

SIMULADOR DE TRÁFEGO

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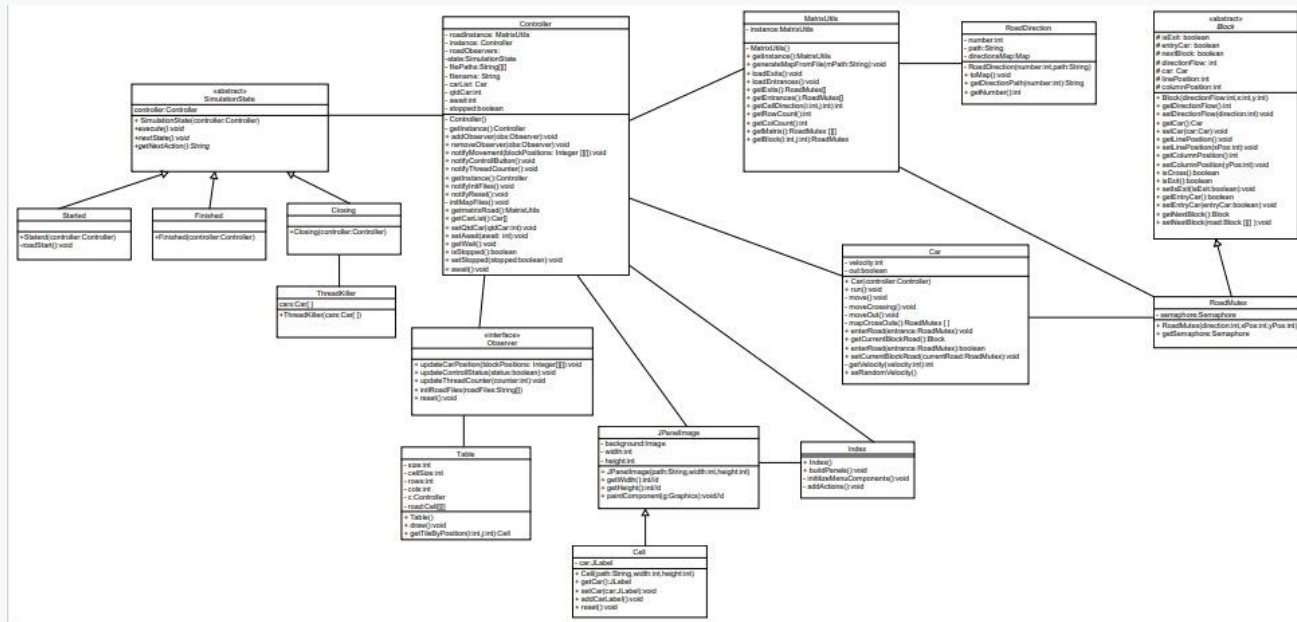
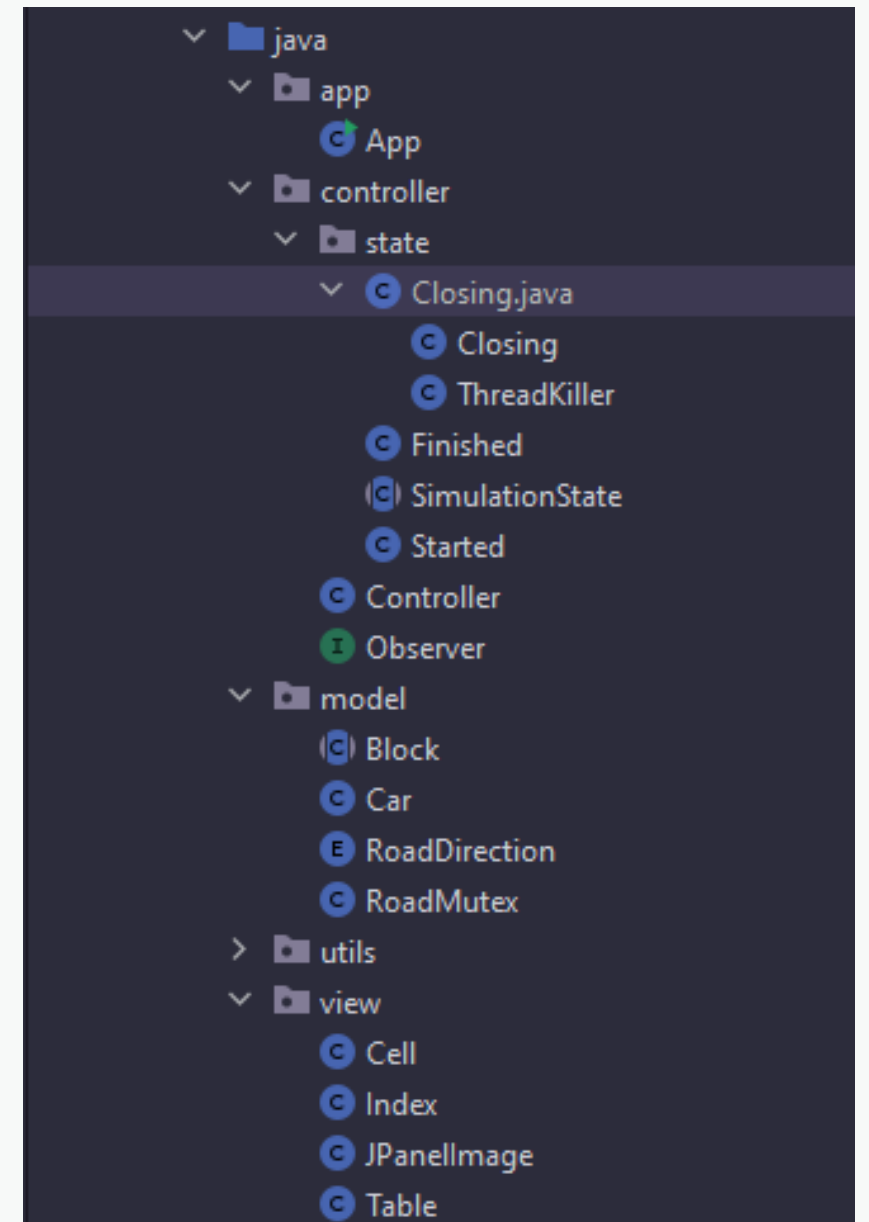


