

College of Engineering, Construction & Living Sciences Bachelor of Information Technology

ID607001: Introductory Application Development Concepts Level 6, Credits 15

In-Class Activity: ES6 Basics 1

Instructions

The purpose of this in-class activity is to familiarise yourself with the **ES6** syntax as well as develop your problem-solving skills. The following 15 problems are commonly asked in coding interviews. You may come across one or two of these when you apply for software development/engineering positions in the future. **Note:** do not use functional programming constructs such as **map**, **filter** & **reduce** to solve some of these problems.

Code Review

You must submit all program files via **GitHub Classroom**. Here is the URL to the repository you will use for your code review – https://classroom.github.com/a/_6KSahyX. Checkout from the **main** branch to the **01-in-class-activity** branch by running the command - **git checkout 01-in-class-activity**. This branch will be your development branch for this activity. Once you have completed this activity, create a pull request & assign the **GitHub** user **grayson-orr** to a reviewer. **Do not** merge your pull request.

Getting Started

Open your repository in Visual Studio Code. Create a new file called **01-in-class-activity.js**. In **01-in-class-activity.js**, add the following:

```
console.log('Hello, World!')
```

Open a **terminal** & run the following command:

```
node 01-in-class-activity.js
```

If the output is **Hello**, **World!**, then you are ready to start coding.

Problem 1:

Declare two **immutable** variables called **name** & **age** with the values Jane & 45. Use the two variables & **string interpolation** to display the expected output.

```
// Write your solution here
// Expected output:
// Hello my name is Jane & I am 45 years old.
```

Problem 2:

Calculate the **sum** of the given **integers** & use **string interpolation** to display the expected output.

```
const x = 1957452
const y = 2975635

// Write your solution here

// Expected output:
// The sum of 1957452 & 2975635 is 4933087
```

Problem 3:

Calculate the **average** of the given **array** of **doubles** called **nums** & use **string interpolation** to display the expected output.

```
const nums = [45.3, 67.5, -45.6, 20.34, -33.0, 45.6]
// Write your solution here
// Expected output:
// Average: 16.69
```

Problem 4:

Write an **arrow function** called **fizzBuzz** which accepts an **integer num**. If **num** is a multiple of three, return **Fizz**, if **num** is a multiple of five, return **Buzz** & if **num** is a multiple of three & five, return **FizzBuzz**. Call the **fizzBuzz** function in the for loop to display the expected output.

```
// Write your fizzBuzz function here
for (let i = 1; i <= 15; i += 2) {
      // Write your solution here
}

// Expected output:
// 1
// Fizz
// Buzz
// 7
// Fizz
// 11
// 13
// FizzBuzz</pre>
```

Problem 5:

You have been given an **array** of **integers** called **nums**. Display **only** the odd numbers in **nums**. Sort from lowest to highest.

```
const nums = [21, 19, 68, 55, 42, 12]
// Write your solution here
// Expected output:
// 19
// 21
// 55
```

Problem 6:

Write an **arrow function** called **isAnagram** which accepts two parameters called **someStrOne** & **someStrTwo**. In the function block, write some code that checks whether or not **someStrOne** & **someStrTwo** are an anagram. **Note:** An anagram is a word or phrase that made by arranging the letters of another word or phrase in a different order. If you are still unsure what an anagram is, here is an example:

```
Input: isAnagram('elvis', 'lives')
Output: true

Input: isAnagram('cat', 'sat')
Output : false

Call the isAnagram function to display the expected output.

// Write your solution here

// Expected output:
// true
// false
```

Problem 7:

Write an **arrow function** called **convert** which accepts two parameters called **hours** & **minutes**. In the function block, write some code that converts both **hours** & **minutes** to seconds, then adds them together.

```
// Write your solution here
console.log(convert(1, 3))
// Expected output:
// 3780
```

Problem 8:

Write an **arrow function** called **palindrome** which accepts a single parameter called **someStr**. In the function block, determine whether or not **someStr** is a palindrome. The function should return a **boolean**.

```
// Write your solution here
console.log(palindrome('A man, a plan, a canal - Panama'))
console.log(palindrome('Hello, World!'))

// Expected output:
// true
// false
```

Problem 9:

Write an **arrow function** called **isLessThanFiveLetters** which accepts an **array** of **strings**. In the function block, return all words that are less than **five** letters. Sort from A to Z.

```
// Write your solution here

const transport = ['car', 'bike', 'scooter', 'skateboard', 'truck', 'walk']

// Expected output:
// bike
// car
// walk
```

Problem 10:

Write an **arrow function** called **findBreed** which accepts an unsorted **array** of **strings** called **breeds**. Your code needs to search **breeds** for 'Afghan Hound' & return its location in the **array**, i.e., index. If 'Afghan Hound' is not in **breeds**, return -1.

```
// Write your solution here
const breeds = ['Afghan Hound', /** Add your other breeds here */]
console.log(findBreed(breeds))
// Expected output:
// 1
```

Problem 11:

Write an **arrow function** called **removeVowels** which accepts a **string** called **word** & returns a new **string** with all vowels removed. Also, how would you handle the edge case where **word** does not contain vowels.

```
// Write your solution here
const word = // Add your word here
console.log(removeVowels(word))
```

Problem 12:

Write an **arrow function** function called **missingNum** which accepts an unsorted **array** of **integers** called **nums** & return the missing number.

```
// Write your solution here
const nums = [10, 3, 4, 8, 1, 7, 6, 9, 5]
console.log(missingNum(nums))
// Expected output:
// 2
```

Problem 13:

Write an **arrow function** called **fileExtensions** which accepts an **array** of **objects** called **files** & returns their extension names.

Problem 14:

What is a substring? It is a portion of a **string**, i.e., 'Hello' is a substring of 'Hello, World!' and 'el' is a substring of 'Hello'. String manipulation is commonly used & working with substrings is something you will often do.

You have been given the following sentence as a **string**:

'The anemone, the wild violet, the hepatica, and the funny little curled-up.'

Write code that returns the number of occurrences of the word 'the' in the sentence above.

```
const sentence = 'The anemone, the wild violet, the hepatica, and the funny little curled-up.'
// Write your solution here
// Expected output:
// 4
```

Problem 15:

In this problem you are going to use the abs() function. Write an arrow function called calcDist which calculates the distance between two integers. It does not matter which order the parameters are given; it should still return the same result.

```
// Write your solution here
console.log(calcDist(-1, 4))
console.log(calcDist(4, -1))

// Expected output:
// 5
// 5
```