

A low-angle, upward-looking photograph of several modern skyscrapers with glass facades. The buildings are arranged in a way that creates a sense of height and depth, with the sky visible in the center. The glass reflects the sky and each other, creating a complex pattern of lines and reflections. The overall tone is professional and modern.

TOKENIZATION PLAYBOOK

ROHAS NAGPAL

It's 2025 and you are relaxing on your favorite beach. You whip out your smartphone and within minutes you've...

...bought shares in an innovative startup halfway across the world

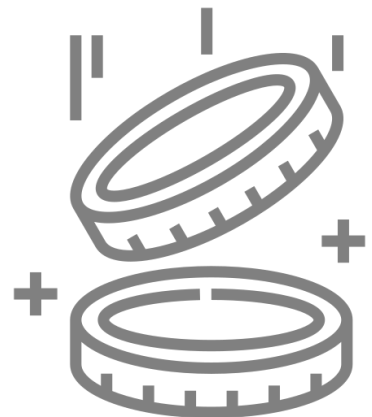
...traded a fraction of a Picasso painting for a fantastic pair of collectible sneakers

...invested in the copyright license of your favorite movie

...swapped your gold & platinum holdings for fractional ownership of a private plane and a cruise liner...

...invested in fractional ownership of an office building in an upcoming high-rent location...

That's the power of tokenization, and it starts with this book.



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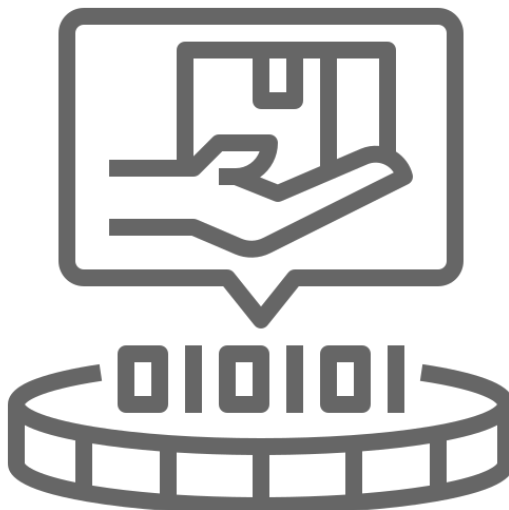
No investigation has been made of common-law trademark rights in any word. Words that are known to have current trademark registrations are shown with an initial capital and are also identified as trademarks.

1. WHAT IS **TOKENIZATION**?

Tokenization is the creation of Blockchain Tokens that represent real-world assets like art, collectibles, copyright licenses, debt instruments, equities, precious metals, real estate, etc.

Each token represents a fraction of ownership in the underlying asset, enabling investors to buy, sell, or trade these tokens on digital asset marketplaces.

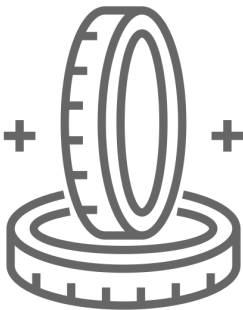
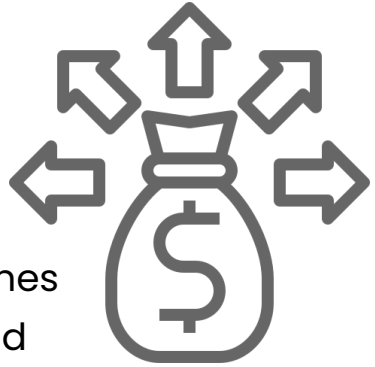
Tokenization essentially bridges the gap between traditional finance and the digital world, leveraging the benefits of blockchain technology.



2. TOKENIZING ASSETS: KEY BENEFITS

1. Increased Liquidity : Tokenization enables fractional ownership, allowing investors to buy and sell smaller portions of assets. This democratizes investment opportunities and enhances liquidity, making it easier for asset owners and buyers to find each other.

2. Lower Costs: Tokenizing assets can significantly reduce transaction costs, as it streamlines the process of asset transfer and eliminates intermediaries.



This reduction in fees and administrative expenses makes investing in tokenized assets more cost-effective for both investors and asset owners.

3. Enhanced Security

Blockchain's inherent features protect tokenized assets from fraud and cyber attacks. The transparent nature of blockchain also minimizes the risk of counterfeit assets entering the market.

4. Faster Transactions

Blockchain technology enables rapid settlement of transactions, speeding up the process of buying and selling assets. This efficiency reduces the time it takes for asset transfers to be completed, leading to increased market activity.

5. Global Market Access

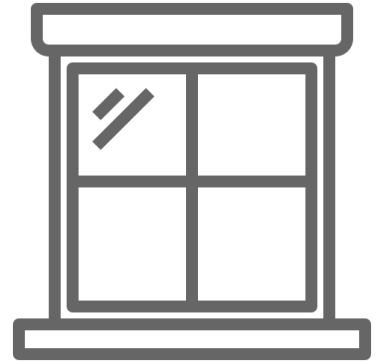
Tokenization opens up global investment opportunities by breaking down geographical barriers. Investors from around the world can access tokenized assets on blockchain platforms, fostering cross-border investment and diversification.



6. Improved Transparency

Tokenization brings transparency to asset ownership and transactions.

As blockchain records are immutable and publicly accessible, investors can verify the history and authenticity of assets, reducing the risk of fraud.



7. Easier portfolio diversification: Tokenization enables investors to access a wider range of asset classes and sectors, facilitating portfolio diversification and risk management.

8. Simplified asset management: Tokenization can streamline asset management processes, reducing administrative burdens and providing real-time information on asset performance.