Diagrama de classe

Estrutura do projeto



C Controller

I Observer

▼ model

(C) Block

C Car

E RoadDirection

C RoadMutex

> utils

▼ view

C Cell

C Index

MVC

Observer

```
7 public interface Observer {  
8  
9     public void updateCarPosition(Integer [][]blockPositions);  
10  
11     public void updateControllStatus(boolean status);  
12  
13     public void updateThreadCounter(int counter);  
14  
15     public void initRoadFiles(String[] roadFiles);  
16  
17     public void reset();  
18  
19 }  
20
```

```
9
10 public class Table extends JPanel implements Observer {
11
12     private final int size = 575;
13     private int cellSize;
14     private int rows;
15     private int cols;
16     private Controller c;
17     private Cell[][] road;
```

```
11 public class Index extends JFrame implements Observer {
12
13     Table road;
14     Controller controller;
15     JPanelImage settingsPanel;
16     GridBagLayout gbl = new GridBagLayout();
17     GridBagConstraints layoutConstraint = new GridBagConstraints();
18
```

Observer

```
11  
12 public class MatrixUtils {  
13  
14     private static MatrixUtils instance;  
15  
16     private MatrixUtils() {  
17     }  
18  
19     public static MatrixUtils getInstance() {  
20         if (instance == null) {  
21             instance = new MatrixUtils();  
22         }  
23         return instance;  
24     }  
25
```

