.2f' % median} %")

# Annualization of the mean return
annual_median = median * 252
print(f"Yearly Median: {'%.2f' % annual_median} % ")

# day mean return --> monthly mean return
monthly_median = median * 21
print(f"Monthly Median: {'%.2f' % monthly_median} %")
```

2.0.3 Centile

```
[]: # ----- Centile with numpy ------
centile_10 = np.quantile(df, 0.1, axis=0)*100
print(f"Centile 10%: {'%.2f' % centile_10} %")

centile_50 = np.quantile(df, 0.5, axis=0)*100
print(f"Centile 50%: {'%.2f' % centile_50} %")

centile_99 = np.quantile(df, 0.99, axis=0)*100
print(f"Centile 99%: {'%.2f' % centile_99} %")
```

Centile 10%: -1.63 % Centile 50%: 0.10 % Centile 99%: 4.27 %

3 Standard dispersion measurement

3.0.1 Variance

```
[]: # ------ Variance with numpy -----
var = np.var(df, axis=0)*100
print(f"Daily Median: {'%.2f' % var} %")

# Annualization of the mean return
annual_var = var * 252
print(f"Median Annual: {'%.2f' % annual_var} % ")

# day mean return --> monthly mean return
monthly_var = var * 21
print(f"Monthly Mean: {'%.2f' % monthly_var} %")
```

Daily Median: 0.03 % Median Annual: 6.75 % Monthly Mean: 0.56 %

3.0.2 Standard deviation

```
[]: # ------ Stadard-Deviation with numpy ------
std = np.std(df, axis=0)*100
print(f"Daily Volatility: {'%.2f' % std} %")

# Annualization of the mean return
annual_std = std * np.sqrt(252)
print(f"Annual Volatility: {'%.2f' % annual_std} % ")

# day mean return --> monthly mean return
monthly_std = std * np.sqrt(21)
print(f"Monthly Volatility: {'%.2f' % monthly_std} %")
```

Daily Volatility: 1.64 % Annual Volatility: 25.98 % Monthly Volatility: 7.50 %

3.0.3 Skweness

```
[]: # ----- Skweness with numpy -----
skw = skew(df)
print(f"Skweness: {'%.2f' % skw} ")
```

Skweness: 0.47

3.0.4 Kurtosis

```
[]: # ----- Kurtosis with numpy -----
kurto = kurtosis(df)
print(f"Kurtosis: {'%.2f' % kurto}")
```

Kurtosis: 9.68

4 Relationship measurement

4.0.1 Variance Covariance matrix

```
[]: # Import several assets

df = yf.download(["GOOG", "EURUSD=X"])["Adj Close"].pct_change(1).dropna()
```

[******** 2 of 2 completed

```
[]: # Variance Covariance matrix
mat = np.cov(df, rowvar=False)
mat
```

4.0.2 Covariance

```
[]:  # Covariance mat[0][1]
```

[]: -1.1387646967552557e-06

4.0.3 Correlation

```
[]: # Correlation matrix df.corr()
```

```
EURUSD=X GOOG

EURUSD=X 1.000000 -0.014441

GOOG -0.014441 1.000000
```

5 EXERCISES

5.0.1 Exercise 1: Compute the annualized risk return couple for Microsoft stock price (Yahoo symbol: MSFT). Don't forget to use the variations price

```
[]: # Import the prices
df = yf.download("MSFT")["Adj Close"].pct_change(1).dropna()

# Compute risk return
```

```
mean = np.mean(df) * 252 * 100
   vol = np.std(df) * np.sqrt(252) * 100
   print(f"MSFT | \t returns: {'%.2f' % mean} % \t volatility: {'%.2f' % vol} %")
   [********* 100%********** 1 of 1 completed
          returns: 29.85 %
   MSFT |
                             volatility: 33.81 %
   5.0.2 Exercise 2: Compute the covariance and the correlation matrix for the following
        assets: ["AMZN", "MSFT", "GOOG", "EURUSD=X", "BTC-USD"]
[]: df = yf.download(["AMZN", "MSFT", "GOOG", "EURUSD=X", "BTC-USD"])["Adj Close"].
    →pct_change(1).dropna()
   df.cov()
   []:
                  AMZN
                       BTC-USD
                                  EURUSD=X
                                                GOOG
                                                        MSFT
   AMZN
            2.480388e-04  0.000042 -2.160787e-07  1.383901e-04  0.000140
           4.191048e-05 0.001521 -1.706122e-06 5.484372e-05 0.000065
   BTC-USD
   EURUSD=X -2.160787e-07 -0.000002 1.793829e-05 -8.180438e-07 -0.000001
            GOOG
   MSFT
            []: df.corr()
[]:
                    BTC-USD EURUSD=X
               AMZN
                                      GOOG
                                              MSFT
                                           0.635379
   AMZN
            1.000000 0.068243 -0.003239 0.639415
   BTC-USD
            0.068243 1.000000 -0.010330 0.102344
                                           0.119769
   EURUSD=X -0.003239 -0.010330 1.000000 -0.014055 -0.017308
   GOOG
           0.718987
   MSFT
           0.635379  0.119769  -0.017308  0.718987
                                          1.000000
[]:
```