9. Programmable assets: Smart contracts can be used to automate and enforce specific terms and conditions, such as dividend payments or voting rights, simplifying asset administration.

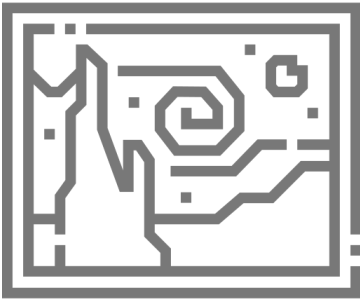
DID YOU KNOW?

There are an
estimated **25,900+**
aircraft in
circulation globally.



3. WHAT CAN BE TOKENIZED?

1. Art & Collectibles: Tokenization enables wider access to high-value art and collectibles, allowing individuals to invest in fractional shares of masterpieces or rare items.



Tokenization can democratize the art market and create new opportunities for artists, collectors, and investors alike.

2. Carbon Credits: Tokenizing carbon credits can streamline the process of trading and tracking emissions, fostering a more transparent and efficient carbon market. Tokenization can help drive climate action and promote sustainable development.



3. Commercial & Private

Aircraft: Tokenization can facilitate the fractional ownership of aircraft, lowering barriers to entry for investors and allowing more flexible financing options for airlines and aircraft owners.



4. Commodities: Tokenizing commodities like agricultural products, gold, or oil can enable fractional ownership, increased liquidity, and improved price discovery in the global commodity markets.



5. Employee Stock Options:

Tokenizing employee stock options can simplify the process of granting, exercising, and tracking equity-based compensation, offering a more efficient and transparent approach to employee ownership.

6. Financial Instruments:

Tokenization can revolutionize the bond and loan markets by digitizing securities, streamlining issuance, and enabling real-time tracking of ownership and performance.



7. Infrastructure & Public Projects: Tokenization can facilitate crowdfunding for public infrastructure projects, such as renewable energy plants or transportation systems, democratizing investment and fostering sustainable development.

8. Insurance Products: Tokenizing catastrophe bonds and other insurance products can create new investment opportunities while enhancing risk management and capital allocation in the insurance sector.

9. Intellectual Property: Tokenizing patents, trademarks, and copyrights can provide creators and owners with new revenue streams while enabling investors to gain exposure to the value of intellectual property assets.

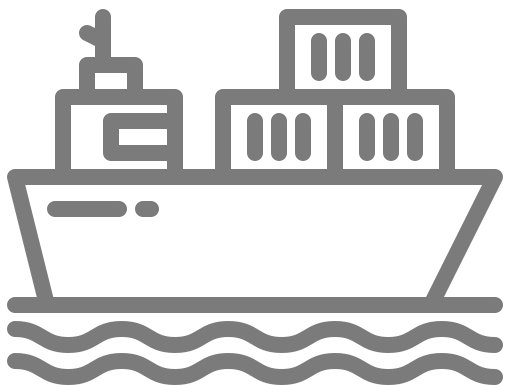
10. Loyalty Points & Rewards: Tokenizing loyalty points and rewards can enhance customer engagement, streamline redemption processes, and create a more robust and flexible loyalty ecosystem.

11. Oil Rigs & Energy Infrastructure: Tokenizing oil rigs and other energy infrastructure can provide new investment opportunities and promote efficient capital allocation in the energy sector.

12. Private Equity & Venture Capital: Tokenization can democratize access to private equity and venture capital, enabling a broader range of investors to participate in high-growth opportunities.

13. Real Estate: Tokenizing real estate can revolutionize property investment by enabling fractional ownership, reducing transaction costs, and increasing market liquidity.



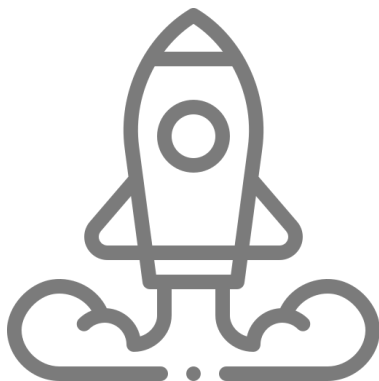


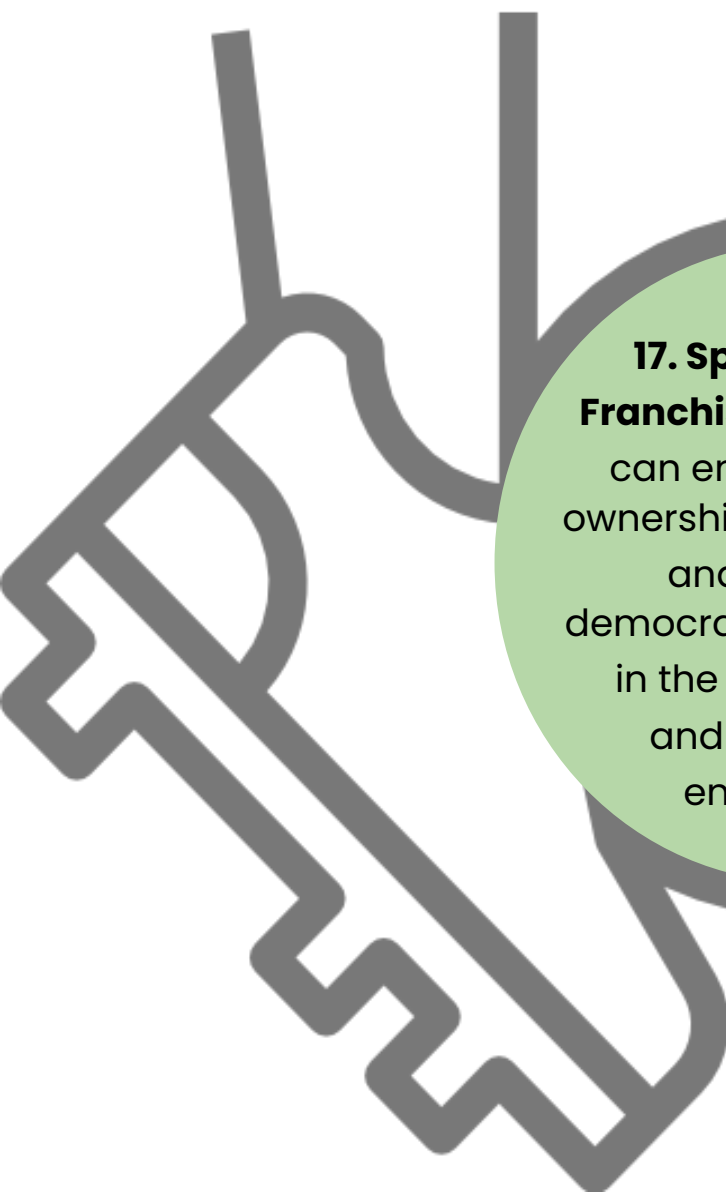
14. Tokenizing Ships: By turning ships like cargo vessels, cruise ships, or yachts into digital tokens, people can easily own a small part of them.

