# The Nodejitsu Handbook

A gentle introduction to the art of Nodejitsu

## **Table of Contents**

- Introduction
- Hello World: A Tutorial
- Platform Features
- Jitsu
- Nodejitsu Web Application
- JSON API
- Haibu
- Open Source Projects
- Support
- Appendix: package.json
- Appendix: Resources
- Appendix: Building The Handbook

Table of Contents 2

### **NAME**

introduction

### Introduction

The Nodejitsu handbook will help you to familiarize yourself with deploying your Node.js applications to the cloud using Nodejitsu's services. It also provides detailed information about the Nodejitsu platform's advanced features and information on getting support when you need it.

This is a living document which you can submit patches to at http://github.com/nodejitsu/handbook.

### Who Is Nodejitsu?

We are a collective of seasoned developers who have been devoted to the Node.js project since 2009. We are community leaders who have created and contributed to hundreds of open-source Node.js projects. If you have used Node.js, you've probably used code we've helped create. You can find our open source code at <a href="http://github.com/nodejitsu">http://github.com/nodejitsu</a>.

#### What Is Nodejitsu?

Nodejitsu is a Platform as a Service and a Marketplace for Node.js applications. Nodejitsu allows you to seamlessly deploy your Node.js applications into the cloud with a myriad of additional features. Our platform provides a robust suite of functionality to assist in the development, management, and deployment of Node.js applications. Our deployment tools are the most user-friendly in the industry and our customer support is unparalleled.

#### **Getting Started**

So you wish to learn the ways of Nodejitsu? Excellent! You only need to know three things to get started:

- We're Nodejitsu, and we can give you scalable, fault-tolerant cloud hosting for your Node.js apps and we're the best you'll find.
- Getting started with your first app is simple with our jitsu command-line interface; we'll show you how.
- Most of our stack is open source and you can use our tools anywhere else you'd like to.

The Nodejitsu Handbook also contains information on other ways to deploy your applications, how to run your own cloud with our software, and where to get help when you need it.

Table of Contents 3

Hello World: A Tutorial

In this tutorial, you will write a simple "hello world" web application in Node.js, and then deploy it using jitsu, Nodejitsu's command line interface.

Before you get started, you should have both node is and the Node Package Manager (npm) installed.

#### Write A Server:

Let's start with a very basic node.js http server. Create a folder called myapp/ and then create a file inside the folder called server.js inside of it with the following code:

"" // requires node's http module var http = require('http');

// creates a new httpServer instance http.createServer(function (req, res) { // this is the callback, or request handler for the httpServer

// respond to the browser, write some headers so the // browser knows what type of content we are sending res.writeHead(200, {'Content-Type': 'text/html'});

// write some content to the browser that your user will see res.write('

## hello, i know nodejitsu.

')

// close the response res.end(); }).listen(80); // the server will listen on port 80 ```

That's all the code you'll need for starters. Save your server and get ready to deploy!

## **Deploy with Jitsu:**

In this tutorial, we use jitsu to deploy our "hello world" application. Jitsu is a Command Line Interface for using Nodejitsu's platform. We've designed Jitsu to be suitable for command line beginners, but still be powerful and extensible enough for production usage. If you aren't a fan of the command line or don't have terminal access you can still do everything jitsu can do through the Nodejitsu Web Application.

If this is your first time deploying an application and you are eager to get started, we recommend using jitsu: it has a one line installer, it's self-documenting, and with it you'll be able to deploy your app in seconds. Plus, it's what's in the tutorial.

#### Installation

In order to install jitsu, open a terminal and type:

```
[sudo] npm install -g jitsu
```

This command will install jitsu on your system; the -q makes npm install it globally.

