Training and Testing YOLOv8 with Your Data

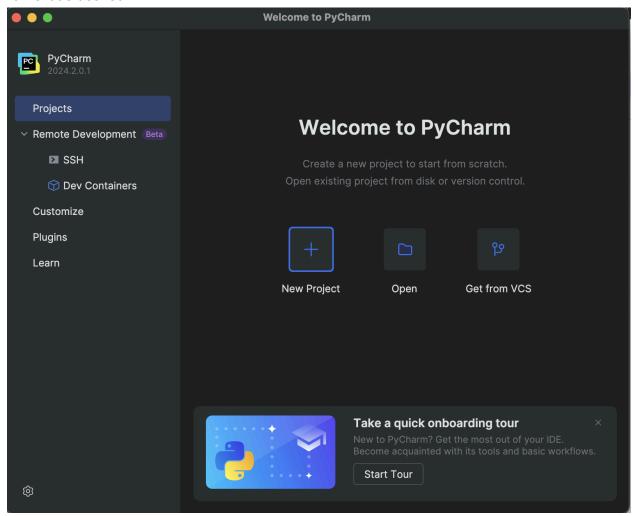
Note: This tutorial provides a quick test to determine if the model functions correctly with your images. For a more comprehensive approach, further steps and refinements will be necessary.

Prerequisites

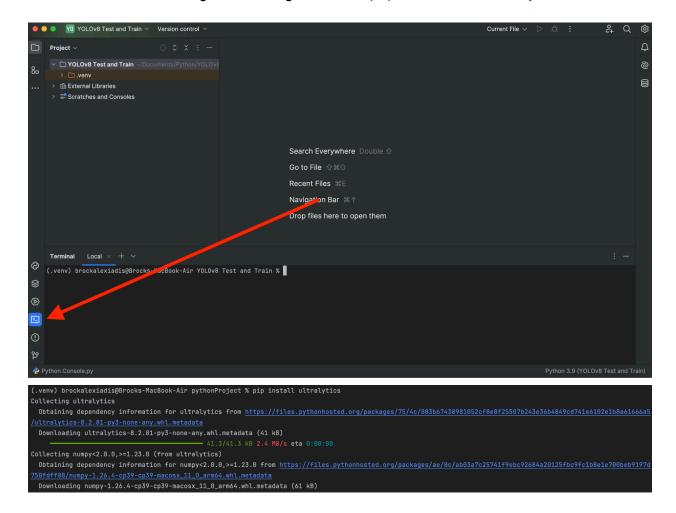
To follow this tutorial, you'll need software capable of running Python code. This example uses PyCharm, but alternatives like Visual Studio Code will also suffice.

Step 1: Set Up Your Project

1. **Create a New Project:** Start by creating a new project in your chosen software and name it as desired.

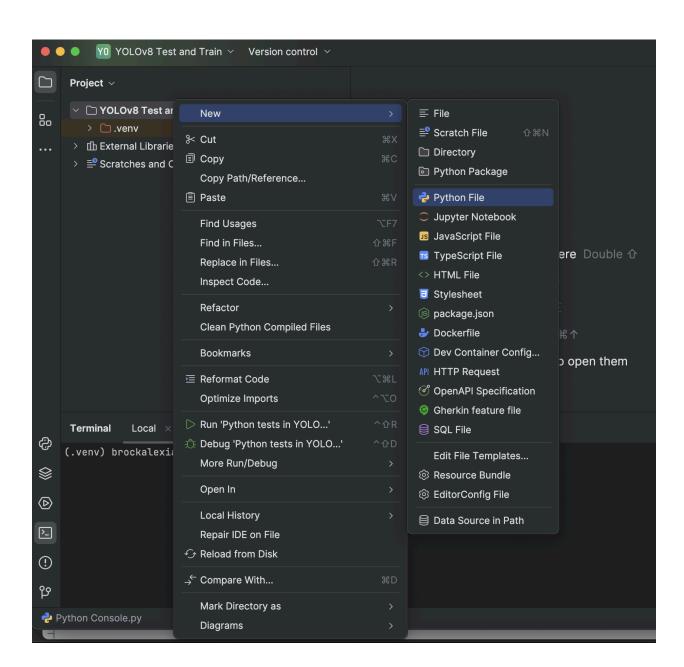


2. **Install Dependencies:** Before proceeding, install the required libraries by opening the terminal and running the following command: pip install ultralytics



Step 2: Create and Modify the Python Script

1. **Create a Python File:** In your project folder, create a new Python file by navigating to Right Click on Project Folder > New > Python File, and name it main.py.



2. **Obtain the Training Script:** Copy the necessary Python code from the <u>Ultralytics</u> <u>GitHub repository</u> for training your model. Paste it into the main.py file.

