Cvuorinen.net

Blog About

t F

**Publications** 

**Talks** 

# # What is Clean Code and why should you care?

💆 Apr 19, 2014 • Carl Vuorinen

Tags: Clean Code

Clean code is something that I have been interested in for a while now, and plan to write a series of blog posts about the different concepts related to clean code. In this introduction post to the series I will talk a little bit about what clean code actually is and also try to answer the question why should you care about clean code.

## ## What is Clean Code?

Clean code is subjective and every developer has a personal take on it. There are some ideas that are considered best practice and what constitutes as clean code within the industry and community, but there is no definitive distinction. And I don't think there ever will be.

After reading a few books on the topic, giving it some thought and delivering a couple of talks on the subject, if I had to summarize what clean code means in one sentence, I would say that for me:

#### Clean code is code that is easy to understand and easy to change.

Ok, that sounds nice, but what does it really mean? Let's break that sentence apart and examine the individual points behind it.

Easy to understand means the code is easy to read, whether that reader is the original author of the code or somebody else. It's meaning is clear so it minimizes the need for guesswork and possibility for misunderstandings. It is easy to understand on every level, specifically:

- It is easy to understand the execution flow of the entire application
- It is easy to understand how the different objects collaborate with each other
- It is easy to understand the role and responsibility of each class
- It is easy to understand what each method does
- It is easy to understand what is the purpose of each expression and variable

Easy to change means the code is easy to extend and refactor, and it's easy to fix bugs in the codebase. This can be achieved if the person making the changes understands the code and also feels confident that the changes introduced in the code do not break any existing functionality. For the code to be easy to change:

- Classes and methods are small and only have single responsibility
- Classes have clear and concise public APIs
- Classes and methods are predictable and work as expected
- The code is easily testable and has unit tests (or it is easy to write the tests)

Tests are easy to understand and easy to change

As I stated in the introduction, I plan to write a series of posts that cover these topics in more detail.

## ## Why should you care about Clean Code?

As Robert C. Martin stated in his book <u>Clean Code: A Handbook of Agile Software</u> <u>Craftsmanship</u>, "Clean code is code that has been taken care of. Someone has taken the time to keep it simple and orderly. They have paid appropriate attention to details. They have cared." But why should you care? What's wrong with code that just works?

You should care because code is (almost) never written just once and then forgotten. Most of the time you, or someone else, need to work on the code. And to be able to work on it efficiently you need to understand the code.

And because people need to understand the code we write, we can say that the code we write is not intended only for the computer but also for humans.

Programming is the art of telling another human what one wants the computer to do.

— Donald Knuth

If you write clean code, then you are helping your future self and your co-workers. You are reducing the cost of maintenance of the application you are writing. You are making it easier to estimate the time needed for new features. You are making it easier to fix

bugs. You are making it more enjoyable to work on the code for many years to come. Essentially you are making the life easier for everyone involved in the project.

Now, I'm not saying you should get obsessed about clean code. Your code needs to provide value, so you can't spend countless hours making it perfect. Clean code usually doesn't happen on first try anyway, so you need to adopt a mindset that you will always strive to improve the code you are working on. You then need to decide when it is good enough and move on.

## ## Conclusion

In this post I have tried to explain what clean code means to me and also hopefully convinced you that you should also care about clean code (in case you didn't previously).

My writing productivity has not been that good lately, but hopefully I will get around to writing more posts soon. So check back if you are interested. Also any feedback and comments would be greatly appreciated, either here or Twitter.

To close things up, I would like to share a few more of my favourite quotes and tweets I have come across lately.

If you want your code to be easy to write, make it easy to read

— Robert C. Martin

Clean code always looks like it was written by someone who cares. There is nothing obvious you can do to make it better.

— Michael Feathers



#### **DHH** @dhh

Beautiful code, like beautiful prose, is the result of many small decisions. The right method length here, the right object name there.

116 6:11 PM - Mar 21, 2014

132 people are talking about this



### **About Programming**

@abt programming

"Code is like humor. When you \*have\* to explain it, it's bad" - @housecor

123 4:18 PM - Mar 24, 2014

283 people are talking about this



#### Luca Guidi

@jodosha

"The cheapest time to refactor code is right now." Great advices by @bugroll bugroll.com/slow-down.html #refactoring #cleancode

6 6:24 PM - Mar 20, 2014 · Rome, Lazio

#### See Luca Guidi's other Tweets



#### **Mathias Verraes**

@mathiasverraes

The cost of ownership for a program includes the time humans spend to understand it. Humans are costly, so optimize for understandability.

4 9:30 PM - Apr 18, 2014

See Mathias Verraes's other Tweets



#### Refactoring 101

@refactoring101

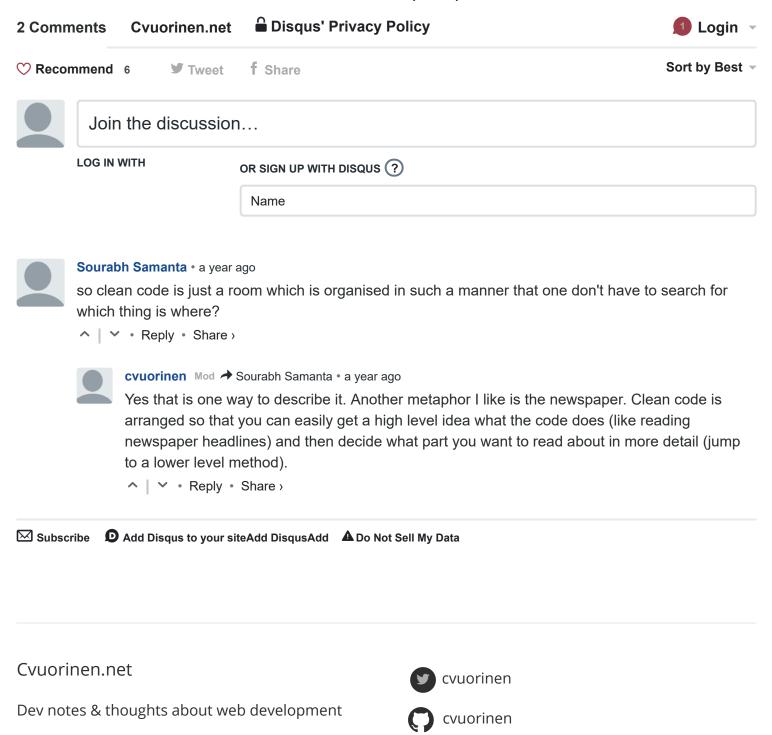
Dev time = 60% reading and 40% writing. Code refactor can reduce reading by 20%, improving 8 hours/week, or 416 hours/year. #refactor

12 11:25 PM - Apr 7, 2014

24 people are talking about this

Thanks for reading. If you liked this post, you can share it in **Y** Twitter, **f** Facebook or **G+** Google+.

To get notified about new posts, you can subscribe via **3** RSS or follow me on **y** Twitter.



© 2018. All rights reserved.