This helps investors get into the maritime business and makes it simpler to fund and handle these ships.

15. Resource Rights: Tokenizing mineral rights, water rights, or other resource rights can create new investment opportunities and foster a more efficient allocation of resources.

16. Rockets, Satellites & Space-related Assets: Tokenization can democratize investment in the growing space industry, enabling individuals to own fractional shares of rockets, satellites, or other space-related assets.





17. Sports Teams & Franchises: Tokenization can enable fractional ownership of sports teams and franchises, democratizing investment in the sports industry and fostering fan engagement.

18. Royalties & Revenue Streams: Tokenizing royalties and revenue streams can provide artists, creators, and rights holders with new sources of funding while offering investors exposure to the earnings potential of creative works.

19. Stressed Assets: Tokenization can breathe new life into stressed and non-performing assets by turning them into digital tokens. This enables easier trading and management, offering fresh opportunities for investors and financial institutions alike.

20. Automobiles: Tokenization of automobiles such as trucks, transport vehicles and heavy-duty vehicles can democratize access to high-value investment opportunities. Furthermore, it introduces an innovative, decentralized market for trading these tokenized assets.



DID YOU KNOW?

There are an
estimated **58,000+**
merchant ships
trading
internationally.



4. CHALLENGES TO TOKENIZATION

1. Regulatory complexity: Navigating the complex web of global and regional regulations can be a daunting task, with tokenized assets often falling under the purview of multiple regulatory bodies. Ensuring compliance with securities, tax, and anti-money laundering laws is crucial.

2. Integration with traditional systems: Bridging the gap between the blockchain ecosystem and existing financial systems may present technical and operational hurdles.

3. Asset valuation: Accurate and reliable asset valuation is a critical aspect of tokenization. However, valuing real-world assets, particularly illiquid or unique ones, can be a complicated process.

4. Legal challenges: Tokenizing real-world assets may involve transferring ownership to special purpose vehicles (SPVs) or other legal structures, which can create jurisdictional complexities and require close collaboration with legal experts.

5. LEGAL & REGULATORY CONSIDERATIONS

Legal Considerations Regarding the Asset

1. Ownership and Title: Tokenizing real-world assets requires a clear understanding of ownership and title. Legal due diligence must be conducted to ensure that the asset's ownership is accurately represented and that the tokenization process does not infringe on any existing rights or claims.

2. Asset Valuation: Accurate and transparent valuation of the asset is essential for the tokenization process. Legal experts must be involved to determine the appropriate valuation methods and ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

3. Taxation: The tokenization of assets may have tax implications for both the asset owner and the token holders. Legal experts must be consulted to determine the tax consequences of tokenizing assets and ensure compliance with tax laws and regulations.



Considerations Regarding Blockchain Laws of a Country

1. Jurisdictional Issues: The global and decentralized nature of blockchain technology raises jurisdictional concerns. Token issuers must identify the applicable laws and regulations in each jurisdiction where they plan to offer or trade tokenized assets.

2. Data Protection and Privacy: Blockchain-based systems often involve the storage and processing of personal data. Token issuers must comply with data protection and privacy laws in relevant jurisdictions, such as the European Union's General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR).

3. Anti-Money Laundering (AML) and Counter-Terrorist Financing

(CTF) Regulations: Token issuers must implement AML and CTF measures to prevent the illicit use of tokenized assets. These measures may include customer due diligence, transaction monitoring, and reporting suspicious activities to relevant authorities.



4. Smart Contract Regulations: Smart contracts play a vital role in tokenizing assets and automating various processes. Legal experts must be consulted to ensure that smart contracts comply with applicable laws and regulations and that the rights and obligations of all parties are accurately represented.



5. Consumer Protection: Token issuers must comply with consumer protection laws, ensuring that token holders are adequately informed about the risks associated with tokenized assets and that their rights are protected.



DID YOU KNOW?