!-- image depicts the results of running jitsu --

```
Marak-Squiress-MacBook-Pro:hellonode maraksquires$ jitsu
        Welcome to Nodejitsu
It worked if it ends with Nodejitsu ok
info:
info:
        Executing command help
info:
help:
help:
help:
help:
help:
help:
        Flawless deployment of Node.js apps to the cloud
help:
        open-source and fully customizable.
help:
        https://github.com/nodejitsu/jitsu
help:
help:
        Usage:
help:
help:
          jitsu <resource> <action> <param1> <param2> ...
help:
help:
        Common Commands:
help:
help:
        Deploys current path to Nodejitsu
help:
help:
          jitsu deploy
help:
help:
        Creates a new application on Nodejitsu
help:
help:
          jitsu create
help:
help:
        Lists all applications for the current user
help:
help:
          jitsu list
help:
help:
        Additional Commands
help:
help:
          jitsu apps
help:
          jitsu snapshots
help:
          jitsu users
help:
          iitsu conf
help:
          jitsu logout
help:
help:
        Nodejitsu ok
info:
Marak-Squiress-MacBook-Pro:hellonode maraksquires$
```

After installation, run the jitsu command from your command line. Since it's your first time using jitsu, you will be prompted to login with an existing account or to create a new account.

```
Marak-Squiress-MacBook-Pro:hellonode maraksquires$ jitsu
                                     Welcome to Nodejitsu
                             info:
                                     It worked if it ends with Nodejitsu ok
                             info:
                             info:
                                     No user has been setup on this machine
                             prompt: username: marak
                             prompt: password:
                             info:
                                     Authenticated as marak
                                     Successfully configured user marak
                             info:
                             info:
                                     Nodejitsu ok
                             Marak-Squiress-MacBook-Pro:hellonode maraksquires$
!-- image depicts user logging in -
```

0 , 00 0

Once you've logged in, you can deploy your app immediately.

## One Line Deployment

Open a terminal:

```
cd /path/to/myapp
```

jitsu deploy

This will create a new application snapshot, generate and or update project metadata, and deploy the project in the current path to Nodejitsu. If it's your first deployment, you'll be prompted for some information such as *your app's name*, its *nodejitsu subdomain*, and its *start script*. It's really easy and we promise it will only take a few seconds.

Now just open up your favorite browser, and go to your subdomain.nodejitsu.com. If everything has been set up correctly, then you, too, are on the path of nodejitsu!

Features of the Nodejitsu Platform

### Introduction

The Nodejitsu platform makes writing and deploying web applications a snap! In addition to simple yet powerful tools for deployment, the Nodejitsu platform also has snapshot management, database hosting and connectivity, and a marketplace!

There are three main tools for deploying applications to Nodejitsu:

!--Make sure that all these links point to the proper URLs--\* Jitsu, The Nodejitsu command line tool \* The Nodejitsu Web Application, An easy to use web interface for managing your applications \* Nodejitsu's JSON API

Each of these tools allow developers to access the exact same functionality.

## **Snapshots**

Every time you deploy to Nodejitsu, we automatically take a snapshot of your application. Using any of our tools, you can view and manage snapshots, or even roll back to an old snapshot when disaster strikes in your production environment.

#### **Databases**

Applications on Nodejitsu are ready to be connected to any database. If you have already have a database running, Nodejitsu can connect to your pre-existing database. If you require a new database, Nodejitsu can provide you *free* instances of several different types of databases. These free instances are great for development purposes or hobby sites. If you require a high traffic or production database we provide an easy upgrade path to industrial strength database hosting.

### **Creating new Databases**

If you require database hosting you can create a new database instance of any of our supported databases using jitsu, the Nodejitsu Web Application, or Nodejitsu's API.

#### **Existing Databases**

If you already have an externally hosted Database, Nodejitsu is capable of connecting to it. We've got Database hosting if you need it, but we fully support externally hosted Databases.

### **Connecting Applications to Databases**

If you want to connect a Database to your Node.js application, Nodejitsu provides you with sample code for each Database type as well as the ability to specify database connection strings in your application's package.json.

## **Marketplace**

The Marketplace is an online store where you can browse ready to deploy Node.js Applications. The Marketplace is a great place to start if you are new to Node.js development or want to share your existing Node.js Application with the world.

The Jitsu Client

Jitsu is a Command Line Interface (CLI) for interacting with the Nodejitsu platform. It's open-source and easy to use.

#### Installation

Jitsu is distrubited using the Node Package Manager (npm). Installing jitsu with npm is a snap:

```
[sudo] npm install -g jitsu
```

This command installs jitsu on the system globally.

## **Usage**

Commands for jitsu follow this pattern:

```
jitsu <resource> <action> <param1> <param2> ...
```

For example, in jitsu apps deploy, "apps" is the resource and "deploy" is the action.