Singleton

```
public class Controller {  
  
    private final MatrixUtils roadInstance = MatrixUtils.getInst  
    private static Controller instance;  
    private List<Observer> roadObservers = new ArrayList<>();  
    private String filename = "src/main/resources/casefiles/malh  
  
    //Singleton  
    private Controller() {  
        try {  
            RoadDirection.toMap();  
            this.roadInstance.generateMapFromFile(filename);  
        } catch (IOException e) {  
            e.printStackTrace();  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Singleton


```

8  */
9  public abstract class SimulationState {
10
11      Controller controller;
12
13      public SimulationState(Controller controller){
14          this.controller = controller;
15      }
16
17      public abstract void execute();
18
19      public abstract void nextState();
20
21      public abstract String getNextAction();
22

```

```

11  public class Started extends SimulationState {
12
13      public Started(Controller controller) {
14          super(controller);
15      }
16
17
18      @Override
19      public void execute() {
20          if(!controller.isStopped()){
21              roadStart();
22          }
23      }
24

```

```

14  public class Closing extends SimulationState {
15
16      public Closing(Controller controller) {
17          super(controller);
18      }
19
20      @Override
21      public void execute() {
22          controller.await();
23          if (controller.getCarList().isEmpty()) {
24              nextState();
25          }
26      }
27

```

```

9  public class Finished extends SimulationState {
10
11      public Finished(Controller controller) {
12          super(controller);
13      }
14
15
16      @Override
17      public void execute() {
18          controller.await();
19      }
20
21      @Override
22      public void nextState() {

```

State

Requisitos Obrigatórios



- limite para quantidade de veículos;



- Iniciar Simulação com a restrição anterior;



Simulação encerra - não adicionar e encerra imediatamente todos os veículos;

```

29
30 public void generateMapFromFile(String mPath) throws IOException {
31     Path path = Paths.get(mPath);
32     List<String> lines = Files.readAllLines(path);
33     System.out.println(lines.get(0));
34     System.out.println(lines.get(1));
35     matriz = new RoadMutex[Integer.parseInt(lines.get(0))][Integer.parseInt(lines.get(1))];
36     StringBuilder strRoad = new StringBuilder();
37
38     //Criação da Matriz
39     for (int i = 2; i < lines.size(); i++) {
40         String[] line = lines.get(i).split("\t");
41         for (int j = 0; j < line.length; j++) {
42             matriz[i - 2][j] = new RoadMutex(Integer.parseInt(line[j]), i - 2, j);
43
44             strRoad.append(line[j] + " ");
45         }
46         strRoad.append("\n");
47     }
48
49     //Setando nextBlock de todas as células
50     for (int i = 0; i < matriz.length; i++) {
51         for (int j = 0; j < matriz[i].length; j++) {
52             matriz[i][j].setNextBlock(matriz);
53         }
54     }
55
56     loadEntrances();
57     loadExits();
58
59     System.out.println(strRoad);
60 }

```

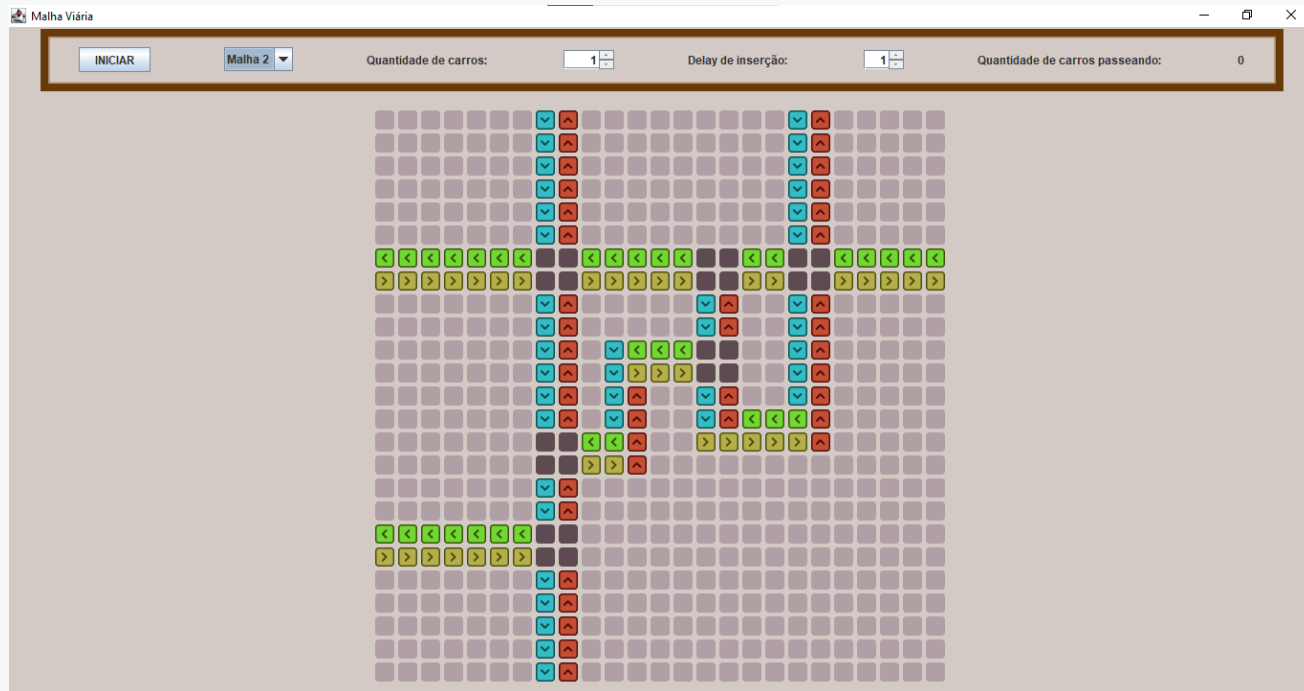
Matrix



Malha – UI1



Malha - UI2



Malha - UI3

Quantidade de veículos & Início da Simulação