The global Art market is valued at **US\$ 67 Billion.**



6. ECOSYSTEM PLAYERS

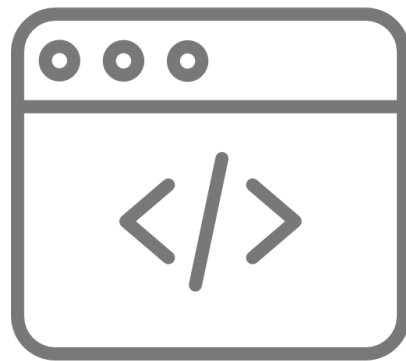
1. Asset Owners: Asset owners initiate the tokenization process by deciding to convert their assets into digital tokens. They are responsible for providing accurate information about the asset, ensuring proper valuation, and collaborating with other stakeholders to create and distribute the tokens.



2. Custodians: Custodians safeguard the physical assets being tokenized and ensure their safekeeping. They also verify and maintain the connection between real-world assets and their digital representations on the blockchain.

3. Legal and Regulatory Advisors: These advisors ensure that the tokenization process complies with applicable laws and regulations. They assist in navigating the complexities of asset ownership, securities laws, taxation, and other legal considerations.

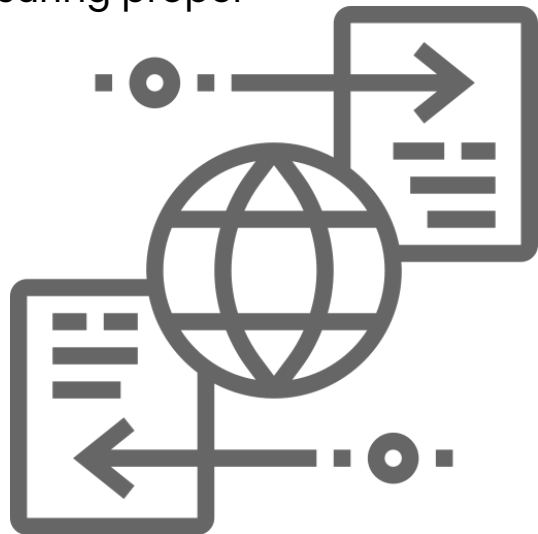
4. Blockchain Developers: Blockchain developers create the technical infrastructure required for tokenizing assets, including smart contracts, protocols, and platforms. They ensure the security and integrity of the tokenization process and enable the seamless transfer and tracking of tokenized assets.

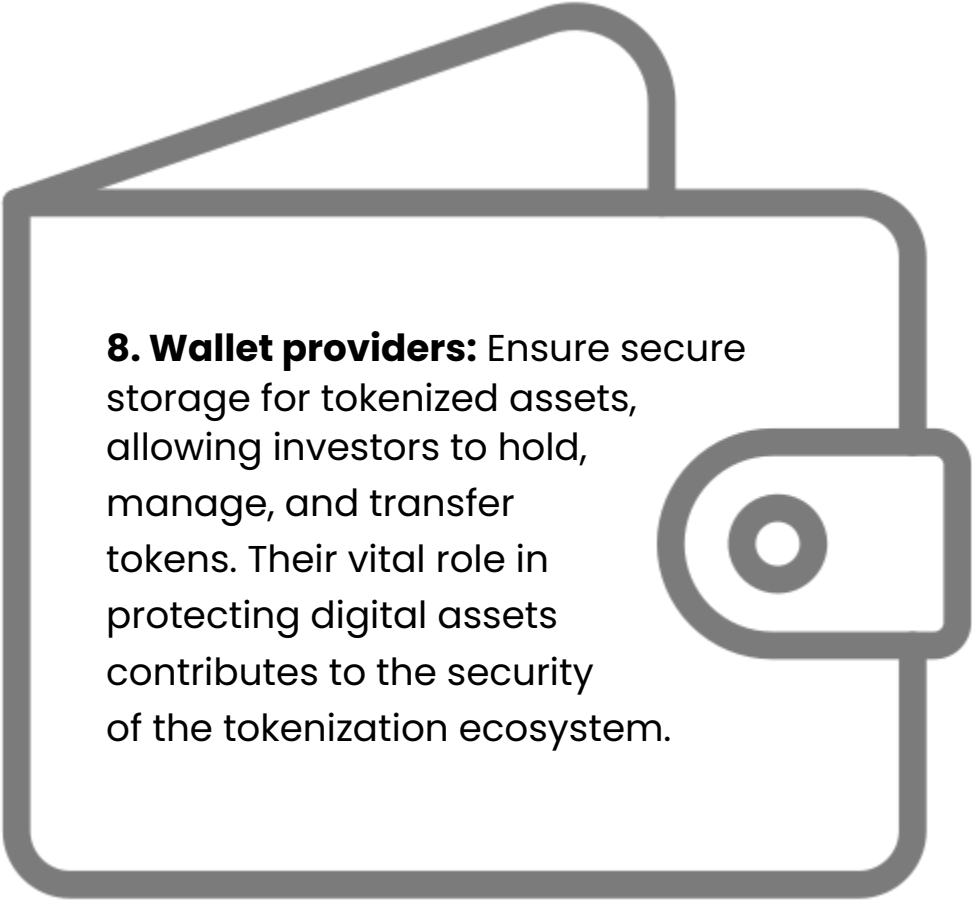


5. Token Issuers: Token issuers are responsible for creating, distributing, and managing digital tokens representing real-world assets. They collaborate with other stakeholders to ensure the tokens accurately represent the underlying assets and comply with legal and regulatory requirements.

6. Exchanges and Trading Platforms: These platforms facilitate the trading of tokenized assets, providing a marketplace for investors to buy and sell tokens. They also implement measures to ensure fair trading practices, price transparency, and compliance with securities laws.

7. Broker-Dealers: Broker-dealers play a crucial role in connecting token issuers with investors, facilitating the sale and distribution of tokenized assets. They must comply with regulatory requirements, such as conducting due diligence on token issuers and ensuring proper disclosure of risks to investors.



