

## False Position Method (Regula Falsi) Example

By: Ahmad Sirojuddin

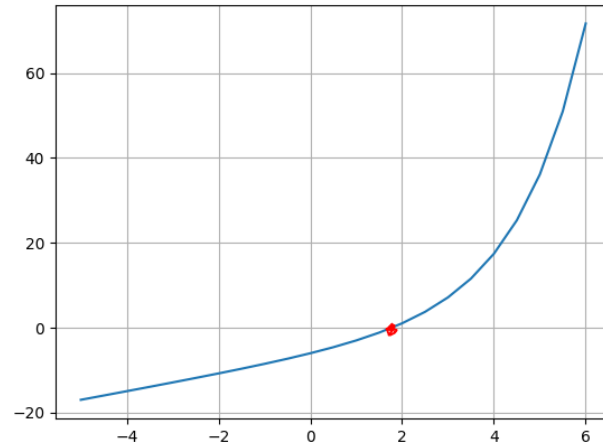
[sirojuddin@its.ac.id](mailto:sirojuddin@its.ac.id)

Find the root of the following equation:

$$y = f(x) = e^{0.7x} + 2x - 7 = 0$$

by using the False Position Method with initial  $x_l = -3$ ,  $x_u = 5$ , and tolerance  $\varepsilon = 10^{-3}$

### Solution:



$$x_r = \frac{x_l \cdot f(x_u) - x_u \cdot f(x_l)}{f(x_u) - f(x_l)} = \frac{-3 \cdot f(5) - 5 \cdot f(-3)}{f(5) - f(-3)} = -0.89724$$

$$y_r = f(x_r = -0.89724) = -8.26087$$

Since  $|y_r| > \varepsilon$ , then we continue to the iteration

### **Iteration 1:** -----

1. Shrinking the span

$$y_l = f(x_l = -3) = e^{0.7 \cdot (-3)} + 2 \cdot (-3) - 7 = -12.87754$$

$$y_r = f(x_r = -0.89724) = e^{0.7 \cdot (-0.89724)} + 2 \cdot (-0.89724) - 7 = -8.26087$$

$$y_u = f(x_u = 5) = e^{0.7 \cdot (5)} + 2 \cdot (5) - 7 = 36.11545$$

Since the sign of  $f(x_r = -0.89724)$  is the same as that of  $f(x_l = -3)$ , then we set

$x_l \leftarrow x_r$  and  $y_l \leftarrow y_r$ .

Now, we have  $x_l = -0.89724$ ,  $x_u = 5$ .

2. Updating  $x_r$

$$x_r = \frac{x_l \cdot f(x_u) - x_u \cdot f(x_l)}{f(x_u) - f(x_l)} = \frac{-0.89724 \cdot f(5) - 5 \cdot f(-0.89724)}{f(5) - f(-0.89724)} = 0.65282$$

Now, we have triplet numbers:  $x_l = -0.89724$ ,  $x_r = 0.65282$ ,  $x_u = 5$

$$y_r = f(x_r = 0.65282) = -4.11509$$

Since  $|y_r| > \varepsilon$ , then we continue the iteration

### **Iteration 2:** -----

1. Shrinking the span

$$y_l = f(x_l = -0.89724) = -8.26087$$

$$y_r = f(x_r = 0.65282) = -4.11509$$

$$y_u = f(x_u = 5) = 36.11545$$

Since the sign of  $f(x_r = 0.65282)$  is the same as that of  $f(x_l = -0.89724)$ , then we set  $x_l \leftarrow x_r$  and  $y_l \leftarrow y_r$ .

Now, we have  $x_l = 0.65282$ ,  $x_u = 5$ .

2. Updating  $x_r$

$$x_r = \frac{x_l \cdot f(x_u) - x_u \cdot f(x_l)}{f(x_u) - f(x_l)} = \frac{0.65282 \cdot f(5) - 5 \cdot f(0.65282)}{f(5) - f(0.65282)} = 1.46206$$

Now, we have triplet numbers:  $x_l = 0.65282$ ,  $x_r = 1.46206$ ,  $x_u = 5$

$$y_r = f(x_r = 1.46206) = -1.29311$$

Since  $|y_r| > \varepsilon$ , then we continue the iteration

### Iteration 3: -----

1. Shrinking the span

$$y_l = f(x_l = 0.65282) = -4.11509$$

$$y_r = f(x_r = 1.46206) = -1.29311$$

$$y_u = f(x_u = 5) = 36.11545$$

Since the sign of  $f(x_r = 1.46206)$  is the same as that of  $f(x_l = 0.65282)$ , then we set  $x_l \leftarrow x_r$  and  $y_l \leftarrow y_r$ .

Now, we have  $x_l = 1.46206$ ,  $x_u = 5$ .

2. Updating  $x_r$

$$x_r = \frac{x_l \cdot f(x_u) - x_u \cdot f(x_l)}{f(x_u) - f(x_l)} = \frac{1.46206 \cdot f(5) - 5 \cdot f(1.46206)}{f(5) - f(1.46206)} = 1.82395$$

Now, we have triplet numbers:  $x_l = 1.46206$ ,  $x_r = 1.82395$ ,  $x_u = 5$

$$y_r = f(x_r = 1.82395) = 0.23293$$

Since  $|y_r| > \varepsilon$ , then we continue the iteration

(Let's skip the detail of iteration 4 - 6 and go ahead to iteration 7)

### Iteration 7: -----

1. Shrinking the span

$$y_l = f(x_l = 1.77062) = -0.00509$$

$$y_r = f(x_r = 1.81554) = 0.19506$$

$$y_u = f(x_u = 1.82395) = 0.23293$$

Since the sign of  $f(x_r = 1.81554)$  is the same as that of  $f(x_u = 1.82395)$ , then we set  $x_u \leftarrow x_r$  and  $y_u \leftarrow y_r$ .

Now, we have  $x_l = 1.77062$ ,  $x_u = 1.81554$ .

2. Updating  $x_r$

$$x_r = \frac{x_l \cdot f(x_u) - x_u \cdot f(x_l)}{f(x_u) - f(x_l)} = \frac{1.77062 \cdot f(1.81554) - 1.81554 \cdot f(1.77062)}{f(1.81554) - f(1.77062)} = 1.77158$$

Now, we have triplet numbers:  $x_l = 1.77062$ ,  $x_r = 1.77158$ ,  $x_u = 1.81554$

$$y_r = f(x_r = 1.77158) = -0.00085$$

Since  $|y_r| > \varepsilon$ , then we stop the iteration, and we have the solution  $x_r = 1.77158$