



FILEHUB

Secure File Sharing



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HORIZONSEC

Submitted to: Maam Sadia

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Introduction

This is a Secure File Sharing semester project for the Secure Software Design course. In this project, as per the proposal and as cybersecurity students, we were tasked to create a file sharing webapp with security aspects implemented throughout the implementation as well as the deployment phase.

Requirements Table

Functional Requirement (FR)	Security Non-Functional Requirement (NFR)
FR1 — Account creation by Admin: Only Admins can create accounts for students, teachers, and staff.	NFR1: The account will be made with random password. Default passwords must be system-generated, strong (min 8 chars, mixed charset), and transmitted securely (OpenSSL/TLS 1.2+). Stored passwords must be hashed using a strong hashing algorithm.
FR2 — Mandatory password change: Users must change their password at first login.	NFR2: Passwords must meet best complexity rules (length, characters).
FR3 — Role-based access control (RBAC): Roles include Admin, Teacher, Student, Staff with different permissions (e.g., Teachers can share course files with students, Students only upload assignments). Students should not be able to see what other student upload.	NFR3: RBAC enforced server-side with least privilege principle; privilege escalation attempts logged; role assignments auditable.
FR4 — File upload: Teachers and students can upload files with restrictions.	NFR4: Only allow specific file extensions (.pdf, .docx, .pptx, .xlsx, .zip); enforce antivirus scan and file size limits to max 25MB; files encrypted at rest e.g. AES-256.
FR5 — File download: Authorized users can download shared files.	NFR5: All downloads over OpenSSL/TLS; files decrypted only for authorized users.
FR6 — File sharing permissions: Teachers can share files with students; Admins/Staff can share institutional documents. Students	NFR6: Sharing restricted by role policy; share links must be time-bound and

Functional Requirement (FR)

can only share with teachers (e.g., assignments).

FR7 — Audit logging: Log all file uploads/downloads, logins, password changes, and account management actions.

FR8 — File integrity verification: Uploaded files are hashed and verified on download.

FR9 — Secure key management: Encryption keys for files are securely generated and stored.

FR10 — Access to metadata and search:

Users can view and search only the files they have uploaded/shared and the files explicitly shared with them. The combined file list appears in their dashboard with search and filter options.

FR11 — Administrative controls: Admins can deactivate/reactivate accounts, reset passwords, and enforce policies.

Security Non-Functional Requirement (NFR)

revocable; actions logged with timestamp, actor, and recipient.

NFR7: Logs must be immutable, timestamped, and encrypted; access to logs restricted to Admins.

NFR8: SHA-256 or stronger hashing; mismatch triggers alerts; system will not allow the download of such files.

NFR9: Keys managed in secure key vault; keys never stored in plaintext.

NFR10: The system will only send the list of the files that are shared with certain user type from which the user can search the desired file.

NFR11: All admin actions require MFA; sensitive changes require justification logging; Admin dashboard accessible only from trusted networks.

Pre-Requisites

- Ubuntu machine to host a web server
- Another machine, Windows/Linux, to test the client side
- Enough brain cells (x2 minimum) to do this project alone

Technologies Used

- Apache2 (apache2 -v)
 - o Server version: Apache/2.4.41 (Ubuntu)
 - o Server built: 2025-04-02T18:34:29

- TLS v1.3

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~]
$ curl -I -v https://192.168.196.137 2>&1 | grep -i tls
* TLSv1.3 (OUT), TLS handshake, Client hello (1):
* TLSv1.3 (IN), TLS handshake, Server hello (2):
* TLSv1.3 (IN), TLS change cipher, Change cipher spec (1):
* TLSv1.3 (IN), TLS handshake, Encrypted Extensions (8):
* TLSv1.3 (IN), TLS handshake, Certificate (11):
* TLSv1.3 (OUT), TLS alert, unknown CA (560):
```

-
- Python (Flask, Reverse Proxy)
- PostgreSQL db

Setup

- Run ubuntu in a vm
- Install apache2
- Configure TLS
- Generate a self-signed cert Digital Cert to run the website on TLSv1.3 by default
- Making sure that the *http* requests are redirected to *https* automatically

- sudo nano /etc/apache2/sites-available/000-default.conf