A stylized gray outline of a wallet with a strap and buckle on the right side.

8. Wallet providers: Ensure secure storage for tokenized assets, allowing investors to hold, manage, and transfer tokens. Their vital role in protecting digital assets contributes to the security of the tokenization ecosystem.

9. Asset Managers: Asset managers advise and manage investments in tokenized assets on behalf of their clients. They analyze market trends, assess risks, and make informed decisions to optimize the performance of their clients' tokenized asset portfolios.



10. Market Makers: Market makers enhance the liquidity of tokenized assets by continuously buying and selling tokens, facilitating smooth trading and price stability. They play a crucial role in enabling efficient price discovery and reducing transaction costs for investors.

11. Data Providers and Analytics Companies: These companies collect, analyze, and provide data on tokenized assets, enabling stakeholders to make informed decisions.

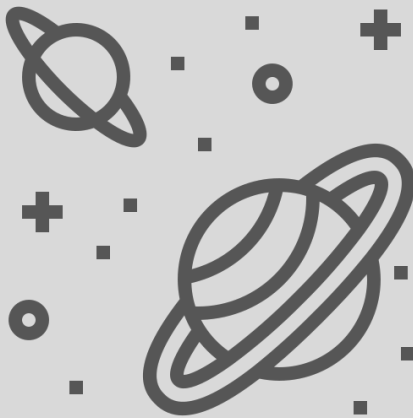
They offer insights into asset performance, market trends, and other relevant information.



12. Regulators: Regulators are responsible for creating and enforcing the legal framework for the tokenization of real-world assets. They ensure that the process complies with relevant laws and regulations, safeguarding the interests of investors and maintaining the overall stability and integrity of the tokenization ecosystem.

DID YOU KNOW?

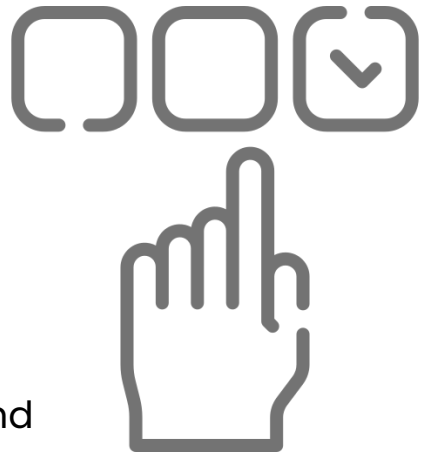
The Global Space Economy is estimated to be worth **US\$ 469 Billion.**



7. THE TOKENIZATION PROCESS:

STEPS INVOLVED

1. Asset Selection: The first step involves identifying and selecting the asset to be tokenized. This could be a tangible asset, like real estate, or an intangible asset, like intellectual property. The asset must have clear ownership, be transferable, and be suitable for tokenization.



2. Legal and Regulatory Compliance: Ensuring compliance with applicable laws and regulations is crucial. Legal and regulatory advisors help navigate the complexities surrounding asset ownership, securities laws, taxation, and other legal considerations. This step is essential to avoid legal complications and ensure a seamless tokenization process.



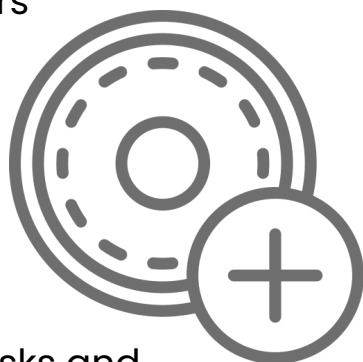
3. Asset Valuation: The asset must be accurately valued to determine the worth of the digital tokens. An independent valuation by a trusted third party ensures transparency and credibility, providing investors with confidence in the token's underlying value.

4. Custodian Appointment: A custodian safeguards the physical asset being tokenized and verifies its connection to the digital representation on the blockchain. Appointing a trusted and reliable custodian is crucial for maintaining the integrity and security of the tokenized asset.

5. Token Creation: Blockchain developers create digital tokens representing real-world assets using smart contracts and blockchain protocols. This step involves defining the token's properties, such as divisibility, transferability, and governance rights.



6. Token Issuance: Token issuers distribute digital tokens to investors, either through a public sale or a private placement. This process must comply with legal and regulatory requirements, ensuring proper disclosure of risks and other pertinent information.



7. Trading and Exchange: Tokenized assets can be traded on exchanges and trading platforms, providing a marketplace for investors to buy and sell tokens. This step involves implementing measures to ensure fair trading practices, price transparency, and compliance with securities laws.

8. Asset Management and Reporting: Asset managers advise and manage investments in tokenized assets on behalf of their clients, while data providers and analytics companies offer insights into asset performance, market trends, and other relevant information. Transparent reporting is crucial for maintaining investor trust and confidence in the tokenization process.

9. Token Redemption and Asset Disposal: When the lifecycle of a tokenized asset comes to an end, tokens may be redeemed or the asset may be sold. This process must be conducted in a transparent and compliant manner, ensuring that the rights and interests of token holders are protected.

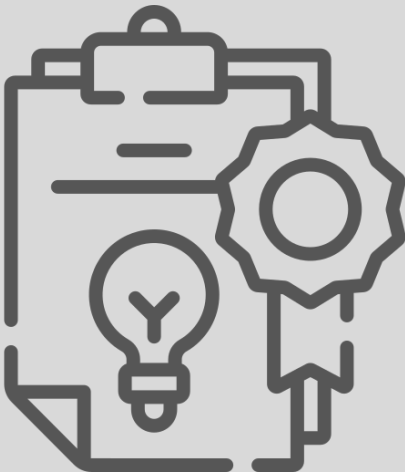


10. Ongoing Custodian Role:

Throughout the token's life cycle, the custodian plays a vital role in safeguarding the physical asset and maintaining the connection between the asset and its digital representation. This ongoing responsibility ensures the continued integrity and security of the tokenized asset.

