

[Courses](#)[Login](#)[Suggest an Article](#)

Delete a Linked List node at a given position

Given a singly linked list and a position, delete a linked list node at the given position.

Example:

Input: position = 1, Linked List = 8->2->3->1->7

Output: Linked List = 8->3->1->7

Input: position = 0, Linked List = 8->2->3->1->7

Output: Linked List = 2->3->1->7

Recommended: Please solve it on “PRACTICE” first, before moving on to the solution.

1 الإرهابي يندم فينتقم  محمد رمضان يفضح الإرهاب بأقوى أفلامه 

2 **Join as a Senior Engineer** Challenge Yourself, Build Something Bi Andela

If node to be deleted is root, simply delete it. To delete a middle node, we must have pointer to the node previous to the node to be deleted. So if positions is not zero, we run a loop position-1 times and get pointer to the previous node.

Below is the implementation of above idea.

C/C++

```
// A complete working C program to delete a node in a linked list
// at a given position
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

// A linked list node
struct Node
{
    int data;
    struct Node *next;
};

/* Given a reference (pointer to pointer) to the head of a list
   and an int, inserts a new node on the front of the list. */
void push(struct Node** head_ref, int new_data)
{
    struct Node* new_node = (struct Node*) malloc(sizeof(struct Node));
    new_node->data = new_data;
    new_node->next = (*head_ref);
    (*head_ref) = new_node;
}

/* Given a reference (pointer to pointer) to the head of a list
   and a position, deletes the node at the given position */
void deleteNode(struct Node **head_ref, int position)
{
    // If linked list is empty
    if (*head_ref == NULL)
        return;

    // Store head node
    struct Node* temp = *head_ref;

    // If head needs to be removed
    if (position == 0)
    {
        *head_ref = temp->next; // Change head
        free(temp);           // free old head
    }
}
```

```
        return;
    }

    // Find previous node of the node to be deleted
    for (int i=0; temp!=NULL && i<position-1; i++)
        temp = temp->next;

    // If position is more than number of ndoes
    if (temp == NULL || temp->next == NULL)
        return;

    // Node temp->next is the node to be deleted
    // Store pointer to the next of node to be deleted
    struct Node *next = temp->next->next;

    // Unlink the node from linked list
    free(temp->next); // Free memory

    temp->next = next; // Unlink the deleted node from list
}

// This function prints contents of linked list starting from
// the given node
void printList(struct Node *node)
{
    while (node != NULL)
    {
        printf(" %d ", node->data);
        node = node->next;
    }
}

/* Drier program to test above functions*/
int main()
{
    /* Start with the empty list */
    struct Node* head = NULL;

    push(&head, 7);
    push(&head, 1);
    push(&head, 3);
    push(&head, 2);
}
```

```
push(&head, 8);

puts("Created Linked List: ");
printList(head);
deleteNode(&head, 4);
puts("\nLinked List after Deletion at position 4: ");
printList(head);
return 0;
}
```

Java

```
// A complete working Java program to delete a node in a linked list
// at a given position
class LinkedList
{
    Node head; // head of list

    /* Linked list Node*/
    class Node
    {
        int data;
        Node next;
        Node(int d)
        {
            data = d;
            next = null;
        }
    }

    /* Inserts a new Node at front of the list. */
    public void push(int new_data)
    {
        /* 1 & 2: Allocate the Node &
           Put in the data*/
        Node new_node = new Node(new_data);

        /* 3. Make next of new Node as head */
        new_node.next = head;
```

```
    /* 4. Move the head to point to new Node */
    head = new_node;
}

/* Given a reference (pointer to pointer) to the head of a list
   and a position, deletes the node at the given position */
void deleteNode(int position)
{
    // If linked list is empty
    if (head == null)
        return;

    // Store head node
    Node temp = head;

    // If head needs to be removed
    if (position == 0)
    {
        head = temp.next;    // Change head
        return;
    }

    // Find previous node of the node to be deleted
    for (int i=0; temp!=null && i<position-1; i++)
        temp = temp.next;

    // If position is more than number of nodes
    if (temp == null || temp.next == null)
        return;

    // Node temp->next is the node to be deleted
    // Store pointer to the next of node to be deleted
    Node next = temp.next.next;

    temp.next = next;    // Unlink the deleted node from list
}

/* This function prints contents of linked list starting from
   the given node */
public void printList()
{

