WiMOD LoRaWAN EndNode Modem HCI Specification

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	indication Charter 3 2 40 added for bottom level configuration
	Chapter 3.2.10 added for battery level configuration





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	Chapter 3.2.2.4 updated for join procedure
	Chapter 3.2.13 updated with default setting

Aim of this Document

This document describes the WiMOD LoRaWAN EndNode Modem Host Controller Interface (HCI) protocol which is part of the WiMOD LoRaWAN EndNode Modem firmware. This firmware can be used in combination with the WiMOD LoRa radio module family.

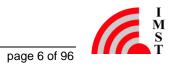
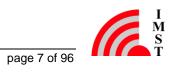




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1. Introduction

1.1 Overview

The WiMOD LoRaWAN^{®1} EndNode Modem HCI protocol is designed to expose the radio firmware services to an external host controller. A detailed feature description is given in [3].

The communication between host and the radio (WiMOD) is based on so called HCI messages which can be sent through a UART interface (see Fig. 1-1). The WiMOD LoRaWAN EndNode Modem firmware provides several services for configuration, control and radio link access.

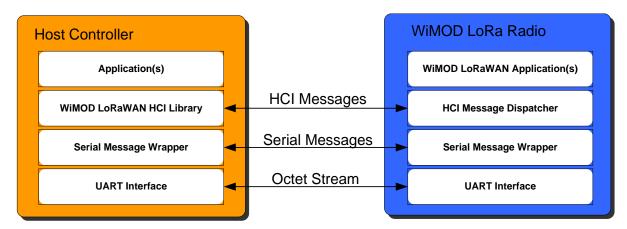


Fig. 1-1: Host Controller Communication

Document Guide

Chapter 2 explains the message flow between host controller and WiMOD LoRa radio module and describes the general message format.

Chapter 3 gives a detailed summary of the services provided by the firmware.

Chapter 4 includes some example code and several tables with defined constants.

¹ LoRa is a registered trademark of Semtech Corporation. LoRaWAN is a registered trademark of the LoRa Alliance.



WiMOD LoRaWAN EndNode Modem HCI Spec.docx, Wireless Solutions, V1.26



2. HCI Communication

The communication between the WiMOD LoRa radio module and a host controller is based on messages. The following chapters describe the general message flow and message format.

2.1 Message Flow

The HCI protocol defines three different types of messages which are exchanged between the host controller and the radio module:

- Command Messages: always sent from the host controller to the WiMOD LoRa module to trigger a function.
- 2. Response Messages: sent from the radio module to the host controller to answer a preceding HCI request message.
- 3. Event Messages: can be sent from the radio module to the host controller at any time to indicate an event or to pass data which was received over the radio link from a peer device.

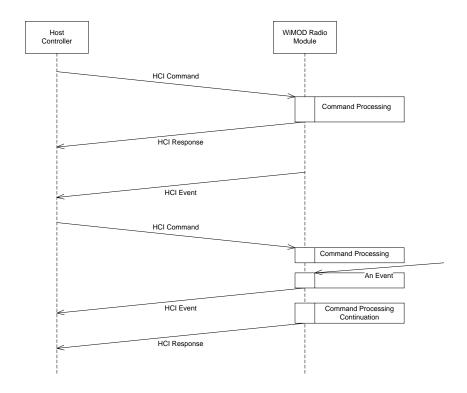


Fig. 2-1: HCI Message Flow





2.2 HCI Message Format

The following figure outlines the message format which is used for communication purposes.

HCI Message

Dst ID	Msg ID	Payload Field
8 Bit	8 Bit	n * 8 Bit

Fig. 2-2: HCI Message Format

2.2.1 Destination Endpoint Identifier (DstID)

This field identifies a logical service access point (endpoint) within a device. A service access point can be considered as a large firmware component which implements multiple services which can be called by corresponding HCI messages. This modular approach allows to support up to 256 independent components per device.

2.2.2 Message Identifier (MsgID)

This field identifies a specific type of message and is used to trigger a corresponding service function or to indicate a service response or event when sent to the host controller.

2.2.3 Payload Field

The Payload Field has variable length and transports message dependent parameters. The maximum size of this field is 300 Bytes.

2.2.4 Byte Ordering

The Payload Field usually carries data of type integer. Multi-octet integer values (2-Byte, 3-byte and 4-Byte integers) are transmitted in little endian order with least significant byte (LSB) first, unless otherwise specified in the corresponding HCI message information.

2.2.5 Frame Check Sequence Field (FCS)

Following the Payload Field a 16-Bit Frame Check Sequence (FCS) is added to support a reliable packet transmission. The FCS contains a 16-Bit CRC-CCITT cyclic redundancy check which enables the receiver to check a received packet for bit errors. The CRC computation starts from the Destination Endpoint Identifier Field and ends with the last byte of the Payload Field. The CRC ones complement is added before SLIP encoding (see chapter 4.3.5 for CRC16 example).

2.2.6 Communication over UART

The standard host controller communication interface is a UART interface. The WiMOD LoRaWAN HCI Protocol uses the SLIP (RFC1055) framing protocol when transmitted over





asynchronous serial interfaces (UART).

2.2.6.1 SLIP Wrapper

The SLIP layer provides a mean to transmit and receive complete data packets over a serial communication interface. The SLIP coding is according to RFC 1055 [http://www.faqs.org/rfcs/rfc1055.html]

The next diagram explains how a HCI message is embedded in a SLIP packet.

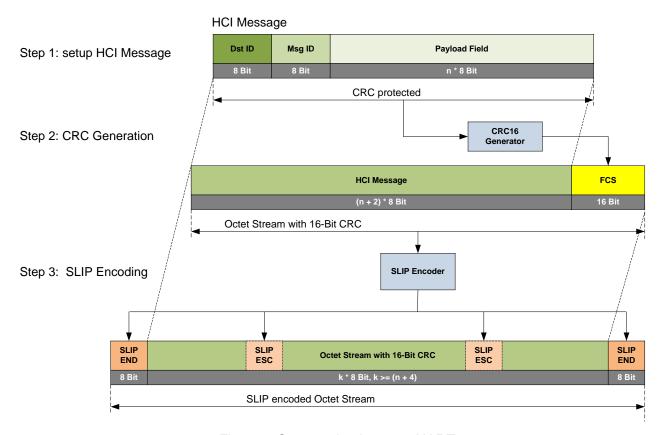


Fig. 2-3: Communication over UART

Note: The variable payload length is not explicitly transmitted over the UART communication link. Indeed it can be derived from the SLIP wrappers receiver unit.

2.2.6.2 Physical Parameters

The default UART settings are:

115200 bps, 8 Data bits, No Parity Bit, 1 Stop Bit





3. Firmware Services

This chapter describes the message format for the firmware services in detail. The services are ordered according to their corresponding endpoint.

3.1 Device Management Services

The Device Management endpoint provides general services for module configuration, module identification, and everything which is not related to the data exchange via radio link. The following services are available:

- Ping
- Reset
- Get Device Information
- Get Firmware Information
- RTC Configuration and RTC Alarm Support
- System Operation Mode Handling

3.1.1 **Ping**

This command is used to check if the serial connection is ok and if the connected radio module is alive. The host should expect a Ping Response within a very short time interval.

Message Flow

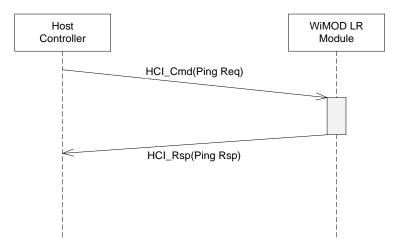


Fig. 3-1: Ping Request





Command Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	DEVMGMT_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	DEVMGMT_MSG_PING_REQ	Ping Request
Length	0	no payload

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	DEVMGMT_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	DEVMGMT_MSG_PING_RSP	Ping Response
Length	1	1 octet
Payload[0]	Status Byte	see appendix





3.1.2 Reset

This message can be used to reset the radio module. The reset will be performed after approx. 200ms.

Message Flow

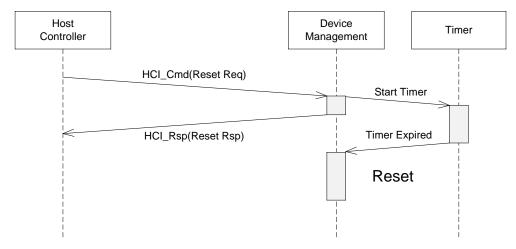


Fig. 3-2: Reset Request

Command Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	DEVMGMT_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	DEVMGMT_MSG_RESET_REQ	Reset Request
Length	0	no payload

Response Message

This message acknowledges the Reset Request message.

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	DEVMGMT_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	DEVMGMT_MSG_RESET_RSP	Reset Response
Length	1	1 octet
Payload[0]	Status Byte	see appendix





3.1.3 **Device Information**

The radio firmware provides a service to readout some information elements for identification purposes.

3.1.3.1 Get Device Information

This message can be used to identify the local connected device. As a result the device sends a response message which contains a Device Information Field.

Command Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	DEVMGMT_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	DEVMGMT_MSG_GET_DEVICE_INFO_REQ	Get Device Info Request
Length	0	no payload

Response Message

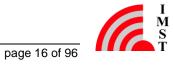
The response message contains the requested Device Information Field.

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	DEVMGMT_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	DEVMGMT_MSG_GET_DEVICE_INFO_RSP	Get Device Info Response
Length	10	10 octets
Payload[0]	Status Byte	see appendix
Payload[19]	Device Information Field	see below

3.1.3.2 Device Information Field

The Device Information Field contains the following elements:

Offset	Size	Name	Description	
0	1	ModuleType	Radio Module Identifier	
			0x90 = iM880A (obsolete)	
			0x92 = iM880A-L (128k)	
			0x93 = iU880A (128k)	
			0x98 = iM880B-L	
			0x99 = iU880B	
		0x9A = iM980A		
			0x9B = iU980A	
			0xA0 = iM881A	
1	4	Device Address	32-Bit Device Address for radio communication	
5	4	Device ID	32-Bit Device ID for identification purpose	





3.1.4 **Firmware Information**

The radio firmware provides some further information to identify the firmware version itself.

3.1.4.1 Get Firmware Information

The following message can be used to identify the radio firmware.

Command Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	DEVMGMT_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	DEVMGMT_MSG_GET_FW_INFO_REQ	Get FW Information
Length	0	no payload

Response Message

This message contains the requested information field.

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	DEVMGMT_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	DEVMGMT_MSG_GET_FW_INFO_RSP	Get FW Info Response
Length	1+n	1+n octets
Payload[0]	Status Byte	see appendix
Payload[1n]	Firmware Information Field	see below

3.1.4.2 Firmware Information Field

The Firmware Information Field contains the following elements:

Offset	Size	Name	Description
0	1	FW Version	Minor FW Version number
1	1	FW Version	Major FW Version number
2	2	Build Count	Firmware Build Counter, 16 Bit
4	10	Build Date	Firmware Build Date, e.g.: «16.04.2015»
14	m	Firmware Image	Name of Firmware Image and integrated LoRaWAN radio stack, separated by semicolon





3.1.5 **Device Status**

The radio firmware provides some status information elements which can be read at any time.

3.1.5.1 **Get Device Status**

This message can be used to read the current device status.

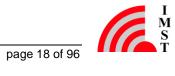
Command Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	DEVMGMT_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	DEVMGMT_MSG_GET_DEVICE_STATUS_REQ	Get Device Status Request
Length	0	no payload

Response Message

This response message contains the requested information elements.

