Instruction

Using industrial grade chips, high-precision imported SHT20 temperature and humidity sensor ensures excellent reliability, high precision and interchangeability. Adopt RS485 hardware interface (with lightning protection design), the protocol layer is compatible with standard industrial Modbus-RTU protocol. This product integrates MODBUS protocol and common protocol. Users can choose communication protocol by themselves. The common protocol has automatic upload function (connecting RS485 will automatically output temperature and humidity through serial port debugging tool).

Feature:

DC power supply: DC5-30V Output signal: RS485 signal

Communication protocol: Modbus-RTU protocol and custom common protocol

Communication address: 1-247 can be set, default 1

Baud rate: can be set, default 9600, 8-bit data, 1 stop, no parity

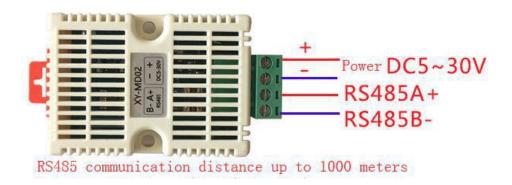
Temperature accuracy: +-0.5 °C (25 °C)

Humidity accuracy: +-3%RH

Temperature range: -40 ° C ~ +60 °C Humidity range: 0%RH~80%RH Temperature resolution: 0.1 °C Humidity resolution: 0.1% RH Device power consumption: <=0.2W

Detroe petro: condampaion v ci_i

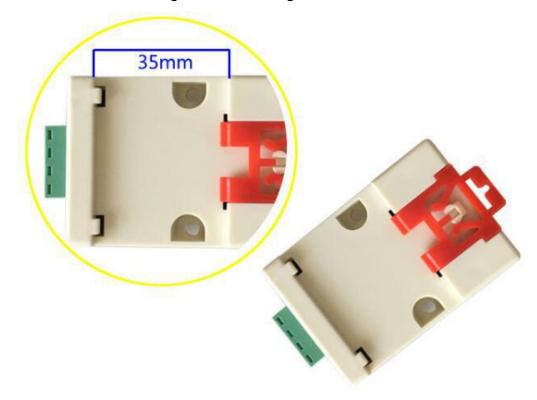
Wiring:



Size:



Standard 35mm rail mounting for direct mounting to standard DIN35 rails



Function code used by the product:

0x03: read holding register 0x04: Read input register

0x06: Write a single holding register 0x10: Write multiple holding registers

Register type	Register address	Data content	Number of bytes
	0x0001	Temperature value	2
Input register	0x0002	Humidity value	2
	0x0101	Device address	2
	0x0101	(1~247)	2
Holding register		Baud rate	
	0x0102	0:9600	2
		1:14400	

	2:19200		
	Temperature correction value		
0x0103	(/10)	2	
	-10.0~10.0		
0.0104	Humidity correction value (/10)		
0x0104	-10.0~10.0	2	

MODBUS command frame

The host reads the temperature command frame (0x04):

Slave address	Function code	~			registers	High byte	CRC Low byte
		High byte	Low byte	High byte	Low byte		Low byte
0x01	0x04	0x00	0x01	0x00	0x01	0x60	0x0a

Slave response data frame:

Slave address	Function	Number of	temperature	temperature	CRC	CRC
	code	bytes	High byte	Low byte	High byte	Low byte
0x01	0x04	0x02	0x01	0x31	0x79	0x74

Temperature value = 0x131, converted to decimal 305, actual temperature value = 305 / 10 = 30.5 °C

Note: The temperature is a signed hexadecimal number, the temperature value is 0xFF33, converted to decimal -205, the actual temperature = -20.5 °C;

The host reads the humidity command frame (0x04):

Slave address		Register	Register	Number of	Number of		CRC
		address	address	registers	registers		
	code	High byte	Low byte	High byte	Low byte		Low byte
0x01	0x04	0x00	0x02	0x00	0x01	0x90	0x0A

Slave response data frame:

Slave address	Function	Number of	temperature	temperature	CRC	CRC
		bytes	High byte	Low byte	High byte	Low byte
0x01	0x04	0x02	0x02	0x22	0xD1	0xBA