```

```
Node tnode = head;
while (tnode != null)
{
    System.out.print(tnode.data+" ");
    tnode = tnode.next;
}

/* Drier program to test above functions. Ideally this function
   should be in a separate user class. It is kept here to keep
   code compact */
public static void main(String[] args)
{
    /* Start with the empty list */
    LinkedList llist = new LinkedList();

    llist.push(7);
    llist.push(1);
    llist.push(3);
    llist.push(2);
    llist.push(8);

    System.out.println("\nCreated Linked list is: ");
    llist.printList();

    llist.deleteNode(4); // Delete node at position 4

    System.out.println("\nLinked List after Deletion at position 4: ");
    llist.printList();
}
}
```

Python

```
# Python program to delete a node in a linked list
# at a given position
```

```
# Node class
class Node:
```

```
# Constructor to initialize the node object
def __init__(self, data):
    self.data = data
    self.next = None

class LinkedList:

    # Constructor to initialize head
    def __init__(self):
        self.head = None

    # Function to insert a new node at the beginning
    def push(self, new_data):
        new_node = Node(new_data)
        new_node.next = self.head
        self.head = new_node

    # Given a reference to the head of a list
    # and a position, delete the node at a given position
    def deleteNode(self, position):

        # If linked list is empty
        if self.head == None:
            return

        # Store head node
        temp = self.head

        # If head needs to be removed
        if position == 0:
            self.head = temp.next
            temp = None
            return

        # Find previous node of the node to be deleted
        for i in range(position - 1):
            temp = temp.next
            if temp is None:
                break

        # If position is more than number of nodes
```

```
if temp is None:
    return
if temp.next is None:
    return

# Node temp.next is the node to be deleted
# store pointer to the next of node to be deleted
next = temp.next.next

# Unlink the node from linked list
temp.next = None

temp.next = next

# Utility function to print the linked LinkedList
def printList(self):
    temp = self.head
    while(temp):
        print " %d " %(temp.data),
        temp = temp.next

# Driver program to test above function
l1 = LinkedList()
l1.push(7)
l1.push(1)
l1.push(3)
l1.push(2)
l1.push(8)

print "Created Linked List: "
l1.printList()
l1.deleteNode(4)
print "\nLinked List after Deletion at position 4: "
l1.printList()

# This code is contributed by Nikhil Kumar Singh(nickzuck_007)
```


Output:

Created Linked List:

8 2 3 1 7

Linked List after Deletion at position 4:

8 2 3 1

Delete a Linked List node at a given position | GeeksforGeeks



Thanks to **Hemanth Kumar** for suggesting initial solution. Please write comments if you find anything incorrect, or you want to share more information about the topic discussed above

**Recommended Posts:**

Find the middle of a given linked list in C and Java

Program for n'th node from the end of a Linked List

Write a function to get Nth node in a Linked List

Given only a pointer/reference to a node to be deleted in a singly linked list, how do you delete it?

Detect loop in a linked list

Write a function to delete a Linked List

Write a function that counts the number of times a given int occurs in a Linked List

Reverse a linked list

Given only a pointer to a node to be deleted in a singly linked list, how do you delete it?

Write a function to get the intersection point of two Linked Lists.

Function to check if a singly linked list is palindrome

The Great Tree-List Recursion Problem.

Clone a linked list with next and random pointer | Set 1

Memory efficient doubly linked list

Given a linked list which is sorted, how will you insert in sorted way

ActiveState

Wanna Fork Python?

• Cu
• Ad
• Test

Article Tags : [Linked List](#)

Practice Tags : [Linked List](#)



10

☐ To-do ☐ Done

1.8

Based on **153** vote(s)[Feedback/ Suggest Improvement](#)[Add Notes](#)[Improve Article](#)

Please write to us at contribute@geeksforgeeks.org to report any issue with the above content.

Writing code in comment? Please use ide.geeksforgeeks.org, generate link and share the link here.

[Load Comments](#)[Share this post!](#)

A computer science portal for geeks

5th Floor, A-118,
Sector-136, Noida, Uttar Pradesh - 201305
feedback@geeksforgeeks.org

COMPANY

About Us
Careers
Privacy Policy
Contact Us

PRACTICE

Company-wise
Topic-wise
Contests
Subjective Questions

LEARN

Algorithms
Data Structures
Languages
CS Subjects
Video Tutorials

CONTRIBUTE

Write an Article
Write Interview Experience
Internships
Videos

@geeksforgeeks, Some rights reserved