



# The Nodejitsu Handbook

*A gentle introduction to the art of Nodejitsu*

Welcome to the Nodejitsu handbook. This document will help familiarize you with Nodejitsu while also providing detailed information about specific platform features. This is a living document which you can submit patches to @ <http://github.com/nodejitsu/handbook>.

## What Is Nodejitsu?

[Nodejitsu](#) is the Platform as A Service for Node.js applications. Nodejitsu allows you to seamlessly deploy your Node.js applications into the cloud with a myriad of additional features. Nodejitsu's platform provides a robust suite of functionality to assist in the development, management, and deployment of Node.js applications.

## How Can I Get Started?

So you wish to learn the ways of Nodejitsu? Excellent! Reading this sentence is the first step! Below, you will find the Table Of Contents which provides an overview of the systems which comprise Nodejitsu. We suggest starting at [Deploying Applications](#). You can also always visit our website at <http://nodejitsu.com>. Good Luck!

# Table of Contents

- [Deploying Applications](#)
- [Using the Jitsu Client](#)
  - ◆ [Installation](#)
  - ◆ [Usage](#)
- [Using the API](#)
  - ◆ [Applications](#)
  - ◆ [Snapshots](#)
  - ◆ [Users](#)
  - ◆ [Databases](#)
  - ◆ [Logging](#)
  - ◆ [Marketplace](#)
- [Using Databases](#)
  - ◆ [Creating new Databases](#)
  - ◆ [Connecting existing Databases](#)
- [Nodejitsu's Open-source Projects](#)
  - ◆ [Why open-source](#)
  - ◆ [Where to find](#)
  - ◆ [How to contribute](#)
- [Additional Information](#)
  - ◆ [Installing Node.js](#)
  - ◆ [Installing NPM](#)
  - ◆ [Creating a package.json](#)

## Deploying Applications

If it is your first time deploying an application, we recommend that you try out [Jitsu](#), our CLI tool. You'll be able to deploy your app in seconds.

## Jitsu, The Nodejitsu Command Line Tool

If you prefer a CLI ( Command Line Interface ) instead of a web-site you can download [Jitsu](#), The Nodejitsu CLI tool. Jitsu is friendly to non-technical users, but it does cover our entire [API](#) and it's fully open-source for the more advanced Node.js user.

```
[sudo] npm install jitsu
```

## The Samurai web admin

Samurai is an easy to use web admin where you can manage and deploy your Node.js applications. Just visit <http://www.nodejitsu.com> and sign-in. You'll be taken directly to the Samurai web admin interface.

TODO: Add screen shot of Samurai interface

## The API

If you are an advanced user, you might want to automate your deployment using scripts instead of manually deploying your application from Samurai or Jitsu. Nodejitsu provides a [high-level JSON API](#) which will allow you to deploy applications programmatically.

You can see a detailed specification of the API [here](#).

## Using The Jitsu Client

Jitsu is a [Command Line Tool \(CLI\)](#) for interacting with the Nodejitsu platform. It's open-source and easy to use. We've designed Jitsu to be suitable for command line beginners, but still be powerful and extensible enough for production usage. If you aren't a fan of the command line or don't have terminal access you can still do everything Jitsu can do through our web admin, [Samurai](#).

Jitsu requires the Node Package Manager ( `npm` ). If you need help installing npm go to: [Installing npm](#)

## Installation

```
[sudo] npm install jitsu
```

## Usage

```
jitsu help
```

Jitsu is mostly self-documenting. For additional resources you can visit it's source code repository located @ <http://github.com/nodejitsu/jitsu>.

## Using The API

Nodejitsu provides a web API for developers who want to interact with the Nodejitsu platform programmatically. This API is built to be [RESTful](#) and communicates via [JSON](#).

- [Applications](#)
- [Snapshots](#)
- [Users](#)
- [Databases](#)
- [Logging](#)
- [Marketplace](#)

## Authentication

Most of the calls to the API will require that you authenticate using your Nodejitsu account. If you do not have an account it is possible to create one using the User API, the Jitsu CLI, or just by visiting <http://nodejitsu.com>. Currently, we support [Basic Authentication](#). If you haven't used Basic Auth before don't fret, it's easy!

