• Install ansible

\$Sudo dnf -y install ansible-core

• Create the server container which will be managed through our ansible controller (local host).

```
FROM ubuntu:20.04
RUN apt update -y && apt install ssh -y && apt install sudo -y
RUN adduser ansible ; echo "ansible:123" | chpasswd
RUN usermod -aG sudo ansible
RUN mkdir -p /home/ansible/.ssh
COPY id_rsa.pub /home/ansible/.ssh/authorized_keys
RUN chown ansible:ansible /home/ansible/.ssh/authorized_keys
RUN chmod 600 /home/ansible/.ssh/authorized_keys
ENTRYPOINT service ssh restart && bash
```

- Create the inventory file
- > Put the IP of host 1 in the inventory file
- Use the inventory file path in your ad-hoc command instead of using the IP hard-coded
- Example: ansible all -i inventory --private-key ~/.ssh/devops -u ubuntu -m ping



#the_inventory_file

[myservers] 172.17.0.2

- Create the configuration file
- ▶ Insert some values in the configuration file
- Run the minimized ad-hoc command
- Example: ansible all -m ping



```
#the_ansible.cfg_file
[defaults]
inventory = ./inventory
remote_user = ansible
[privilege_escalation]
become = true
become_ask_pass = true
```

ansible-builtin modules

- Update cache
- Install latest nginx
- ➤ Copy index.html from controller to host 1
- Restart nginx service
- Can you see your index.html file when you hit host 1 on port 80?



```
name: my first play
hosts: myservers
gather_facts: false
tasks:

    name: update cache

  apt:
   update_cache: true
- name: install nginx
  apt:
   name: nginx
   state: latest

    name: copy index

  copy:
    src: ./index.html
    dest: /var/www/html/index.html
- name: restart nginx
  service:
    name: nginx
    state: restarted
    use: sysvini
```

