Introduction

In this article, we will learn how to implement Token Based Authentication in Web APIs to secure the data.

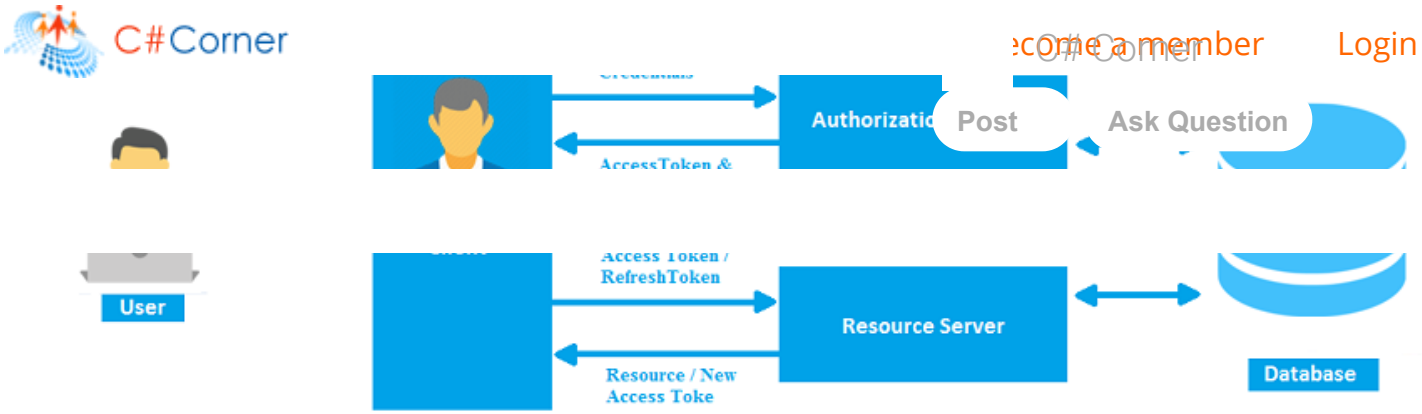
There are 4 common methods of Web API Authentication:

1. HTTP Authentication Schemes (Basic & Bearer)
2. API Keys
3. OAuth (2.0)
4. OpenID Connect

Here we will learn OAuth authentication. OAuth is an open standard for token based authentication and authorization on internet. By using OAuth we can create Token Based Authentication API.

What is Token Based Authentication in Web API?

Token-based authentication is a process where the client application first sends a request to Authentication server with a valid credentials. The Authentication server sends an Access token to the client as a response. This token contains enough data to identify a particular user and it has an expiry time. The client application then uses the token to access the restricted resources in the next requests until the token is valid. If the Access token is expired, then the client application can request for a new access token by using Refresh token.



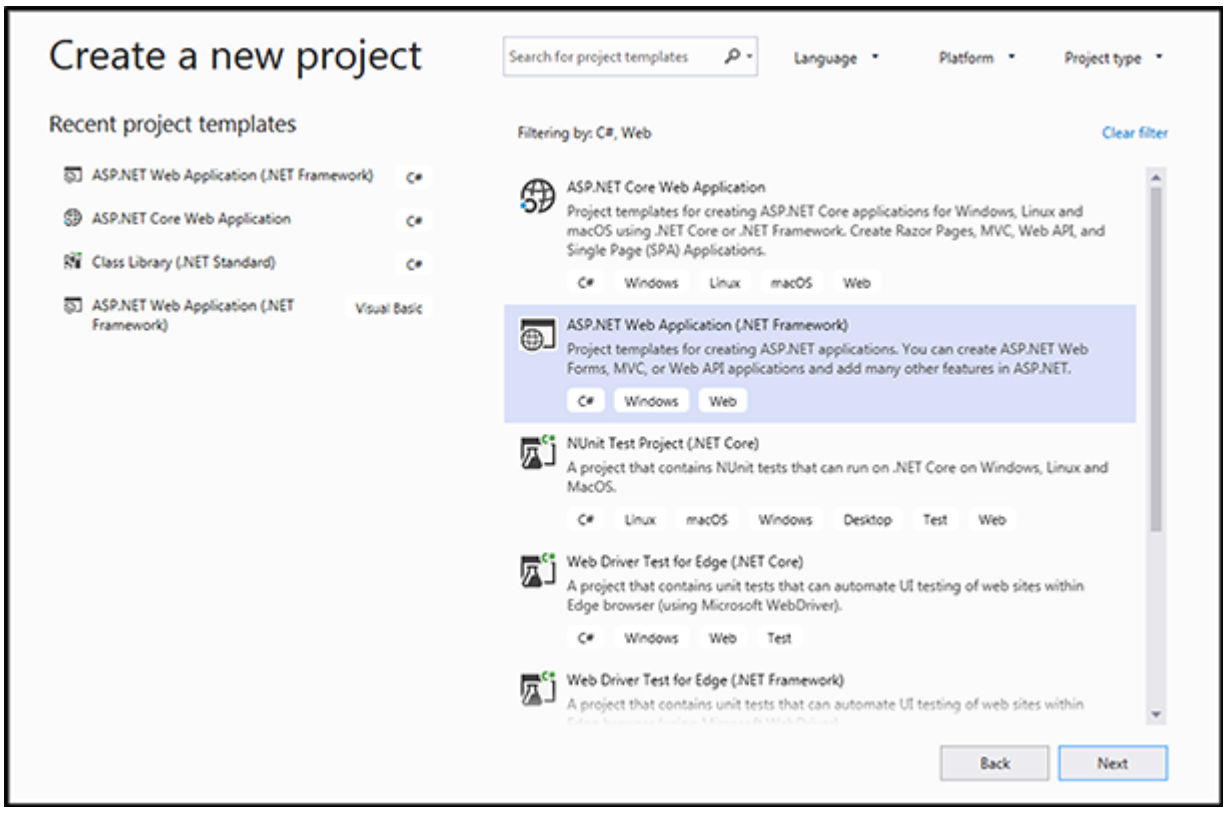
Advantages of Token Based Authentication

