深圳市思迈微电子有限公司 SHENZHEN SMILEWAY ELECTRONICS CO.,LTD

图形点阵液晶显示模块使用手册

LCM12864B LCD MODULE USER MANUAL

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1. FUNCTIONS & FEATURES

Features

— Dot Matrix: 128×64 Dots

— LCD Mode: STN

Controller IC: KS0107 or Equivalent
 Driving Method: 1/64 Duty; 1/9 Bias
 Viewing Angie: 6 O'clock direction
 6800 serial 8-Bit MPU Interface

— Backlight: LED

— Operating Temperature Range: -20 to 70°C;

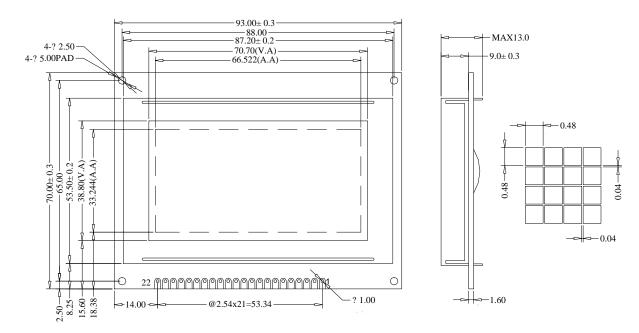
— Storage Temperature Range : -30 to 80° C;

Note: Color tone is slightly changed by temperature and driving voltage.

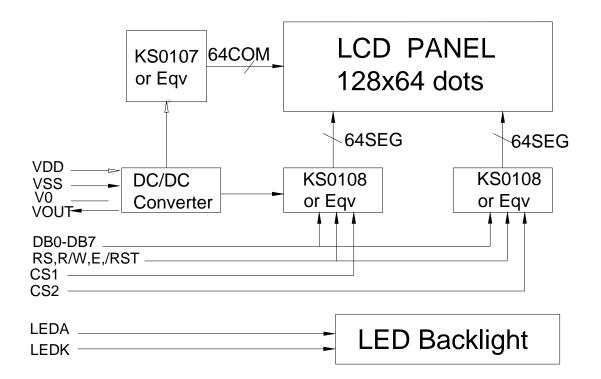
2. MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

ITEM	SPECIFICATIONS	UNIT
Module Size	93.0L×70.0W×13.0 (max) H	mm
View Area	70.7×38.8	mm
Effective Area	128×64	dots
Dot Size	0.48×0.48	mm
Dot Pitch	0.52×0.52	mm

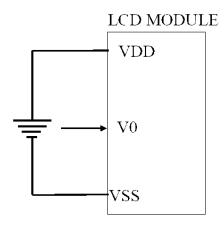
3. EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS



4. BLOCK DIAGRAM



5. POWER SUPPLY



6. PIN DESCRIPTION

ITEM	SYMBOL	LEVEL	FUNCTION							
1	CS1	L	Chip Selection A	When CSA and CSB are not						
2	CS2	L	Chip Selection B used							
3	VSS	0V	Power Ground							
4	VDD	5.0V	Power Supply For Logic							
5	V0	_	Contrast Adjust							
6	RS	H/L	H Data L: Command							
7	R/W	H/L	H: Read L: Write							
8	Е	H H->L	Enable Signal							
9	DB0									
\sim	\sim	H/L	Data Bus							
16	DB7									
17	CSA	Н	Chip Selection A	When CS1 and CS2 are not used						
18	CSB	Н	Chip Selection B	when CS1 and CS2 are not used						
19	/RST	L	Reset Signal							
20	Vout	_	Negative Power output For LCD I	Driving						
21	LEDA	5.0V	Dower Cumply For LED Docklight							
22	LEDK	0V	Power Supply For LED Backlight							

Note:

- Both CS1,CS2 and CSA,CSB can be used as chip selection signals;
- CS1 and CS2 are low active;
- CSA and CSB are high active,;
- When CS1 and CS2 are used, please left CSA and CSB open;
- When CSA and CSB are used, please left CS1 and CS2 open;

7. MAXIMUM ABSOLUTE LIMIT (T=25°C)

Items	Symbol	Standard Value	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vdd	-0.3~7.0	V
Input Voltage	Vin	$Vss{\sim}Vdd$	V
Operating Temperature	Тор	-20~70	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$
Storage Temperature	Tst	-30~80	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$

Note: Voltage greater than above may damage the module All voltages are specified relative to Vss=0V

8. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

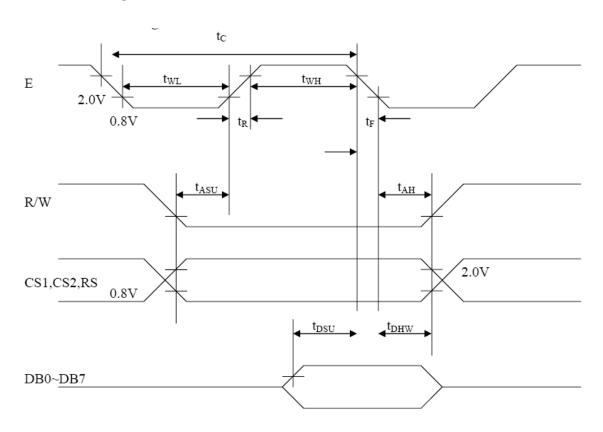
8.1 DC Characteristics (VDD=+5V, VSS=0V, Ta=-0~+50° C)

Items	Symbol	Min	TYP	Max	Unit	Condition
Operating Voltage	Vdd	4.8	5.0	5.2	V	Vdd
Supply Current	Idd	_	8	15	mA	except LED backlight
Input High Voltage	Vin	2.0	_	Vdd	V	RS,RW,E,DB0-DB7
Input Low Voltage	Vil	0	_	0.8	V	KS,KW,E,DDU-DD/
Output High Voltage	Voh	2.4	_	_	V	Ioh=-0.1mA,DB0-DB7
Output Low Voltage	Vol	_	_	0.4	V	Iol=0.1mA,DB0-DB7
LCD Driving Voltage	Vlcd	9.7	10.0	10.3	V	Vdd-V0

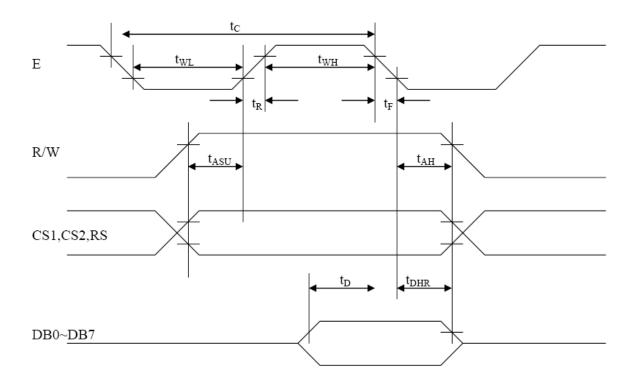
8.2 AC Characteristics (VDD=+5V, VSS=0V, TTa=-20~75°)

Items	Symbol	Min	TYP	Max	Unit
E cycle time	t _C	1000	_	_	nS
E high level width	$t_{ m WH}$	450	_	_	nS
E low level width	$t_{ m WL}$	450	_	_	nS
E rise time	t_{R}	_	_	25	nS
E fall time	t_{F}	_	_	25	nS
Address set-up time	t_{ASU}	140	_	_	nS
Address hold time	t _{AH}	10	_	_	nS
Data set-up time	$t_{ m DSU}$	200	_	_	nS
Data delay time	t_{D}	_	_	320	⁴ nS
Data hold time (write)	$t_{ m DHW}$	10	_	_	nS h
Data hold time (read)	t _{DHR}	20	_	<u> </u>	nS

MPU write timing



MPU read timing



9. FUNCTION SPECIFICATIONS

9.1. Basic Setting

To drive the LCD module correctly and provide normally display, please use the following setting:

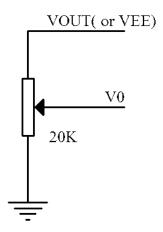
- Display start line(Z address)=0;
- LCD display=ON.

Note:

- These setting/commands should issue to both controllers while start up;
- See the Display control instructions section for details.

9.2. Adjusting The LCD Display Contrast

A Variable-Resistor must be connected to the LCD module for providing a reference to V0.The recommended value of the Variable-Resistor is 20K to 50K.



9.3. Resetting The LCD Module

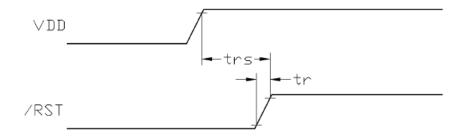
The LCD module should be initialized by setting /RST terminal at low level when turning the power.