**Here is an example using the command line utility, [Curl](#).**

```
// get all applications for User "Marak"
curl --user Marak:password http://nodejitsu.com/apps/marak
```

TODO: add example of what raw outgoing http request should look like

## Applications

Applications are the core of the Nodejitsu API. Each application represents a set of Node.js code plus a package.json which contains meta-data about the application such as it's dependencies, database connections, configuration settings, authors, etc. For more information about the package.json format see: [package.json](#)

### Get all Applications for a User

```
GET /apps/:user-id
```

### Create a new Application

```
POST /apps/:user-id
{ package.json }
```

### Start an Application

```
POST /apps/:user-id/:app-id/restart
```

### Stop an Application

```
POST /apps/:user-id/:app-id/start
```

### Restart an Application

```
POST /apps/:user-id/:app-id/stop
```

## Update an Application

```
PUT /apps/:user-id
{ package.json }
```

## Delete an Application

```
DELETE /apps/:user-id/:app-id/remove
```

# Snapshots

Snapshots are an easy way to capture the current state of your application. Once a Snapshot of your application is created you can roll back and activate that Snapshot at any time.

## Make an existing snapshot the active app

```
PUT /apps/:user-id/:app-id/snapshots/:id/active
```

## Activate / Deploy a snapshot

```
POST /apps/:user-id/:snapshots/:id
```

## Show a catalog of all Snapshot for an Application

```
GET /apps/:user-id/:app-id/snapshots
```

## Show the contents of a Snapshot

```
GET /apps/:user-id/:app-id/snapshots/:id
```

# Users

## Create a new User / Sign-up for a free Nodejitsu account

Email address is the only required field.

```
POST /users/:user-id
{
  email: "youremail@theinternet.com"
}
```

## Confirm a User account

All User accounts must be confirmed. When a new User is created, a confirmation email will be sent to the email address associated with that user. In this email there will be an invite code. This code must be sent to the API to confirm the account.

```
POST /users/:user-id
{
  inviteCode: "SecretCode"
}
```

## Update User

```
PUT /users/:user-id
{
```

```
password: "new_password"
}
```

## Databases

Databases are an integral part to most applications. The Nodejitsu API allows you to dynamically create new hosted database instances for your applications. Cloud database hosting is provided by: CouchOne, Redis2Go and MongoHQ.

### Create a new Database

```
POST /databases/:user-id/:database-id

{
  type: "Couch || Redis || Mongo"
}
```

### Get information about a Database

```
GET /databases/:user-id/:database-id
```

### Delete a Database

```
DELETE /databases/:user-id/:database-id
```

## Logging

Logging is a very important feature to any professional grade Node.js application. Nodejitsu provides integrated logging solutions for your applications. Your logs are always saved and ready to be retrieved. TODO: add better description on logging

### Get all logs for a user

```
GET /logs/:user-id/
```

### Get logs for a specific application

```
GET /logs/:user-id/:app-id
```

## Marketplace

The Marketplace is an online store where you can browse ready to deploy Node.js Applications. The Marketplace is a great place to start if you are new to Node.js development or want to share your existing Node.js Application with the world.

### Get all Marketplace Applications

```
GET /marketplace
```

### Get a specific Marketplace Application

```
GET /databases/:user-id/:id
```



## Using Databases

Applications on Nodejitsu are ready to be connected to any database. If you have already have a database running, Nodejitsu can connect to your pre-existing database. If you require a new database, Nodejitsu can provide you FREE instances of several different types of databases. These free instances are great for development purposes or hobby sites. If you require a high traffic or production database we provide an easy upgrade path to industrial strength database hosting.

## Creating new Databases

If you require database hosting you can create a new database instance of any of our supported databases using [Samurai](#), [Jitsu](#), or our [API](#).

