

**FINAL EXAM**  
**CS 201 DATA STRUCTURES**

[Computer Science Department, FASTNU, LAHORE Campus]

[Wednesday 26<sup>th</sup> December 2012.]

[Time: 3 hrs]

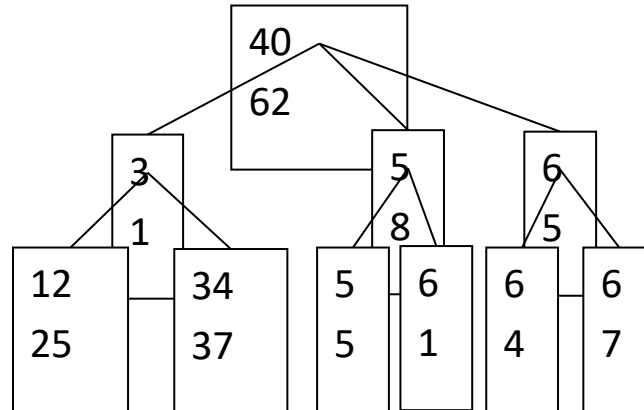
[Total Marks: 80]

**Note:** You are not allowed to ask any questions during the exam.  
Code should be clear and well documented. **Marks will be deducted for poor quality code**  
**GOOD LUCK**

---

**QUESTION 1** (5+5 MARKS)

Delete 62 and 55 from the following 2-3 tree using successor (where required)



**QUESTION 2** (10 MARKS)

Consider a min-heap containing 15 elements. Assume that all elements in the heap are distinct. The 1st smallest element in the heap must appear at the root (i.e. position 1 in the array). Similarly, the 2nd smallest element must appear at either position 2 or position 3 (the two children of the root). In each of the following, give a list of positions where:

- a) The 3rd smallest element can appear.
- b) The 4th smallest element can appear.
- c) The 5th smallest element can appear.
- d) The largest element can appear.

**QUESTION 3** (10 MARKS)

You have the following data structures available to you: single and two dimensional arrays, linked-list, doubly linked-list, queue, stack, binary tree, binary search tree, heap, a balanced search tree (2-3), hash table, and directed and undirected graphs. For each of the scenarios given below, suggest the most appropriate data structure chosen from the above list.

- a) to store a set of programs which are to be given access to a hard disk according to their priority.
- b) for representing Lahore region telephone network.
- c) to store a set of fixed key words which are referenced very frequently.
- d) to represent an image in the form of a bit map.
- e) to implement "back" functionality in the internet browser.
- f) to store dynamically growing data which is accessed very frequently, based upon a key value.
- g) to implement printer spooler so that jobs can be printed in the order of their arrival.

- h) to record the sequence of all the pages browsed in one session.
- i) to implement the undo function in a text editor
- j) to store information about the directories and files in a system.

**QUESTION 4 (10 MARKS)**

Given the following In-Order and Post-Order traversals of a binary tree, construct the tree.

In-Order:            **1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10**  
Post-Order:        **1 3 5 4 2 7 10 9 8 6**

**QUESTION 5 (10 MARKS)**

Write a C++ code to delete an element at index  $i$  from a max heap.

**QUESTION 6 (15 MARKS)**

Write a C++ class, **Stack**, to implement an array based stack that can store only  $n$  elements. If more than  $n$  elements are pushed, the stack only remembers the last  $n$  pushed elements.

For example, if the stack contains, from top to bottom {4, 3, 2, 1} i.e. **4** is on top of stack and **1** is at the bottom. If 5 is pushed, the stack will contain {5, 4, 3, 2}. Similarly after pushing 6, the contents of stack will be {6, 5, 4, 3}

The Time Complexity of Push and Pop operations is  $O(1)$ . No marks, if the Time Complexities of these operations are not  $O(1)$ .

Note: You may not write **copy constructor** and **assignment operator**.

**QUESTION 7 (15 MARKS)**

Write a recursive function to generate the deep copy of the link list.

<pre>class Node {     Node *next;     int Data;     friend class LinkedList; };</pre>	<pre>class LinkedList { public:     LinkedList(); //implemented     ~LinkedList(); //implemented     LinkedList(const LinkedList &amp;L); // you have to implement      //add any other method you like but implement it too     // You shall not overload assignment operator  private:     Node *head; };</pre>
---	---