When /RST pull low, the LCD module will:

- Display on
- Display start line register becomes 0.(Z-address=0)

While /RST is low, no instructions can be accepted except status read. Therefore execute other instructions after making sure that DB4=0(clear /RST) and DB7=0(ready) by status read instruction, the condition of power supply at initial power up are as follow:

Items	Symbol	Min	TYP	Max	Unit
Reset time	t_{rs}	2.0	_	_	uS
Rise time	t _r	_	_	150	nS



9.4. Display Memory Map

Page (X) address	Data				LCD I	Display	(font v	iew)			
	DB7										
0											
	DB0										
	DB7										
1											
	DB0						2				
•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••				
							3				
	DB7										
6											
	DB0										
	DB7										
7											
	DB0										
Column drive	r	Y1	Y2	•••	Y63	Y4	Y1	Y2	•••	Y63	Y4
Column (Y) ad			00h—3Fh		00h—3Fh						
Total			(54×64dot:	S	64×64dots					
Chin salest			C	S1=0,CS2=	=1		CS1=1,CS2=0				
Chip select			CS	SA=1,CSB	=0		CSA=0,CSB=1				

Note:

- Display start line (Z address)=0;
- The display data store separated in two divers;
- The display data for the left section could be accessed by setting CS1=0, The display data for the right section could be accessed by setting CS2=0.

9.5. Internal registers

There are three registers in each section of LCD module. Each of them could be controlled independently.

9.5.1. Page (X)Address Register

X address register designates pages of internal display data RAM. Count function is not available. The address should be set by instruction.

9.5.2. Column (Y)Address Register

Y address register designates address of internal display data RAM. It could be set by instruction and it increased by 1 automatically by read or write display data operations.

9.5.3. Display Start line (Z) Register

Y address register indicates of display data RAM to LCD top line. It may be used for scrolling the display pattern on the LCD.

					Co	de								
Instructions	RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Function	Note		
Display on/off	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1 1 1/0		1/0	Controls the display on or off. Internal status and display data in RAM is not affected 0=off, 1=on	*2		
Set Column (Y) Address	0	0	0	1	`	Y address (0-63)		ddress (0-63)		Idress (0-63)			Set the Column address into the Y address counter	*2
Set Page (X) Address	0	0	1	0	1	1	1 1 X address (0-7)			Set the Page address into the X address register	*2			
Set Display Start Line (Z address)	0	0	1	1		_	add (0-6		S		Indicates the display data RAM displayed at the top of the screen	*2		
Status Read	0	1	Busy	0	Jo/uo	Reset	0	0	0	0	Read status Busy=L, Driver ready; Busy=H, Driver busy on/off=L, Display is on; on/off=H, Display is off Reset=L, Normal Running; Reset=H, reset	*1		
Write Display Data	1	0			٧	Vrite	/rite data		e data			Write display data into display data RAM, After writing instruction, Y address counter increased by 1 automatically	*2	
Read Display Data	1	1			R	Read data			Read display data form the display data RAM	*1				

Note:

- 1*. Only one section(driver) could be read at the same time.
- 2*. For the details of the display control instructions, please refer to KS0108B datasheet.

10.DESIGN AND HANDING PRECAUTION

- 10.1.The LCD panel is made by glass. Any mechanical shock (eg. Dropping form high place) will damage the LCD module. Do not add excessive force on the surface of the display, which may cause the Display color change abnormally.
- 10.2. The polarizer on the LCD is easily get scratched. If possible, do not remove the LCD protective film until the last step of installation.
- 10.3. Never attempt to disassemble or rework the LCD module.
- 10.4.Only Clean the LCD with Isopropyl Alcohol or Ethyl Alcohol. Other solvents (eg. water) may damage the LCD.
- 10.5. When mounting the LCD module, make sure that it is free form twisting, warping and distortion.
- 10.6.Ensure to provide enough space(with cushion) between case and LCD panel to

- prevent external force adding on it, or it may cause damage to the LCD or degrade the display result
- 10.7.Only hold the LCD module by its side. Never hold LCD module by add force on the heat seal or TAB.
- 10.8. Never add force to component of the LCD module. It may cause invisible damage or degrade of the reliability.
- 10.9.LCD module could be easily damaged by static electricity. Be careful to maintain an optimum anti-static work environment to protect the LCD module.
- 10.10. When peeling of the protective film form LCD, static charge may cause abnormal display pattern. It is normal and will resume to normal in a short while.
- 10.11. Take care and prevent get hurt by the LCD panel edge.
- 10.12. Never operate the LCD module exceed the absolute maximum ratings.
- 10.13. Keep the signal line as short as possible to prevent noisy signal applying to LCD module.
- 10.14. Never apply signal to the LCD module without power supply.
- 10.15. IC chip (eg. TAB or COG) is sensitive to the light. Strong lighting environment could possibly cause malfunction. Light sealing structure casing is recommend.
- 10.16. LCD module reliability may be reduced by temperature shock.
- 10.17. When storing the LCD module, avoid exposure to the direct sunlight, high humidity, high temperature or low temperature. They may damage or degrade the LCD module