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	DEVMGMT_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	DEVMGMT_MSG_GET_DEVICE_STATUS_RSP	Get Device Status Response
Length	60	60 octets
Payload[0]	Status Byte	see appendix
Payload[159]	Device Status Field	see below





3.1.5.2 Device Status Field

The Device Status Field includes the following information elements:

Offset	Size	Name	Description
0	1	System Tick Resolution	System Tick Resolution in milliseconds (e.g.: 5 = 5ms)
1	4	System Ticks	System Ticks since last start-up/reset
5	4	Target Time	RTC Time (see RTC Time Format)
9	2	NVM Status	Bit field for non-volatile memory blocks: Bit 0 = System Configuration Block, contains Operation Mode, Device ID Bit 1 = Radio Configuration Block, contains Radio Parameter and AES Key Bit Values: 0 = OK, block ok 1 = ERROR, block corrupt
11	2	Battery Level	Measured Supply Voltage in mV
13	2	Extra Status	Reserved Bit Field
15	4	Tx U-Data	Number of unreliable radio packets transmitted
19	4	Tx C-Data	Number of reliable radio packets transmitted
23	4	Tx Error	Number of radio packets not transmitted due to an error
27	4	Rx1 U-Data	Number of unreliable radio packets received in 1st window
31	4	Rx1 C-Data	Number of reliable radio packets received in 1st window
35	4	Rx1 MIC-Error	Number of radio packets received in 1st window with MIC error
39	4	Rx2 U-Data	Number of unreliable radio packets received in 2nd window
43	4	Rx2 C-Data	Number of reliable radio packets received in 2nd window
47	4	Rx2 MIC-Error	Number of radio packets received in 2nd window with MIC error
51	4	Tx Join	Number of join request radio packets transmitted
55	4	Rx Accept	Number of join accept radio packets received





Real Time Clock Support (RTC) 3.1.6

The radio module provides an embedded Real Time Clock which can be used to determine the module operating hours.

3.1.6.1 Get RTC Time

This message can be used to read the current RTC time value.

Note: the return value is zero when the RTC is disabled.

Command Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	DEVMGMT_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	DEVMGMT_MSG_GET_RTC_REQ	Get RTC Value Request
Length	0	no payload

Response Message

This message contains the requested RTC value.

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	DEVMGMT_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	DEVMGMT_MSG_GET_RTC_RSP	Get RTC Value Response
Length	5	5 octets
Payload[0]	Status Byte	see appendix
Payload[1-4]	32 Bit time	see RTC Time Format

3.1.6.2 Set RTC Time

This message can be used to set the RTC time to a given value.

Command Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	DEVMGMT_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	DEVMGMT_MSG_SET_RTC_REQ	Set RTC Request
Length	4	4 octets
Payload[0-3]	32 Bit time value	see RTC Time Format





Response Message

This message acknowledges the Set RTC Request.

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	DEVMGMT_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	DEVMGMT_MSG_SET_RTC_RSP	Set RTC Response
Length	1	1 octet
Payload[0]	Status Byte	see appendix

3.1.6.3 RTC Time Format

The RTC time is transmitted as a 32-Bit integer value.

Field	Content
Payload [n]	Bits 0 – 7
Payload [n+1]	Bits 8 – 15
Payload [n+2]	Bits 16 – 23
Payload [n+3]	Bits 24 – 31

The time value is coded as follows:

Value	Size	Position	Value Range
Seconds	6 Bits	Bit 0 – 5	0 – 59
Minutes	6 Bits	Bit 6 - 11	0 – 59
Months	4 Bits	Bit 12 – 15	1 – 12
Hours	5 Bits	Bit 16 – 20	0 – 23
Days	5 Bit	Bit 21 – 25	1 – 31
Years	6 Bit	Bit 26 – 31	0 – 63 -> 2000 - 2063





3.1.6.4 Set RTC Alarm

This message can be used to set a single or daily RTC alarm.

Command Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	DEVMGMT_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	DEVMGMT_MSG_SET_RTC_ALARM_REQ	Set RTC Alarm Request
Length	4	4 octets
Payload[0]	Options	0x00 : single alarm
		0x01 : daily repeated alarm
Payload[1]	Hour	Hour (range from 0 to 23)
Payload[2]	Minutes	Minutes (range from 0 to 59)
Payload[3]	Seconds	Seconds (range from 0 to 59)

Response Message

This message acknowledges the Set RTC Alarm Request.

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	DEVMGMT_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	DEVMGMT_MSG_SET_RTC_ALARM_RSP	Set RTC Alarm Response
Length	1	1 octet
Payload[0]	Status Byte	see appendix

3.1.6.5 RTC Alarm Indication

This message indicates an RTC Alarm event.

Command Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	DEVMGMT_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	DEVMGMT_MSG_RTC_ALARM_IND	RTC Alarm Event Indication
Length	1	1 octets
Payload[0]	Status Byte	see appendix





3.1.6.6 Get RTC Alarm

This message can be used to get a single or daily RTC alarm configuration.

Command Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	DEVMGMT_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	DEVMGMT_MSG_GET_RTC_ALARM_REQ	Get RTC Alarm Request
Length	0	no payload

Response Message

This message acknowledges the Get RTC Alarm Request.

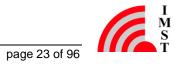
Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	DEVMGMT_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	DEVMGMT_MSG_GET_RTC_ALARM_RSP	Get RTC Alarm Response
Length	6	6 octet
Payload[0]	Status Byte	see appendix
Payload[1]	Alarm Status	0x00 : no alarm set 0x01 : alarm set
Payload[2]	Options	0x00 : single alarm 0x01 : daily repeated alarm
Payload[3]	Hour	Hour (range from 0 to 23)
Payload[4]	Minutes	Minutes (range from 0 to 59)
Payload[5]	Seconds	Seconds (range from 0 to 59)

3.1.6.7 Clear RTC Alarm

This message can be used to clear a pending RTC alarm.

Command Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	DEVMGMT_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	DEVMGMT_MSG_CLEAR_RTC_ALARM_REQ	Clear RTC Alarm Request
Length	0	no payload





Response Message

This message acknowledges the Clear RTC Alarm Request.

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	DEVMGMT_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	DEVMGMT_MSG_CLEAR_RTC_ALARM_RSP	Clear RTC Alarm Response
Length	1	1 octets
Payload[0]	Status Byte	see appendix

System Operation Mode Handling 3.1.7

The radio firmware can operate in different System Operation Modes to enable / disable specific features. The System Operation Mode is stored in the non-volatile memory and determined during firmware start-up.

The following System Operation Modes are supported:

- Standard / Application Mode
- Customer Mode enables write access to 64-bit Device EUI

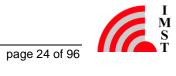
3.1.7.1 Get System Operation Mode

This message is used to read the current System Operation Mode.

Command Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	DEVMGMT_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	DEVMGMT_MSG_GET_OPMODE_REQ	Get Operation Mode Request
Length	0	no payload

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	DEVMGMT_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	DEVMGMT_MSG_GET_OPMODE_RSP	Get Operation Mode Response
Length	2	2 octets
Payload[0]	Status Byte	see appendix
Payload[1]	Current System Operation Mode	see appendix





3.1.7.2 Set System Operation Mode

This message can be used to activate the next System Operation Mode. The mode value is stored in the non-volatile memory and a firmware reset is performed after approx. 200ms.

Command Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	DEVMGMT_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	DEVMGMT_MSG_SET_OPMODE_REQ	Set Operation Mode Request
Length	1	1 octet
Payload[0]	Next Operation Mode	see appendix

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	DEVMGMT_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	DEVMGMT_MSG_SET_OPMODE_RSP	Set Operation Mode Response
Length	1	1 octet
Payload[0]	Status Byte	see appendix





3.1.8 Device HCI Settings

This service can be used to configure HCl Parameters. Configurable HCl Parameters are:

Baudrate

baudrate to be used for the serial communication.

• Number of Tx Wakeup Chars

number of Wakeup characters ($SLIP_END = 0xC0$) to be sent in the transmitted HCI messages by the end-device.

Tx Hold Time

the Tx Hold Time begins with the last transmitted character of a HCI message. Any new HCI message will be transmitted without additional Wakeup Characters during this time.

Rx Hold Time

the Rx Hold Time begins with the last received character of a HCl message. Any new HCl message will be transmitted without additional Wakeup Characters during this time.

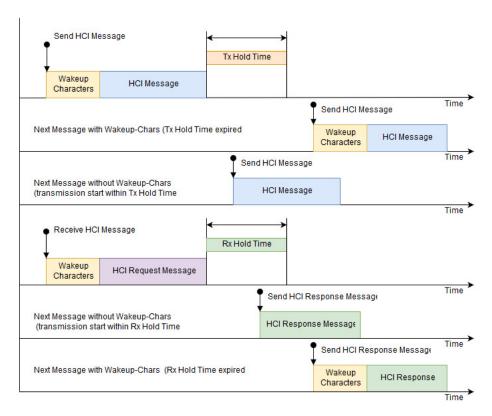


Fig. 3-3: HCI Settings





3.1.8.1 Set HCI Configuration

Command Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	DEVMGMT_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	DEVMGMT_MSG_SET_HCI_CFG_REQ	Set Device HCI Settings Request
Length	6	6 octets
Payload[0]	Store in non-volatile memory	0x00 : disabled 0x01 : enabled
Payload[15]	HCI Parameter Field	see below

Response Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	DEVMGMT_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	DEVMGMT_MSG_SET_HCI_CFG_RSP	Set Device HCI Settings Response
Length	1	1 octet
Payload[0]	Status Byte	see appendix

3.1.8.2 Get HCl Configuration

Command Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	DEVMGMT_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	DEVMGMT_MSG_GET_HCI_CFG_REQ	Get Device HCI Settings Request
Length	0	no payload

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	DEVMGMT_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	DEVMGMT_MSG_GET_HCI_CFG_RSP	Get Device HCI Settings Response
Length	6	6 octets
Payload[0]	Status Byte	see appendix
Payload[15]	HCI Parameter Field	see below





3.1.8.3 HCI Parameter Field

This field contains all configurable HCI parameters.

Offset	Size	Content	Description
0	1]	Baudrate ID	0x03 : 57600 bps 0x04 :115200 bps
1	2	Number of	The number of transmitted Wakeup Characters.
		Wakeup Chars	The maximal Number of Wakeup Chars corresponds to a maximum time of about 100ms.
			57600 bps : range from 0 to 576
			115200 bps: range from 0 to 1152
3	1	Tx Hold time	Hold time in ms (range from 0 to 255)
4	1	Rx Hold time	Hold time in ms (range from 0 to 255)

3.1.8.4 Default Configuration

The following table lists the default configuration.

Baudrate ID	0x04 :115200 bps
Number of Wakeup Chars	0
Tx Hold time	0
Rx Hold time	0

By a factory reset the settings are not restored to the default configuration.

3.1.9 Power-Up Indication

Some module variants require a few milliseconds startup-time after power-up reset before the communication over the serial interface is possible. During that startup-phase the clock-system is configured and calibrated which is a prerequisite for accurate baud rate generation. The Power-UP Indication message can be enabled (see 0) to signal to the host controller when the module is ready to receive the first commands over the HCI interface.

Event Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	DEVMGMT_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	DEVMGMT_MSG_POWER_UP_IND	Power-UP Indication
Length	0	No payload

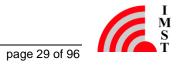




3.2 **LoRaWAN Radio Link Services**

The LoRaWAN Service Access Point provides several services for radio communication according to the LoRaWAN specification:

- End-Device Activation by Personalization (ABP)
- End-Device Activation Over-the-Air (OTAA)
- Unreliable Data Transmission
- Confirmed Data Transmission
- Ack + Data Reception
- Radio Stack Configuration including Automatic Power Saving
- **Device EUI Configuration**
- Factory Reset
- Network Status
- LoRaWAN MAC Commands





3.2.1 **End-Device Activation by Personalization (ABP)**

This service provides a method for direct device activation via HCI.

Note: a device must be activated prior to any further data exchange with a server. After a successful activation, the device will send an empty unconfirmed uplink message ("alive" message) over the air.

The end-device activation service includes two HCI messages: a command message for parameter configuration and corresponding response message from the device.

Note: the activation parameters must be known on both sides - the end-device and the LoRaWAN network.

3.2.1.1 Activate Device

This service can be used to activate the device via HCI. The following parameters will be stored in a non-volatile memory:

Device Address

a unique 32-Bit device-address, used for radio communication within a network

Network Session Key

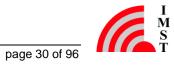
a device-specific 128-Bit network session key used for MIC calculation and verification

Application Session Key

a device-specific 128-Bit application session key used to encrypt and decrypt the payload field of application specific messages

Command Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_ACTIVATE_DEVICE_REQ	Activate Device Request
Length	36	36 octets
Payload[03]	32-Bit Device Address	32-Bit Integer (LSB first)
Payload[419]	128-Bit Network Session Key	Octet sequence (MSB first)
Payload[2035]	128-Bit Application Session Key	Octet sequence (MSB first)





Response Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_ACTIVATE_DEVICE_RSP	Activate Device Response
Length	1	1 octet
Payload[0]	Status Byte	see appendix

3.2.1.2 Reactivate Device

This service can be used to activate the device via HCI using the parameters previously stored in the non-volatile memory.