DID YOU KNOW?

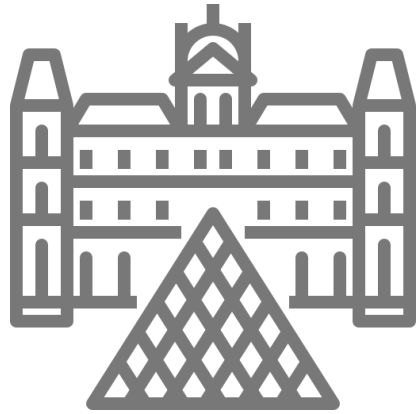
The Global Market
for Copyright
Licenses is
estimated to be
above **US\$ 3 trillion.**



8. TOKENIZATION CASE STUDY: MONA LISA

Background

The Mona Lisa, painted by Leonardo da Vinci in the early 16th century, is considered one of the world's most famous and valuable paintings. It is currently housed in the Louvre Museum in Paris and is insured for an estimated value of over \$850 million.



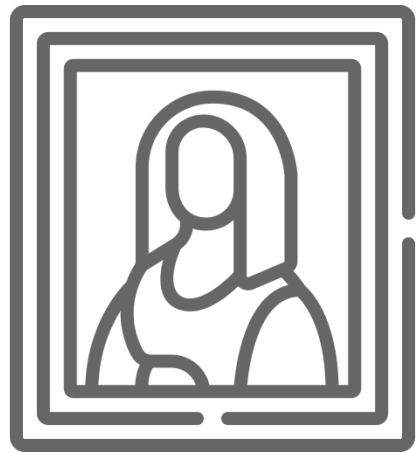
Tokenization Process:

1. Valuation: The first step in tokenizing the Mona Lisa would involve determining its current market value. This would require an expert appraisal and an agreement on the painting's valuation between the asset owner and the tokenization platform.

2. Legal Structure: A legal structure would be established to create a special purpose vehicle (SPV) to hold the Mona Lisa. The SPV would issue tokens representing fractional ownership of the painting.

3. Due Diligence: Before tokenizing the Mona Lisa, thorough due diligence would be conducted to ensure the painting's authenticity, provenance, and legal ownership.

4. Token Issuance: A blockchain platform would be used to create and issue tokens representing fractional ownership in the Mona Lisa. These tokens would be compliant with relevant security and asset tokenization regulations.



5. Token Sale: Once the tokens are issued, they could be sold to investors through an initial offering or on secondary markets. This would enable a wider range of investors to gain exposure to the value of the Mona Lisa.

6. Asset Custody: The physical Mona Lisa would remain in the Louvre Museum, with the museum acting as the custodian of the painting. The token holders would have fractional ownership rights but not physical possession of the artwork.

7. Trading & Liquidity: Token holders could trade their Mona Lisa tokens on secondary markets, providing liquidity and enabling price discovery for fractional shares.

Benefits of Tokenizing the Mona Lisa:



1. Democratized Access:

Tokenizing the Mona Lisa would enable a broader range of investors to gain exposure to the value of the painting, breaking down barriers to entry in the art market.

2. Liquidity: Tokenization would increase liquidity in the art market, allowing investors to buy and sell fractional shares of the Mona Lisa more easily.

3. Diversification: Tokenizing the Mona Lisa would provide investors with a new asset class, allowing them to diversify their portfolios with exposure to valuable artwork.

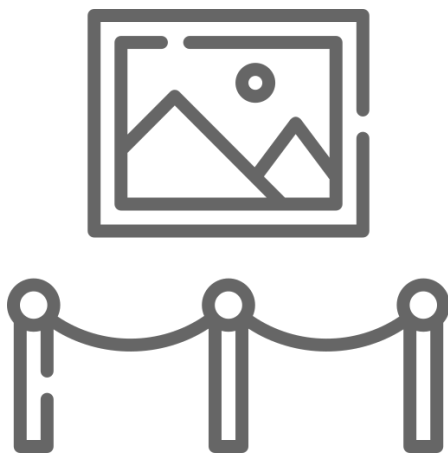
4. Transparent Ownership: Tokenization would offer a transparent and secure record of ownership for the Mona Lisa, reducing the risk of fraud and disputes.