- Scalability of Servers
- Loosely Coupling
- Mobile-Friendly

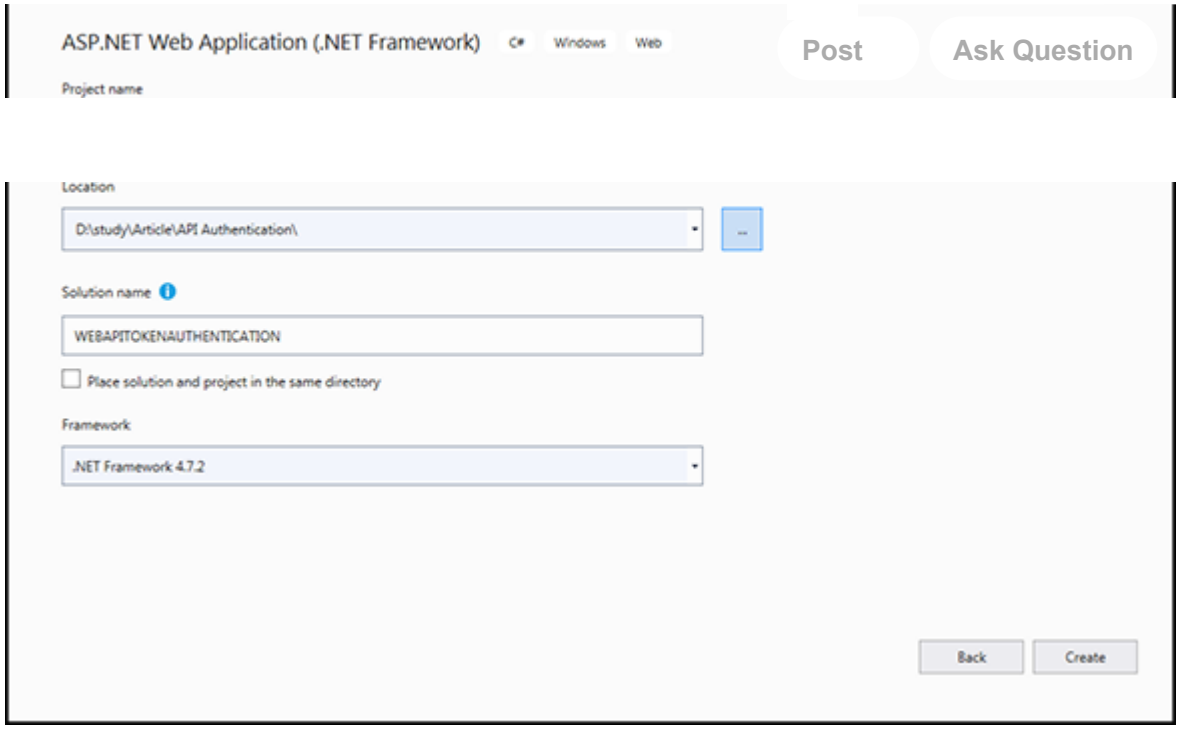
Let's discuss the step by step procedure to create Token-Based Authentication,

Step 1 - Create ASP.NET Web Project in Visual Studio 2019

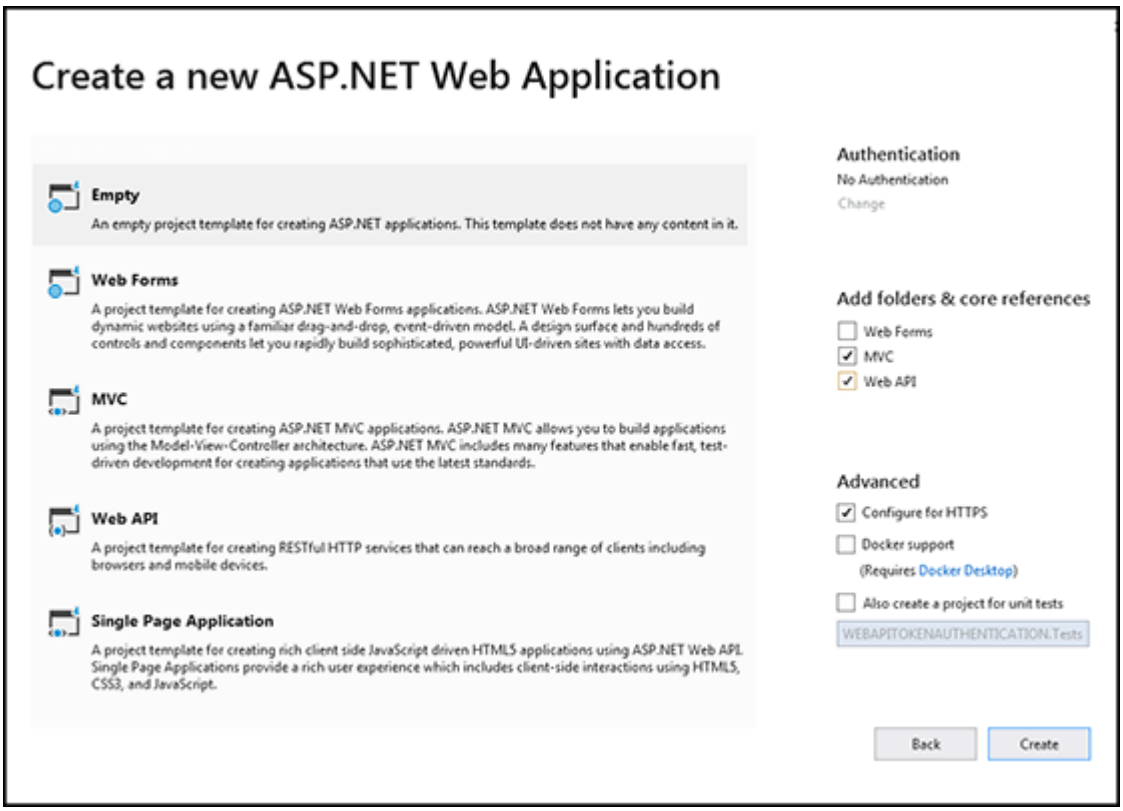
We have to create web project in Visual Studio as given in the below image. Choose ASP.Net Web Application from the menu.



Give the project name as:WEBAPITOKENAUTHENTICATION.