## jitsu deploy (jitsu apps deploy)

jitsu deploy will attempt to deploy the application in the current directory to Nodejitsu. It deploys your application using the following steps:

- 1. Creates the application (if necessary)
- 2. Creates or validates the package.json
- 3. Packages and creates a new snapshot
- 4. Stops the application (if neccessary)
- 5. Starts the application

#### jitsu create (jitsu apps create)

jitsu create will create a new application. This entails generating a package json for your app, for the purposes of deployment.

### jitsu list (jitsu apps list)

jitsu list lists your applications, as well as their respective states, subdomains, entry points and latest snapshots.

!-- Screenshot --

#### jitsu help resource action

Jitsu is self-documenting. All commands will yield friendly messages to you if you specify incorrect parameters. Additionally, jitsu help will return useful help messages about any given resource or resource/action pair. for instance:

```
josh@pidgey:~$ jitsu help apps deploy
info: Welcome to Nodejitsu
       It worked if it ends with Nodejitsu ok
info:
info:
       Executing command help apps deploy
help:
help:
       Deploys an application using the following steps:
help:
help:
         1. Creates the application (if necessary)
help:
         2. Creates or validates the package.json
help:
help:
         3. Packages and creates a new snapshot
help:
         4. Stops the application (if neccessary)
help:
         5. Starts the application
help:
      iitsu deplov
help:
help:
      jitsu apps deploy
help:
info:
      Nodejitsu ok
```

josh@pidgey:~\$

If no resource and/or action are specified, then jitsu help alone will describe what resources are available.

## jitsu apps action

In addition to the commands aliased to jitsu create, jitsu deploy and jitsu list, the apps resource allows you to create, destroy, stop, start and otherwise interact with your applications.

### jitsu config action

jitsu config commands allow you to edit your local jitsu confuration file.

## jitsu snapshots action

jitsu snapshots \* commands allow you to work with snapshots for your Applications on Nodejitsu. Snapshots are images of your Application's code that are deployed to the Nodejitsu Platform.

For commands that take a <name> parameter, if no parameter is supplied, jitsu will attempt to read the package.json from the current directory.

## jitsu users action

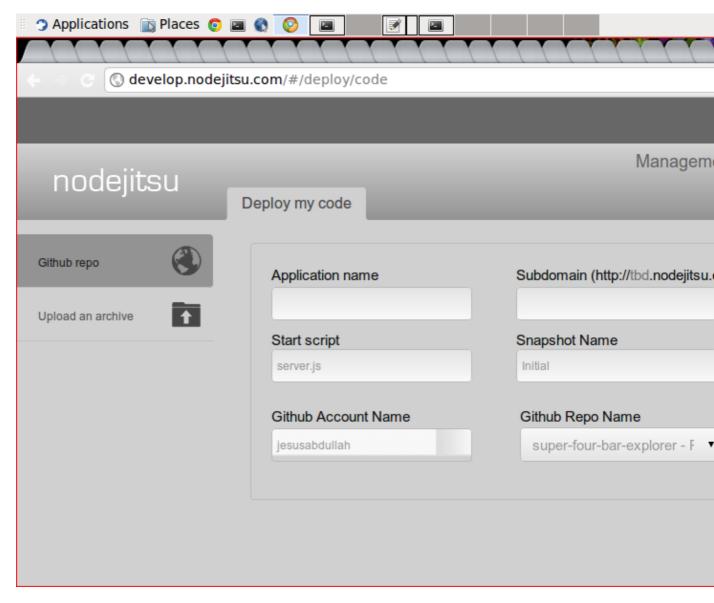
jitsu users \* commands allow you to work with new or existing Nodejitsu user accounts. You will be prompted for additional user information as required.

## .jitsuconf file

All configuration data for your local jitsu install is located in the *.jitsuconf* file located in your home directory. Directly modifying this file is not advised. You should be able to make all configuration changes using jitsu config.

#### Nodejitsu Web Application

The Nodejitsu Web Application allows developers to administrate their applications through a web interface. This interface allows access to all the same functionality that can be found in jitsu or the JSON API, including deployment, snapshots and database connectivity.



The web admin interface may be found at http://develop.nodejitsu.com.

