

Macro Modules Design Report

Team #5

Mohamed Shawky

SEC:2, BN:16

Remonda Talaat

SEC:1, BN:20

Evram Youssef

SEC:1, BN:9

Mahmoud Adas

SEC:2, BN:21

Reham Gamal

SEC:1, BN:21

Mazen Amr

SEC:2, BN:8

Mohamed Ahmed Ibrahim

SEC:2, BN:9

Mahmoud Mohamed

SEC:2, BN:22

April 25, 2020

Contents

0.1	Introduction	1
0.2	IO	1
0.2.1	Subunits	1
0.2.2	Synthesis Statistics	2
0.3	Solver	2
0.3.1	Synthesis Statistics	2
0.4	Interpolator	2
0.4.1	Synthesis Statistics	3

0.1 Introduction

All macro modules are fully documented in the main document, see sections ‘0.14’, ‘0.5’.

This report documents some of the implementation details in the macro modules, plus it contains the synthesis statistics for those modules.

0.2 IO

Implemented in ‘src/io.vhdl’, follows the subsection ‘0.14.1’ in main reference.

0.2.1 Subunits

IO is composed of the subunits in ‘src/io_subunits’ :

- ‘src/io_subunits/decompressor.vhdl’ :
 - at each positive edge:
 - * takes the compressed input and decompress it into internal 128 bit buffer, and advances fill_i (initialized with 0) (see section ‘0.16 Decompression’ in main document).
 - * checks the current buffer state, if fill_i - flush_i \geq 32, that means that buffer has more than 32 bit of uncompressed data, it flushes them.
 - uses couple of integer adders, and range_extractor to figure out indices of buffer to fill.
- ‘src/io_subunits/range_extractor.vhdl’ : given a compressed 4bit packet and the previous range_extractor output, outputs the indices in the buffer to iterate over so the decompressor knows where to fill the data for this packet.
- ‘src/io_subunits/next_adr.vhdl’ : given output from decompressor (which can stay without change for couple of cycles because the buffer is filled), the next_adr unit (nau) updates the address of the data, and figures out whether it has reached the final address or not. NAU advances the address by 1 in case float64 mode, otherwise it advances the address by 2 because of how data is padded in solver and interpolator. When

NAU detects that address of some variable has finished (based on values extracted from the header (the first decompressed word)), NAU advances the address to the beginning of the next variable (see section ‘0.13 Input Format’ in main document).

- IO subunits also include integer operator units (adders, multipliers, incrementors ...) as following:
 - ‘src/io_subunits/decrementor.vhdl’
 - ‘src/io_subunits/full_adder.vhdl’
 - ‘src/io_subunits/half_adder.vhdl’
 - ‘src/io_subunits/incrementor.vhdl’
 - ‘src/io_subunits/int_adder.vhdl’
 - ‘src/io_subunits/int_multiplier.vhdl’

They are used in multiple units accross the project.

0.2.2 Synthesis Statistics

Area	Power	Time
cell=271 Area per cell =12357	12356.2	242

0.3 Solver

Implemented in ‘src/solver.vhdl’ and has some of its procedures defined in ‘src/solver_pkg.vhdl’ .

All design details of solver are in subsection ‘0.14.2’ in main document.

0.3.1 Synthesis Statistics

Area	Power	Time
TODO	TODO	TODO

0.4 Interpolator

Implemented in ‘src/interp.vhdl’ .

All design details of solver are in subsection ‘0.14.2’ in main document.

0.4.1 Synthesis Statistics

Area	Power	Time
TODO	TODO	TODO