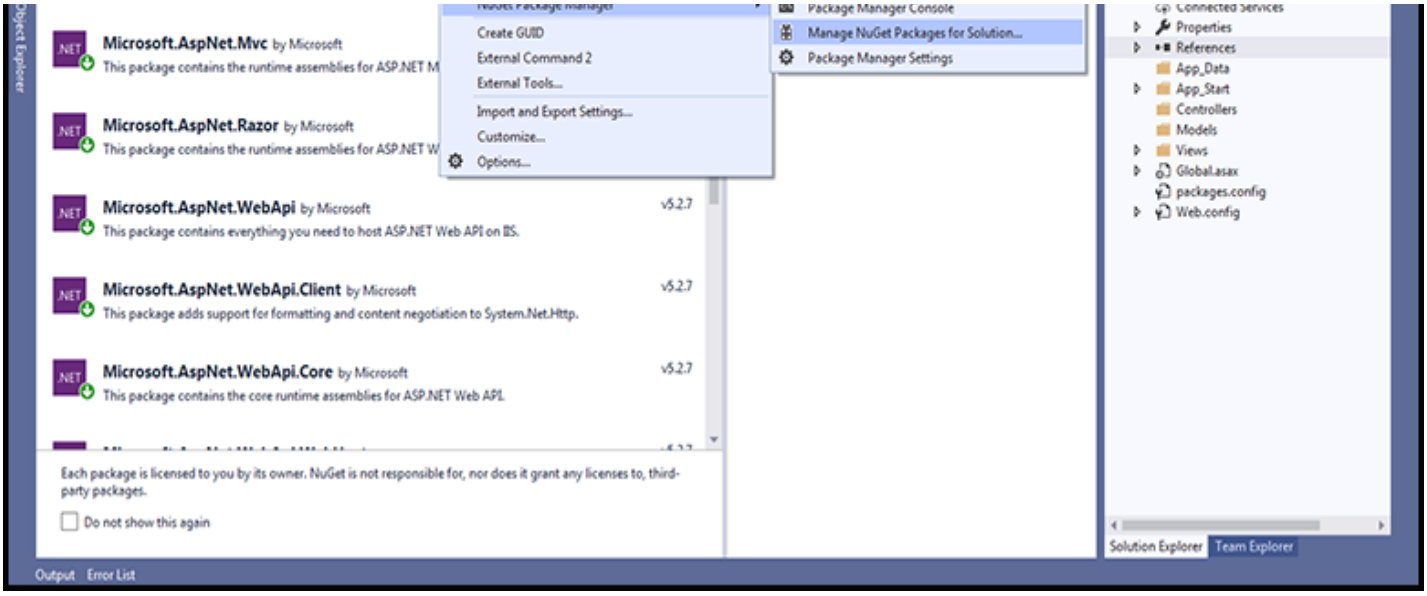


Now choose the empty template and check the "MVC" and "Web API" on the right hand side.



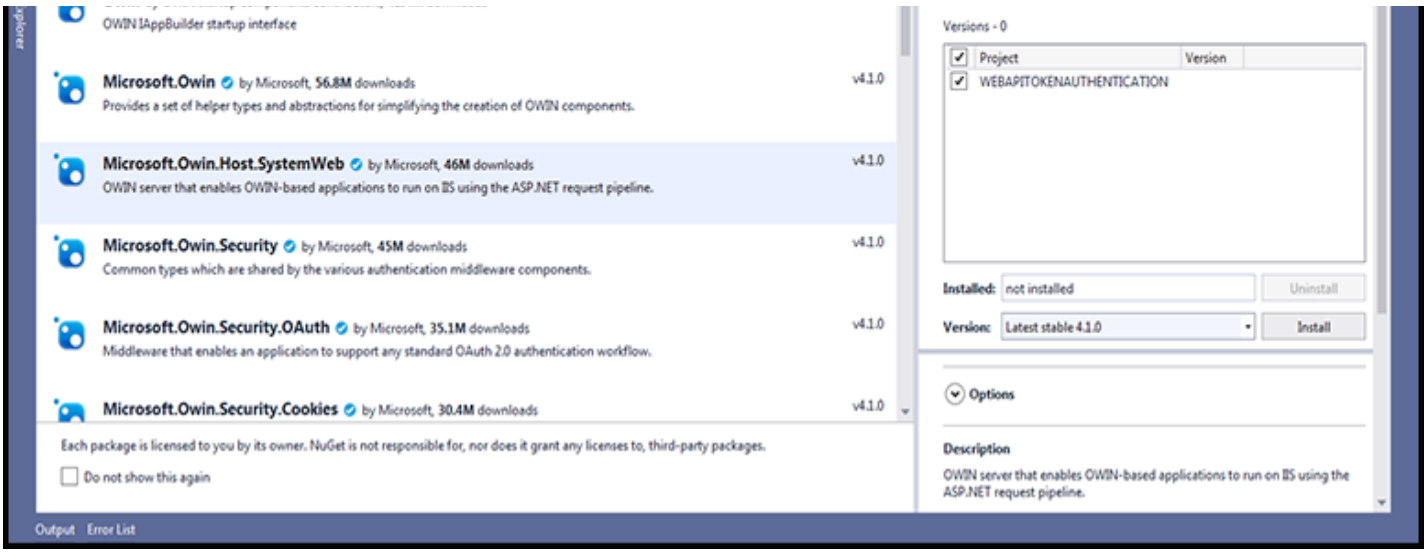
Step 2 - Addition Of References

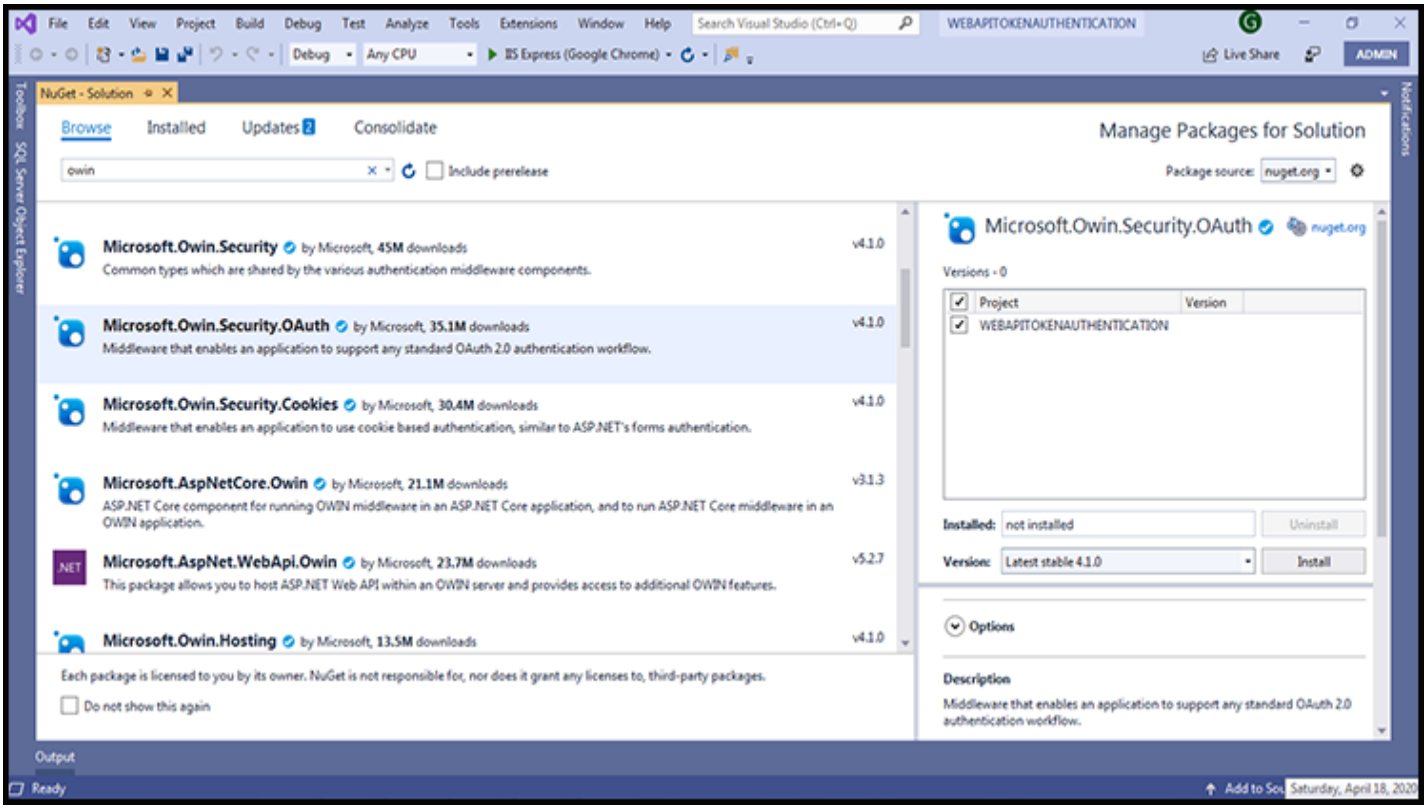
In this step,we have to add Nuget References like the below image,