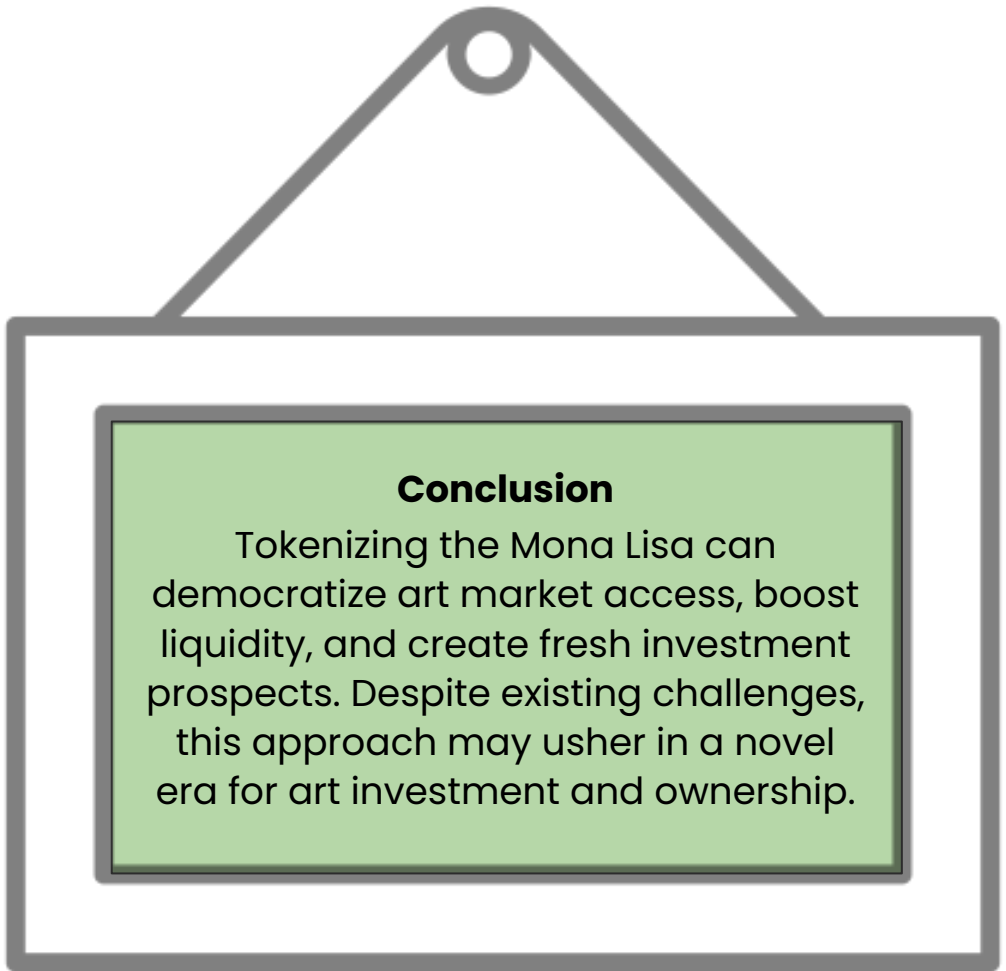
Challenges and Limitations

1. Legal & Regulatory Compliance: Tokenizing the Mona Lisa would require navigating complex legal and regulatory frameworks related to security and asset tokenization.

2. Valuation Disputes: Determining the value of the Mona Lisa could be a contentious process, given its status as a priceless cultural artifact.

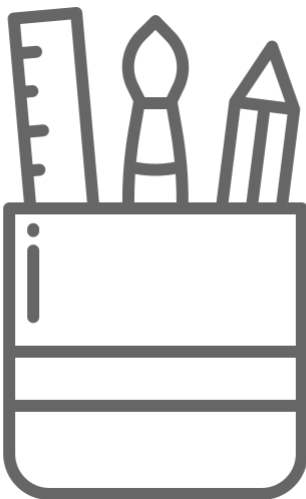
3. Custody & Security: Ensuring the safe custody and security of the Mona Lisa would be critical to maintaining investor confidence in the tokenization process.





Conclusion

Tokenizing the Mona Lisa can democratize art market access, boost liquidity, and create fresh investment prospects. Despite existing challenges, this approach may usher in a novel era for art investment and ownership.



DID YOU KNOW?

The Medium and
Heavy Duty
Commercial
Vehicles Market is
valued at **US\$
300+ billion.**



9. TOKENIZATION:

BEST PRACTICES

1. Understand the Asset and its Legal Framework:

Before initiating the tokenization process, it is crucial to gain a thorough understanding of the asset and the legal framework governing its ownership, transfer, and management. This includes researching the asset's history, legal status, and any restrictions or requirements that may apply to its tokenization.

2. Develop a Robust Tokenization Strategy:

A well-planned tokenization strategy is essential for the seamless execution of the project. This includes defining the token's structure, value, and ownership rights, as well as determining the method of token issuance, distribution, and trading.

3. Ensure Legal and Regulatory Compliance:

Navigating the complex legal and regulatory landscape surrounding asset tokenization is a critical aspect of the process. It is essential to engage legal experts with experience in blockchain and asset tokenization to ensure compliance with applicable laws, including securities regulations, KYC/AML requirements, and tax laws.



4. Choose the Right Blockchain Platform:

Picking the right platform is crucial for tokenization success. Evaluate options based on security, scalability, speed, and cost. Ensure the platform supports the desired token standard and adheres to relevant regulations.

5. Implement Robust Security Measures: Ensuring implementation of strong encryption, access control, and authentication mechanisms, as well as conducting regular security audits and vulnerability assessments.

6. Develop and Deploy Smart Contracts: It is crucial to develop and deploy well-designed smart contracts, ensuring they are free from bugs and vulnerabilities, and adhere to industry best practices.



7. Facilitate Transparency and Accountability: This includes providing clear and comprehensive documentation of the asset, its tokenization, and the rights and responsibilities of token holders. Additionally, leveraging the blockchain's inherent transparency can help demonstrate compliance with relevant regulations.

8. Establish Clear Communication Channels:

Maintaining clear and open communication with stakeholders, including asset owners, token holders, and regulators, is vital for the success of the tokenization project. This includes providing regular updates on the project's progress, addressing concerns, and soliciting feedback from stakeholders.

9. Monitor and Manage the Tokenized Asset: After the tokenization process is complete, it is essential to continuously monitor and manage the tokenized asset. This includes tracking the performance of the asset, managing its ownership and transfer, and ensuring compliance with ongoing regulatory requirements.



DID YOU KNOW?