```
<VirtualHost *:80>
# The ServerName directive sets the request scheme, hostname and port
# the server uses to identify itself. This is used when creating
# redirection URLs. In the context of virtual hosts, the ServerName
# specifies what hostname must appear in the request's Host: header
# match this virtual host. For the default virtual host (this file)
# value is not decisive as it is used as a last resort host regardless.
# However, you must set it for any further virtual host explicitly.
#ServerName www.example.com
Redirect permanent / https://192.168.196.137/
ServerAdmin webmaster@localhost
DocumentRoot /var/www/html
```

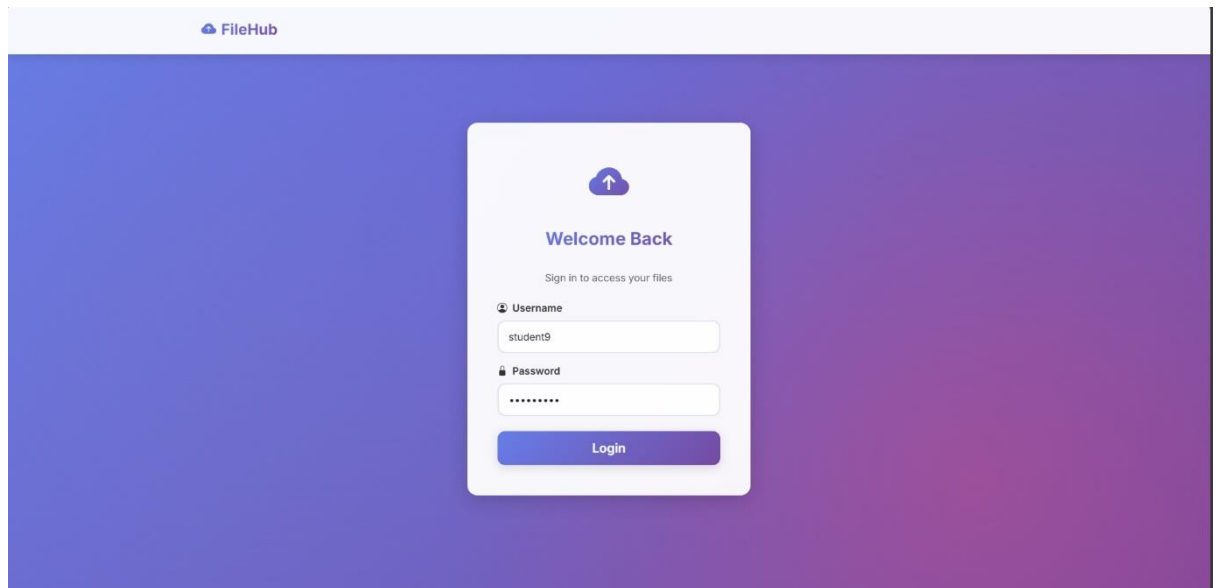
-
- Setting up environment variable file (.env)