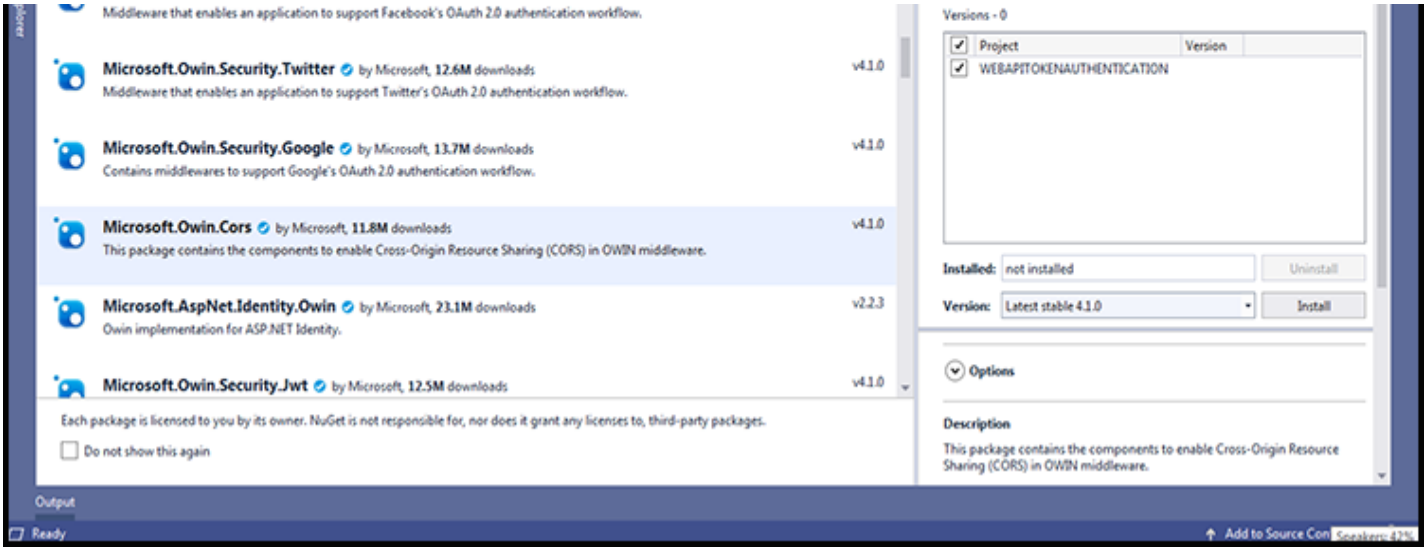


Here we have to add the following references :

- Microsoft.Owin.Host.SystemWeb
- Microsoft.Owin.Security.OAuth
- Microsoft.Owin.Cors

