REFS Yard Testing Plan

1. Introduction

This testing plan outlines the testing activities required to validate the REFS Yard web-based platform, ensuring it meets the functional and non-functional requirements outlined in the requirements analysis. The plan covers testing types, methodologies, tools, and test cases to verify the platform's functionality, performance, usability, security, compatibility, and accessibility.

2. Testing Objectives

- Validate all functional requirements (FR1–FR5) to ensure correct system behavior.
- Verify non-functional requirements (NFR1–NFR4) for performance, scalability, and security.
- Ensure a superior user experience through usability and accessibility testing.
- Confirm compatibility across specified browsers and devices.
- Validate business and user requirements through end-to-end testing.

3. Testing Scope

The testing scope includes all platform components:

- User interface (search, purchase, account management, recommendation engine).
- Backend services (content upload, database interactions, cloud infrastructure).
- Integration points (payment systems, content delivery).
- Non-functional aspects (performance, security, scalability).

4. Testing Types and Test Cases

4.1 Functional Testing

Objective: Verify that all functional requirements (FR1–FR5) work as specified.

Test Cases:

- **TC-FR1-01**: Verify users can search for references by keywords, categories, and authors, with results matching query criteria.
- TC-FR1-02: Validate search filters (e.g., category, author) return accurate results.
- TC-FR2-01: Confirm users can purchase and download references in PDF and ePub formats.
- TC-FR2-02: Test error handling for failed downloads or payment issues.
- TC-FR3-01: Ensure content providers can upload reference materials in supported formats.
- TC-FR3-02: Verify content providers can edit or delete uploaded references.
- TC-FR4-01: Test user account creation with valid and invalid inputs.
- TC-FR4-02: Validate account management features (e.g., profile updates, password reset).
- **TC-FR5-01**: Confirm the recommendation engine suggests relevant references based on user search history.
- TC-FR5-02: Test recommendation accuracy for edge cases (e.g., new users).

Tools: Selenium (for automation), Postman (for API testing).

4.2 Usability Testing

Objective: Ensure the platform is intuitive and user-friendly, meeting UR1 (intuitive interface).

Test Cases:

- **TC-UR1-01**: Conduct user testing to verify navigation is intuitive for users with low technical skills.
- TC-UR1-02: Test consistency of design elements (e.g., fonts, buttons) across pages.
- TC-UR1-03: Validate error messages are clear and actionable.

• **TC-UR1-04**: Assess ease of completing key tasks (e.g., search, purchase) within 3 steps.

Methodology: Moderated usability testing with 10–15 participants (academics, students, professionals).

Tools: Figma (for prototype testing), UserTesting.com.

4.3 Compatibility Testing

Objective: Confirm the platform works across modern browsers and devices, per SR1 and UR2.

Test Cases:

- TC-SR1-01: Verify functionality on Chrome, Firefox, and Safari (latest versions).
- TC-SR1-02: Test responsiveness on desktop (1920x1080, 1366x768 resolutions).
- TC-UR2-01: Validate mobile compatibility on iOS (Safari) and Android (Chrome) devices.
- TC-UR2-02: Ensure touch interactions (e.g., swipe, tap) work on mobile devices.

Tools: BrowserStack for cross-browser and device testing.

4.4 Performance Testing

Objective: Validate non-functional requirements (NFR1–NFR3) for speed, scalability, and uptime.

Test Cases:

- TC-NFR1-01: Verify search results load within 3 seconds under normal conditions.
- TC-NFR2-01: Test system performance with 10,000 concurrent users.
- TC-NFR2-02: Conduct stress testing to identify breaking points beyond 10,000 users.
- TC-NFR3-01: Monitor platform uptime over a 30-day period to ensure 99.9% availability.
- **TC-NFR3-02**: Test recovery time after simulated server downtime.

Tools: JMeter (load testing), AWS CloudWatch (monitoring uptime).

4.5 Security Testing

Objective: Ensure user data is protected and vulnerabilities are mitigated, per NFR4. **Test Cases**:

- TC-NFR4-01: Verify end-to-end encryption for user data during transmission.
- TC-NFR4-02: Test for SQL injection vulnerabilities in search and login forms.
- TC-NFR4-03: Validate session management to prevent unauthorized access.
- TC-NFR4-04: Test for cross-site scripting (XSS) vulnerabilities in user inputs.
- TC-NFR4-05: Ensure secure payment processing complies with PCI DSS standards.