Command Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_REACTIVATE_DEVICE_REQ	Reactivate Device Request
Length	0	0 octets

Response Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_REACTIVATE_DEVICE_RSP	Reactivate Device Response
Length	5	1 octet
Payload[0]	Status Byte	see appendix
Payload[14]	32-Bit Device Address	32-Bit Integer (LSB first)

3.2.2 End-Device Activation Over-the-Air

This service provides end-device activation over the air, i.e. the device can be configured and triggered to execute the so called join procedure defined in the LoRaWAN specification. The result of a successful join procedure is a new device address, a new network session key and a new application session key.

The following HCI messages are implemented:

- a command message for parameter configuration and corresponding response message from the device
- a command message to start the join network procedure and corresponding response message from the device
- a join network radio packet transmit indication message
- a final join network indication message notifying the new device address to the host on success

Note: a device must be activated prior to any further data exchange with a server. After a





successful activation, the device will send an empty unconfirmed uplink message ("alive" message) over the air.

3.2.2.1 Set Join Parameters

This service can be used to configure the over-the-air activation parameters which are used during the join procedure (see [2], chapter 2.1). These parameters will be stored in a non-volatile memory.

Note: these parameters must be known on the LoRaWAN network side too.

Application EUI

a globally unique 64-Bit application ID

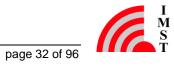
Application Key

a device-specific 128-Bit AES application key

Command Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_SET_JOIN_PARAM_REQ	Set Join Parameters Request
Length	24	24 octets
Payload[07]	64-Bit Application EUI	Octet sequence (MSB first)
Payload[823]	128-Bit Application Key	Octet sequence (MSB first)

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_SET_JOIN_PARAM_RSP	Set Join Parameter Response
Length	1	1 octet
Payload[0]	Status Byte	see appendix





3.2.2.2 Join Network Request

This service can be used to start the join network procedure. The module sends a join network radio packet and waits for a response from server side.

Command Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_JOIN_NETWORK_REQ	Join Network Request
Length	0	no payload

The command message is immediately answered by means of the following corresponding response message:

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_JOIN_NETWORK_RSP	Join Network Response
Length	1	1 octet
Payload[0]	Status Byte	see appendix





3.2.2.3 Join Network Packet Transmit Indication

This HCI message is sent to the host after the join radio message has been sent to the server.

Event Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_JOIN_NETWORK_TX_IND	Join Network Tx Indication
Length	1 (+8)	1 (+8) octets
Payload[0]	Status & Payload Format	0x00 : radio packet sent 0x01 : radio packet sent,
Payload[1]	Channel Index	See corresponding regional HCI specification (e.g. [4])
Payload[2]	Data Rate Index	See corresponding regional HCI specification (e.g. [4])
Payload[3]	NumTxPackets	Number of transmitted radio packets of last request
Payload[4]	TRX Power Level	Transmit power level configured in transceiver in dBm (min. value 0 dBm) ¹
Payload[58]	RF Message Airtime	32-Bit Airtime in milliseconds of transmitted radio message

¹ The minimum TRX power level depends on the radio module and it could slightly vary from the given power level value for the low power levels.



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3.2.2.4 Join Network Indication

This message is sent to the host either after successful reception of a server join response packet or after the expiration of a complete join process without success.

Note: the maximum number of retries for a join request is fixed to 12. If no special behavior is established in the Regional Parameter document [6], the Join Request will be retransmitted changing the spreading factor from SF7 till SF12, reusing each spreading factor twice.

Event Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_JOIN_NETWORK_IND	Join Network Indication
Length	1 (+4 or +9)	1 (+4 or +9) octets
Payload[0]	Status & Payload Format	0x00 : device successfully activated 0x01 : device successfully activated, Rx Channel Info attached else : error, device not activated
Payload[14]	New Device Address	32-Bit Integer (LSB first) Only sent if successfully activated
Payload[5]	Channel Index	See corresponding regional HCI specification (e.g. [4])
Payload[6]	Data Rate Index	See corresponding regional HCI specification (e.g. [4])
Payload[7]	RSSI	RSSI value in dBm (signed integer)
Payload[8]	SNR	SNR value in dB (signed integer)
Payload[9]	Rx Slot	Rx Slot value: 1: first window 2: second window





3.2.3 **Unreliable Data Transmission**

This service can be used to send data in an unreliable way to the network server. No acknowledgement will be sent from the network server side and no retransmission method is available on the end-device side.

The following three HCI messages are implemented:

- a command message to initiate the unreliable packet transmission and corresponding response message from the device
- a final radio packet transmit indication message, notifying the end of transmission and optional radio channel information

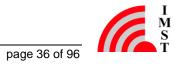
3.2.3.1 Send Unreliable Data Request

This command can be used to initiate an unreliable data transmission.

Command Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_SEND_UDATA_REQ	Send Unreliable Data Request
Length	1+n	1+n octets
Payload[0]	LoRaWAN Port	LoRaWAN Port number (> 0)
Payload[1n]	Application Payload	Application Layer Payload

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN _MSG_SEND_UDATA_RSP	Send Unreliable Data Response
Length	1 (+4)	1 (+4) octet
Payload[0]	Status Byte	see appendix
Payload[14]	32-Bit time	32-Bit Integer (LSB first) Time [ms] remaining till channel available (sent if channel blocked by Duty Cycle, see appendix)





3.2.3.2 Unreliable Data Transmit Indication

This HCI message is sent to the host after the radio packet has been sent.

Event Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN _MSG_SEND_UDATA_TX_IND	Send Unreliable Data Tx Indication
Length	1 (+8)	1 (+8) octets
Payload[0]	Status & Payload Format	0x00 : radio packet sent 0x01 : radio packet sent,
Payload[1]	Channel Index	See corresponding regional HCI specification (e.g. [4])
Payload[2]	Data Rate Index	See corresponding regional HCI specification (e.g. [4])
Payload[3]	NumTxPackets	Number of transmitted radio packets of last request
Payload[4]	TRX Power Level	Transmit power level configured in transceiver in dBm (min. value 0 dBm) ¹
Payload[58]	RF Message Airtime	32-Bit Airtime in milliseconds of transmitted radio message

3.2.4 Reliable Data Transmission

This service can be used to send data in a reliable way to the network server. The server will acknowledge the received packet within the defined downlink timeslots.

The following three HCI messages are implemented for this service:

- a command message to initiate the reliable packet transmission and corresponding response message from the device
- a radio packet transmit indication message, notifying the end of transmission and optional radio channel information

Note: the Ack message and potential downlink data is outlined in the next chapter Ack & Data Reception

¹ The minimum TRX power level depends on the radio module and it could slightly vary from the given power level value for the low power levels.



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3.2.4.1 Send Reliable Data

This command can be used to initiate a reliable data transmission.

Command Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	Msg ID LORAWAN_MSG_SEND_CDATA_REQ Send Reliable Data Request	
Length 1+n 1+n octets		1+n octets
Payload[0]	LoRaWAN Port	LoRaWAN Port number (>0)
Payload[1n] Application Payload Application Layer Payload		Application Layer Payload

Response Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN _ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN _MSG_SEND_CDATA_RSP	Send Reliable Data Response
Length	1 (+4)	1 (+4) octet
Payload[0]	Status Byte	see appendix
Payload[14]	32-Bit time	32-Bit Integer (LSB first) Time [ms] remaining till channel available (sent if channel blocked by Duty Cycle, see appendix)





3.2.4.2 Reliable Data Transmit Indication

This HCI message is sent to the host after the radio packet has been sent or if the retransmission procedure finishes without success, containing in this case the corresponding error code.

Event Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN _ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN _MSG_SEND_CDATA_TX_IND	Send Reliable Data Tx Indication
Length	1 (+8)	1 (+8) octets
Payload[0]	Status & Payload Format	0x00 : radio packet sent 0x01 : radio packet sent,
Payload[1]	Channel Index	See corresponding regional HCI specification (e.g. [4])
Payload[2]	Data Rate Index	See corresponding regional HCI specification (e.g. [4])
Payload[3]	NumTxPackets	Number of transmitted radio packets of last request
Payload[4]	TRX Power Level	Transmit power level configured in transceiver in dBm (min. value 0 dBm) ¹
Payload[58]	RF Message Airtime	32-Bit Airtime in milliseconds of transmitted radio message

¹ The minimum TRX power level depends on the radio module and it could slightly vary from the given power level value for the low power levels.



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3.2.5 **Ack & Data Reception**

The LoRaWAN Stack is able to receive packets within dedicated Rx timeslots scheduled as defined in [2].

Depending on the type of received or not received data, one of the following three HCI event messages will be sent to the Host:

- Unreliable Data Indication
- Reliable Data Indication
- Ack Indication
- No-Data Indication





3.2.5.1 Unreliable Data Indication

This HCI message is sent to the host after reception of an unreliable radio packet containing application payload.

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_RECV_UDATA_IND	Unreliable Data Indication
Length	1+n (+5)	1+n (+5) octets
Payload[0]	Status and Format	Bit 0: 0 = no attachment 1 = Rx Channel Info attached Bit 1: 0 = no Ack for uplink packet 1 = Ack received for last uplink packet Bit 2: 0 = no downlink frame pending 1 = downlink frame pending
Payload[1]	LoRaWAN Port	LoRaWAN Port number (255 is set if the payload field is empty and no port is included in the downlink)
Payload[2n]	Application Payload	Application Layer Payload
Payload[n+1]	Channel Index	See corresponding regional HCI specification (e.g. [4])
Payload[n+2]	Data Rate Index	See corresponding regional HCI specification (e.g. [4])
Payload[n+3]	RSSI	RSSI value in dBm (signed integer)
Payload[n+4]	SNR	SNR value in dB (signed integer)
Payload[n+5]	Rx Slot	Rx Slot value: 1: first window 2: second window 3: second window – scan mode





3.2.5.2 Reliable Data Indication

This HCI message is sent to the host after reception of a reliable radio packet containing application payload. The device will acknowledge the reception with a set Ack-Bit in the next reliable/unreliable uplink radio packet to the network server.

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_RECV_CDATA_IND	Unreliable Data Indication
Length	1+n (+5)	1+n (+5) octets
Payload[0]	Status and Format	Bit 0: 0 = no attachment 1 = Rx Channel Info attached Bit 1: 0 = no Ack for uplink packet 1 = Ack received for last uplink packet Bit 2: 0 = no downlink frame pending
Payload[1]	LoRaWAN Port	1 = downlink frame pending LoRaWAN Port number (255 is set if the payload field is empty and no port is included in the downlink)
Payload[2n]	Application Payload	Application Layer Payload
Payload[n+1]	Channel Index	See corresponding regional HCl specification (e.g. [4])
Payload[n+2]	Data Rate Index	See corresponding regional HCI specification (e.g. [4])
Payload[n+3]	RSSI	RSSI value in dBm (signed integer)
Payload[n+4]	SNR	SNR value in dB (signed integer)
Payload[n+5]	Rx Slot	Rx Slot value: 1: first window 2: second window 3: second window – scan mode





3.2.5.3 No-Data Indication

This HCI message is sent to the host in case no expected confirmation or data has been received as a result of prior reliable uplink radio packet.

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_RECV_NO_DATA_IND	Ack Indication
Length	1(+1)	1(+1) octets
Payload[0]	Status and Format	0 = not further attachment Bit 1: Wrong LoRaWAN frame received (error code attached)
Payload[1]	Error Code	Bit 0: Wrong MType received Bit 1: Wrong Device Address received Bit 2: Wrong MIC received Bit 3: Unexpected FCnt received Bit 4: Wrong MAC commands received (e.g. MAC commands simultaneously present in the payload field and the frame options field) Bit 5: Wrong downlink received Bit 6: Expected ACK missing





3.2.6 Radio Stack Configuration

The radio stack provides several features and parameters which can be configured via HCI:

Data Rate

used for unreliable and confirmed data packets (not join message). This value is used in the next uplink and may change automatically during runtime or via LoRaWAN MAC commands from network server side.