```
GNU nano 4.8 .env
DATABASE_URL=postgresql://secure_user:StrongPass@localhost:5432/securefiles_db
SECRET_KEY=dddb1934ce284a5dd1e8b4b23282f67293750e08371115ce8cfa8984678acf0daf974a1efd2ac9ef3bdafe1e85b829a5c002a31a873b44ddf9336014fcc111a2
MASTER_KEY_PATH=/home/server/securefiles/keys/master.key
FILES_DIR=/home/server/securefiles/files
```

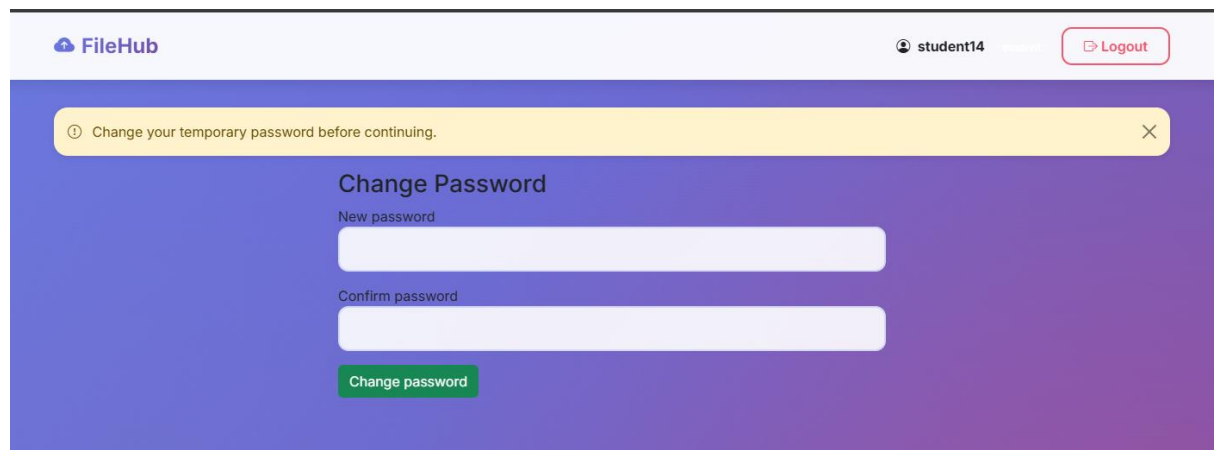
-
- Installing Postgresql
- Creating a db user 'db_user' with pass 1234
 - To test the creation and setup of db
 - psql -U secure_user -d securefiles_db -h localhost -W
- Using a Python-based webapp, running it locally and then using Reverse Proxy to use Apache2 webserver with TLS1.3 as front to the actual webapp