The global Real Estate market is estimated to be over **US\$ 326.5 trillion.**



10. TOKENIZED ASSETS:

INVESTMENT OPPORTUNITIES & WEALTH CREATION

1. Diversification of Investment Portfolio: Tokenized assets provide investors with the opportunity to diversify their portfolios by investing in a wide range of assets such as real estate, art, intellectual property, and commodities. This diversification helps to spread risk and potentially increase returns over time.

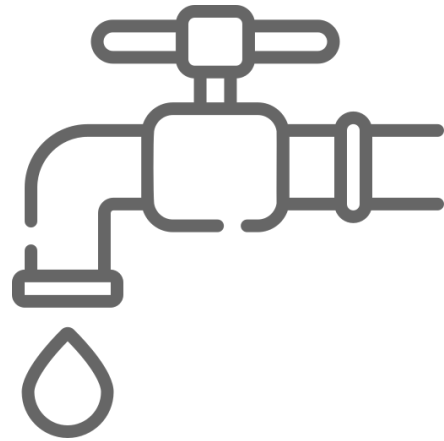
3. Fractional Ownership: Tokenized assets enable fractional ownership, allowing investors to purchase and trade smaller portions of an asset rather than the entire asset. This lowers the barriers to entry and makes investments more accessible and affordable to a broader range of investors.

2. Access to Illiquid Assets: Tokenization has the potential to unlock the value of traditionally illiquid assets by dividing them into smaller, tradable units. This allows investors to gain exposure to high-value assets such as real estate, infrastructure projects, or fine art, which were previously out of reach for the average investor.



4. Global Market Access: Tokenized assets can be traded on decentralized platforms and exchanges, providing investors with access to a global market. This creates opportunities for cross-border investments and unlocks new sources of capital for asset owners.

5. Enhanced Liquidity: Tokenization can improve the liquidity of traditionally illiquid assets by enabling fractional ownership and facilitating trading on secondary markets. This allows investors to more easily buy and sell tokenized assets, potentially increasing their investment's value and attractiveness.



6. Transparent and Secure Transactions: Blockchain technology offers increased transparency, security, and traceability in transactions involving tokenized assets. This builds trust among investors and reduces the risk of fraud or manipulation in the market.

7. Efficient and Cost-Effective Investment Process:

Tokenizing assets can streamline the investment process by automating various functions, such as ownership transfer and dividend distribution, using smart contracts. This reduces administrative costs and enhances the efficiency of the investment process.

8. Exposure to Innovative Projects and Industries:

Tokenized assets can provide investors with exposure to cutting-edge projects and industries, such as renewable energy, space exploration, or digital art. This creates opportunities for investors to participate in the growth of these emerging sectors and potentially reap significant returns.



DID YOU KNOW?

The Global
Precious Metal
Industry is
estimated to be
worth **US\$ 14.8
trillion.**



11. HYBRID FINANCE BLOCKCHAIN & TOKENIZATION

Hybrid Finance (HYFI) Blockchain is the world's first regulated blockchain. Its primary use case is the tokenization of real-world assets.

HYFI Blockchain is compliant with laws relating to KYC, AML, CFT, Freezing of assets, Consumer protection, Right-to-be-forgotten Regulations, and Data Privacy.

HYFI nodes can only be operated by regulated entities from FATF-compliant jurisdictions.



Regulators nodes are available for real-time monitoring of all activities on the HYFI network.

HYFI is a permissioned blockchain. Each address in the HYFI blockchain can have one or more of 8 permissions – Connect, Send, Receive, Issue, Create, Mine, Activate & Admin.

The benefits of a permissioned blockchain include regulatory compliance, better security, improved scalability, enhanced privacy, faster consensus, efficient resource management & customizable rules.

HYFI supports millions of addresses, assets, streams, and unlimited transactions / stream items, and can handle unlimited nodes in the network.

With the capability to process more than 1000 transactions per second, HYFI can handle large volumes of transactions.

HYFI blockchain's block time is as low as 2 seconds, which helps to reduce latency & improve overall efficiency.

Hyfi has been granted the Limited Use Authorization as a “Fintech Entity (FE)” by the International Financial Services Centres Authority (IFSCA). Our authorization number is **FE/LUA/025/665/2023-24**.

International Financial Services Centres Authority (IFSCA) is a unified authority for the development and regulation of financial products, financial services, and financial institutions in the International Financial Services Centre in India.

(<https://ifsc.gov.in>)

12. ABOUT THE AUTHOR



Rohas Nagpal

*Chief Blockchain Architect,
Hybrid Finance Blockchain
(HYFI)*

Rohas Nagpal, began his career as a hacker in the early 1990s,

In 1999, he co-founded the Asian School of Cyber Laws, dedicating 16 years to cyber investigation and cyber law.

During this time, he also assisted the **Government of India** in framing draft rules under the *Information Technology Act*.

His work spanned **18 countries**, investigating cybercrimes & data breaches for hundreds of organizations across sectors like aerospace, banking, law enforcement, pharma & shipping.

He also authored the **Cyber Crime Investigation Manual**, hailed as a "bible for cybercrime investigators" by the *Times of India*.

In 2016, he co-founded BankChain, a **community of 37 banks** + IBM, Microsoft, and Intel. The core product was a self-building blockchain ecosystem with a web app, PWA & Blockchain REST API service.

He has also been a consultant for the **Reserve Bank Innovation Hub** for preparing a Whitepaper on Non-Fungible Tokens (NFT) and Central Bank Digital Currency (CBDC).

He writes a weekly newsletter for **Mint**, advise several Blockchain startups, and have developed the Blockchain Token Valuator.

He also conducts the free Blockchain Engineering Program.

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CREDITS

During the preparation of this work, the author used ChatGPT in order to make the work more engaging. After using ChatGPT, the author reviewed and edited the content as needed.

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