• TX Power Level (EIRP)¹

this value is used in the next uplink and may change automatically.

Adaptive Date Rate

this feature can be enabled to allow an automatic data rate adaption from server side (see [2]).

Automatic Power Saving

this feature can be enabled to activate the automatic power saving mode. The module will enter a low power mode whenever possible. Wakeup via HCI message requires a sequence of ~40 additional wakeup characters (at 115200bps UART baud rate) "0xC0" prior to any SLIP encoded message.

• Duty Cycle Control

this function can be disabled for test purpose.

Note: this parameter can only be written in "Customer Mode" (see "System Operation Modes"), otherwise it will be ignored.

Class A & C Support

the radio can operate in one of these two modes.

• MAC Events Support

this feature enables an event to forward the received MAC Commands to the corresponding host (for test purpose).

If this feature is enabled, an additional HCI message will be sent to indicate the reception of MAC commands piggybacked in the header (see 3.2.14.2) and the MAC commands will be available via the standard UDATA or CDATA HCI messages (see 3.2.5.1 and 3.2.5.2) if these are received in port 0.

Otherwise, if this feature is disabled, the MAC commands will not be visible to the corresponding host.

Extended HCI Output Support

this feature enables extended RF packet output format, where the Tx/Rx channel info is attached.

¹ The RF Output Power may be limited by the radio module. For more information refer to the corresponding hardware datasheet (e.g. see [5]).



WiMOD_LoRaWAN_EndNode_Modem_HCI_Spec.docx, Wireless Solutions, V1.26



• Private LoRaWAN Network Configuration

this feature enables the configuration of a private LoRaWAN network, which implies a change on the sync word.

HCI Power-Up Indication

this feature enables a HCI message informing to the host when the module is ready to communicate after a power-up reset.

Number of Retransmissions

this value sets the maximum number of retries for a reliable radio packet where an acknowledgment is not received.

Band Index

used to configure the radio band to be used. In case a change in the radio band is requested, the end-device will be automatically deactivated.

Header MAC Cmd Capacity

used to configure the maximum length of the MAC commands to be piggybacked in the header within the next uplink. If the length of the reply exceeds this value, they will be sent immediately using the port 0.





3.2.6.1 Set Radio Stack Configuration

This service can be used to configure the integrated radio stack. This configuration be stored in a non-volatile memory.

Command Message

Field	Content	Description
		•
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_SET_RSTACK_CONFIG_REQ	Set Radio Stack Configuration Request
Length	7	7 octets
Payload[0]	Data Rate Index	See corresponding regional HCI specification (e.g. [4])
Payload[1]	TX Power Level (EIRP)	Tx Power value in dBm (parameter range: 0 dBm to max. EIRP allowed by the device in 1 dB steps)
Payload[2]	Options	Bit 0: 0 = Adaptive Data Rate disabled 1 = Adaptive Data Rate enabled
		Bit 1: 0 = Duty Cycle Control disabled 1 = Duty Cycle Control enabled (Customer Mode required)
		Bit 2: 0 = Class A selected 1 = Class C selected
		Bit 4: 0 = Power-Up Indication disabled 1 = Power-Up Indication enabled
		Bit 5: 0 = public LoRaWAN network 1 = private LoRaWAN network
		Bit 6: 0 = standard RF packet output format
		1 = extended RF packet output format: Tx/Rx channel info attached
		Bit 7: 0 = Rx MAC Command Forwarding disabled
		1 = Rx MAC Command Forwarding enabled
Payload [3]	Power Saving Mode	0x00 : off 0x01 : automatic
Payload [4]	Number of Retransmissions	Maximum number of retries for a reliable radio packet (parameter range: 0 to 254)
Payload [5]	Band Index	Radio Band Selection (see corresponding regional HCI specification, e.g. [4])
Payload [6]	Header MAC Cmd Capacity	Maximum length of the MAC commands to be piggybacked in the header (parameter range: 0 to 15)





Response Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_SET_RSTACK_CONFIG_RSP	Set Radio Stack Configuration Response
Length	1 (+1)	1 (+1) octet
Payload[0]	Status Byte	see appendix
Payload[1]	Wrong Parameter Error Code	Bit 0: 0 = Correct Data Rate 1 = Wrong Data Rate Bit 1: 0 = Correct TX Power Level 1 = Wrong TX Power Level Bit 2-4: not used Bit 5: 0 = Correct Band Index 1 = Wrong Band Index Bit 6-7: not used Only sent if status byte contains LORAWAN_STATUS_WRONG_PARAMETER

3.2.6.2 Get Radio Stack Configuration

This service can be used to read the current radio stack configuration.

Command Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_GET_RSTACK_CONFIG_REQ	Get Radio Stack Configuration Request
Length	0	no payload





Response Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_GET_RSTACK_CONFIG_RSP	Get Radio Stack Configuration Response
Length	8	8 octets
Payload[0]	Status Byte	see appendix
Payload[1]	Data Rate Index	See corresponding regional HCI specification (e.g. [4])
Payload[2]	TX Power Level (EIRP)	Tx Power value in dBm (parameter range: 0 dBm to max. EIRP allowed by the device in 1 dB steps)
Payload[3]	Options	Bit 0: 0 = Adaptive Data Rate disabled 1 = Adaptive Data Rate enabled Bit 1: 0 = Duty Cycle Control disabled 1 = Duty Cycle Control enabled Bit 2: 0 = Class A selected 1 = Class C selected Bit 4: 0 = Power-Up Indication disabled 1 = Power-Up Indication enabled Bit 5: 0 = public LoRaWAN network 1 = private LoRaWAN network 1 = private LoRaWAN network Bit 6: 0 = standard RF packet output format 1 = extended RF packet output format: Tx/Rx channel info attached Bit 7: 0 = Rx MAC Command Forwarding disabled 1 = Rx MAC Command Forwarding enabled
Payload [4]	Power Saving Mode	0x00 : off 0x01 : automatic
Payload [5]	Number of Retransmissions	Maximum number of retries for a reliable radio packet (parameter range: 0 to 254)
Payload [6]	Band Index	Radio Band Selection (see corresponding regional HCI specification, e.g. [4])
Payload [7]	Header MAC Cmd Capacity	Maximum length of the MAC commands to be piggybacked in the header (parameter range: 0 to 15)





3.2.6.3 Default Radio Stack Configuration

The following table lists the default radio stack configuration used if no factory settings are stored in the non-volatile memory.

Parameter	Value
Band Index	See corresponding regional HCl specification (e.g. [4])
Data Rate Index	See corresponding regional HCI specification (e.g. [4])
TX Power Level (EIRP)	16 dBm
Adaptive Data Rate	Enabled
Duty Cycle Control	Enabled
Class C Support	Disabled (Class A selected)
Private LoRaWAN Network Configuration	Disabled (Public selected)
HCI Power-Up Indication	Disabled
MAC Events Support	Disabled
Extended HCI Output Support	Disabled
Automatic Power Saving	Enabled
Number of Retransmissions	7
Header MAC Cmd Capacity	15

3.2.6.4 Get Supported Bands Information

This service can be used to get information related to the supported bands by the firmware. Moreover, the maximum supported EIRP for the each band is provided.

Note that the maximum supported EIRP depends on the radio module and the configured RF Gain value (for more information refer to [3]).

Command Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_GET_SUPPORTED_BANDS_REQ	Get Supported Bands Request
Length	0	no payload





Response Message

Field	Content	Description	
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier	
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_GET_SUPPORTED_BANDS_RSP	Get Supported Bands Response	
Length	1+2+2*n	1+2+2*n octets	
Payload[0]	Status Byte	see appendix	
Payload[1]	Band Index 0	Band Index 0 (see corresponding regional HCI specification, e.g. [4])	
Payload[2]	Max. EIRP for Band Index 0	Maximum supported EIRP for Band Index 0 in dBm	
Payload[1+2*n]	Band Index n	Band Index n (see corresponding regional HCI specification, e.g. [4])	
Payload[2+2*n]	Max. EIRP for Band Index n	Maximum supported EIRP for Band Index n in dBm	

Device EUI Configuration 3.2.7

The LoRaWAN specification requires a 64-bit unique Device EUI. The firmware provides the following services for read-out and configuration.

Note: the 64-bit Device EUI is independent from the 32-bit Device ID which can be considered as an IMST product serial number.

3.2.7.1 Get Device EUI

This message can be used to read the 64-bit Device EUI.

Command Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_GET_DEVICE_EUI_REQ	Get Device EUI
Length	0	no payload





Response Message

Field	Content	Description	
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier	
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_GET_DEVICE_EUI_RSP	Get Device EUI Response	
Length	9	9 octets	
Payload[0]	Status Byte	see appendix	
Payload[1-8]	64-Bit Device EUI	Octet sequence (MSB first)	

3.2.7.2 Set Device EUI

This message can be used to write the 64-bit Device EUI.

Note: this parameter will be stored in a non-volatile memory and can only be written in "Customer Mode" (see "System Operation Modes").

Command Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_SET_DEVICE_EUI_REQ	Set Device EUI Request
Length	8	8 octets
Payload[0-7]	64-Bit Device EUI	Octet sequence (MSB first)

Response Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_SET_DEVICE_EUI_RSP	Set Device EUI Response
Length	1	1 octet
Payload[0]	Status Byte	see appendix





3.2.8 **Custom Configuration**

The following custom parameters can be configured via HCI:

• RF Gain

the RF gain defines an offset used to compensate possible transmission losses/gains in the final product (including circuit, matching, antennas...). This value should be rated in units of dBd (decibels relative to a half-wavelength dipole antenna, where 0dBd=2.15dBi).

The firmware provides the following services for read-out and configuration.

3.2.8.1 Get Custom Configuration

This message can be used to read the custom configuration parameters.

Command Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_GET_CUSTOM_CFG_REQ	Get Custom Configuration
Length	0	no payload

Response Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_GET_CUSTOM_CFG_RSP	Get Custom Configuration Response
Length	2	2 octets
Payload[0]	Status Byte	see appendix
Payload[1]	RF Gain	RF Gain value in dBd (parameter range: -128 dBd to 127 dBd in 1 dB steps)





3.2.8.2 Set Custom Configuration

This message can be used to configure the custom parameters.

Note: this parameters will be stored in a non-volatile memory and can only be written in "Customer Mode" (see "System Operation Modes").

Command Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_SET_ CUSTOM_CFG_REQ	Set Custom Configuration Request
Length	1	1 octets
Payload[0]	RF Gain	RF Gain value in dBd (parameter range: -128 dBd to 127 dBd in 1 dB steps)

Response Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_SET_ CUSTOM_CFG_RSP	Set Custom Configuration Response
Length	1	1 octet
Payload[0]	Status Byte	see appendix

3.2.8.3 Default Custom Configuration

The following table lists the default custom configuration used if no configuration is stored in the non-volatile memory.

Parameter	Value
RF Gain	0 dBd

3.2.9 LinkADRReq Handling Configuration

The firmware provides several options to handle the LinkADRReq MAC Command sent by the LoRaWAN network server. The setting takes place if the Adaptive Data Rate feature is disabled (see 0) .This setting can be configured via HCI as follows:

• LoRaWAN v1.0.2 compliant

any LinkADRReq will be rejected and the uplink settings will not change.

• Semtech proposal compliant

a LinkADRReq with the data rate and tx power parameters set to 0xF will be accepted. Therefore, the channel mask and redundancy parameters could be processed. In this case, the data rate and tx power settings do not change. Any other LinkADRReq will be rejected and the uplink settings will not change.

KPN/Actility compliant

any LinkADRReg will be accepted, but the data rate and tx power parameters will





not be processed, therefore they are not modified. The channel mask and redundancy parameters will be interpreted and accordingly modified.

Following services are available for read-out and configuration.

3.2.9.1 Read LinkADRReq Handling Configuration

This message can be used to read the configured LinkADRReq option.