- 3. Modify the Script:
 - a. Remove line 5 to ensure you're building a new model.
 - b. Delete lines 10 and 11, as line 10's functionality will be addressed later.

```
from ultralytics import YOLO

Hold a model

Model = YOLO("yolov8n.yaml") # build a new model from scratch

Use the model

Model.train(data="coco8.yaml", epochs=3) # train the model

metrics = model.val() # evaluate model performance on the validation set
```

Step 3: Configure Your Dataset

1. **Create a Configuration File:** To specify the locations of your images and labels, create a new configuration file by selecting **Right Click on Project Folder > New > File** and name it with a .yaml extension, for example, config.yaml.

```
# Use the model

model.train(data="coco8.yaml", epochs=3) # train the metrics = model.val() # evaluate model performance on

New File

config.yam(
```

2. **Define Dataset Parameters:** In the .yam1 file, specify the paths to your training and validation datasets, as well as the classes used for object detection. The configuration should include paths to your images and labels.

3. **Update the Training Script:** In main.py, update the dataset reference by replacing 'coco8.yaml' with the name of your configuration file, e.g., 'config.yaml'.

Step 4: Train the Model

1. **Run the Training Script:** Execute the main.py script to start training the model. Pay attention to the output, particularly the line indicating where results are saved, such as 'Results saved to runs/detect/train72'. This path may vary.

```
15 epochs completed in 0.265 hours.
Optimizer stripped from runs/detect/train7/weights/last.pt, 6.3MB
Optimizer stripped from runs/detect/train7/weights/best.pt, 6.3MB
Validating runs/detect/train7/weights/best.pt...
Ultralytics YOLOv8.2.81 

✓ Python-3.9.6 torch-2.4.0 CPU (Apple M2)

        Class
        Images
        Instances
        Box(P
        R
        mAP50

        all
        40
        41
        0.339
        0.125
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        Jnknown
        40
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        0.339
        0.125
        0.163

                                                                                           R mAP50 mAP50-95): 100%|
                                                                                                                                                     2/2 [00:04<00:00, 2.11s/it]
                                                                                                                 0.053
0.053
                    Unknown
Results saved to runs/detect/train7
Ultralytics YOLOv8.2.81 🖋 Python-3.9.6 torch-2.4.0 CPU (Apple M2)
val: Scanning /Users/brockalexiadis/Documents/University/Team Project (B)/Unknown Vehicles/val/labels.cache... 40 images, 0 backgrounds

Class Images Instances Box(P R mAP50 mAP50-95): 180%| 3/3 [00:04<00:00, 1.53s/it]

all 40 41 0.346 0.146 0.161 0.0526

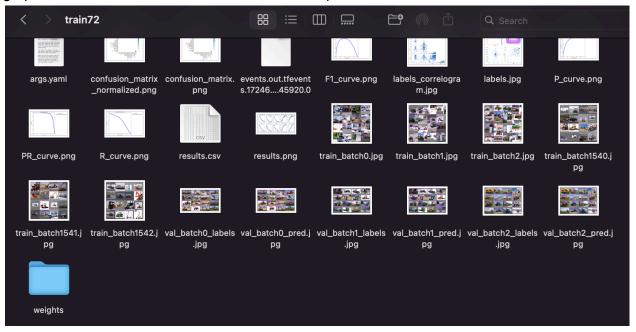
Unknown 40 41 0.346 0.146 0.161 0.0526
Speed: 0.9ms preprocess, 111.9ms inference, 0.0ms loss, 0.4ms postprocess per image
Results saved to runs/detect/train72
Process finished with exit code 0
```

2. **Verify Training Progress:** Optionally, check that all images are being utilized by reviewing the training output for entries showing the count of images in the train and validation sets (e.g., 170 images in train set, 40 in val set).

train: Scanning /Users/brockalexiadis/Documents/University/Team Project (B)/Unknown Vehicles/train/labels.cache... 170 images, 0 backgrounds, 0 corrupt: 100%| val: Scanning /Users/brockalexiadis/Documents/University/Team Project (B)/Unknown Vehicles/val/labels.cache... 40 images, 0 backgrounds, 0 corrupt: 100%| val: Scanning /Users/brockalexiadis/Documents/University/Team Project (B)/Unknown Vehicles/val/labels.cache... 40 images, 0 backgrounds, 0 corrupt: 100%| val: Scanning /Users/brockalexiadis/Documents/University/Team Project (B)/Unknown Vehicles/val/labels.cache... 40 images, 0 backgrounds, 0 corrupt: 100%| val: Scanning /Users/brockalexiadis/Documents/University/Team Project (B)/Unknown Vehicles/val/labels.cache... 40 images, 0 backgrounds, 0 corrupt: 100%| val: Scanning /Users/brockalexiadis/Documents/University/Team Project (B)/Unknown Vehicles/val/labels.cache... 40 images, 0 backgrounds, 0 corrupt: 100%| val: Scanning /Users/brockalexiadis/Documents/University/Team Project (B)/Unknown Vehicles/val/labels.cache... 40 images, 0 backgrounds, 0 corrupt: 100%| val: Scanning /Users/brockalexiadis/Documents/University/Team Project (B)/Unknown Vehicles/val/labels.cache... 40 images, 0 backgrounds, 0 corrupt: 100%| val: Scanning /Users/brockalexiadis/Documents/University/Team Project (B)/Unknown Vehicles/val/labels.cache... 40 images, 0 backgrounds, 0 corrupt: 100%| val: Scanning /Users/brockalexiadis/Documents/University/Team Project (B)/Unknown Vehicles/val/labels.cache... 40 images, 0 backgrounds, 0 corrupt: 100%| val: Scanning /University/Team Project (B)/Unknown Vehicles/Val/labels.cache... 40 images, 0 backgrounds, 0 corrupt: 100%| val: Scanning /University/Team Project (B)/Unknown Vehicles/Val/labels.cache... 40 images, 0 backgrounds, 0 corrupt: 100%| val: Scanning /University/Team Project (B)/Unknown Vehicles/Val/labels.cache... 40 images, 0 backgrounds, 0 corrupt: 100%| val: Scanning /University/Team Project (B)/Unknown Vehicles/Val/labels/University/Team Project (B)/Unknown Vehicles/Val/labels/Unive

