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Algorithms





























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Linked Lists Computational Complexity Theory Data Structures



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4 Answers



Tony Flury, Software developer since 1988 Answered July 6, 2019

Strictly speaking an insertion is simply O(1).

The other answers mostly correctly state that the complexity is O(n) if you need to search for the position in which to insert the new node; but in most case a linked list is never used in a situation where a search is necessary.

A good use case for a linked list is in a FIFO or LIFO queue - ie where you are only ever inserting and deleting at the start or end of the list (and assuming you are keeping track of the last item in the list) - or where you are keep an arbitrary collection of data where you don't care about the order the data is stored in, you never need to do a contains test, and when you access the data you will always only want the first one / last one or all of them.



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Max Zelich

Answered December 10, 2018

Since as far as I know - the insertion and search and delete a specific unit processes within linked lists - which all contain a search process in the core of their algorithm - are all go gradually from the first node to the second node, and then from the second node to the third node and so on... - the time complexity of all of the above is O(n).

In best case it's O(1) - it could be even after the first checking of the first node.

The average case in these things is the same as the worst case which is $\Theta(n)$.

In the worst of the worst case - you need to go along from the first node till the nth (last) node before inserting/deleting/finding the specific node you are asking to deal with.



Related Spaces (More Answers Below)

Related Questions

How is inserting into a linked list O(1)? I don't understand how this is the worst case.

What is the time complexity of appending a node in a singly linked list?

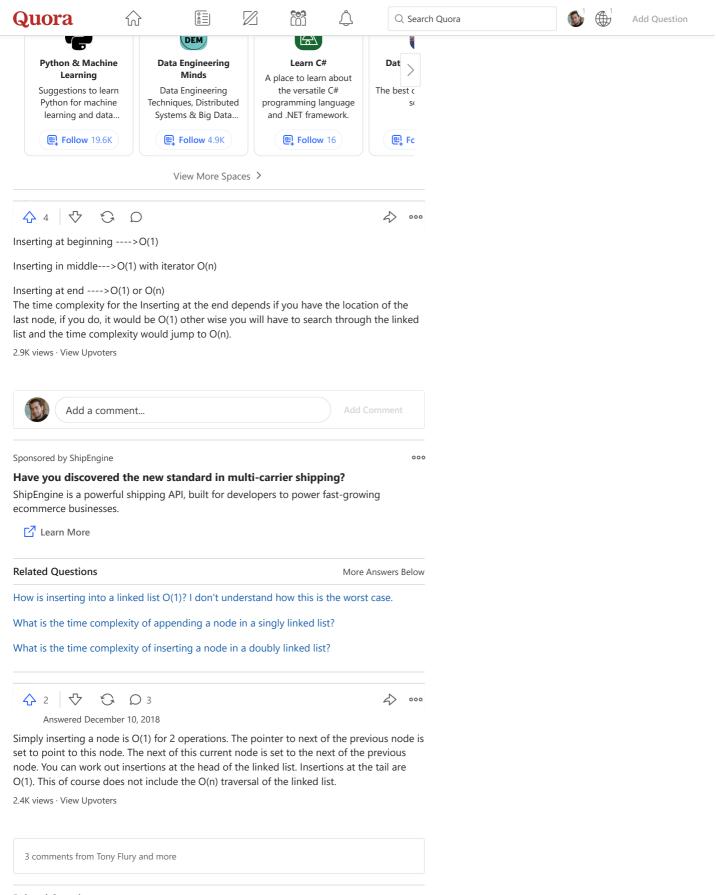
What is the time complexity of inserting a node in a doubly linked list?

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Are the time complexities of doubly and singly linked lists the same?

What will be the time complexity for the deletion in sorted Linked list?

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How is inserting into a linked list O(1)? I don't understand how this is the worst case.

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What is the time complexity of inserting a node in a doubly linked list?

What is the time complexity of appending a node in a single linked list (no extra pointers are used)?

Are the time complexities of doubly and singly linked lists the same?

















Add Question

What is the complexity of inserting a node at the beginning of doubly linked list?

When would you use a linked list?

What is linked list?

What is the time complexity to count the number of elements of a linked list?

What is the time complexity of a linked list?

Whose time complexity is better, an array or a linked list?

What is the time complexity of a linked list insertion?

Do programmers use a linked list in the real world given the time complexity relative to arrays?

What is the difference between node* and node**? When should I use node* and when should I use node** to insert node in a linked list?