Command Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_GET_LINKADRREQ_CONFIG_REQ	Get LinkADRReq Configuration Request
Length	0	no payload

Response Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_GET_LINKADRREQ_CONFIG_RSP	Get LinkADRReq Configuration Response
Length	2	2 octets
Payload[0]	Status Byte	see appendix
Payload[1]	LinkADRReq Option	LinkADRReq Option:
		0: LoRaWAN v1.0.2
		1: Semtech proposal
		2: KPN/Actility proposal

3.2.9.2 Set LinkADRReq Handling Configuration

This message can be used to configure the LinkADRReg handling option.

Note: this parameter will be stored in a non-volatile memory and can only be written in "Customer Mode" (see "System Operation Modes").





Command Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_SET_LINKADRREQ_CONFIG_REQ	Set LinkADRReq Configuration Request
Length	1	1 octet
Payload[0]	LinkADRReq Option	LinkADRReq Option: 0: LoRaWAN v1.0.2 1: Semtech proposal 2: KPN/Actility proposal

Response Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_SET_LINKADRREQ_CONFIG_RSP	Set LinkADRReq Configuration Response
Length	1	1 octet
Payload[0]	Status Byte	see appendix

3.2.9.3 Default LinkADRReq Handling Configuration

The default LinkADRReq handling configuration is set to 0 (LoRaWAN v1.0.2 compliant).





3.2.10 **Battery Level Status**

The firmware offers the possibility to update the status of the battery level of the enddevice. The last configured value will be sent to the LoRaWAN server in the reply to the DevStatusReg MAC command.

Following services are available for its configuration.

3.2.10.1Set Battery Level Status

This message can be used to configure the battery level status.

Note: this parameter will not be stored in the non-volatile memory and will be restored to its default value after a module reset. Therefore it is recommended to update the battery level status after each reset if this is required by the application.

Command Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_SET_BATTERY_LEVEL_REQ	Set Battery Level Status Request
Length	1	1 octet
Payload[0]	Battery Level Status	Battery Level Status: 0: mains/extern powered 1-254: battery status (where 1 means minimum and 254 maximum) 255: undefined

Response Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_SET_BATTERY_LEVEL_RSP	Set Battery Level Status Response
Length	1	1 octet
Payload[0]	Status Byte	see appendix

3.2.10.2Default Battery Level Status

The default battery level status is set to 0xFF (undefined). This means that the device will answer to the DevStatusReg MAC command with this value, informing that it was not able to measure the battery level.





Factory Reset 3.2.11

This service allows to restore the initial firmware settings stored during production time.

Command Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_FACTORY_RESET_REQ	Factory Reset Request
Length	0	no payload

Response Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_FACTORY_RESET_RSP	Factory Reset Response
Length	1	1 octet
Payload[0]	Status Byte	see appendix





3.2.12 **Device Deactivation**

This service allows to deactivate the LoRaWAN end-device, i.e. further data exchange over the air is disabled.

Command Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_DEACTIVATE_DEVICE_REQ	Deactivate Device Request
Length	0	no payload

Response Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_DEACTIVATE_DEVICE_RSP	Deactivate Device Response
Length	1	1 octet
Payload[0]	Status Byte	see appendix

3.2.13 **Network/Activation Status**

This service allows to read the current network / activation status.

In case the device has been successfully activated, following parameters are included in the response message:

• Device Address

unique 32-Bit device-address used for radio communication within a network

Data Rate Index

current data rate used for unreliable and confirmed data packets in the next uplink

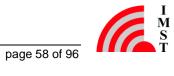
Power Level (EIRP)

current configured transmit power level

Maximum Payload Size

maximum number of bytes allowed in the payload field, according to the current data rate and taking into account the possible MAC commands piggybacked in the header

The device is inactive as default activation status if no factory settings are stored in the nonvolatile memory.





Command Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_GET_NWK_STATUS_REQ	Get Network Status Request
Length	0	no payload

Response Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_GET_NWK_STATUS_RSP	Get Network Status Response
Length	2 (+7)	2 octets
Payload[0]	Status Byte	see appendix
Payload[1]	Network Status:	1 octet 0x00 : device inactive 0x01 : active (ABP) 0x02 : active (OTAA) 0x03 : joining (OTAA)
Payload[25]	Device Address	32-Bit Integer (LSB first)
Payload[6]	Data Rate Index	See corresponding regional HCI specification (e.g. [4])
Payload[7]	Power Level (EIRP)	Power level in dBm
Payload[8]	Maximum Payload Size	Maximum number of bytes allowed in the payload field

3.2.14 LoRaWAN MAC Commands Support

The service allows to send and show several LoRaWAN stack internal MAC commands.

The following three HCI messages are implemented:

- a command message to initiate the transmission of a MAC command and corresponding response message from the device
- a MAC command receive indication message, which must be enabled via configuration

Note: the standard radio packet transmit indication message will notify the end of the transmission.





3.2.14.1Send MAC Command

This command can be used to send a single MAC command. If possible, the end-device will send the MAC command piggybacked in the header.

Command Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_SEND_MAC_CMD_REQ	Send MAC Command Request
Length	1+n	1+n octets
Payload[0]	Data Service Type	0 : Unreliable Data Service 1: Reliable Data Service
Payload[1]	Command ID	MAC command according to LoRaWAN spec. (see [2])
Payload[2n]	Options	MAC Command Parameters

Response Message

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN _MSG_SEND_MAC_CMD_RSP	Send MAC Command Response
Length	1	1 octet
Payload[0]	Status Byte	see appendix





3.2.14.2Receive MAC Command

This HCI message is sent to the host after reception of a radio packet including MAC command(s) piggybacked in the header. The application payload will be forwarded via the standard UDATA or CDATA HCI messages.

Note: this HCl event message must be enabled via configuration.

Field	Content	Description
Endpoint ID	LORAWAN_ID	Endpoint Identifier
Msg ID	LORAWAN_MSG_RECV_MAC_CMD_IND	MAC Command Indication
Length	1+n (+5)	1+n (+5) octets
Payload[0]	Status and Format	Bit 0: 0 = no attachment 1 = Rx Channel Info attached
Payload[1n]	MAC Command List	see [2]
Payload[n+1]	Channel Index	See corresponding regional HCI specification (e.g. [4])
Payload[n+2]	Data Rate Index	See corresponding regional HCI specification (e.g. [4])
Payload[n+3]	RSSI	RSSI value in dBm (signed integer)
Payload[n+4]	SNR	SNR value in dB (signed integer)
Payload[n+5]	Rx Slot	Rx Slot value: 1: first window 2: second window 3: second window – scan mode





4. **Appendix**

System Operation Modes 4.1

Index	Description
0	Standard Application Mode / Default Mode
1	Reserved
2	Reserved
3	Customer Mode



List of Constants 4.2

List of Endpoint Identifier 4.2.1

Name	Value
DEVMGMT_ID	0x01
LORAWAN_ID	0x10

Device Management Endpoint Identifier 4.2.2

4.2.2.1 Device Management Endpoint Message Identifier

Name	Value
DEVMGMT_MSG_PING_REQ	0x01
DEVMGMT_MSG_PING_RSP	0x02
DEVMGMT_MSG_GET_DEVICE_INFO_REQ	0x03
DEVMGMT_MSG_GET_DEVICE_INFO_RSP	0x04
DEVMGMT_MSG_GET_FW_INFO_REQ	0x05
DEVMGMT_MSG_GET_FW_INFO_RSP	0x06
DEVMGMT_MSG_RESET_REQ	0x07
DEVMGMT_MSG_RESET_RSP	0x08
DEVMGMT_MSG_SET_OPMODE_REQ	0x09
DEVMGMT_MSG_SET_OPMODE_RSP	0x0A
DEVMGMT_MSG_GET_OPMODE_REQ	0x0B
DEVMGMT_MSG_GET_OPMODE_RSP	0x0C
DEVMGMT_MSG_SET_RTC_REQ	0x0D
DEVMGMT_MSG_SET_RTC_RSP	0x0E
DEVMGMT_MSG_GET_RTC_REQ	0x0F
DEVMGMT_MSG_GET_RTC_RSP	0x10
DEVMGMT_MSG_GET_DEVICE_STATUS_REQ	0x17
DEVMGMT_MSG_GET_DEVICE_STATUS_RSP	0x18
DEVMGMT_MSG_POWER_UP_IND	0x20
DEVMGMT_MSG_SET_RTC_ALARM_REQ	0x31
DEVMGMT_MSG_SET_RTC_ALARM_RSP	0x32
DEVMGMT_MSG_CLEAR_RTC_ALARM_REQ	0x33
DEVMGMT_MSG_CLEAR_RTC_ALARM_RSP	0x34
DEVMGMT_MSG_GET_RTC_ALARM_REQ	0x35
DEVMGMT_MSG_GET_RTC_ALARM_RSP	0x36
DEVMGMT_MSG_RTC_ALARM_IND	0x38





DEVMGMT_MSG_SET_HCI_CFG_REQ	0x41
DEVMGMT_MSG_SET_HCI_CFG_RSP	0x42
DEVMGMT_MSG_GET_HCI_CFG_REQ	0x43
DEVMGMT_MSG_GET_HCI_CFG_RSP	0x44

4.2.2.2 Device Management Endpoint Status Byte

Name	Value	Description
DEVMGMT_STATUS_OK	0x00	Operation successful
DEVMGMT_STATUS_ERROR	0x01	Operation failed
DEVMGMT_STATUS_CMD_NOT_SUPPORTED		Command is not supported
DEVMGMT_STATUS_WRONG_PARAMETER		HCI message contains wrong parameter

4.2.3 **LoRaWAN Endpoint Identifier**

4.2.3.1 LoRaWAN Endpoint Message Identifier

Name	Value
LORAWAN_MSG_ACTIVATE_DEVICE_REQ	0x01
LORAWAN_MSG_ACTIVATE_DEVICE_RSP	0x02
LORAWAN_MSG_SET_JOIN_PARAM_REQ	0x05
LORAWAN_MSG_SET_JOIN_PARAM_RSP	0x06
LORAWAN_MSG_JOIN_NETWORK_REQ	0x09
LORAWAN_MSG_JOIN_NETWORK_RSP	0x0A
LORAWAN_MSG_JOIN_NETWORK_TX_IND	0x0B
LORAWAN_MSG_JOIN_NETWORK_IND	0x0C
LORAWAN_MSG_SEND_UDATA_REQ	0x0D
LORAWAN_MSG_SEND_UDATA_RSP	0x0E
LORAWAN_MSG_SEND_UDATA_TX_IND	0x0F
LORAWAN_MSG_RECV_UDATA_IND	0x10
LORAWAN_MSG_SEND_CDATA_REQ	0x11
LORAWAN_MSG_SEND_CDATA_RSP	0x12
LORAWAN_MSG_SEND_CDATA_TX_IND	0x13
LORAWAN_MSG_RECV_CDATA_IND	0x14
LORAWAN_MSG_RECV_ACK_IND	0x15
LORAWAN_MSG_RECV_NO_DATA_IND	0x16
LORAWAN_MSG_SET_RSTACK_CONFIG_REQ	0x19
LORAWAN_MSG_SET_RSTACK_CONFIG_RSP	0x1A
LORAWAN_MSG_GET_RSTACK_CONFIG_REQ	0x1B





