

# Quick Facts about IoT



IoT market value in 2015 was 15.41 billion USD. (Roughly the same price of UBER)



IoT market value in 2021 was 82.7 billion USD. (The same price of INTEL)



IoT market value is estimated to be 621.8 billion USD (Roughly the same size of Sweden's GDP)

#### Quick Facts about connected cars

In 2013 there was 23 millions connected cars across the globe.

Connected cars are estimated to reach 400 million cars by 2025.

2025

In 2021 there was 237 millions connected cars across the globe.

Purpose of the presentation

• The main purpose of the presentation is to shine light on the effect of IoT in Transportation, and how it changed and will change the whole experience of transportation.

Outline.

1. Biggest problems of Transportation

2. How IoT addressed the Transportation problems.

#### Transportation problems



Traffic congestion



Fleet management inefficiencies



Lack of real-time information for travellers



Road safety and accident prevention



Parking inefficiencies



Environmental impact

# 1. Traffic Congestion

• Heavy traffic congestion leads to increased travel times, fuel consumption, and pollution, impacting both commuters and the environment.

2. Fleet management inefficiencies

• Fleet managers often struggle with optimizing routes, monitoring vehicle health, and efficiently managing maintenance schedules.

3. Lack of Real-Time info for travelers

• Travelers often face uncertainty due to limited or inaccurate information about public transportation schedules and availability.

## 4. Road safety and accident prevention

• Road accidents and unsafe driving behaviors contribute to a significant number of injuries and fatalities.



# 5. Parking Inefficiencies

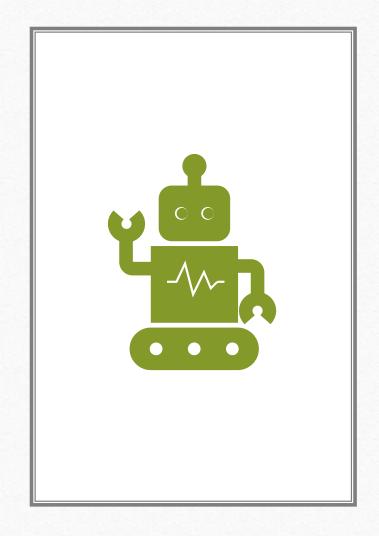
• Finding parking spaces in congested areas is time-consuming and contributes to traffic congestion.



# 6. Environmental Impact

• Traditional transportation contributes to air pollution and greenhouse gas emissions.





# IoT Solutions

Next, we are going to see the solutions brought by introducing IoT to the transportation Problems

# 1. Traffic Congestion

• IoT-enabled smart traffic management systems can collect real-time data from sensors, cameras, and GPS devices to monitor traffic flow. Analyzing this data helps optimize traffic signals, reroute traffic, and provide dynamic information to drivers, reducing congestion and improving overall traffic management.

2. Fleet management systems.

• IoT sensors integrated into vehicles can provide real-time data on fuel efficiency, engine performance, and maintenance needs. This information helps fleet managers optimize routes, reduce downtime, and improve overall fleet efficiency.

3. Lack of real-time information for travellers

• IoT-enabled smart transportation systems can provide real-time updates on public transit schedules, vehicle locations, and available services through mobile apps or digital displays at stations. This empowers travellers with accurate information to plan their journeys better.

### 4. Road safety and accident prevention

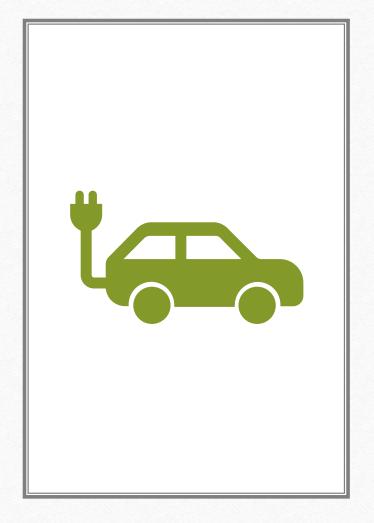
• IoT devices such as vehicle-to-vehicle (V2V) and vehicle-to-infrastructure (V2I) communication systems can exchange data on speed, location, and other parameters to alert drivers about potential collisions or hazardous conditions, reducing the risk of accidents.



# 5. Parking Inefficiencies

• IoT-based smart parking systems use sensors to detect parking space occupancy and transmit this data to mobile apps, helping drivers find available parking spaces more efficiently. This reduces the time spent searching for parking and decreases traffic congestion.





### 6. Environmental Impact

• IoT can enable the development of electric vehicles (EVs) and support charging infrastructure by providing real-time data on charging station availability and performance. Additionally, IoT-enabled logistics management can optimize delivery routes and reduce emissions.

# Thank You