Tools: OWASP ZAP (vulnerability scanning), Burp Suite (penetration testing).

4.6 Accessibility Testing

Objective: Ensure the platform is usable by people with disabilities, aligning with WCAG standards.

Test Cases:

- **TC-ACC-01**: Verify compliance with WCAG 2.1 Level AA (e.g., color contrast, text size).
- TC-ACC-02: Test keyboard navigation for all interactive elements.
- TC-ACC-03: Confirm screen reader compatibility (e.g., JAWS, NVDA) for key workflows.
- TC-ACC-04: Validate alternative text for images and icons.

Tools: WAVE, axe Accessibility Checker.

4.7 Localization Testing

Objective: Ensure the platform supports multi-language features if added (noted as a potential scope creep challenge).

Test Cases:

• **TC-LOC-01**: Verify UI text displays correctly in at least two languages (e.g., English, Spanish).

- **TC-LOC-02**: Test date, time, and currency formats for different regions.
- **TC-LOC-03**: Ensure search functionality supports non-Latin characters.

Tools: Manual testing with native speakers, automated checks via Selenium.

4.8 Database Testing

Objective: Validate data integrity and performance for backend operations.

Test Cases:

- TC-DB-01: Verify data consistency after reference uploads and downloads.
- **TC-DB-02**: Test query execution time for search operations.
- TC-DB-03: Validate data integrity during concurrent user updates.
- TC-DB-04: Ensure secure storage of user credentials and payment information.

Tools: SQL queries, AWS RDS monitoring tools.

4.9 Interface Testing

Objective: Ensure seamless interaction between platform components (e.g., frontend, backend, payment systems).

Test Cases:

- TC-INT-01: Verify data flow between search interface and database.
- **TC-INT-02**: Test integration with payment gateway for successful transactions.
- TC-INT-03: Validate error handling for failed API calls.

Tools: Postman, REST-assured.

4.10 Regression Testing

Objective: Ensure new updates do not break existing functionality.

Test Cases:

- TC-REG-01: Re-run all functional test cases after each major update.
- TC-REG-02: Verify critical workflows (search, purchase, upload) remain unaffected.

• TC-REG-03: Test recommendation engine accuracy post-updates.

Tools: Selenium (for automated regression testing).

5. Testing Environment

- Frontend: Deployed on modern browsers (Chrome, Firefox, Safari).
- **Backend**: AWS cloud infrastructure (e.g., EC2, RDS).
- Test Data: Synthetic user accounts, sample references, and mock payment data.
- Staging Environment: Mirrors production setup for realistic testing.

6. Testing Schedule

Phase	Duration	Activities
Test Planning	1 week	Define test cases, set up tools
Functional Testing	3 weeks	Execute FR1–FR5 test cases
Usability Testing	2 weeks	Conduct user testing sessions
Compatibility Testing	2 weeks	Test across browsers and devices
Performance Testing	2 weeks	Load and stress testing
Security Testing	2 weeks	Vulnerability scanning, penetration testing
Accessibility Testing	1 week	WCAG compliance checks
Localization Testing	1 week	Language and format validation
Database Testing	1 week	Data integrity and performance tests
Interface Testing	1 week	Integration testing
Regression Testing	Ongoing	Post-update validation

7. Tools and Resources

• Automation: Selenium, JMeter, Postman.

Security: OWASP ZAP, Burp Suite.

• Accessibility: WAVE, axe.

• **Usability**: Figma, UserTesting.com.

• Compatibility: BrowserStack.

• Monitoring: AWS CloudWatch.

8. Risks and Mitigation

• **Risk**: Incomplete test coverage due to complex requirements.

Mitigation: Use traceability matrix to map requirements to test cases.

• **Risk**: Performance issues under high load.

Mitigation: Conduct early load testing and optimize AWS infrastructure.

Risk: Security vulnerabilities missed.

Mitigation: Follow OWASP guidelines and perform thorough penetration testing.

9. Conclusion

This testing plan ensures REFS Yard meets its functional, non-functional, and user requirements through a structured approach. By covering functional, usability, compatibility, performance, security, accessibility, localization, database, interface, and regression testing, the platform will deliver a reliable, secure, and user-friendly experience, aligning with its goal of revolutionizing reference sales.