ARRAY CONCATENATION

Given an integer array nums of length n, you want to create an array ans of length 2n where ans[i] == nums[i] and ans[i + n] == nums[i] for 0 <= i < n (0-indexed).

Simply explained, **ans** is the **concatenation** of two **nums** arrays. Your function should return the array **ans** .

Example 1:

```
Input: nums = [1,2,1]
Output: [1,2,1,1,2,1]
Explanation: The array ans is formed as follows:
    ans = [nums[0],nums[1],nums[2],nums[0],nums[1],nums[2]]
    ans = [1,2,1,1,2,1]
```

Example 2:

```
Input: nums = [1,3,2,1]

Output: [1,3,2,1,1,3,2,1]

Explanation: The array ans is formed as follows:
    - ans = [nums[0],nums[1],nums[2],nums[0],nums[1],nums[2],nums[3]]
    - ans = [1,3,2,1,1,3,2,1]
```

NUMBER OF **P**RIMES

Write a function which takes only one argument $\, n \,$. The function should return number of primes found between $\, 1 \,$ to $\, n \,$.

∴ A prime number is a whole number greater than 1 whose only factors are 1 and itself.

Example 1:

```
Input: n = 10
Output: 4
Explanation: Because 2, 3, 5, 7 are only prime numbers between 1 to 10
```

Example 2:

```
Input: n = 20
Output: 19
Explanation: Because 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19 are only prime numbers between 1 to
20
```

RICHEST CUSTOMER WEALTH

You are given an $\mathbf{m} \times \mathbf{n}$ integer grid named **accounts** where **accounts**[i][j] is the amount of money the \mathbf{i}^{th} customer has in the \mathbf{j}^{th} bank. Return the **wealth** that the richest customer has.

A customer's **wealth** is the amount of money they have in all their bank accounts. The richest customer is the customer that has the maximum **wealth**.

Example 1:

```
Input: accounts = [[1,2,3],[3,2,1]]
Output: 6
Explanation:

1st customer has wealth = 1 + 2 + 3 = 6
2nd customer has wealth = 3 + 2 + 1 = 6
Both customers are considered the richest with a wealth of 6 each, so return 6.
```

Example 2:

```
Input: accounts = [[1,5],[7,3],[3,5]]
Output: 10
Explanation:
1st customer has wealth = 6
2nd customer has wealth = 10
3rd customer has wealth = 8
The 2nd customer is the richest with a wealth of 10.
```

Example 3:

```
Input: accounts = [[2,8,7],[7,1,3],[1,9,5]]
Output: 17
```

PALINDROME

Write a function which takes a word **n** as an argument and returns **true** if the word is **palindrome** or **false** if the word is not a **palindrome**.

∴ A **palindrome** is a word, phrase, number, or sequence of words that reads the same backward as forward.

Example 1:

Input: "maham"

Output: True

Example 2:

Input: "hello"

Output: False