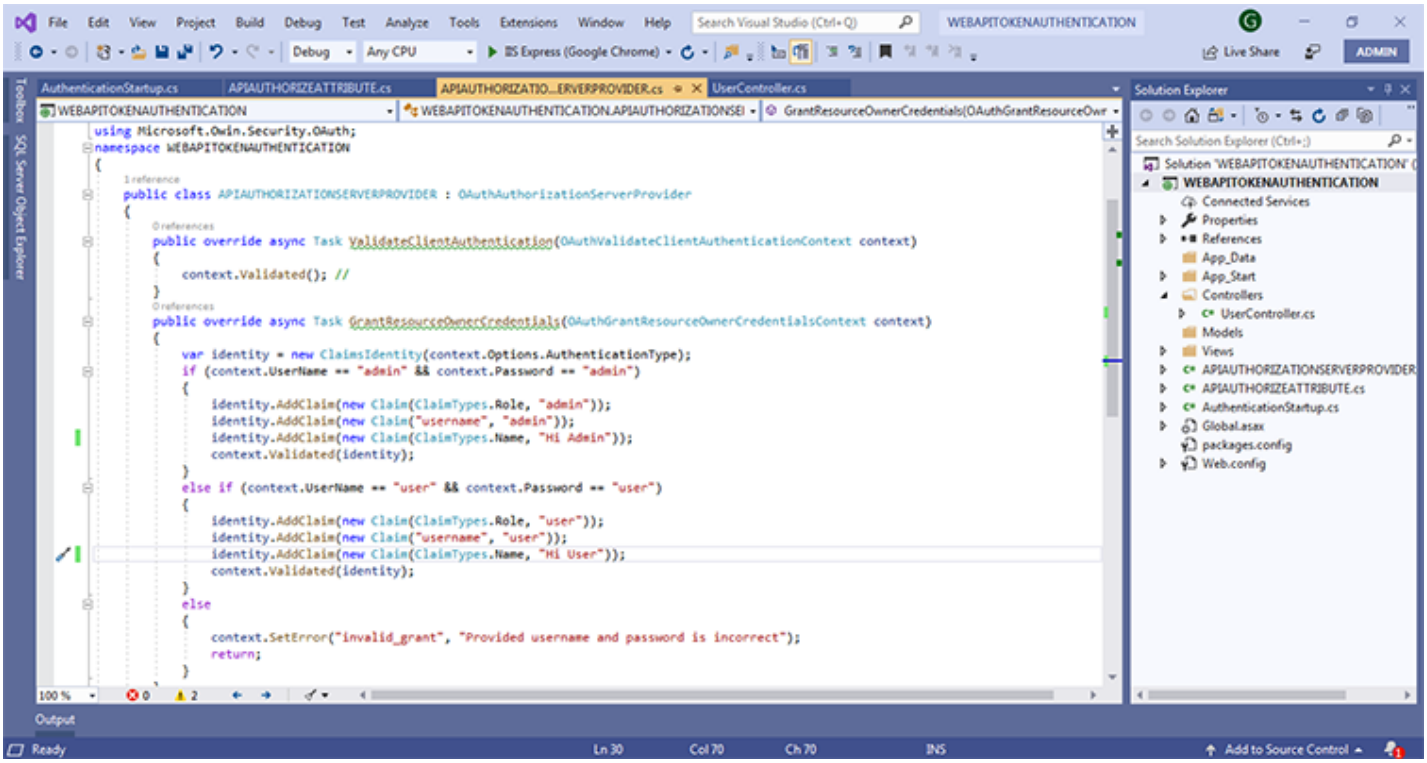






Step 3 - Create APIAUTHORIZATIONSERVERPROVIDER.cs Class File

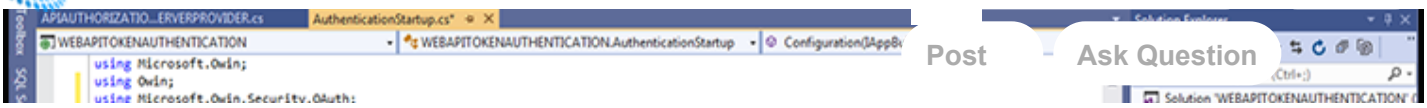
Now, let's create the class file to provide credentials to access data depending on username, password, and roles.



```
01. public class APIAUTHORIZATIONSERVERPROVIDER :                    erverProv
02.     {
03.         public override async Task ValidateClientAuthentication(OAuthValic
06.         }
07.         public override async Task GrantResourceOwnerCredentials(OAuthGrar
08.         {
09.             var identity = new ClaimsIdentity(context.Options.Authenticati
10.             if (context.UserName == "admin" && context.Password == "admin"
11.             {
12.                 identity.AddClaim(new Claim(ClaimTypes.Role, "admin"));
13.                 identity.AddClaim(new Claim("username", "admin"));
14.                 identity.AddClaim(new Claim(ClaimTypes.Name, "Hi
    Admin"));
15.                 context.Validated(identity);
16.             }
17.             else if (context.UserName == "user" && context.Password == "us
18.             {
19.                 identity.AddClaim(new Claim(ClaimTypes.Role, "user"));
20.                 identity.AddClaim(new Claim("username", "user"));
21.                 identity.AddClaim(new Claim(ClaimTypes.Name, "Hi
    User"));
22.                 context.Validated(identity);
23.             }
24.             else
25.             {
26.                 context.SetError("invalid_grant", "Provided username and p
27.                 return;
28.             }
29.         }
30.     }
```

Step 4 - Create a AuthenticationStartup.cs Class File

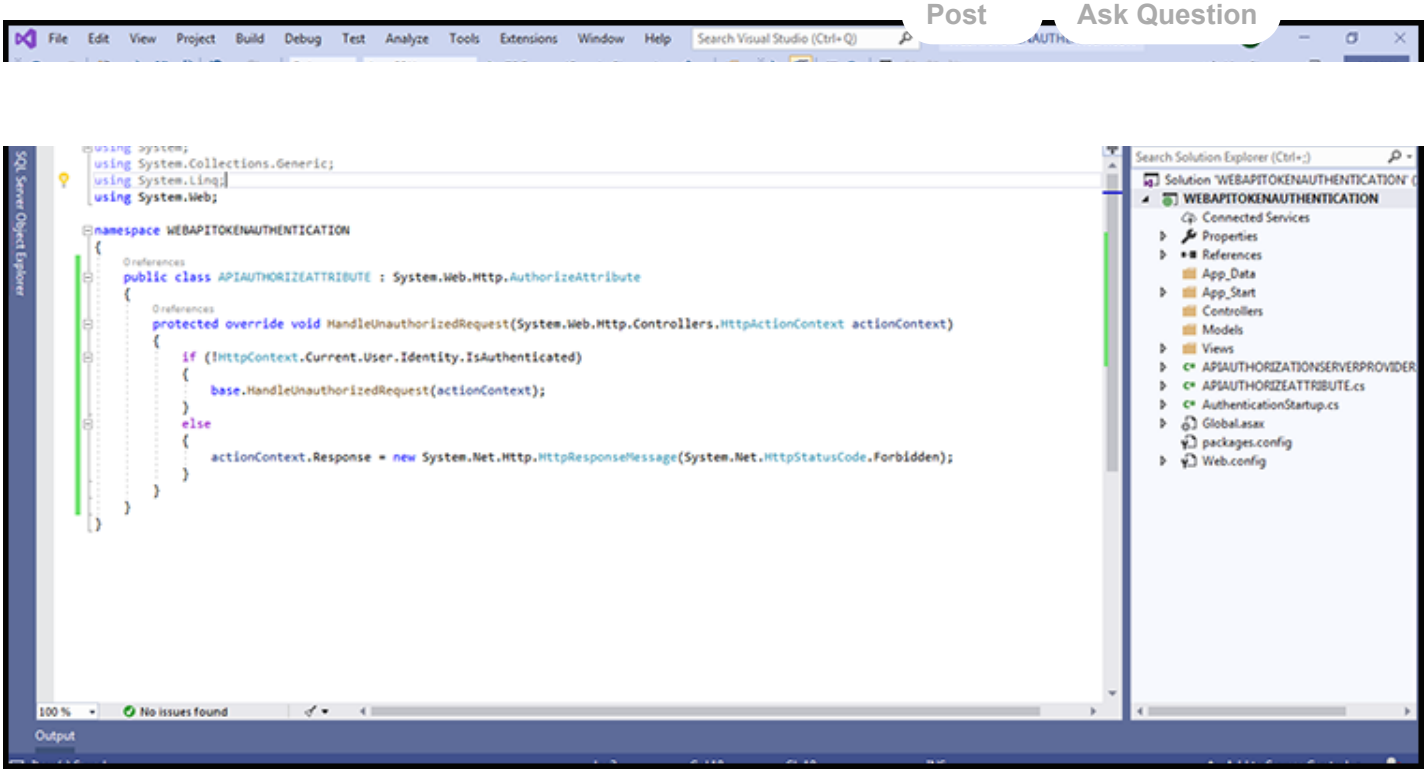
Here, we need to create a new class file to implement the code configuration provider and create an instance of class APIAUTHORIZATIONSERVERPROVIDER.