LORAWAN_MSG_GET_RSTACK_CONFIG_RSP	0x1C
LORAWAN_MSG_REACTIVATE_DEVICE_REQ	0x1D
LORAWAN_MSG_REACTIVATE_DEVICE_RSP	0x1E
LORAWAN_MSG_DEACTIVATE_DEVICE_REQ	0x21
LORAWAN_MSG_DEACTIVATE_DEVICE_RSP	0x22
LORAWAN_MSG_FACTORY_RESET_REQ	0x23
LORAWAN_MSG_FACTORY_RESET_RSP	0x24
LORAWAN_MSG_SET_DEVICE_EUI_REQ	0x25
LORAWAN_MSG_SET_DEVICE_EUI_RSP	0x26
LORAWAN_MSG_GET_DEVICE_EUI_REQ	0x27
LORAWAN_MSG_GET_DEVICE_EUI_RSP	0x28
LORAWAN_MSG_GET_NWK_STATUS_REQ	0x29
LORAWAN_MSG_GET_NWK_STATUS_RSP	0x2A
LORAWAN_MSG_SEND_MAC_CMD_REQ	0x2B
LORAWAN_MSG_SEND_MAC_CMD_RSP	0x2C
LORAWAN_MSG_RECV_MAC_CMD_IND	0x2D
LORAWAN_MSG_SET_BATTERY_LEVEL_REQ	0x2E
LORAWAN_MSG_SET_BATTERY_LEVEL_RSP	0x2F
LORAWAN_MSG_SET_CUSTOM_CFG_REQ	0x31
LORAWAN_MSG_SET_CUSTOM_CFG_RSP	0x32
LORAWAN_MSG_GET_CUSTOM_CFG_REQ	0x33
LORAWAN_MSG_GET_CUSTOM_CFG_RSP	0x34
LORAWAN_MSG_GET_SUPPORTED_BANDS_REQ	0x35
LORAWAN_MSG_GET_SUPPORTED_BANDS_RSP	0x36
LORAWAN_MSG_SET_LINKADRREQ_CONFIG_REQ	0x3B
LORAWAN_MSG_SET_LINKADRREQ_CONFIG_RSP	0x3C
LORAWAN_MSG_GET_LINKADRREQ_CONFIG_REQ	0x3D
LORAWAN_MSG_GET_LINKADRREQ_CONFIG_RSP	0x3E





4.2.3.2 LoRaWAN Endpoint Status Byte

Name	Value	Description
LORAWAN_STATUS_OK		Operation successful
LORAWAN_STATUS_ERROR		Operation failed
LORAWAN_STATUS_CMD_NOT_SUPPORTED	0x02	Command is not supported
LORAWAN_STATUS_WRONG_PARAMETER	0x03	HCI message contains wrong parameter
LORAWAN_STATUS_WRONG_DEVICE_MODE	0x04	Stack is running in a wrong mode
LORAWAN_STATUS_DEVICE_NOT_ACTIVATED	0x05	Device is not activated
LORAWAN_STATUS_DEVICE_BUSY	0x06	Device is busy, command rejected
LORAWAN_STATUS_QUEUE_FULL	0x07	Message queue is full, command rejected
LORAWAN_STATUS_LENGTH_ERROR	0x08	HCI message length is invalid or radio payload size is too large
LORAWAN_STATUS_NO_FACTORY_SETTINGS	0x09	Factory Settings EEPROM block missing or incompatible with current FW version
LORAWAN_STATUS_CHANNEL_BLOCKED	0x0A	Channel blocked by Duty Cycle
LORAWAN_STATUS_CHANNEL_NOT AVAILABLE	0x0B	No channel available (e.g. no channel defined for the configured spreading factor)





4.3 Example Code for Host Controller

4.3.1 Example Application

```
// File: main.cpp
// Abstract: main module
// Version: 0.1
// Date: 18.05.2016
// Disclaimer: This example code is provided by IMST GmbH on an "AS IS"
//
       basis without any warranties.
// Include Files
//-----
#include "WiMOD LoRaWAN API.h"
#include <conio.h>
#include <stdio.h>
//-----
// Declarations
//-----
// forward declarations
static void ShowMenu();
static void
       Ping();
static void SendUData();
static void
       SendCData();
//-----
// Section Code
//-----
//
// main
//-----
main(int argc, char *argv[])
  bool run = true;
  // show menu
  ShowMenu();
```





```
// init interface
   WiMOD LoRaWAN Init("COM128");
   // main loop
   while(run)
       // handle receiver process
       WiMOD LoRaWAN Process();
       // keyboard pressed ?
       if(kbhit())
       {
          // get command
          char cmd = getch();
          // handle commands
          switch(cmd)
                     'e':
              case
                    'x':
              case
                     run = false;
                     break;
                     'p':
              case
                     // ping device
                     Ping();
                     break;
              case
                     'u':
                     // send u-data
                     SendUData();
                     break;
              case
                     'c':
                     // send c-data
                     SendCData();
                     break;
                     ' ':
              case
                     ShowMenu();
                     break;
          }
       }
   }
   return 1;
//
   ShowMenu
//
   @brief: show main menu
//---
         ______
void
ShowMenu()
   printf("\n\r");
   printf("----\n\r");
   printf("[SPACE] : show this menu\n\r");
   printf("[p] : ping device\n\r");
```





```
printf("[u] : send unconfirmed radio message\n\r");
printf("[c] : send confirmed radio message\n\r");
   printf("[e|x] : exit program\n\r");
   printf("\n\r-> enter command: ");
}
//
// Ping
//
// @brief: ping device
void
Ping()
   printf("Ping Device\n\r");
   WiMOD LoRaWAN SendPing();
//-----
// SendUData
// @brief: send unconfirmed radio message
void
SendUData()
   // port 0x21
   UINT8 port = 0x21;
   UINT8 data[4];
   data[0] = 0x01;
   data[1] = 0x02;
   data[2] = 0x03;
   data[3] = 0x04;
   // send unconfirmed radio message
   WiMOD_LoRaWAN_SendURadioData(port, data, 4);
}
//
// SendCData
//
// @brief: send confirmed radio message
//-----
void
SendCData()
   // port 0x21
   UINT8 port = 0x23;
   UINT8 data[6];
   data[0] = 0x0A;
   data[1] = 0x0B;
   data[2] = 0x0C;
```





4.3.2 LoRaWAN HCI API Layer

```
// File: WiMOD LoRaWAN API.h
//
// Abstract: API Layer of LoRaWAN Host Controller Interface
//
// Version: 0.1
//
// Date: 18.05.2016
//
// Disclaimer: This example code is provided by IMST GmbH on an "AS IS"
//
   basis without any warranties.
//
//-----
#ifndef WIMOD LORAWAN API H
#define WIMOD LORAWAN API H
//-----
// Include Files
//-----
#include <stdint.h>
//-----
// General Declarations
//-----
//-----
// Endpoint (SAP) Identifier
#define DEVMGMT SAP ID
                      0 \times 01
#define LORAWAN SAP ID
                      0x10
```





```
// Device Management SAP Message Identifier
//-----
#define DEVMGMT MSG PING REQ
                                 0 \times 01
#define DEVMGMT MSG PING RSP
                                 0 \times 02
//
// LoRaWAN SAP Message Identifier
#define LORAWAN_MSG_SEND_UDATA_REQ
                                 0 \times 0 D
#define LORAWAN MSG SEND UDATA RSP
                                 0 \times 0 E
#define LORAWAN MSG SEND UDATA IND
                                 0x0F
#define LORAWAN_MSG_RECV_UDATA_IND
                                 0x10
#define LORAWAN MSG SEND CDATA REQ
                                 0x11
#define LORAWAN MSG SEND CDATA RSP
                                 0x12
#define LORAWAN MSG SEND CDATA IND
                                 0x13
#define LORAWAN MSG RECV CDATA IND
                                 0x14
#define LORAWAN MSG RECV ACK IND
                                 0x15
#define LORAWAN MSG RECV NODATA IND
                                 0x16
// Function Prototypes
//-----
// Init
void
WiMOD LoRaWAN Init(const char* comPort);
// Send Ping
int
WiMOD LoRaWAN SendPing();
// Send unconfirmed radio data
int.
WiMOD LoRaWAN SendURadioData(UINT8 port, UINT8* data, int length);
// Send confirmed radio data
int
WiMOD_LoRaWAN_SendCRadioData(UINT8 port, UINT8* data, int length);
// Receiver Process
void
WiMOD LoRaWAN Process();
#endif // WIMOD LORAWAN API H
//-----
// end of file
//-----
//-----
```





```
// File:
          WiMOD LoRaWAN API.cpp
//
  Abstract: API Layer of LoRaWAN Host Controller Interface
//
//
  Version: 0.1
//
// Date: 18.05.2016
//
// Disclaimer: This example code is provided by IMST GmbH on an "AS IS"
//
          basis without any warranties.
//
// Include Files
//-----
#include "WiMOD LoRaWAN API.h"
#include "WiMOD HCI Layer.h"
#include <string.h>
#include <stdio.h>
//-----
//
// Forward Declarations
//-----
// HCI Message Receiver callback
static TWiMOD HCI Message*
WiMOD LoRaWAN Process RxMessage (TWiMOD HCI Message* rxMessage);
WiMOD LoRaWAN Process DevMgmt Message(TWiMOD HCI Message* rxMessage);
static void
WiMOD_LoRaWAN_Process_LoRaWAN_Message(TWiMOD_HCI_Message* rxMessage);
//
// Section RAM
//-----
// reserve one TxMessage
TWiMOD HCI Message TxMessage;
// reserve one RxMessage
TWiMOD HCI Message RxMessage;
// Section Code
```





```
// Init
// @brief: init complete interface
void
WiMOD LoRaWAN Init(const char* comPort)
   // init HCI layer
   WiMOD HCI Init(comPort,
                                         // comPort
              WiMOD LoRaWAN Process RxMessage, // receiver callback
                                 // rx message
               &RxMessage);
}
//-----
//
// Ping
//
// @brief: send a ping message
//-----
WiMOD LoRaWAN SendPing()
   // 1. init header
   // 2. send HCI message without payload
  return WiMOD HCI SendMessage(&TxMessage);
}
// SendURadioData
//
// @brief: send unconfirmed radio message
WiMOD LoRaWAN SendURadioData(UINT8 port,
                   UINT8* srcData,
                       int srcLength)
{
   // 1. check length
   if (srcLength > (WIMOD HCI MSG PAYLOAD SIZE - 1))
      // error
     return -1;
   // 2. init header
   TxMessage.SapID = LORAWAN_SAP_ID;
TxMessage.MsgID = LORAWAN_MSG_SEND_UDATA_REQ;
   TxMessage.Length = 1 + srcLength;
   // 3. init payload
```





```
// 3.1 init port
   TxMessage.Payload[0] = port;
   // 3.2 init radio message payload
   memcpy(&TxMessage.Payload[1], srcData, srcLength);
   // 4. send HCI message with payload
   return WiMOD HCI SendMessage(&TxMessage);
}
//
// SendCRadioData
//
// @brief: send confirmed radio message
//-----
int
WiMOD LoRaWAN SendCRadioData(UINT8 port,
                 UINT8* srcData,
                         int srcLength)
{
   // 1. check length
   if (srcLength > (WIMOD HCI MSG PAYLOAD SIZE - 1))
      // error
      return -1;
   }
   // 2. init header
   TxMessage.SapID = LORAWAN_SAP_ID;
TxMessage.MsgID = LORAWAN_MSG_SEND_CDATA_REQ;
TxMessage.Length = 1 + srcLength;
   // 3. init payload
   // 3.1 init port
   TxMessage.Payload[0] = port;
   // 3.2 init radio message payload
   memcpy(&TxMessage.Payload[1], srcData, srcLength);
   // 4. send HCI message with payload
   return WiMOD HCI SendMessage(&TxMessage);
}
//-----
//
// Process
// @brief: handle receiver process
//-----
WiMOD LoRaWAN Process()
   // call HCI process
   WiMOD_HCI_Process();
}
```





```
// Process
//
// @brief: handle receiver process
static TWiMOD HCI Message*
WiMOD LoRaWAN Process RxMessage(TWiMOD HCI Message* rxMessage)
   switch(rxMessage->SapID)
   {
      case DEVMGMT SAP ID:
         WiMOD_LoRaWAN_Process_DevMgmt_Message(rxMessage);
         break;
      case LORAWAN SAP ID:
         WiMOD LoRaWAN Process LoRaWAN Message (rxMessage);
   return &RxMessage;
//-----
// Process DevMgmt Message
// @brief: handle received Device Management SAP messages
static void
WiMOD_LoRaWAN_Process_DevMgmt_Message(TWiMOD_HCI_Message* rxMessage)
   switch(rxMessage->MsgID)
           DEVMGMT MSG PING RSP:
      case
            printf("Ping Response, Status: 0x%02X\n\r", (UINT8)rxMessage-
>Payload[0]);
            break;
      default:
            printf("unhandled DeviceMgmt message received - MsgID :
0x%02X\n\r", (UINT8)rxMessage->MsgID);
            break;
  }
}
//-----
// Process LoRaWAN Message
// @brief: handle received LoRaWAN SAP messages
//-----
WiMOD_LoRaWAN_Process_LoRaWAN_Message(TWiMOD_HCI_Message* rxMessage)
```





```
switch(rxMessage->MsgID)
       case LORAWAN MSG SEND UDATA RSP:
              printf("Send U-Data Response, Status : 0x%02X\n\r",
(UINT8) rxMessage->Payload[0]);
               break;
              LORAWAN_MSG_SEND_CDATA_RSP:
       case
               printf("Send C-Data Response, Status : 0x%02X\n\r",
(UINT8) rxMessage->Payload[0]);
               break;
       default:
               printf("unhandled LoRaWAN SAP message received - MsgID :
0x%02X\n\r", (UINT8)rxMessage->MsgID);
               break;
   }
// end of file
```