## Existing Databases

If you already have an externally hosted Database, Nodejitsu is capable of connecting to it. We've got Database hosting if you need it, but we fully support externally hosted Databases. Feel free to drop us an email if you have any questions.

## Connecting Applications to Databases

If you want to connect a Database to your Node.js application, Nodejitsu provides you with sample code for each Database type as well as the ability to specify database connection strings in your application's package.json

`TODO: Add better package.json configuration description`

## Why open-source

A lot of Nodejitsu's technology stack is released as open-source software. We choose to do this for many reasons. Aside from being able to give back to the very awesome Node.js community, releasing pieces of our stack as open-source allows other developers to review and improve our software. We've already received invaluable contributions to our platform from developers who would have never seen our code if we had not open-sourced it.

## Where to find

Nodejitsu hosts its open-source projects on [Github.com](https://github.com). Github is website for sharing and collaborating on source code. You can get source code without creating an account and if you want to create an account it's free. You'll need a [Git](https://git-scm.com/) client if you wish to check out any of our code repositories.

You can visit our open-source project directory at: [http://github.com/nodejitsu](https://github.com/nodejitsu)

## How to contribute

Anyone can contribute to any Nodejitsu open-source projects at anytime. [Github](https://github.com) has the facilities for managing patches, issues, code comments, version control, etc. If you have any questions about a project you sign up and create a Github issue. We'll make sure one of our Ninja's gets back to you soon.

## Additional Information

If you are new to Node.js and Node.js application deployment, you might find the following section helpful.

# Installing Node.js

## Building and Installing Node.js

### Step 1 - Pick Your Platform

Node should install out of the box on Linux, Macintosh, and Solaris.

With some effort you should be able to get it running on other Unix platforms and Windows (either via Cygwin or MinGW).

### Step 2 - Prerequisites

Node has several dependencies, but fortunately most of them are distributed along with it. If you are building from source you should only need 2 things.

- **python** - version 2.4 or higher. The build tools distributed with Node run on python.
- **libssl-dev** - If you plan to use SSL/TLS encryption in your networking, you'll need this. Libssl is the library used in the [openssl](#) tool. On Linux and Unix systems it can usually be installed with your favorite package manager. The lib comes pre-installed on OS X.

### Step 3a - Installing on Unix (including BSD and Mac)

#### Building from source

Use make to build and install Node (execute the following on the command line)

```
git clone https://github.com/joyent/node.git
cd node
export JOBS=2 # optional, sets number of parallel commands.
mkdir ~/local
./configure --prefix=$HOME/local/node
make
make install
export PATH=$HOME/local/node/bin:$PATH
```

If you have any installation problems, look at [Troubleshooting Installation](#), try an [alternate installation method](#), or stop into [#node.js](#) and ask questions.

#### Pre-built binaries

You can also install node from packages: [\[\[Installing Node.js via package manager\]\]](#)

### Step 3b - Building on Windows

#### Pre-built binaries

Self-contained binaries are available at [node-js.prcn.co.cc](#)

#### Building from source

There are two ways of building Node on Windows. One is over the Cygwin emulation layer the other is using MinGW (GNU toolchain for windows). See the [Cygwin](#) and [MinGW](#) pages.

Neither builds are satisfactorily stable but it is possible to get something running.

## Step 4 - Install NPM

NPM is a package manager that has become the de-facto standard for installing additional node libraries and programs. Here's the quick and easy one-liner for installing on Unix.

```
$ curl http://npmjs.org/install.sh | sh
```

To install a library e.g. Express:

```
$ npm install express
```

And visit <https://github.com/isaacs/npm> for details.

## Understanding the package.json format

A package.json file describes your application, its dependencies, and other various application configuration. For a detailed spec on creating a package.json you can check out Isaac's fine documentation [here](#).

For a quick overview there are a few important fields you should be aware of. Here is a sample package.json from the [hellonode](#) app.

TODO: add example here of minimal package.json and full featured one from helloworld app.