#### JSON API

Nodejitsu provides a web API for developers who want to interact with the Nodejitsu platform programatically. This API is built to be RESTful and communicates via JSON. The API is the most low-level way of interacting with the Nodejitsu platform. For most deployment scenarios you should use our command line tool, jitsu, or the online administrative interface.

Jitsu is implemented by wrapping the JSON API.

### **Authentication**

Most of the calls to the API will require that you authenticate using your Nodejitsu account. If you do not have an account it is possible to create one using the user API, the jitsu CLI, or just by visiting http://nodejitsu.com. Currently, we support Basic Authentication. If you haven't used Basic Auth before, don't fret; it's easy!

Here is an example using the command line utility, Curl:

```
// get all applications for User "Marak"
curl --user Marak:password http://nodejitsu.com/apps/marak
```

## **Applications**

Applications are the core of the Nodejitsu API. Each application represents a set of Node.js code plus a package.json which contains meta-data about the application such as it's dependencies, database connections, configuration settings, authors, etc. For more information about the package.json format see: package.json

### Get all Applications for a User

```
GET /apps/:user-id
```

## **Create a new Application**

```
POST /apps/:user-id
{ package.json }
```

#### Start an Application

POST /apps/:user-id/:app-id/start

#### Stop an Application

POST /apps/:user-id/:app-id/stop

#### **Restart an Application**

POST /apps/:user-id/:app-id/restart

### **Update an Application**

```
PUT /apps/:user-id
{ package.json }
```

### **Delete an Application**

DELETE /apps/:user-id/:app-id/remove

## **Snapshots**

#### Make an existing snapshot the active app

PUT /apps/:user-id/:app-id/snapshots/:id/active

## Activate / Deploy a snapshot

POST /apps/:user-id/:snapshots/:id

### Show a catalog of all Snapshot for an Application

GET /apps/:user-id/:app-id/snapshots

#### Show the contents of a Snapshot

GET /apps/:user-id/:app-id/snapshots/:id

#### **Users**

## Create a new User / Sign-up for a free Nodejitsu account

Email address is the only required field.

```
POST /users/:user-id
{
   email: "youremail@theinternet.com"
```

#### Confirm a User account

All User accounts must be confirmed. When a new User is created, a confirmation email will be sent to the email address associated with that user. In this email there will be an invite code. This code must be sent to the API to confirm the account.

```
POST /users/:user-id
{
   inviteCode: "SecretCode"
}
```

#### **Update User**

```
PUT /users/:user-id
{
   password: "new_password"
}
```

#### **Databases**

Databases are an integral part of most applications. The Nodejitsu API allows you to dynamically create new hosted database instances for your applications. Cloud database hosting is provided by: CouchOne, Redis2Go and MongoHQ.

#### Create a new Database

```
POST /databases/:user-id/:database-id
{
   type: "Couch || Redis || Mongo"
}
```

#### Get information about a Database

```
GET /databases/:user-id/:database-id
```

#### **Delete a Database**

DELETE /databases/:user-id/:database-id

## Logging

Logging is a very important feature in any professional grade Node.js application. Nodejitsu provides integrated logging solutions for your applications. Your logs are always saved and ready to be retrieved.

### Get all logs for a user

GET /logs/:user-id/

## Get logs for a specific application

GET /logs/:user-id/:app-id

## Marketplace

### **Get all Marketplace Applications**

GET /marketplace

#### **Get a specific Marketplace Application**

GET /databases/:user-id/:id

### Haibu

!--basically a copy-paste job from the haibu docs-- haibu is the open-source node.js project for spawning and managing several node.js applications on a single server. It's an integral part of Nodejitsu's production stack and is fully supported by a dedicated team of core node.js developers.

By installing haibu, a user creates a development environment for themselves that mirrors the functionality of Nodejitsu's cloud platform.

Open Source Projects

## **Why Open Source**

Most of Nodejitsu's technology stack is released as open source software. We choose to do this for many reasons. Aside from being able to give back to the Node.js community, releasing pieces of our stack as open-source allows other developers to review and improve our software. We've already received invaluable contributions to our platform from developers who would have never seen our code if we had not open-sourced it.