Code is given below:

```
01.  public class AuthenticationStartup
02.     {
03.         public void Configuration(IAppBuilder app)
04.         {
05.             app.UseCors(Microsoft.Owin.Cors.CorsOptions.AllowAll);
06.             var myProvider = new APIAUTHORIZATIONSERVERPROVIDER();
07.             OAuthAuthorizationServerOptions options = new OAuthAuthorizatic
08.             {
09.                 AllowInsecureHttp = true,
10.                 TokenEndpointPath = new PathString("/token"),
11.                 AccessTokenExpireTimeSpan = TimeSpan.FromDays(1),
12.                 Provider = myProvider
13.             };
14.             app.UseOAuthAuthorizationServer(options);
15.             app.UseOAuthBearerAuthentication(new OAuthBearerAuthentication(
16.
17.
18.             HttpConfiguration config = new HttpConfiguration();
19.             WebApiConfig.Register(config);
20.         }
21.     }
```

Step 5 - Create a APIAUTHORIZEATTRIBUTE.cs Class File

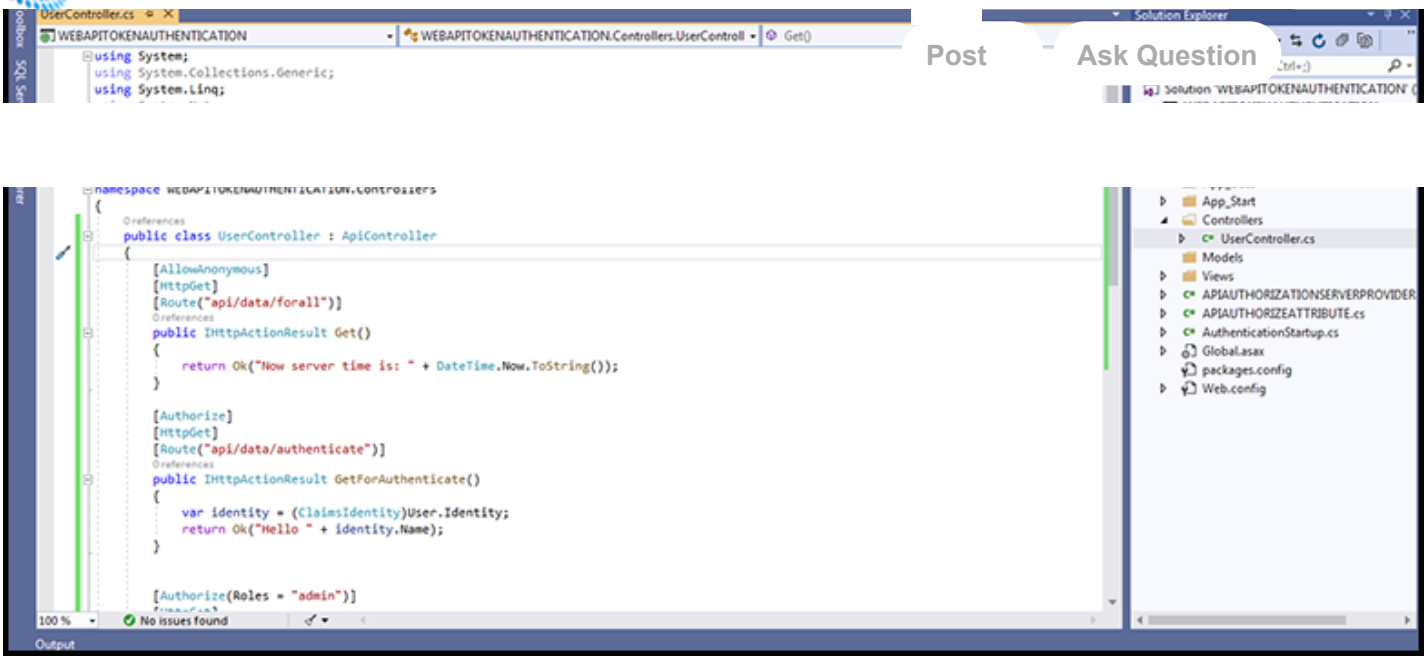


Code is given below:

```
01. public class APIAUTHORIZEATTRIBUTE : System.Web.Http.AuthorizeAttribute
02.   {
03.       protected override void HandleUnauthorizedRequest(System.Web.Http.C
04.       {
05.           if (!HttpContext.Current.User.Identity.IsAuthenticated)
06.           {
07.               base.HandleUnauthorizedRequest(actionContext);
08.           }
09.           else
10.           {
11.               actionContext.Response = new System.Net.Http.HttpResponseMes
12.           }
13.       }
14.   }
```

Step 6 - Create a controller with name UserController

Now we have to create an empty web api controller with name usercontroller. In this controller, we will write the actions with different authorization and roles.



The first action "Get" will be available for anonymous users .No authetication or token is needed for this.

```
[AllowAnonymous]
[HttpGet]
[Route("api/data/forall")]
public IHttpActionResult Get()
{
    return Ok("Now server time is: " + DateTime.Now.ToString());
}
```

The second action "GetForAuthenticate" only allows the authorized user to access it.

