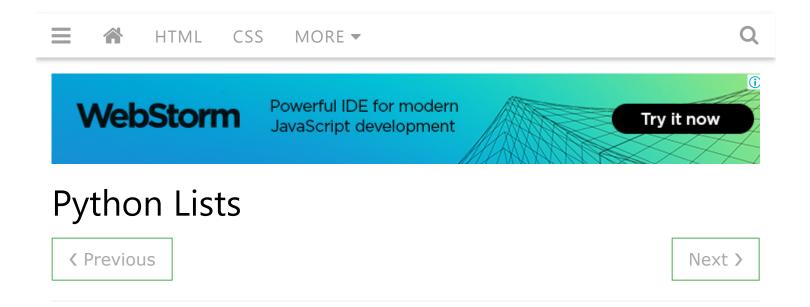
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Python Collections (Arrays)

There are four collection data types in the Python programming language:

- **List** is a collection which is ordered and changeable. Allows duplicate members.
- **Tuple** is a collection which is ordered and unchangeable. Allows duplicate members.
- **Set** is a collection which is unordered and unindexed. No duplicate members.
- **Dictionary** is a collection which is unordered, changeable and indexed. No duplicate members.

When choosing a collection type, it is useful to understand the properties of that type. Choosing the right type for a particular data set could mean retention of meaning, and, it could mean an increase in efficiency or security.

List

A list is a collection which is ordered and changeable. In Python lists are written with square brackets.

Example

Create a List:

```
thislist = ["apple", "banana", "cherry"]
print(thislist)

Run example »
```

Example

Change the second item:

```
thislist = ["apple", "banana", "cherry"]
thislist[1] = "blackcurrant"
print(thislist)
```

Run example »



The list() Constructor

It is also possible to use the <code>list()</code> constructor to make a list. To add an item to the list use <code>append()</code> object method. To remove a specific item use the <code>remove()</code> object method. The <code>len()</code> function returns the length of the list.

Example

Using the list() constructor to make a List:

```
thislist = list(("apple", "banana", "cherry")) # note the double round-
brackets
print(thislist)
```

Run example »

Example

Using the append() method to append an item:

```
thislist = list(("apple", "banana", "cherry"))
thislist.append("damson")
print(thislist)
```

Run example »

Example

Using the remove() method to remove an item:

```
thislist = list(("apple", "banana", "cherry"))
thislist.remove("banana")
print(thislist)
```

Run example »

Example

The len() method returns the number of items in a list:

```
thislist = list(("apple", "banana", "cherry"))
print(len(thislist))
```

Run example »

List Methods

Python has a set of built-in methods that you can use on lists.

Method	Description
<u>append()</u>	Adds an element at the end of the list
<u>clear()</u>	Removes all the elements from the list
<u>copy()</u>	Returns a copy of the list
count()	Returns the number of elements with the specified value
extend()	Add the elements of a list (or any iterable), to the end of the current list
<u>index()</u>	Returns the index of the first element with the specified value
insert()	Adds an element at the specified position
<u>pop()</u>	Removes the element at the specified position
remove()	Removes the first item with the specified value
reverse()	Reverses the order of the list
sort()	Sorts the list

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