## Where To Find Our Projects

Nodejitsu hosts its open-source projects on Github at http://github.com/nodejitsu. Github is a web site for sharing and collobrating on source code using git, a popular version control system. You can get our source code without creating an account at github, and if you want to create an account it's free. You will need a git client client if you wish to clone any of our code repositories.

## **How To Contribute**

Anyone can contribute to any of our Nodejitsu open-source projects at any time. Our github site has the facilities for managing patches, issues, code comments, version control, and just about anything else an open source developer could need.

## **NAME**

troubleshooting

!--# Troubleshooting--

#### Support

Nodejitsu has a team of developers standing by to assist users with any issues they may come across while deploying and administrating their web applications on the Nodejitsu platform. Nodejitsu strives to have a lightning-fast turnaround on all issues you may have.

### E-mail

If you have any issues, feel free to email us at <a href="mailto:support@nodejitsu.com">support@nodejitsu.com</a>. One of our ninjas will get back to you at ninja speed!

### **Github**

Each of Nodejitsu's open source projects uses Github Issues to manage bugs and related software problems. For example, if a user has difficulty with jitsu, they can submit an issue at <a href="https://github.com/nodejitsu/jitsu/issues">https://github.com/nodejitsu/jitsu/issues</a>. Github Issues is a great way to report bugs in our software!

## **IRC**

Nodejitsu has a channel on <irc://freenode.net/#nodejitsu> where Nodejitsu developers are standing by to support users around the clock. Drop by to ask questions, get assistance or even just to hang out!

### **Twitter**

Nodejitsu has an official twitter account at <a href="https://twitter.com/#!/nodejitsu">https://twitter.com/#!/nodejitsu</a>. Follow us to get the latest news about Nodejitsu, or mention us if you have issues!

## Understanding the package.json format

A package json file describes your application, its dependencies, and other various application metadata. For a detailed spec on creating a package json you can check out Isaac's fine documentation here.

## Preparing a package ison for your application

Nodejitsu requires that you create a valid package.json for your application. The package.json will determine certain important pieces of information about your application which are required for deployment. Since sometimes it can get confusing when constructing your package.json file, we provide wizards in our CLI tool and on our website for creating one.

Here is an example of what your package.json might look like:

```
{
  "name": "hellonode",
  "subdomain": "hellonode",
  "scripts": {
    "start": "server.js"
  },
  "version": "0.0.0"
}
```

Notice the "scripts" property? This is where you'll store information about specific scripts in your application. The "start" property indicates the script that will get called when your application is started.

## Specifying dependencies in your package.json

If your application requires additional dependencies or third-party libraries, Nodejitsu fully supports npm module dependency resolution. All you have to do is list your dependencies the exact same way you would if you were packaging a module for npm. Here is an example of the same package.json with a few dependencies.

```
{
  "name": "hellonode",
  "subdomain": "hellonode",
  "scripts": {
    "start": "server.js"
},
  "dependencies": {
    "async": ">= 0.1.8",
    "colors": ">= 0.5.0",
    "request": ">= 1.9.0",
    "vows": ">= 0.5.8",
},
  "version": "0.0.0"
}
```

Your dependencies will be resolved when your application deploys to Nodejitsu.

## **NAME**

resources

## **Appendix: Resources**

New to Node.js? **Don't be scared!** There are plenty of resources out there for beginners. Here are just a few:

- The nodejs.org Official Docs
- The Node.js Wiki
- The #Node.js, #nodejitsu and #nodesupport rooms on irc.freenode.net
- @NodeKohai on Twitter
- <search.npmjs.org>

Appendix: Building the Nodejitsu Handbook

## **Dependencies**

The build process for the handbook has a few dependencies:

- make
- ronn
- htmldoc

Make and htmldoc should be available via your operating system's package manager (ie. apt-get). ronn is available on rubygems, which in turn should be available via your operating system's package manager as well. On Ubuntu systems, the rubygems package does not add its bin folder (/var/lib/gems/1.8/bin in Karmic) to your \$PATH variable, so add something like:

"" PATH="/var/lib/gems/1.8/bin:\$PATH" ""

to the end of your  $\sim$  / .profile file and activate it by running .  $\sim$  / .profile.

## **Build Process**

Once you've installed the dependencies, all you have to do is:

\$ make

and the files ./book.md, book.pdf, book.html, API.md and ReadMe.md should all be generated.