```
102 public void start() {
103     int i = 0;
104     this.stopped = false;
105     notifyControllButton();
106     while (true) {
107         if (carList.size() < qtdCar) {
108             Car newCar = new Car(this);
109             RoadMutex entrance = roadInstance.getEntrances().get(i);
110             Integer[][] positions = {{null, null}, {entrance.getLinePosition(), entrance.getColumn()}};
111
112             newCar.enterRoad(entrance);
113             carList.add(newCar);
114             notifyThreadCounter();
115             notifyMovement(positions);
116             newCar.start();
117
118             i++;
119             if (i == roadInstance.getEntrances().size()) {
120                 i = 0;
121             }
122
123             try {
124                 Thread.currentThread().sleep(this.await);
125             } catch (InterruptedException ex) {
126                 Logger.getLogger(Controller.class.getName()).log(Level.SEVERE, null, ex);
127             }
128         }
129     }
130 }
131 }
```

```
6
7 public class RoadMutex extends Block {
8
9     private final Semaphore semaphore = new Semaphore(1);
10
11     public RoadMutex(int direction, int xPos, int yPos) {
12         super(direction, xPos, yPos);
13     }
14
15     public Semaphore getSemaphore() {
16         return semaphore;
17     }
18 }
19
```

Mecanismo de exclusão mútua

Requisitos Opcionais

- Intervalo na inserção de veículos;

- Encerrar a simulação aguardando os veículos se retirarem;

```
68
69     public MatrixUtils getMatrixRoad() {
70         return roadInstance;
71     }
72
73     private List<Car> carList = new ArrayList<>();
74     private int qtdCar;
75     private int await;
76     private boolean stopped = true;
77
78 > public void setQtdCar(int qtdCar) { ...
79     }
80
81
82     public void setAwait(int await) {
83         this.await = await * 1000;
84     }
85
86     public void getAwait(int await) {
87         this.await = await;
88     }
89
```

Opção de
intervalo de
inserção

Hands on!



- muitos carros



- uma malha



- carros rápidos



- seguir semáforo