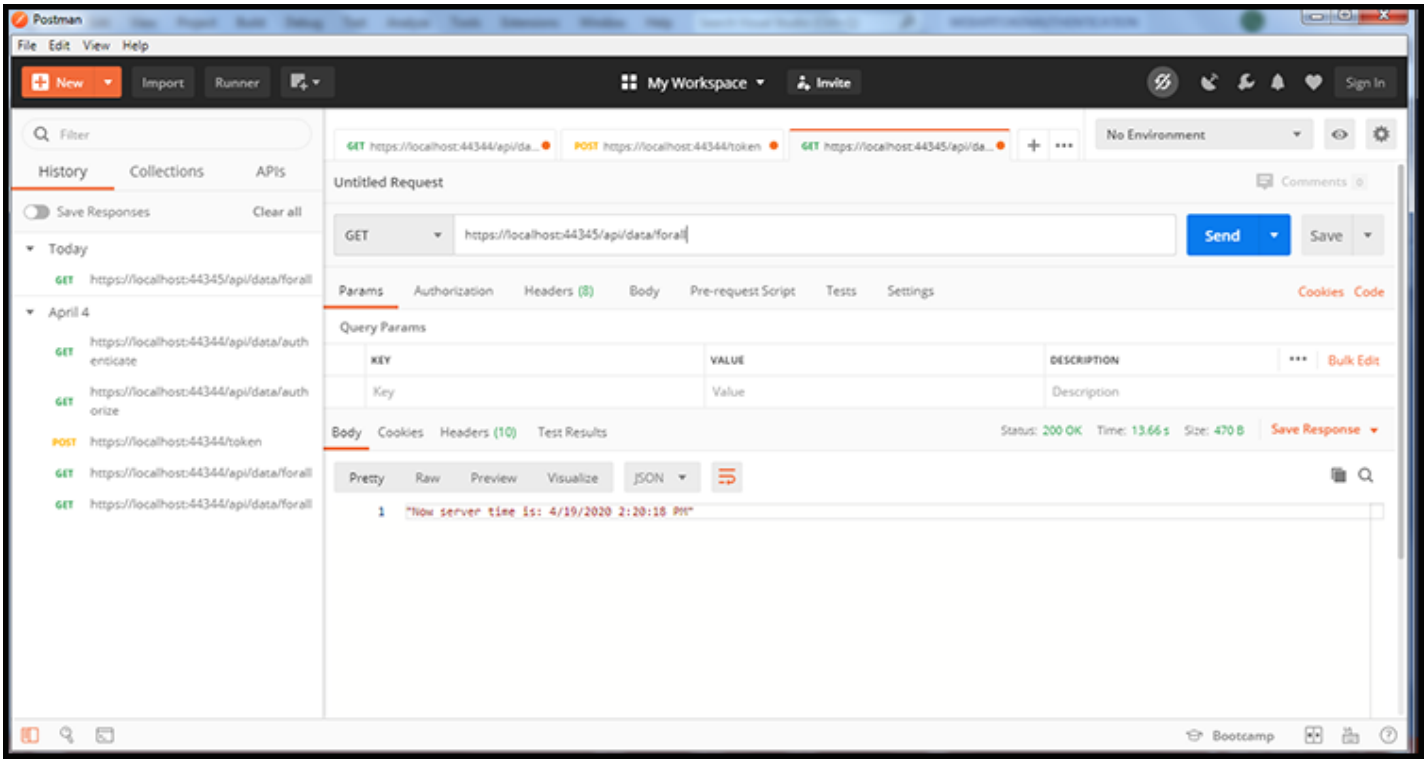
```
[Authorize]
[HttpGet]
[Route("api/data/authenticate")]
public IHttpActionResult GetForAuthenticate()
{
    var identity = (ClaimsIdentity)User.Identity;
    return Ok("Hello " + identity.Name);
}
```

The third action "GetForAdmin" checks authorization and allows only admins to access it.

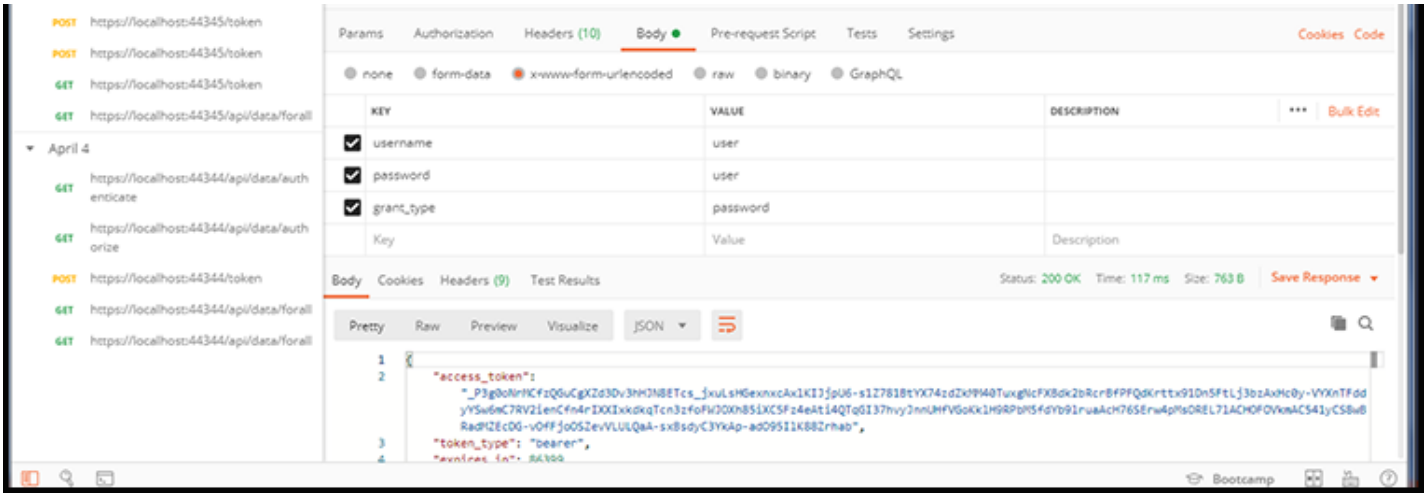
```
[Authorize(Roles = "admin")]
[HttpGet]
[Route("api/data/authorize")]
public IHttpActionResult GetForAdmin()
{
    var identity = (ClaimsIdentity)User.Identity;
    var roles = identity.Claims
```

```
10.         return Ok("Hello " + identity.Name + " Ro      " + string.Join(",", role
11.     }
```