Frontend (Client Side)

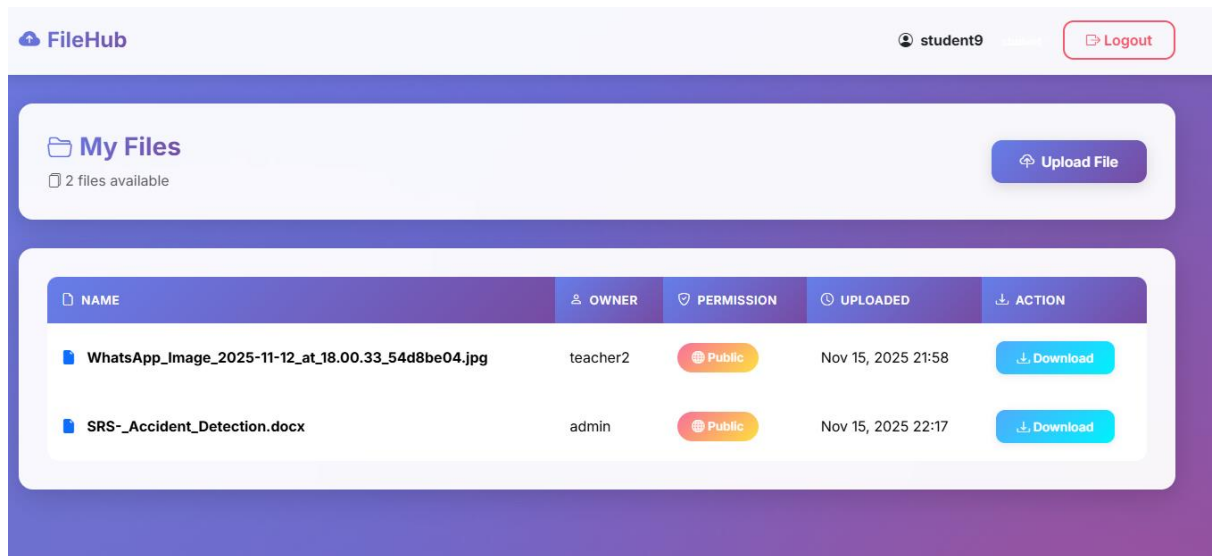
- Login Page, the very first page a user sees to access the files shared with them or upload new files



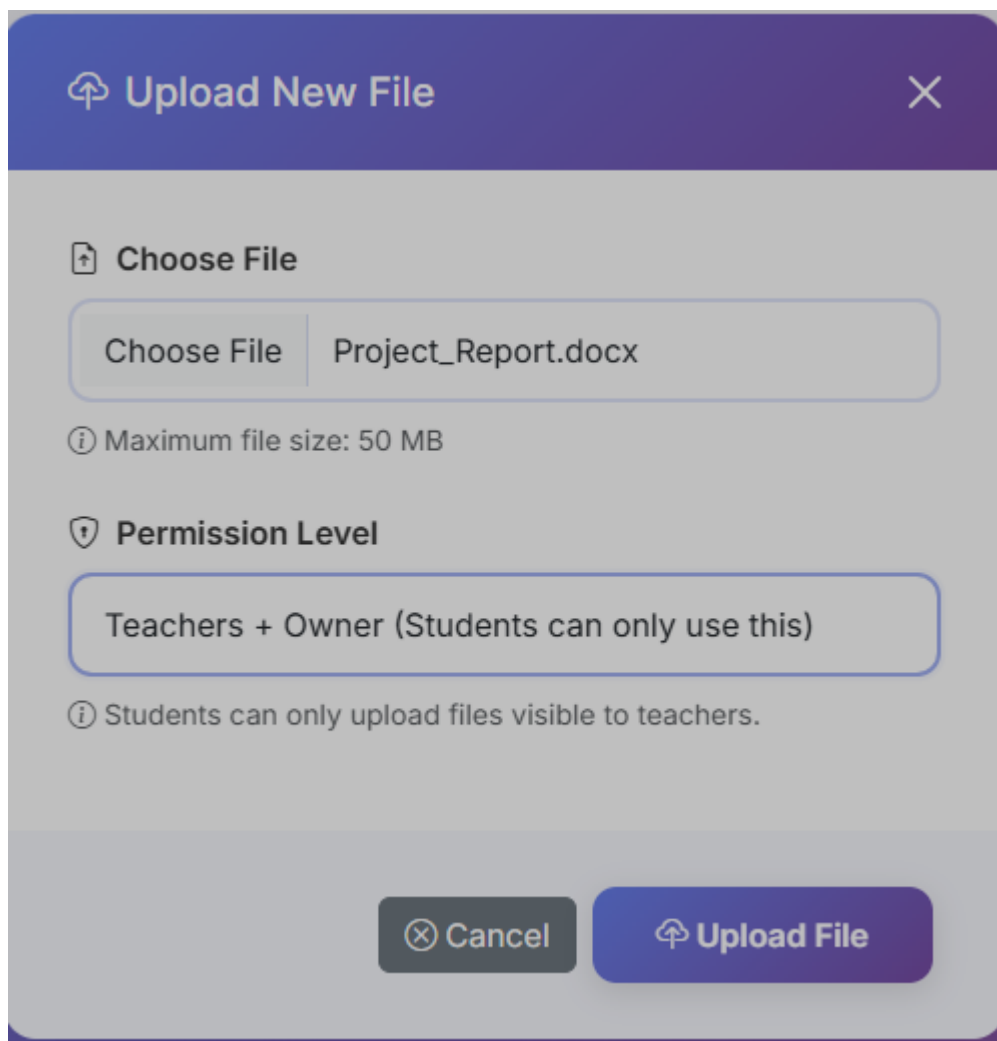
- After the **first** successful login, the user is redirected to another page to change the temporary password



- After changing the password, the user will see the dashboard where they can see the files shared with them or a button with which they can upload a new file.



- During upload the user can choose any file but with limited extensions and size and can set Access Control of the file.



- After successful upload the file will be shown in their dashboard as well as the user they shared it with.