4.3.3 WiMOD HCI Message Layer

```
// File: WiMOD_HCI_Layer.h
  Abstract: WiMOD HCI Message Layer
  Version: 0.1
//
  Date: 18.05.2016
//
// Disclaimer:This example code is provided by IMST GmbH on an "AS IS"
//
    basis without any warranties.
#ifndef WIMOD HCI LAYER H
#define WIMOD HCI LAYER H
//
// Include Files
//-----
#include <stdint.h>
// General Declarations & Definitions
typedef unsigned char
typedef uint16 t
                               UINT16;
```





```
#define WIMOD HCI MSG HEADER SIZE
#define WIMOD HCI MSG PAYLOAD SIZE
#define WIMOD HCI MSG FCS SIZE
#define LOBYTE(x)
                                   (x)
#define HIBYTE(x)
                                   ((UINT16)(x) >> 8)
//
// HCI Message Structure (internal software usage)
typedef struct
   // Payload Length Information,
   // this field not transmitted over UART interface !!!
   UINT16 Length;
   // Service Access Point Identifier
   UINT8 SapID;
   // Message Identifier
   UINT8 MsqID;
   // Payload Field
   UINT8 Payload[WIMOD HCI MSG PAYLOAD SIZE];
   // Frame Check Sequence Field
   UINT8 CRC16[WIMOD HCI MSG FCS SIZE];
}TWiMOD HCI Message;
//----
// Function Prototypes
// Message receiver callback
typedef TWiMOD_HCI_Message* (*TWiMOD_HCI_CbRxMessage)(TWiMOD_HCI_Message*
rxMessage);
// Init HCI Layer
bool
                        comPort,
WiMOD HCI Init(const char*
             TWiMOD HCI CbRxMessage cbRxMessage,
             TWiMOD HCI Message*
                                rxMessage);
// Send HCI Message
WiMOD HCI SendMessage(TWiMOD HCI Message* txMessage);
// Receiver Process
WiMOD HCI Process();
#endif // WIMOD HCI LAYER H
//-----
// end of file
```





```
//-----
// File: WiMOD HCI Layer.cpp
// Abstract: WiMOD HCI Message Layer
  Version: 0.1
// Date: 18.05.2016
// Disclaimer: This example code is provided by IMST GmbH on an "AS IS"
  basis without any warranties.
//
// Include Files
//-----
#include "WiMOD HCI Layer.h"
#include "CRC16.h"
#include "SLIP.h"
#include "SerialDevice.h"
#include <string.h>
//-----
// Forward Declaration
//-----
// SLIP Message Receiver Callback
static UINT8* WiMOD HCI ProcessRxMessage(UINT8* rxData, int rxLength);
//
// Declare Layer Instance
//-----
typedef struct
  // CRC Error counter
                CRCErrors;
  UINT32
  // RxMessage
  TWiMOD HCI Message* RxMessage;
  // Receiver callback
  TWiMOD HCI CbRxMessage CbRxMessage;
}TWiMOD HCI MsqLayer;
//-----
// Section RAM
```





```
//
// reserve HCI Instance
static TWiMOD HCI MsgLayer HCI;
// reserve one TxBuffer
                     TxBuffer[sizeof( TWiMOD_HCI_Message ) * 2 + 2];
static UINT8
//
// Init
//
// @brief: Init HCI Message layer
//-----
           WiMOD HCI Init(const char*
callback
          TWiMOD HCI Message* rxMessage) // intial rxMessage
   // init error counter
   HCI.CRCErrors = 0;
   // save receiver callback
   HCI.CbRxMessage = cbRxMessage;
   // save RxMessage
   HCI.RxMessage = rxMessage;
   // init SLIP
   SLIP Init(WiMOD HCI ProcessRxMessage);
  // init first RxBuffer to SAP ID of HCI message, size without 16-Bit Length
Field
  SLIP SetRxBuffer(&rxMessage->SapID, sizeof(TWiMOD HCI Message) -
sizeof(UINT16));
  // init serial device
  return SerialDevice Open (comPort, Baudrate 115200, DataBits 8, Parity None);
}
//----
//
// SendMessage
//
// @brief: Send a HCI message (with or without payload)
//-----
WiMOD HCI SendMessage (TWiMOD HCI Message* txMessage)
  // 1. check parameter
   // 1.1 check ptr
   //
   if (!txMessage)
   {
```





```
// error
       return -1;
   }
   // 2. Calculate CRC16 over header and optional payload
   UINT16 crc16 = CRC16 Calc(&txMessage->SapID,
                           txMessage->Length + WIMOD_HCI_MSG_HEADER_SIZE,
                           CRC16 INIT VALUE);
   // 2.1 get 1's complement !!!
   crc16 = \sim crc16;
   // 2.2 attach CRC16 and correct length, LSB first
   txMessage->Payload[txMessage->Length]
                                        = LOBYTE(crc16);
   txMessage->Payload[txMessage->Length + 1] = HIBYTE(crc16);
   // 3. perform SLIP encoding
      start transmission with SAP IDcorrect length by header size
   //
   int txLength = SLIP EncodeData(TxBuffer,
                                sizeof(TxBuffer),
                                &txMessage->SapID,
                                txMessage->Length + WIMOD HCI MSG HEADER SIZE
+ WIMOD HCI MSG FCS SIZE);
   // message ok ?
   if (txLength > 0)
       // 4. send octet sequence over serial device
       if (SerialDevice SendData(TxBuffer, txLength) > 0)
          // return ok
          return 1;
       }
   }
   // error - SLIP layer couldn't encode message - buffer to small ?
   return -1;
}
//-----
//
// Process
//
// @brief: read incoming serial data
//-----
void
WiMOD HCI Process()
   UINT8 rxBuf[20];
   // read small chunk of data
   int rxLength = SerialDevice ReadData(rxBuf, sizeof(rxBuf));
   // data available ?
   if (rxLength > 0)
```





```
{
       // yes, forward to SLIP decoder, decoded SLIP message will be passed to
       // function "WiMOD HCI ProcessRxMessage"
       SLIP DecodeData(rxBuf, rxLength);
   }
}
//
   WiMOD HCI ProcessRxMessage
//
// @brief: process received SLIP message and return new rxBuffer
static UINT8*
WiMOD_HCI_ProcessRxMessage(UINT8* rxData, int rxLength)
   // check min length
   if (rxLength >= (WIMOD HCI MSG HEADER SIZE + WIMOD HCI MSG FCS SIZE))
       if (CRC16 Check(rxData, rxLength, CRC16 INIT VALUE))
          // receiver registered ?
          if (HCI.CbRxMessage)
              // yes, complete message info
              HCI.RxMessage->Length = rxLength - (WIMOD HCI MSG HEADER SIZE +
WIMOD HCI MSG FCS SIZE);
              // call upper layer receiver and save new RxMessage
              HCI.RxMessage = (*HCI.CbRxMessage) (HCI.RxMessage);
          }
       }
      else
         HCI.CRCErrors++;
       }
   }
   // free HCI message available ?
   if (HCI.RxMessage)
      // yes, return pointer to first byte
      return &HCI.RxMessage->SapID;
   }
   // error, disable SLIP decoder
   return 0;
}
//-----
// end of file
//-----
```





4.3.4 SLIP Encoder / Decoder

```
//
// File:
         SLIP.h
//
// Abstract: SLIP Encoder / Decoder
//
//
  Version: 0.2
//
  Date: 18.05.2016
//
//
// Disclaimer: This example code is provided by IMST GmbH on an "AS IS"
//
         basis without any warranties.
//-----
#ifndef SLIP H
#define SLIP H
//-----
//
// Include Files
//
#include <stdint.h>
// General Definitions
//
//-----
typedef uint8 t UINT8;
//-----
// Function Prototypes
//-----
// SLIP message receiver callback
typedef UINT8* (*TSLIP CbRxMessage) (UINT8* message, int length);
// Init SLIP layer
SLIP Init(TSLIP CbRxMessage cbRxMessage);
// Init first receiver buffer
SLIP SetRxBuffer(UINT8* rxBuffer, int rxBufferSize);
// Encode outgoing Data
SLIP EncodeData(UINT8* dstBuffer, int txBufferSize, UINT8* srcData,int
srcLength);
// Decode incoming Data
void
SLIP DecodeData(UINT8* srcData, int srcLength);
```





```
#endif // SLIP H
// end of file
//
// File:
                 SLIP.cpp
//
// Abstract: SLIP Encoder / Decoder
//
// Version: 0.2
//
// Date:
                18.05.2016
//
// Disclaimer: This example code is provided by IMST GmbH on an "AS IS"
   basis without any warranties.
//
// Include Files
//-----
#include "SLIP.h"
// Protocol Definitions
//----
// SLIP Protocol Characters
#define SLIP_END 0xC0
#define SLIP ESC
                      0xDB
#define SLIP ESC END
                      0xDC
#define SLIP_ESC_ESC
                      0xDD
// SLIP Receiver/Decoder States
#define SLIPDEC_IDLE_STATE 0
#define SLIPDEC START STATE
#define SLIPDEC IN FRAME STATE 2
#define SLIPDEC ESC STATE
//
// Declare SLIP Variables
//-----
typedef struct
  // Decoder
                 RxState;
  int
  int
                 RxIndex;
                 RxBufferSize;
  int
  WINT8*
                 RxBuffer;
```





```
TSLIP CbRxMessage CbRxMessage;
  // Encoder
  int
              TxIndex;
  int
              TxBufferSize;
  UINT8*
              TxBuffer;
}TSLIP;
//-----
// Section RAM
//-----
// SLIP Instance
static TSLIP SLIP;
//-----
// Section Code
// Init
// @brief: init SLIP decoder
//-----
void
SLIP Init(TSLIP CbRxMessage cbRxMessage)
  // init decoder to idle state, no rx-buffer avaliable
  SLIP.RxState = SLIPDEC_IDLE_STATE;
  SLIP.RxIndex
               =
                0;
  SLIP.RxBuffer
              =
  SLIP.RxBufferSize
              = 0;
  // save message receiver callback
  SLIP.CbRxMessage = cbRxMessage;
  // init encoder
  SLIP.TxIndex
              = 0;
  SLIP.TxBuffer
  SLIP.TxBufferSize = 0;
}
//----
// SLIP StoreTxByte
//
// @brief: store a byte into TxBuffer
//-----
static void
SLIP StoreTxByte(UINT8 txByte)
 if (SLIP.TxIndex < SLIP.TxBufferSize)</pre>
```





```
SLIP.TxBuffer[SLIP.TxIndex++] = txByte;
}
//
// EncodeData
//
// @brief: encode a messages into dstBuffer
//
SLIP EncodeData(UINT8* dstBuffer, int dstBufferSize, UINT8* srcData, int
srcLength)
    // save start pointer
    int txLength = 0;
    // init TxBuffer
    SLIP.TxBuffer = dstBuffer;
    // init TxIndex
    SLIP.TxIndex = 0;
    // init size
    SLIP.TxBufferSize = dstBufferSize;
    // send start of SLIP message
    SLIP StoreTxByte(SLIP END);
    // iterate over all message bytes
    while (srcLength--)
        switch (*srcData)
        {
                case SLIP END:
                   SLIP StoreTxByte(SLIP ESC);
                    SLIP StoreTxByte(SLIP ESC END);
                    break;
                case SLIP ESC:
                    SLIP_StoreTxByte(SLIP_ESC);
                    SLIP_StoreTxByte(SLIP_ESC_ESC);
                    break;
                default:
                    SLIP StoreTxByte(*srcData);
                    break;
        // next byte
        srcData++;
    }
    // send end of SLIP message
    SLIP StoreTxByte(SLIP END);
    // length ok ?
    if (SLIP.TxIndex <= SLIP.TxBufferSize)</pre>
       return SLIP.TxIndex;
    // return tx length error
```





```
return -1;
}
// SetRxBuffer
//
// @brief: configure a rx-buffer and enable receiver/decoder
SLIP SetRxBuffer(UINT8* rxBuffer, int rxBufferSize)
   // receiver in IDLE state and client already registered ?
   if ((SLIP.RxState == SLIPDEC IDLE STATE) && SLIP.CbRxMessage)
      // same buffer params
      SLIP.RxBuffer = rxBuffer;
      SLIP.RxBufferSize
                       = rxBufferSize;
       // enable decoder
      SLIP.RxState = SLIPDEC START STATE;
      return true;
   return false;
}
// SLIP StoreRxByte
// @brief: store SLIP decoded rxByte
static void
SLIP StoreRxByte(UINT8 rxByte)
   if (SLIP.RxIndex < SLIP.RxBufferSize)</pre>
      SLIP.RxBuffer[SLIP.RxIndex++] = rxByte;
}
//----
//
// DecodeData
// @brief: process received byte stream
//-----
SLIP DecodeData(UINT8* srcData, int srcLength)
   // init result
   int result = 0;
   // iterate over all received bytes
   while (srcLength--)
   {
```





```
// get rxByte
        UINT8 rxByte = *srcData++;
        // decode according to current state
        switch(SLIP.RxState)
                    SLIPDEC START STATE:
            case
                    // start of SLIP frame ?
                    if(rxByte == SLIP END)
                        // init read index
                        SLIP.RxIndex = 0;
                        // next state
                        SLIP.RxState = SLIPDEC_IN_FRAME_STATE;
                    break;
                    SLIPDEC IN FRAME STATE:
            case
                    switch(rxByte)
                                SLIP END:
                        case
                                 // data received ?
                                 if(SLIP.RxIndex > 0)
                                     // yes, receiver registered ?
                                     if (SLIP.CbRxMessage)
                                         // yes, call message receive
                                         SLIP.RxBuffer =
(*SLIP.CbRxMessage) (SLIP.RxBuffer, SLIP.RxIndex);
                                         // new buffer available ?
                                         if (!SLIP.RxBuffer)
                                             SLIP.RxState = SLIPDEC IDLE STATE;
                                         }
                                         else
                                         {
                                             SLIP.RxState = SLIPDEC START STATE;
                                     }
                                     else
                                     {
                                         // disable decoder, temp. no buffer
avaliable
                                         SLIP.RxState = SLIPDEC IDLE STATE;
                                     }
                                 // init read index
                                 SLIP.RxIndex = 0;
                                break;
                        case SLIP ESC:
                                 // enter escape sequence state
                                 SLIP.RxState = SLIPDEC ESC STATE;
                        default:
                                 // store byte
                                 SLIP StoreRxByte(rxByte);
```





```
break;
                    break;
                    SLIPDEC ESC STATE:
            case
                    switch(rxByte)
                                SLIP ESC_END:
                        case
                                SLIP StoreRxByte(SLIP_END);
                                // quit escape sequence state
                                SLIP.RxState = SLIPDEC_IN_FRAME_STATE;
                                break;
                                SLIP ESC_ESC:
                        case
                                SLIP_StoreRxByte(SLIP_ESC);
                                // quit escape sequence state
                                SLIP.RxState = SLIPDEC_IN_FRAME_STATE;
                                break;
                        default:
                                // abort frame receiption
                                SLIP.RxState = SLIPDEC START STATE;
                                break;
                    break;
           default:
                    break;
       }
   }
}
// end of file
```

