

# JavaScript Break and Continue

[< Previous](#)[Next >](#)

The **break** statement "jumps out" of a loop.

The **continue** statement "jumps over" one iteration in the loop.

## The Break Statement

You have already seen the **break** statement used in an earlier chapter of this tutorial. It was used to "jump out" of a **switch()** statement.

The **break** statement can also be used to jump out of a loop.

The **break** statement breaks the loop and continues executing the code after the loop (if any):

## Example

```
for (i = 0; i < 10; i++) {  
  if (i === 3) { break; }  
  text += "The number is " + i + "<br>";  
}
```

[Try it Yourself »](#)

---

## The Continue Statement

The `continue` statement breaks one iteration (in the loop), if a specified condition occurs, and continues with the next iteration in the loop.

This example skips the value of 3:

## Example

```
for (i = 0; i < 10; i++) {  
  if (i === 3) { continue; }  
  text += "The number is " + i + "<br>";  
}
```

[Try it Yourself »](#)

# JavaScript Labels

To label JavaScript statements you precede the statements with a label name and a colon:

```
label:  
statements
```

The **break** and the **continue** statements are the only JavaScript statements that can "jump out of" a code block.

Syntax:

```
break Labelname;  
  
continue Labelname;
```

The **continue** statement (with or without a label reference) can only be used to **skip one loop iteration**.

The **break** statement, without a label reference, can only be used to **jump out of a loop or a switch**.

With a label reference, the break statement can be used to **jump out of any code block**:

## Example

```
var cars = ["BMW", "Volvo", "Saab", "Ford"];  
list: {  
  text += cars[0] + "<br>";  
  text += cars[1] + "<br>";  
  break list;  
  text += cars[2] + "<br>";  
  text += cars[3] + "<br>";  
}
```

Try it Yourself »

A code block is a block of code between { and }.

---

## Test Yourself With Exercises

### Exercise:

Make the loop stop when **i** is 5.

```
for (i = 0; i < 10; i++) {  
  console.log(i);  
  if (i == 5) {  
    ;  
  }  
}
```

[Submit Answer »](#)

[Start the Exercise](#)

[◀ Previous](#)

[Next ▶](#)



COLOR PICKER



## HOW TO

Tabs  
Dropdowns  
Accordions  
Side Navigation  
Top Navigation  
Modal Boxes  
Progress Bars  
Parallax  
Login Form  
HTML Includes  
Google Maps  
Range Sliders  
Tooltips  
Slideshow  
Filter List  
Sort List

## SHARE



## CERTIFICATES

HTML

CSS

JavaScript

SQL

Python

PHP

jQuery

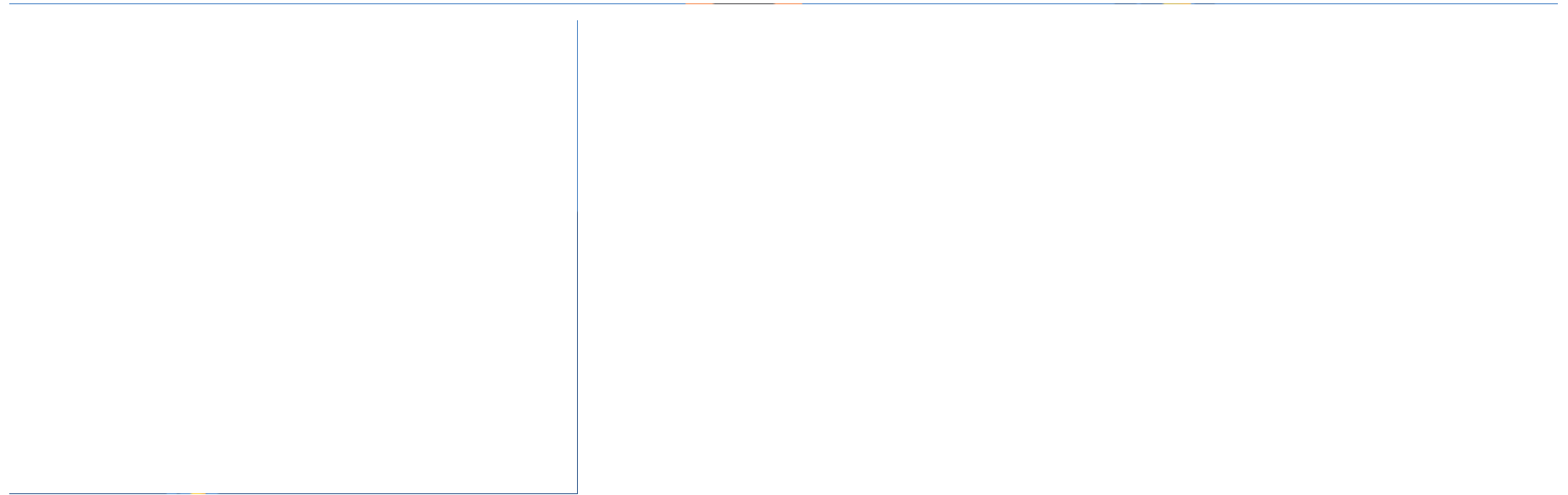
Bootstrap

XML

[Read More »](#)







---

[REPORT ERROR](#)

[PRINT PAGE](#)

[FORUM](#)

[ABOUT](#)

---

[Top Tutorials](#)

[Top References](#)

- HTML Tutorial
- CSS Tutorial
- JavaScript Tutorial
- How To Tutorial
- SQL Tutorial
- Python Tutorial
- W3.CSS Tutorial
- Bootstrap Tutorial
- PHP Tutorial
- jQuery Tutorial
- Java Tutorial
- C++ Tutorial

## Top Examples

- HTML Examples
- CSS Examples
- JavaScript Examples
- How To Examples
- SQL Examples
- Python Examples
- W3.CSS Examples
- Bootstrap Examples
- PHP Examples
- jQuery Examples
- Java Examples
- XML Examples

- HTML Reference
- CSS Reference
- JavaScript Reference
- SQL Reference
- Python Reference
- W3.CSS Reference
- Bootstrap Reference
- PHP Reference
- HTML Colors
- jQuery Reference
- Java Reference
- Angular Reference

## Web Certificates

- HTML Certificate
- CSS Certificate
- JavaScript Certificate
- SQL Certificate
- Python Certificate
- jQuery Certificate
- PHP Certificate
- Bootstrap Certificate
- XML Certificate

[Get Certified »](#)

---

W3Schools is optimized for learning, testing, and training. Examples might be simplified to improve reading and basic understanding. Tutorials, references, and examples are constantly reviewed to avoid errors, but we cannot warrant full correctness of all content. While using this site, you agree to have read and accepted our terms of use, cookie and privacy policy. Copyright 1999-2020 by Refsnes Data. All Rights Reserved.

Powered by W3.CSS.