Humidity value = 0x222, converted to decimal 546, actual humidity value = 546 / 10 = 54.6%;

Continuous reading of the temperature and humidity command frame (0x04):

Slave address	Function	Register	Register	Number of	Number of		CRC
		address	address	registers	registers		Low byte
	code	High byte	Low byte	High byte	Low byte		LOW Dyte
0x01	0x04	0x00	0x01	0x00	0x02	0x20	0x0B

Slave response data frame:

Slave	Function	Number	temperature	temperature	Humidity	Humidity	CRC	CRC
address	code	of bytes	High byte	Low byte	High byte	Low byte	High byte	Low byte
0x01	0x04	0x04	0x02	0x22	0x02	0x22	0x2A	0xCE

Read the contents of the holding register (0x03):

Take the slave address as an example:

Slave address	Function	Register	Register	Number of	Number of	CRC	CRC
		address	address	registers	registers		
	code	High byte	Low byte	High byte	Low byte	High byte	Low byte
0x01	0x03	0x01	0x01	0x00	0x01	0xD4	0x36

Slave response data frame:

Slave address	_	Number of bytes		address		CRC Low byte
0x01	0x03	0x02	0x00	0x01	0x30	0x18

Modify the contents of the holding register (0x06):

To modify the slave address as an example:

Slave address Function code	Function	~		l .		CRC	CRC
	code		address Low byte		value Low byte	High byte	Low byte
0x01	0x06	0x01	0x01	0x00	0x08	0xD8	0x30

Modify slave address: 0x08 = 8

Slave response frame (same as send):

Slave address code	Register	Register	Register	Register	CRC	CRC
	address	address	value	value	High byte	Low byte
	High byte	Low byte	High byte	Low byte	nigii byte	Low byte

0x01	0x06	0x01	0x01	0x00	0x08	0xD4	0x0F	
0.01	OXOO	OVOT	OXOI	OXOO	OXOO	UNDT	OAOI	

Continuously modify the holding register (0x10):

Slave address	Function code	address High	Starting address Low byte	ot registers High	of registers	Number of bytes	High	1 Low	2 High	2 Low	High	CRC Low byte
0x01	0x10	0x01	0x01	0x00	0x02	0x04	0x00	0x20	0x25	0x80	0x25	0x09

Modify slave address: 0x20 = 32

Baud rate: 0x2580 = 9600

Slave response frame:

Slave address	Function code	Register	Register	Number of		High byte	CRC
		address	address	registers	registers		Low byte
		High byte	Low byte	High byte	Low byte		
0x01	0x10	0x00	0x11	0x00	0x04	0xD4	0x0F

Normal version agreement:

The baud rate defaults to 9600 (user can set it by itself), 8-bit data, 1 bit stop, no parity

RS485 communication

Serial command	Description				
	Trigger a temperature and humidity report				
READ	(27.4 ° C, 67.7% temperature 27.4 ° C humidity				
	67.7%)				
AUTO	Start the automatic temperature and humidity reporting function (27.4 ° C, 67.7% temperature 27.4 ° C humidity 67.7%)				
STOP	Stop temperature and humidity automation reporting				
	Set baud rate				
BR:XXXX	9600~19200				
	(BR: 9600 baud rate is 9600)				
TC:XX.X	Set temperature calibration				
Ι	(-10.0~10.0)				

	(TC: 02.0 temperature correction value is 2.0 °C)
	Set humidity calibration
HC:XX.X	(-10.0~10.0)
	(HC:-05.1 Humidity correction value is -5.1%)
	Set the temperature and humidity reporting rate
:XXX	(0.5,1,2,5,10)
	(HZ: 2 automatic reporting rate 2Hz)
PARAM	Read system current settings

PARAM instruction:

TC: 0.0, HC: 0.0, BR: 9600, HZ: 1 -> Temperature correction value 0.0 Humidity correction value 0.0 Baud rate 9600 Reporting rate 1 Hz

SLAVE_ADD: 1 -> MODBUS slave address 0x01