4.3.5 CRC16 Calculation

```
_____
//
// File: CRC16.h
//
// Abstract: CRC16 calculation
//
// Version: 0.2
//
// Date: 18.05.2016
//
// Disclaimer: This example code is provided by IMST GmbH on an "AS IS"
   basis without any warranties.
//
//
//-----
     __CRC16_H__
#ifndef
     __CRC16_H
#define
//-----
// Section Include Files
//
```





```
//-----
#include <stdint.h>
//-----
// Section Defines & Declarations
         UINT8;
typedef uint8 t
typedef uint1\overline{6}_{t} UINT16;
//-----
// Function Prototypes
//-----
// Calc CRC16
UINT16
           data,
CRC16 Calc (UINT8*
          length,
initVal);
      UINT16
      UINT16
// Calc & Check CRC16
bool
          data,
length,
CRC16 Check (UINT8*
      UINT16
      UINT16
           initVal);
#endif // __CRC16_H__
// end of file
//
// File: CRC16.cpp
//
// Abstract: CRC16 calculation
//
// Version: 0.2
//
// Date: 18.05.2016
 Disclaimer: This example code is provided by IMST GmbH on an "AS IS"
//
       basis without any warranties.
//-----
//-----
// Section Include Files
//-----
```





```
#include "crc16.h"
// use fast table algorithm
#define __CRC16_TABLE__
                       .____
//
// Section CONST
//-----
#ifdef __CRC16_TABLE__
                      _____
//
// Lookup Table for fast CRC16 calculation
const UINT16
CRC16 Table[] =
   0x0000, 0x1189, 0x2312, 0x329B, 0x4624, 0x57AD, 0x6536, 0x74BF,
   0x8C48, 0x9DC1, 0xAF5A, 0xBED3, 0xCA6C, 0xDBE5, 0xE97E, 0xF8F7,
   0x1081, 0x0108, 0x3393, 0x221A, 0x56A5, 0x472C, 0x75B7, 0x643E,
   0x9CC9, 0x8D40, 0xBFDB, 0xAE52, 0xDAED, 0xCB64, 0xF9FF, 0xE876,
   0x2102, 0x308B, 0x0210, 0x1399, 0x6726, 0x76AF, 0x4434, 0x55BD,
   0xAD4A, 0xBCC3, 0x8E58, 0x9FD1, 0xEB6E, 0xFAE7, 0xC87C, 0xD9F5,
   0x3183, 0x200A, 0x1291, 0x0318, 0x77A7, 0x662E, 0x54B5, 0x453C,
   0xBDCB, 0xAC42, 0x9ED9, 0x8F50, 0xFBEF, 0xEA66, 0xD8FD, 0xC974,
   0x4204, 0x538D, 0x6116, 0x709F, 0x0420, 0x15A9, 0x2732, 0x36BB,
   0xCE4C, 0xDFC5, 0xED5E, 0xFCD7, 0x8868, 0x99E1, 0xAB7A, 0xBAF3,
   0x5285, 0x430C, 0x7197, 0x601E, 0x14A1, 0x0528, 0x37B3, 0x263A,
   OxDECD, OxCF44, OxFDDF, OxEC56, Ox98E9, Ox8960, OxBBFB, OxAA72,
   0x6306, 0x728F, 0x4014, 0x519D, 0x2522, 0x34AB, 0x0630, 0x17B9,
   OxEF4E, OxFEC7, OxCC5C, OxDDD5, OxA96A, OxB8E3, Ox8A78, Ox9BF1,
   0x7387, 0x620E, 0x5095, 0x411C, 0x35A3, 0x242A, 0x16B1, 0x0738,
   0xFFCF, 0xEE46, 0xDCDD, 0xCD54, 0xB9EB, 0xA862, 0x9AF9, 0x8B70,
   0x8408, 0x9581, 0xA71A, 0xB693, 0xC22C, 0xD3A5, 0xE13E, 0xF0B7,
   0x0840, 0x19C9, 0x2B52, 0x3ADB, 0x4E64, 0x5FED, 0x6D76, 0x7CFF,
   0x9489, 0x8500, 0xB79B, 0xA612, 0xD2AD, 0xC324, 0xF1BF, 0xE036,
   0x18C1, 0x0948, 0x3BD3, 0x2A5A, 0x5EE5, 0x4F6C, 0x7DF7, 0x6C7E,
   0xA50A, 0xB483, 0x8618, 0x9791, 0xE32E, 0xF2A7, 0xC03C, 0xD1B5,
   0x2942, 0x38CB, 0x0A50, 0x1BD9, 0x6F66, 0x7EEF, 0x4C74, 0x5DFD,
   0xB58B, 0xA402, 0x9699, 0x8710, 0xF3AF, 0xE226, 0xD0BD, 0xC134,
   0x39C3, 0x284A, 0x1AD1, 0x0B58, 0x7FE7, 0x6E6E, 0x5CF5, 0x4D7C,
   0xC60C, 0xD785, 0xE51E, 0xF497, 0x8028, 0x91A1, 0xA33A, 0xB2B3,
   0x4A44, 0x5BCD, 0x6956, 0x78DF, 0x0C60, 0x1DE9, 0x2F72, 0x3EFB,
   0xD68D, 0xC704, 0xF59F, 0xE416, 0x90A9, 0x8120, 0xB3BB, 0xA232,
   0x5AC5, 0x4B4C, 0x79D7, 0x685E, 0x1CE1, 0x0D68, 0x3FF3, 0x2E7A,
   0xE70E, 0xF687, 0xC41C, 0xD595, 0xA12A, 0xB0A3, 0x8238, 0x93B1,
   0x6B46, 0x7ACF, 0x4854, 0x59DD, 0x2D62, 0x3CEB, 0x0E70, 0x1FF9,
   0xF78F, 0xE606, 0xD49D, 0xC514, 0xB1AB, 0xA022, 0x92B9, 0x8330,
   0x7BC7, 0x6A4E, 0x58D5, 0x495C, 0x3DE3, 0x2C6A, 0x1EF1, 0x0F78,
} ;
#endif
//----
// Section Code
//----
//----
//
```





```
// CRC16 Calc
               _____
//
// @brief: calculate CRC16
//--
//
// This function calculates the one's complement of the standard
// 16-BIT CRC CCITT polynomial G(x) = 1 + x^5 + x^{12} + x^{16}
//
       __CRC16_TABLE
#ifdef
UINT16
CRC16_Calc (UINT8*
                            data,
                            length,
           UINT16
                            initVal)
          UINT16
{
   // init crc
   UINT16      crc = initVal;
   // iterate over all bytes
   while (length--)
   {
      // calc new crc
      crc = (crc >> 8) ^ CRC16 Table[(crc ^ *data++) & 0x00FF];
   }
   // return result
   return crc;
}
#else
UINT16
CRC16 Calc (UINT8*
                           data,
           UINT16
                            length,
           UINT16
                            initVal)
{
   // init crc
   // iterate over all bytes
   while(length--)
   {
       int
            bits = 8;
       UINT8 byte = *data++;
       // iterate over all bits per byte
       while (bits--)
       {
          if((byte & 1) ^ (crc & 1))
             crc = (crc >> 1) ^ CRC16 POLYNOM;
          }
          else
             crc >>= 1;
          byte >>= 1;
       }
```





```
}
  // return result
  return crc;
}
#endif
//
// CRC16_Check
//
//----
//
// @brief calculate & test CRC16
//-----
// This function checks a data block with attached CRC16
//----
bool
CRC16_Check (UINT8*
            UINT16
                                 length,
            UINT16
                                 initVal)
   // calc ones complement of CRC16
  UINT16 crc = ~CRC16 Calc(data, length, initVal);
   // CRC ok ?
   return (bool) (crc == CRC16 GOOD VALUE);
// end of file
```





List of Abbreviations 4.4

ABP Activation by (direct) Personalization

EIRP Equivalent Isotropically Radiated Power

FW **Firmware**

HCI Host Controller Interface

LR Long Range LoRa Long Range

OTAA Over The Air Activation RAM Random Access Memory

RF Radio Frequency

RSSI Received Signal Strength Indicator

RTC Real Time Clock

SLIP Serial Line Internet Protocol

SNR Signal to Noise Ratio

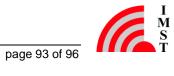
TRX Tranceiver

UART Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter

WiMOD Wireless Module by IMST

List of References 4.5

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- [2] LoRaWAN Specification, LoRa Alliance
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- [4] WiMOD_LoRaWAN_EndNode_Modem_EU868_HCI_Spec.pdf
- [5] iM880B_Datasheet.pdf
- [6] LoRaWAN Regional parameters, LoRa Alliance





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