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Python Data Analysis Library

pandas is an open source, BSD-licensed library providing high-performance, easy-to-use data structures and data analysis tools for the Python programming language.

pandas is a <u>NumFOCUS</u> sponsored project. This will help ensure the success of development of pandas as a world-class open-source project, and makes it possible to donate to the project.

A Fiscally Sponsored Project of



v0.23.4 Final (August 3, 2018)

This is a minor bug-fix release in the 0.23.x series and includes some regression fixes, bug fixes, and performance improvements. We recommend that all users upgrade to this version.

The release can be installed with conda from conda-forge or the default channel:

conda install pandas

Or via PyPI:

python3 -m pip install --upgrade pandas

See the full whatsnew for a list of all the changes.

VERSIONS

Release

0.23.4 - August 2018

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Development

0.24.0 - 2018

aithub // docs

Previous Releases

0.23.3 - download // docs // pdf

0.23.2 - download // docs // pdf

0.23.1 - download // docs // pdf

0.23.0 - download // docs // pdf

0.22.0 - download // docs // pdf

0.21.1 - download // docs // pdf

0.21.0 - download // docs // pdf

0.20.3 - download // docs // pdf

0.19.2 - download // docs // pdf

0.18.1 - download // docs // pdf

0.17.1 - download // docs // pdf

0.16.2 - download // docs // pdf

0.15.2 - download // docs // pdf

0.14.1 - download // docs // pdf

0.13.1 - download // docs // pdf

0.12.0 - download // docs // pdf

ABOUT PANDAS

What's New Getting Started Issue Tracker

https://pandas.pydata.org/

v0.23.0 Final (May 15, 2018)

This is a major release from 0.22.0 and includes a number of API changes, new features, enhancements, and performance improvements along with a large number of bug fixes.

Highlights include:

- Round-trippable JSON format with 'table' orient.
- Instantiation from dicts respects order for Python 3.6+.
- Dependent column arguments for assign.
- Merging / sorting on a combination of columns and index levels.
- Extending Pandas with custom types.
- Excluding unobserved categories from groupby.

The release candidate can be installed with conda from our development channel (builds for osx-64, linux-64 and win-64 for Python 2.7, Python 3.5, and Python 3.6 are all available):

conda install pandas

or conda forge:

conda install -c conda-forge pandas

Or via PyPI:

python3 -m pip install --upgrade pandas==0.23.0

See the <u>full whatsnew</u> for a list of all the changes.

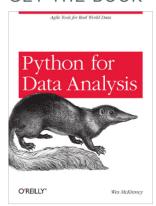
Best way to Install

The best way to get pandas is via conda

conda install pandas

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RELATED TOOLS

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Packages are available for <u>all supported python versions</u> on Windows, Linux, and MacOS.

Wheels are also uploaded to PvPI and can be installed with

pip install pandas

Quick vignette

10-minute tour of pandas from Wes McKinney on Vimeo.

What problem does pandas solve?

Python has long been great for data munging and preparation, but less so for data analysis and modeling. *pandas* helps fill this gap, enabling you to carry out your entire data analysis workflow in Python without having to switch to a more domain specific language like R.

Combined with the excellent <u>IPython</u> toolkit and other libraries, the environment for doing data analysis in Python excels in performance, productivity, and the ability to collaborate.

pandas does not implement significant modeling functionality outside of linear and panel regression; for this, look to <u>statsmodels</u> and <u>scikit-learn</u>. More work is still

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needed to make Python a first class statistical modeling environment, but we are well on our way toward that goal.

What do our users have to say?

Roni Israelov, PhD

Portfolio Manager

AQR Capital Management

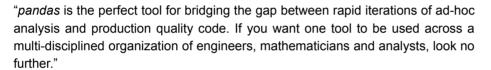


"pandas allows us to focus more on research and less on programming. We have found pandas easy to learn, easy to use, and easy to maintain. The bottom line is that it has increased our productivity."

David Himrod

Director of Optimization & Analytics





Olivier Pomel

CEO

Datadog



"We use pandas to process time series data on our production servers. The simplicity and elegance of its API, and its high level of performance for highvolume datasets, made it a perfect choice for us."

Library Highlights

- A fast and efficient DataFrame object for data manipulation with integrated indexing;
- Tools for reading and writing data between in-memory data structures and different formats: CSV and text files, Microsoft Excel, SQL databases, and the fast HDF5 format:

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- Intelligent data alignment and integrated handling of missing data: gain automatic label-based alignment in computations and easily manipulate messy data into an orderly form;
- Flexible reshaping and pivoting of data sets;
- Intelligent label-based slicing, fancy indexing, and subsetting of large data sets;
- Columns can be inserted and deleted from data structures for **size mutability**;
- Aggregating or transforming data with a powerful group by engine allowing split-apply-combine operations on data sets;
- High performance **merging and joining** of data sets:
- Hierarchical axis indexing provides an intuitive way of working with highdimensional data in a lower-dimensional data structure:
- **Time series**-functionality: date range generation and frequency conversion, moving window statistics, moving window linear regressions, date shifting and lagging. Even create domain-specific time offsets and join time series without losing data:
- Highly **optimized for performance**, with critical code paths written in <u>Cython</u> or C.
- Python with *pandas* is in use in a wide variety of **academic and commercial** domains, including Finance, Neuroscience, Economics, Statistics, Advertising, Web Analytics, and more.

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