3. You can see all 170 images from the train set have been used and all 40 from the val set

4. **Analyze Results:** The output will include metrics such as confusion matrices and graphs, which can be used to assess the model's performance.



Step 5: Test the Model on Unseen Data

- 1. **Prepare for Testing:** The trained algorithm is saved in the 'weights' folder, with files named best.pt and last.pt. You can use either; this tutorial uses last.pt.
- 2. **Create a Prediction Script:** Create another Python file, named predict_object.py, to test the algorithm on unseen images.

```
# main.py predict.py  config.yaml predict_object.py  

from ultralytics import YOLO

# Load the trained model

# model = YOLO("/Users/brockalexiadis/Documents/Python/YOLOv8 Test and Train/runs/detect/train72/weights/last.pt")

# Run inference on a video (replace 'path/to/video.mp4' with your video file)

# results = model.predict(source="/Users/brockalexiadis/Documents/trucks.mp4", save=True)

# Run inference on a single image (replace 'path/to/image.jpg' with your image file)

results = model.predict(source="/Users/brockalexiadis/Documents/forkliftpic.jpeg", save=True, save_txt=True)
```

- 3. Configure the Prediction Script:
 - a. Specify the path to your trained model on line 4, ensuring it points to 'last.pt'.
 - b. If testing on a video, use line 7. For images, comment out line 7 with a hashtag (#) and use line 10.

```
from ultralytics import YOLO

Load the trained model

model = YOLO("/Users/brockalexiadis/Documents/Python/YOLOv8 Test and Train/runs/detect/train72/weights/last.pt")

#Run inference on a video (replace 'path/to/video.mp4' with your video file)

#results = model.predict(source="/Users/brockalexiadis/Documents/trucks.mp4", save=True)

#Run inference on a single image (replace 'path/to/image.jpg' with your image file)

results = model.predict(source="/Users/brockalexiadis/Documents/forkliftpic.jpeg", save=True, save_txt=True)
```

4. **Set the Test Image Path:** Update the source=... section in the script to point to your test image (e.g., located in the Documents folder). This is our test image:



Step 6: Run the Prediction

1. **Execute the Prediction Script:** Run predict_object.py. The prediction results will be saved to a path similar to 'runs/detect/predict9'.

```
:

"/Users/brockalexiadis/Documents/Python/YOLOv8 Test and Train/.venv/bin/python" /Users/brockalexiadis/Documents/Python/YOLOv8 Test and Train/predict_object.py

image 1/1 /Users/brockalexiadis/Documents/forkliftpic.jpeg: 640x640 1 Unknown, 66.2ms

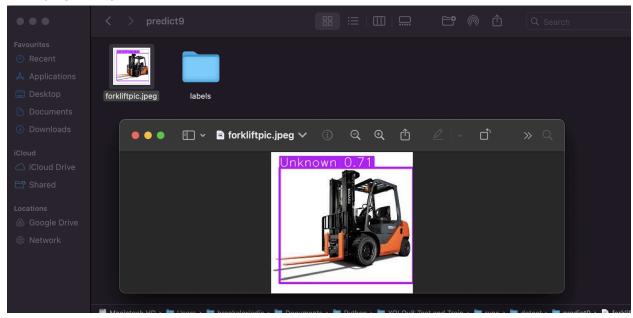
Speed: 1.7ms preprocess, 66.2ms inference, 0.6ms postprocess per image at shape (1, 3, 640, 640)

Results saved to runs/detect/predict9

1 label saved to runs/detect/predict9/labels

Process finished with exit code 0
```

2. **Review Results:** Confirm that the model has correctly labeled the unseen data, such as identifying an object as 'Unknown'.



3. We have successfully tested the algorithm on unseen data