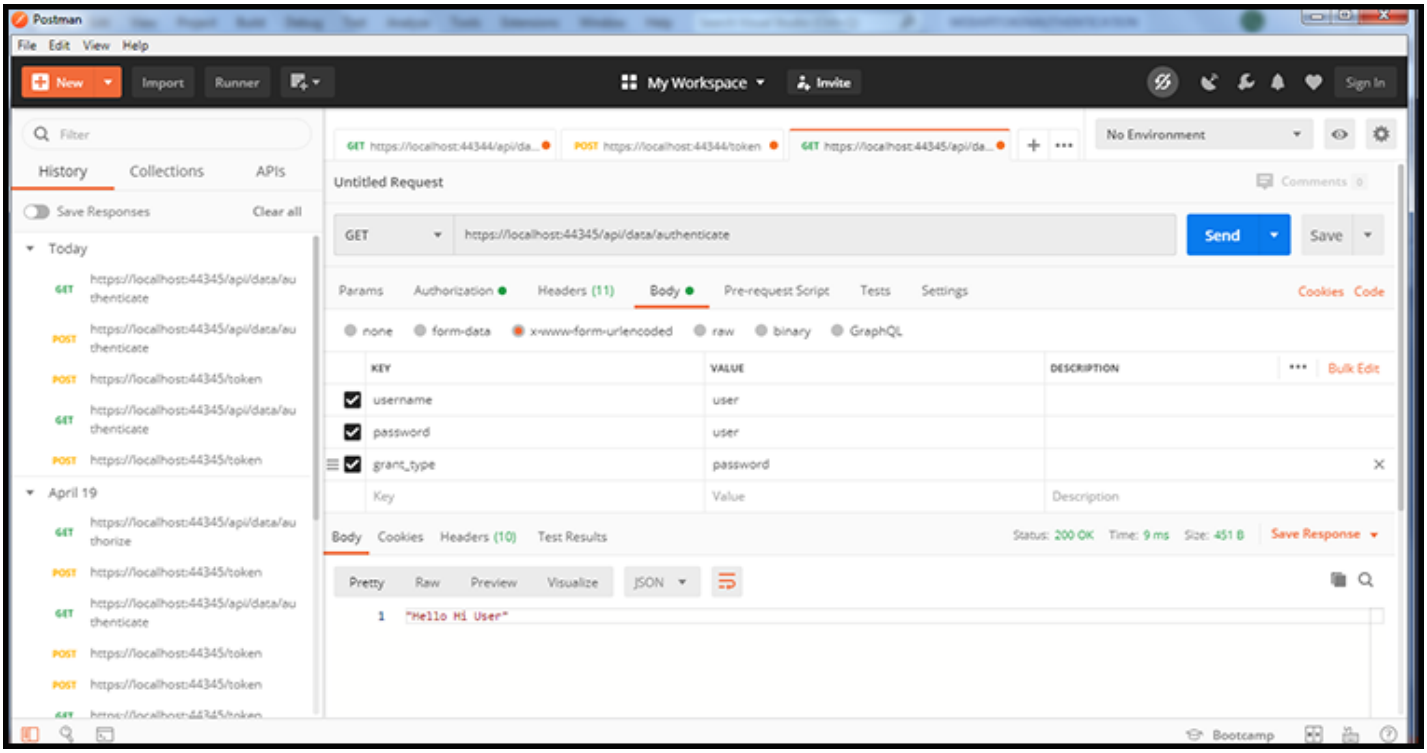
Now we have to access the controller. For that purpose, we are using postman to get data.I n case ofthe first action "Get",we can access the data without generating a token as no authorization is needed for it, by just sending GET request for route "api/data/forall".



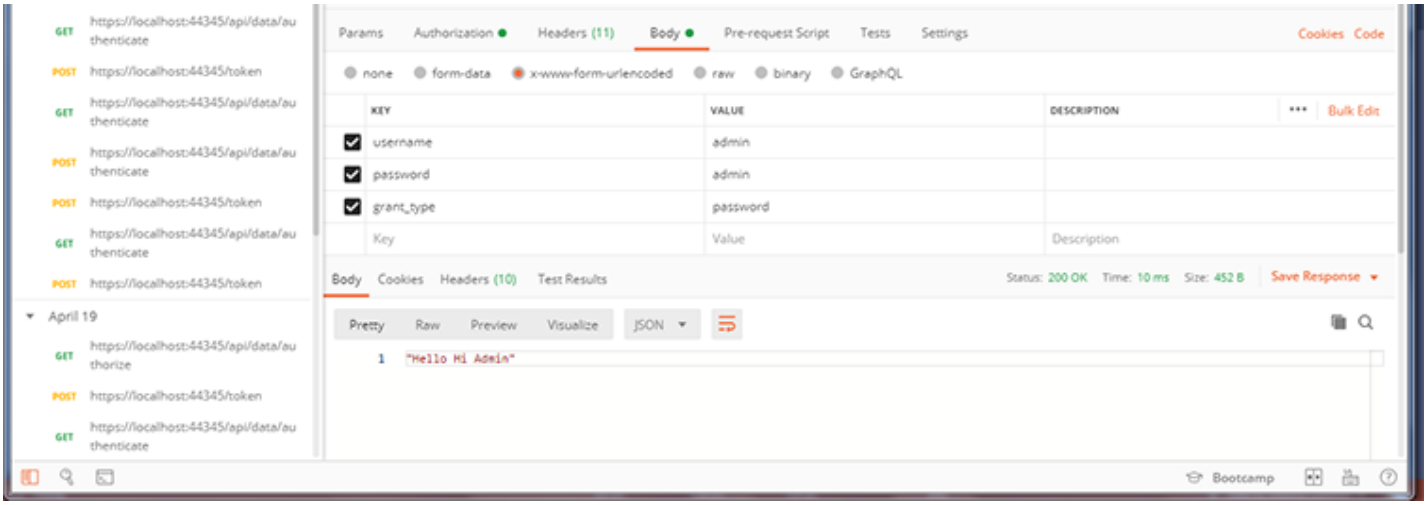
But for the rest of the actions, we have to generate a token using credentials. So we have to do post request for the token.



Now once the token is generated for the "user" now we can easily access the actions by using the user token.



Similarly, we can access the action as "admin" by generating token as admin and then using it.



In the same way, the other actions can be accessed by user or admin depending on the way the token is generated.

Authentication | Authoriation | OAUTH | OWIN | OWIN OAuth | Token | Web Api Token Authentication

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Token Based Authentication Using ASP.Net Web API, OWIN and Identity With Entity Framework

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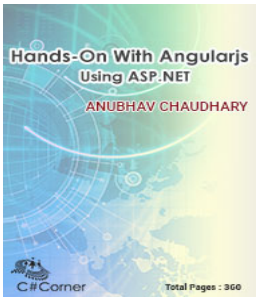

Gaurav Karroy
Working on Microsoft Technologies more than 5 year[illegible]

1849 **37.5k**

11 **6**

Type your comment here and press Enter Key (Minimum 10 characters)

How to add expiry time of token or validation one token can use only one time
sourabh singh
1971 **3** **0**
Oct 21, 2020
0 0 Reply

I had generated the token. however when I select Authorization as OAuth2.0, I did not see generated token to there
Dattatray Arsule
1956 **18** **0**
Jul 22, 2020
0 1 Reply

Hi Dattatray, can please mail me in details in codegroom@gmail.com regarding the problem you are facing.
Gaurav Karroy
1849 **125** **37.5k**
Aug 15, 2020
0

When I select the GET, body section disabled. How it is enabled in you screenshot?
Dattatray Arsule
1956 **18** **0**
Jul 22, 2020
0 0 Reply

Just a tip, run your example code through StyleCop to make sure it adhears to common coding standards. For example this is incorrect casing for a class name: public class APIAUTHORIZATIONSERVERPROVIDER.
David Mccarter
117 **18.8k** **870.7k**
Jun 08, 2020
1 1 Reply

Hi David. Thanks for your tip. It will be surely used for the next article. Thanks.
Gaurav Karroy
1849 **125** **37.5k**
Aug 15, 2020
1